III Semester

TRANSFORM CALCULUS, FOURIER SERIES AND NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES			
Course Code:	**21MAT31**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. To have an insight into solving ordinary differential equations by using Laplace transform techniques
- CLO 2. Learn to use the Fourier series to represent periodical physical phenomena in engineering analysis.
- CLO 3. To enable the students to study Fourier Transforms and concepts of infinite Fourier Sine and Cosine transforms and to learn the method of solving difference equations by the z-transform method.
- CLO 4. To develop the proficiency in solving ordinary and partial differential equations arising in engineering applications, using numerical methods

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Definition and Laplace transforms of elementary functions (statements only). Problems on Laplace transform of $e^{at}f(t)$, $t^n f(t)$, $\frac{f(t)}{t}$. Laplace transforms of Periodic functions (statement only) and unit-step function – problems.

Inverse Laplace transforms definition and problems, Convolution theorem to find the inverse Laplace transforms (without Proof) and problems. Laplace transforms of derivatives, solution of differential equations.

Self-study: Solution of simultaneous first-order differential equations.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method /

Module-2

Introduction to infinite series, convergence and divergence. Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition. Fourier series of periodic functions with period 2π and arbitrary period. Half range Fourier series. Practical harmonic analysis.

Self-study: Convergence of series by D'Alembert's Ratio test and, Cauchy's root test

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation

Module-3	
Infinite Fourier transforms definition, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transforms, Inverse Fourier cosine and sine transforms. Problems. Difference equations, z-transform-definition, Standard z-transforms, Damping and shifting rules, Problems. Inverse z-transform and applications to solve difference equations. **Self-Study:** Initial value and final value theorems, problems.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
Module-4	
Classifications of second-order partial differential equations, finite difference approximations to derivatives, Solution of Laplace's equation using standard five-point formula. Solution of heat equation by Schmidt explicit formula and Crank- Nicholson method, Solution of the Wave equation. Problems. **Self-Study:** Solution of Poisson equations using standard five-point formula.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
Module-5	
Second-order differential equations - Runge-Kutta method and Milne's predictor and corrector method. (No derivations of formulae). Calculus of Variations: Functionals, Euler's equation, Problems on extremals of functional. Geodesics on a plane, Variational problems. **Self- Study:** Hanging chain problem	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. To solve ordinary differential equations using Laplace transform.
- CO 2. Demonstrate Fourier series to study the behaviour of periodic functions and their applications in system communications, digital signal processing and field theory.
- CO 3. To use Fourier transforms to analyze problems involving continuous-time signals and to apply Z-Transform techniques to solve difference equations
- CO 4. To solve mathematical models represented by initial or boundary value problems involving partial differential equations
- CO 5. Determine the extremals of functionals using calculus of variations and solve problems arising in dynamics of rigid bodies and vibrational analysis.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. B. S. Grewal: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44th Ed.2018
2. E. Kreyszig: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10th Ed. (Reprint), 2016.

Reference Books:

1. V. Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed.
2. Srimanta Pal & Subodh C. Bhunia: "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 3rd Reprint, 2016.
3. N.P Bali and Manish Goyal: "A textbook of Engineering Mathematics" Laxmi Publications, Latest edition.
4. C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" McGraw – Hill Book Co.Newyork, Latest ed.
5. Gupta C.B, Sing S.R and Mukesh Kumar: "Engineering Mathematic for Semester I and II", Mc-Graw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd 2015.
6. H.K.Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" S.Chand Publication (2014).
7. James Stewart: "Calculus" Cengage publications, 7th edition, 4th Reprint 2019

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
2. http://academicearth.org/
3. http://www.bookstreet.in.
4. VTU e-Shikshana Program
5. VTU EDUSAT Program

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminars

III Semester

DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS			
Course Code:	**21CS32**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Explain the fundamentals of data structures and their applications essential for implementing solutions to problems.
- CLO 2. Illustrate representation of data structures: Stack, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees and Graphs.
- CLO 3. Design and Develop Solutions to problems using Arrays, Structures, Stack, Queues, Linked Lists.
- CLO 4. Explore usage of Trees and Graph for application development.
- CLO 5. Apply the Hashing techniques in mapping key value pairs.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive & Non-Primitive), Data structure operations (Traversing, inserting, deleting, searching, and sorting). Review of Arrays. Structures: Array of structures Self-Referential Structures.
Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, dynamically allocated arrays and Multidimensional Arrays.
Demonstration of representation of Polynomials and Sparse Matrices with arrays.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapter 2: 2.2 - 2.7, Text Textbook 2: Chapter 1: 1.1 - 1.4, Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapter 4: 4.1 - 4.9, 4.14 Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.3

Laboratory Component:

1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array Operations
    a. Creating an Array of N Integer Elements
    b. Display of Array Elements with Suitable Headings
    c. Exit.

    Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array operations
    a. Inserting an Element (ELEM) at a given valid Position (POS)
    b. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position POS)

c. Display of Array Elements
d. Exit.

Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning (Implementation of different programs to illustrate application of arrays and structures. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-qns&t=201s https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/data-structures-1/List%20of%20experiments.html

Module-2

Stacks: Definition, Stack Operations, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic Arrays. Different representation of expression. Stack Applications: Infix to postfix conversion, Infix to prefix conversion, evaluation of postfix expression, recursion.

Queues: Definition, Array Representation of Queues, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Queues and Circular queues using Dynamic arrays, Dequeues, Priority Queues.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 -3.4, 3.6 Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.4, 6.5, 6.7-6.13

Laboratory Component:

1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX)
   a. *Push* an Element on to Stack
   b. *Pop* an Element from Stack
   c. Demonstrate *Overflow* and *Underflow* situations on Stack
   d. Display the status of Stack
   e. Exit

   Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
2. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications
   a. Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^
   b. Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html

Module-3

Linked Lists: Definition, classification of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Memory, Traversing, Insertion, Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Circular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. Applications of Linked lists – Polynomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9

Laboratory Component:

1. Singly Linked List (SLL) of Integer Data
   a. Create a SLL stack of N integer.
   b. Display of SLL
   c. Linear search. Create a SLL queue of N Students Data Concatenation of two SLL of integers.
2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operationson Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Professor Data with the fields: ID, Name, Branch, Area of specialization

a. Create a DLL stack of N Professor's Data.
b. Create a DLL queue of N Professor's Data

Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it.

Teaching-Learning Process	MOOC, Active Learning, Problem solving based on linked lists. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html

Module-4

Trees 1: Terminologies, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, and Searching operation on Binary search tree. Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1 –5.5, 5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9

Laboratory Component:

1. Given an array of elements, construct a complete binary tree from this array in level order fashion. That is, elements from left in the array will be filled in the tree level wise starting from level 0. Ex: Input :
   arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
   Output : Root of the following tree

```
        1
       / \
      2   3
     / \  /\
    4    5  6
```

2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers
   a. Create a BST of N Integers
   b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order

Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html

Module-5

Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree, Splay tree, B-tree.

Graphs: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth FirstSearch.

Hashing: Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing.

Textbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10.3, 10.4, Textbook 2:7.10 – 7.12, 7.15 Chapter 11: 11.2, Textbook 1: Chapter 6 : 6.1–6.2, Chapter 8 : 8.1-8.3, Textbook 2: 8.1 – 8.3, 8.5, 8.7

Textbook 3: Chapter 15:15.1, 15.2,15.3, 15.4,15.5 and 15.7

Laboratory Component:

1. Design, Develop and implement a program in C for the following operations on Graph (G) of cities
   a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
   b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a diagraph using DFS/BFS method.

2. Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function H:K->L as H(K)=K mod m(reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Teaching-Learning Process	NPTL, MOOC etc. courses on trees and graphs. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Identify different data structures and their applications.
CO 2. Apply stack and queues in solving problems.
CO 3. Demonstrate applications of linked list.
CO 4. Explore the applications of trees and graphs to model and solve the real-world problem.
CO 5. Make use of Hashing techniques and resolve collisions during mapping of key value pairs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 Marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning,2014.
2. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications,2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
3. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
4. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/
3. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
- Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer

III Semester

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS			
Course Code	**21CS33**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the use of photo electronics devices, 555 timer IC, Regulator ICs and uA741

CLO 2. Make use of simplifying techniques in the design of combinational circuits.

CLO 3. Illustrate combinational and sequential digital circuits

CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of flipflops and apply for registers

CLO 5. Design and test counters, Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog conversion techniques.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

BJT Biasing: Fixed bias, Collector to base Bias, voltage divider bias

Operational Amplifier Application Circuits: Peak Detector, Schmitt trigger, Active Filters, Non-Linear Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Current-to-Voltage and Voltage-to-Current Converter, Regulated Power Supply Parameters, adjustable voltage regulator, D to A and A to D converter.

Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9.

Laboratory Component:

1. Simulate BJT CE voltage divider biased voltage amplifier using any suitable circuit simulator.
2. Using ua 741 Opamp, design a 1 kHz Relaxation Oscillator with 50% duty cycle
3. Design an astable multivibrator circuit for three cases of duty cycle (50%, <50% and >50%) using NE 555 timer IC.
4. Using ua 741 opamap, design a window comparator for any given UTP and LTP.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of circuits using simulation. 2. Project work: Design a integrated power supply and function generator operating at audio frequency. Sine, square and triangular functions are to be generated. 3. Chalk and Board for numerical

Module-2

Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable Karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, the prime implicant chart, Petricks method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables **Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.5)**	
Laboratory Component: 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and inplement the same using basic gates.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board for numerical 2. Laboratory Demonstration
Module-3	
Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in, Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices. **Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 8, Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)**	
Laboratory Component: 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC. 2. Design and implement code converter I) Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator 2. Case study: Applications of Programmable Logic device 3. Chalk and Board for numerical
Module-4	
Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for multiplexers, VHDL Modules. Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop 3,SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop. **Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 10(Sections 10.1 to 10.3), Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.7)**	
Laboratory Component: 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same in HDL simulator 2. Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator 2. Case study: Arithmetic and Logic unit in VHDL 3. Chalk and Board for numerical
Module-5	
Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops.	

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.5)

Laboratory Component:

1. Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
2. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447)

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator 2. Project Work: Designing any counter, use LED / Seven-segment display to display the output 3. Chalk and Board for numerical

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp.
- CO 2. Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same.
- CO 3. Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map, and Quine-McClusky Methods
- CO 4. Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types.
- CO 5. Develop simple HDL programs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

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- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

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(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

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2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney and Raghunandan G H Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning,2019

Reference Books

1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Analog Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102112/
2. Digital Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/
3. Analog Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/be/
4. Digital Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the design concepts of oscillator, amplifier, switch, Digital circuits using Opamps, 555 timer, transistor, Digital ICs and design a application like tone generator, temperature sensor, digital clock, dancing lights etc.

III Semester

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE			
Course Code	**21CS34**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understand the organization and architecture of computer systems, their structure and operation
CLO 2. Illustrate the concept of machine instructions and programs
CLO 3. Demonstrate different ways of communicating with I/O devices
CLO 4. Describe different types memory devices and their functions
CLO 5. Explain arithmetic and logical operations with different data types
CLO 6. Demonstrate processing unit with parallel processing and pipeline architecture

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Basic Structure of Computers: Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement.

Machine Instructions and Programs: Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes

Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.3, 1.4, 1.6 (1.6.1-1.6.4, 1.6.7), Chapter2 – 2.2 to 2.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Direct Memory Access, Buses, Interface Circuits

Textbook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Memory System: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read Only Memories, Speed, Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – Mapping Functions, Virtual memories

Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 (5.5.1, 5.5.2)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4	
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers **Basic Processing Unit:** Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Hardwired control, Microprogrammed control **Textbook 1: Chapter2-2.1, Chapter6 – 6.1 to 6.3** **Textbook 1: Chapter7 – 7.1, 7.2,7.4, 7.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Pipeline and Vector Processing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processors **Textbook 2: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.6, 9.7**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain the organization and architecture of computer systems with machine instructions and programs
- CO 2. Analyze the input/output devices communicating with computer system
- CO 3. Demonstrate the functions of different types of memory devices
- CO 4. Apply different data types on simple arithmetic and logical unit
- CO 5. Analyze the functions of basic processing unit, Parallel processing and pipelining

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
2. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, PHI, 3rd Edition

Reference:

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/106103068/pdf/coa.pdf
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/
4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106092/
5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106166/
6. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-organization.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Discussion and literature survey on real world use cases
- Quizzes

III Semester

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH JAVA LABORATORY			
Course Code	**21CSL35**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	1	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of Eclipse/Netbeans IDE to create Java Applications.
CLO 2. Using java programming to develop programs for solving real-world problems.
CLO 3. Reinforce the understanding of basic object-oriented programming concepts.

	Note: two hours tutorial is suggested for each laboratory sessions.
	Prerequisite
	• Students should be familiarized about java installation and setting the java environment. • Usage of IDEs like Eclipse/Netbeans should be introduced.
Sl. No.	***PART A – List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory***
1	Aim: Introduce the java fundamentals, data types, operators in java Program: Write a java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation ax2+bx+c=0. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula.
2	Aim: Demonstrating creation of java classes, objects, constructors, declaration and initialization of variables. Program: Create a Java class called **Student** with the following details as variables within it. USN Name Branch Phone Write a Java program to create n Student objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, and Phone of these objects with suitable headings.
3	Aim: Discuss the various Decision-making statements, loop constructs in java Program: A. Write a program to check prime number B.Write a program for Arithmetic calculator using switch case menu
4	Aim: Demonstrate the core object-oriented concept of Inheritance, polymorphism Design a super class called **Staff** with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely Teaching (domain, publications), Technical (skills), and Contract (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 staff objects of all three categories.
5	Aim: Introduce concepts of method overloading, constructor overloading, overriding. Program: Write a java program demonstrating Method overloading and Constructor overloading.
6	Aim: Introduce the concept of Abstraction, packages. Program: Develop a java application to implement currency converter (Dollar to INR, EURO to INR, Yen to INR and vice versa), distance converter (meter to KM, miles to KM and vice versa), time converter (hours to minutes, seconds and vice versa) using packages.
7	Aim: Introduction to abstract classes, abstract methods, and Interface in java

	Program: Write a program to generate the resume. Create 2 Java classes Teacher (data: personal information, qualification, experience, achievements) and Student (data: personal information, result, discipline) which implements the java interface Resume with the method biodata().
8	Aim: Demonstrate creation of threads using Thread class and Runnable interface, multi-threaded programming. Program: Write a Java program that implements a **multi-thread** application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
9	Aim: Introduce java Collections. Program: Write a program to perform string operations using ArrayList. Write functions for the following a. Append - add at end b. Insert – add at particular index c. Search d. List all string starts with given letter.
10	Aim: Exception handling in java, introduction to throwable class, throw, throws, finally. Program: Write a Java program to read two integers a and b. **Compute** a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.
11	Aim: Introduce File operations in java. Program: Write a java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes
12	Aim: Introduce java Applet, awt, swings. Programs: Develop an applet that displays a simple message in center of the screen. Develop a simple calculator using Swings.
	PART B – Practical Based Learning
01	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.

Course Outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Use Eclipse/NetBeans IDE to design, develop, debug Java Projects.
- CO 2. Analyze the necessity for Object Oriented Programming paradigm over structured programming and become familiar with the fundamental concepts in OOP.
- CO 3. Demonstrate the ability to design and develop java programs, analyze, and interpret object-oriented data and document results.
- CO 4. Apply the concepts of multiprogramming, exception/event handling, abstraction to develop robust programs.
- CO 5. Develop user friendly applications using File I/O and GUI concepts.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- *Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of $PART\ A$ with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For $PART\ B$ examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.*
- *Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.*
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

1. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java, Graw Hill, 6th Edition, 2019.
2. Herbert Schildt, C: Java the Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 11th Edition, 2020

III Semester

MASTERING OFFICE (Practical based)			
Course Code	**21CSL381**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Understand the basics of computers and prepare documents and small presentations.
CLO 2. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet/worksheet with various options.
CLO 3. Create simple presentations using templates various options available.
CLO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment.
CLO 5. Use MS Office to create projects, applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

MS-Word -Working with Files, Text – Formatting, Moving, copying and pasting text, Styles – Lists – Bulleted and numbered lists, Nested lists, Formatting lists. Table Manipulations. Graphics – Adding clip Art, add an image from a file, editing graphics, Page formatting - Header and footers, page numbers, Protect the Document, Mail Merge, Macros – Creating & Saving web pages, Hyperlinks.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Module-2

MS-Excel- Modifying a Worksheet – Moving through cells, adding worksheets, rows and columns, Resizing rows and columns, selecting cells, Moving and copying cells, freezing panes - Macros – recording and running. Linking worksheets - Sorting and Filling, Alternating text and numbers with Auto fill, Auto filling functions. Graphics – Adding clip art, add an image from a file, Charts – Using chart Wizard, Copy a chart to Microsoft Word.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,

Module-3

MS-Power Point -Create a Presentation from a template- Working with Slides – Insert a new slide, applying a design template, changing slide layouts – Resizing a text box, Text box properties, delete a text box - Video and Audio effects, Color Schemes & Backgrounds Adding clip art, adding an image from a file, Save as a web page.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5	
Teaching-Learning Process	Demonstration, presentation preparation for case studies
Module-4	
MS-Access - Using Access database wizard, pages and projects. Creating Tables – Create a Table in design view. Datasheet Records – Adding, Editing, deleting records, Adding and deleting columns Resizing rows and columns, finding data in a table & replacing, Print a datasheet. Queries - MS-Access. **Textbook 1: Chapter 4**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Practical based learning.
Module-5	
Microsoft Outlook- Introduction, Starting Microsoft Outlook, Outlook Today, Different Views In Outlook, Outlook Data Files **Textbook 1: Chapter 7**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of computers and prepare documents, spreadsheets, make small presentations with audio, video and graphs and would be acquainted with internet.
- CO 2. Create, edit, save and print documents with list tables, header, footer, graphic, spellchecker, mail merge and grammar checker
- CO 3. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet with formula, macros spell checker etc.
- CO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment.
- CO 5. Use Google Suite for office data management tasks

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8^{th} week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14^{th} week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://youtu.be/9VRmgC2GRFE
2. https://youtu.be/rJPWi5x0g3I
3. https://youtu.be/tcj2BhhCMN4
4. https://youtu.be/ubmwp8kbfPc
5. https://youtu.be/i6eNvfQ8fTw
6. http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/training/CR010047968.aspx
7. https://gsuite.google.com/leaming-center
8. http://spoken-tutorial.org

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Windows Framework.

III Semester

PROGRAMMING IN C++			
Course Code	**21CS382**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Understanding about object oriented programming and Gain knowledge about the capability to store information together in an object.
- CLO 2. Understand the capability of a class to rely upon another class and functions.
- CLO 3. Understand about constructors which are special type of functions.
- CLO 4. Create and process data in files using file I/O functions
- CLO 5. Use the generic programming features of C++ including Exception handling.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming: Computer programming background- C++ overview-First C++ Program -Basic C++ syntax, Object Oriented Programming: What is an object, Classes, methods and messages, abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance, abstract classes, polymorphism.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.8)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Module-2

Functions in C++: Tokens – Keywords – Identifiers and constants – Operators in C++ – Scope resolution operator – Expressions and their types – Special assignment expressions – Function prototyping – Call by reference – Return by reference – Inline functions -Default arguments – Function overloading.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3(3.2,3.3,3.4,3.13,3.14,3.19, 3.20) , chapter 4(4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7,4.9)
.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving

Module-3

Inheritance & Polymorphism: Derived class Constructors, destructors-Types of Inheritance- Defining Derived classes, Single Inheritance, Multiple, Hierarchical Inheritance, Hybrid Inheritance.

Textbook 2: Chapter 6 (6.2,6.11) chapter 8 (8.1 to,8.8)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving

Module-4

I/O Streams: C++ Class Hierarchy- File Stream-Text File Handling- Binary File Handling during file operations.

Textbook 1: Chapter 12(12.5) , Chapter 13 (13.6,13.7)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Exception Handling: Introduction to Exception - Benefits of Exception handling- Try and catch block- Throw statement- Pre-defined exceptions in C++ .

Textbook 2: Chapter 13 (13.2 to13.6)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Able to understand and design the solution to a problem using object-oriented programming concepts.
- CO 2. Able to reuse the code with extensible Class types, User-defined operators and function Overloading.
- CO 3. Achieve code reusability and extensibility by means of Inheritance and Polymorphism
- CO 4. Identify and explore the Performance analysis of I/O Streams.
- CO 5. Implement the features of C++ including templates, exceptions and file handling for providing programmed solutions to complex problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours)**

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbooks

1. Bhushan Trivedi, “Programming with ANSI C++”, Oxford Press, Second Edition, 2012.
2. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd , Fourth Edition 2010.

Reference Books

1. Bhave , “ Object Oriented Programming With C++”, Pearson Education , 2004.
2. Ray Lischner, “Exploring C++ : The programmer’s introduction to C++” , apress, 2010
3. Bhave , “ Object Oriented Programming With C++”, Pearson Education , 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Basics of C++ - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BClS40yzssA
2. Functions of C++ - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw

Tutorial Link:

1. https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp_intro.asp
2. https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- **Demonstration of simple projects**

IV Semester

IV Semester

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS			
Course Code	**21CS42**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the methods of analysing the algorithms and to analyze performance of algorithms.
CLO 2. State algorithm's efficiencies using asymptotic notations.
CLO 3. Solve problems using algorithm design methods such as the brute force method, greedy method, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking and branch and bound.
CLO 4. Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application.
CLO 5. Introduce P and NP classes.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is an Algorithm? It's Properties. Algorithm Specification-using natural language, using Pseudo code convention, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem solving, Analysis Framework-Time efficiency and space efficiency, Worst-case, Best-case and Average case efficiency.

Performance Analysis: Estimating Space complexity and Time complexity of algorithms.

Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (⍰) with examples, Basic efficiency classes, Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and Recursive Algorithms with Examples.

Brute force design technique: Selection sort, sequential search, string matching algorithm with complexity Analysis.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)

Textbook 2: Chapter 1(section 1.1,1.2,1.3)

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the brute force method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Problem based Learning. 2. Chalk & board, Active Learning. 3. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-2

Divide and Conquer: General method, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, solving it using Master's theorem. , Divide and Conquer algorithms and complexity Analysis of Finding the maximum & minimum, Binary search, Merge sort, Quick sort.

Decrease and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Insertion sort, Graph searching algorithms, Topological Sorting. It's efficiency analysis.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3(Sections 3.1,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6)

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2,4.3), Chapter 5(Section 5.1,5.2,5.3)

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time

   complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

2. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based Learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-3

Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, solving Job sequencing with deadlines Problems.

Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm with performance analysis.

Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm.

Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes.

Transform and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Heaps and Heap Sort.

Textbook 2: Chapter 4(Sections 4.1,4.3,4.5)

Textbook 1: Chapter 9(Section 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4), Chapter 6(section 6.4)	
Laboratory Component: Write & Execute C++/Java Program 1. To solve Knapsack problem using Greedy method. 2. To find shortest paths to other vertices from a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, using Dijkstra's algorithm. 3. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program. 4. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based Learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.
Module-4	
Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs. **Transitive Closure**: Warshall's Algorithm. **All Pairs Shortest Paths**: Floyd's Algorithm, Knapsack problem, Bellman-Ford Algorithm, Travelling Sales Person problem. **Space-Time Tradeoffs**: Introduction, Sorting by Counting, Input Enhancement in String Matching-Harspool's algorithm. **Textbook 2: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1,5.2,5.4,5.9)** **Textbook 1: Chapter 8(Sections 8.2,8.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)**	
Laboratory Component: Write C++/ Java programs to 1. Solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm. 2. Solve Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming. 3. Solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming method.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based Learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.
Module-5	
Backtracking: General method, solution using back tracking to N-Queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles Problems. **Branch and Bound**: Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem **NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems**: Basic concepts, non- deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes. **Textbook 1: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2) Chapter 11(11.3)** **Textbook 2: Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5) Chapter 11 (Section 11.1)**	
Laboratory Component:	

1. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find a subset of a given set S = {Sl, S2,..., Sn} of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if S = {1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and d= 9, there are two solutions {1, 2, 6} and {1, 8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

2. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Analyze the performance of the algorithms, state the efficiency using asymptotic notations and analyze mathematically the complexity of the algorithm.
CO 2. Apply divide and conquer approaches and decrease and conquer approaches in solving the problems analyze the same
CO 3. Apply the appropriate algorithmic design technique like greedy method, transform and conquer approaches and compare the efficiency of algorithms to solve the given problem.
CO 4. Apply and analyze dynamic programming approaches to solve some problems. and improve an algorithm time efficiency by sacrificing space.
CO 5. Apply and analyze backtracking, branch and bound methods and to describe P, NP and NP-Complete problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.

- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**
(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.

Reference Books

1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/
3. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/FEP/ADA.html
4. http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
5. http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=IntroToAlgorithms

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving and puzzles using group discussion. E.g., Fake coin identification, Peasant, wolf, goat, cabbage puzzle, Konigsberg bridge puzzle etc.,
2. Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.

IV Semester

MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS			
Course Code	**21CS43**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1: Understand the fundamentals of ARM-based systems, including programming modules with registers and the CPSR.

CLO 2: Use the various instructions to program the ARM controller.

CLO 3: Program various embedded components using the embedded C program.

CLO 4: Identify various components, their purpose, and their application to the embedded system's applicability.

CLO 5: Understand the embedded system's real-time operating system and its application in IoT.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. The lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show video/animation films to explain the functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (group learning) learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in multiple representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world, and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems: The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software.

ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Core Extensions

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 1.4, Chapter 2 - 2.1 to 2.5

Laboratory Component:

1. Using Keil software, observe the various registers, dump, CPSR, with a simple ALP programme.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of registers, memory access, and CPSR in a programme module. 2. For concepts, numerical, and discussion, use chalk and a whiteboard, as well as a PowerPoint presentation.

Module-2

Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set: Data Processing Instructions , Branch Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions, Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants

C Compilers and Optimization : Basic C Data Types, C Looping Structures, Register Allocation, Function Calls, Pointer Aliasing,

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 5

Laboratory Component:

2. Write a program to find the sum of the first 10 integer numbers.
3. Write a program to find the factorial of a number.
4. Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM.
5. Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using a look-up table.
6. Write a program to find the largest or smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software. 2. Laboratory Demonstration

Module-3

C Compilers and Optimization : Structure Arrangement, Bit-fields, Unaligned Data and Endianness, Division, Floating Point, Inline Functions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues.

ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs

Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6

Laboratory Component:

1. Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.
2. Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations.
3. Display “Hello World” message using Internal UART.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical

Module-4

Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.

Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface (onboard and external types), Embedded firmware, Other system components.

Textbook 2: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.2 to 1.6), Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.6)

Laboratory Component:

1. Interface and Control a DC Motor.
2. Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.
3. Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.
4. Interface a DAC and generate Triangular and Square waveforms.
5. Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.
6. Demonstrate the use of an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.
7. Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded components using keil. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion

Module-5

RTOS and IDE for Embedded System Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems, Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan.

Textbook 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4 , 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)

Laboratory Component:

1. Demonstration of IoT applications by using Arduino and Raspberry Pi

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion 2. Significance of real time operating system[RTOS] using raspberry pi

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain C-Compilers and optimization
- CO 2. Describe the ARM microcontroller's architectural features and program module.
- CO 3. Apply the knowledge gained from programming on ARM to different applications.
- CO 4. Program the basic hardware components and their application selection method.
- CO 5. Demonstrate the need for a real-time operating system for embedded system applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books

1. Raghunandan. G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication,2019
2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005.
3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

IV Semester

OPERATING SYSTEMS			
Course Code:	**21CS44**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	2:020:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS
- CLO 2. Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources
- CLO 3. Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands
- CLO 4. Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. IntroduceTopics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.

Operating System Services: User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot.

Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication

Textbook 1: Chapter - 1,2,3

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning and problem solving 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk_OQAeuVcp2O 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a2B69vCtjOU&list=PL3-wYxbt4yCjpcfUDz-TgD_ainZ2K3MUZ&index=2

Module-2

Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor scheduling; Thread scheduling.

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 4,5

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning and problem solving 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HW2Wcx-ktsc 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9YRxhlvt9Zo

Module-3

Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based on deadlock with animation 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MYgmmJJfdBg 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y14b7_T3AEw&list=PLEJxKK7AcSEGPOCFtQTJhOElU44J_JAun&index=30

Module-4

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 9,10,11

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about memory management and File system 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJ6qrCB8pDw&list=PLIY8eNdw5tW-BxRY0yK3fYTYVqytw8qhp 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-orfFhvNBzY

Module-5

Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems.

Case Study: The Linux Operating System: Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 2,21

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about case studies 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TTBkc5eiju4 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hkvMRGTzCM&list=PLEAYkSg4uSQ2PAch478muxnoeTNz_QeUJ&index=36 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mX1FEur4VCw

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify the structure of an operating system and its scheduling mechanism.
- CO 2. Demonstrate the allocation of resources for a process using scheduling algorithm.
- CO 3. Identify root causes of deadlock and provide the solution for deadlock elimination
- CO 4. Explore about the storage structures and learn about the Linux Operating system.
- CO 5. Analyze Storage Structures and Implement Customized Case study

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scred shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

Reference Books

1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw- Hill, 2013.
3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk_OQAeuVcp2O 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE_f 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeR-n6mkO
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning • Real world problem solving using group discussion. • Role play for process scheduling. • Present animation for Deadlock. • Real world examples of memory management concepts

IV Semester

PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY			
Course Code	**21CSL46**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Weeks (L: T: P: S)	0: 0: 2: 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of IDLE or PyCharm IDE to create Python Applications
CLO 2. Using Python programming language to develop programs for solving real-world problems
CLO 3. Implement the Object-Oriented Programming concepts in Python.
CLO 4. Appraise the need for working with various documents like Excel, PDF, Word and Others
CLO 5. Demonstrate regular expression using python programming

Note: two hours tutorial is suggested for each laboratory sessions.

Prerequisite

- Students should be familiarized about Python installation and setting Python environment
- Usage of IDLE or IDE like PyCharm should be introduced

Python Installation: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Kn1HF3oD19c
PyCharm Installation: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SZUNUB6nz3g

Sl. No.	***PART A – List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory***
1	**Aim:** Introduce the Python fundamentals, data types, operators, flow control and exception handling in Python a) Write a python program to find the best of two test average marks out of three test's marks accepted from the user. b) Develop a Python program to check whether a given number is palindrome or not and also count the number of occurrences of each digit in the input number. Datatypes: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCCVsvgR2KU Operators: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v5MR5JnKcZI Flow Control: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PqFKRqpHrjw For loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0ZvaDa8eT5s While loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZARImviDxg Exceptions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SPDvPK38tw
2	**Aim:** Demonstrating creation of functions, passing parameters and return values a) Defined as a function F as Fn = Fn-1 + Fn-2. Write a Python program which accepts a value for N (where N >0) as input and pass this value to the function. Display suitable error message if the condition for input value is not followed. b) Develop a python program to convert binary to decimal, octal to hexadecimal using functions. Functions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BVfCWuca9nw Arguments: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ijXMGpoMkhQ Return value: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nuNXiEDnM44
3	**Aim:** Demonstration of manipulation of strings using string methods a) Write a Python program that accepts a sentence and find the number of words, digits, uppercase letters and lowercase letters.

	b) Write a Python program to find the string similarity between two given strings **Sample Output:** Original string: Python Exercises Python Exercises Similarity between two said strings: 1.0 **Sample Output:** Original string: Python Exercises Python Exercise Similarity between two said strings: 0.967741935483871 Strings: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lSItwlnF0eU String functions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9a3CxJyTq00
4	**Aim:** Discuss different collections like list, tuple and dictionary a) Write a python program to implement insertion sort and merge sort using lists b) Write a program to convert roman numbers in to integer values using dictionaries. Lists: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eaz5e6M8tL4 List methods: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8-RDVWGktuI Tuples: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bdS4dHIJGBc Tuple operations: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TItKabcTTQ4 Dictionary: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Q0pW8XBOkc Dictionary methods: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oLeNHuORpNY
5	**Aim:** Demonstration of pattern recognition with and without using regular expressions a) Write a function called isphonenumber () to recognize a pattern 415-555-4242 without using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression. b) Develop a python program that could search the text in a file for phone numbers (+919900889977) and email addresses (sample@gmail.com) Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LnzFnZfHLS4
6	**Aim:** Demonstration of reading, writing and organizing files. a) Write a python program to accept a file name from the user and perform the following operations 1. Display the first N line of the file 2. Find the frequency of occurrence of the word accepted from the user in the file b) Write a python program to create a ZIP file of a particular folder which contains several files inside it. Files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vuyb7CxZgbU https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqcjKewJTQ0 File organization: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MRuq3SRXses
7	**Aim:** Demonstration of the concepts of classes, methods, objects and inheritance

	a) By using the concept of inheritance write a python program to find the area of triangle, circle and rectangle. b) Write a python program by creating a class called Employee to store the details of Name, Employee_ID, Department and Salary, and implement a method to update salary of employees belonging to a given department. OOP's concepts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qiSCMNBIP2g Inheritance: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Cn7AkDb4pIU
8	**Aim:** Demonstration of classes and methods with polymorphism and overriding a) Write a python program to find the whether the given input is palindrome or not (for both string and integer) using the concept of polymorphism and inheritance. Overriding: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CcTzTuIsoFk
9	**Aim:** Demonstration of working with excel spreadsheets and web scraping a) Write a python program to download the all XKCD comics b) Demonstrate python program to read the data from the spreadsheet and write the data in to the spreadsheet Web scraping: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ng2o98k983k Excel: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nsKNPHJ9iPc
10	**Aim:** Demonstration of working with PDF, word and JSON files a) Write a python program to combine select pages from many PDFs b) Write a python program to fetch current weather data from the JSON file PDFs: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q70xzDG6nls https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhQVD7Y1bsA https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FcrW-ESdY-A Word files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZU3cSl51jWE JSON files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9N6a-VLBa2I
Python (Full Course): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc	
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
PART B – Practical Based Learning	
A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.	

Course Outcomes:

- CO 1. Demonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions.
- CO 2. Identify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries.
- CO 3. Discover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system.
- CO 4. Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.
- CO 5. Determine the need for scraping websites and working with PDF, JSON and other file formats.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). The student has to secure 40% of sum of the maximum marks of CIE and SEE to qualify in the course.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- *Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should*

develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- *Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.*
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

1. Al Sweigart, **"Automate the Boring Stuff with Python",**1stEdition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)
2. Reema Thareja "**Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach**" Oxford University Press.
3. Allen B. Downey, **"Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist",** 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

IV Semester

WEB PROGRAMMING (Practical based)			
Course Code	**21CSL481**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Learn Web tool box and history of web browsers.
- CLO 2. Learn HTML, XHTML tags with utilizations.
- CLO 3. Know CSS with dynamic document utilizations.
- CLO 4. Learn JavaScript with Element access in JavaScript.
- CLO 5. Logically plan and develop web pages..

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to WEB Programming: Internet, WWW, Web Browsers, and Web Servers, URLs, MIME, HTTP, Security, The Web Programmers Toolbox.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.9)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Module-2

HTML and XHTML: Origins of HTML and XHTML, Basic syntax, Standard XHTML document structure, Basic text markup, Images, Hypertext Links, Lists, Tables. Forms, Frames in HTML and XHTML, Syntactic differences between HTML and XHTML.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.10)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving

Module-3

CSS: Introduction, Levels of style sheets, Style specification formats, Selector forms, Property value forms, Font properties, List properties, Color, Alignment of text, Background images, tags.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3(3.1 to 3.12)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving

Module-4

Java Script – I: Object orientation and JavaScript; General syntactic characteristics; Primitives, Operations, and expressions; Screen output and keyboard input. **Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.1 to 4.5)**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
Module-5	
Java Script – II: Control statements, Object creation and Modification; Arrays; Functions; Constructor; Pattern matching using expressions; Errors, Element access in JavaScript. **Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.6 to 4.14)**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the fundamentals of web and concept of HTML.
- CO 2. Use the concepts of HTML, XHTML to construct the web pages.
- CO 3. Interpret CSS for dynamic documents.
- CO 4. Evaluate different concepts of JavaScript & Construct dynamic documents.
- CO 5. Design a small project with JavaScript and XHTML.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Robert W Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

Reference Books

1. M.Deitel, P.J.Deitel, A.B.Goldberg, "Internet & World Wide Web How to program", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2004.
2. Chris Bates, "Web Programming Building Internet Applications", 3rd Edition, Wiley India, 2006.
3. Xue Bai et al, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming", Thomson, 2003.
4. Sklar, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Design Technologies", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Fundamentals of WEB Programming: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DR9dr6gxhDM
2. HTML and XHTML: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A1XlIDDXgwg
3. CSS: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J35jug1uHzE
4. Java Script and HTML Documents: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gd0RBdFRvF0
5. Dynamic Documents with JavaScript: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HTFSIJALNKc

Tutorial Link:

1. http://www.tutorialspoint.com
2. http://www.w3schools.com

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstration of simple projects

IV Semester

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">UNIX SHELL PROGRAMMING</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>21CS482</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)</td><td>1:0:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Hours of Pedagogy</td><td>12</td><td>Total Marks</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>Credits</td><td>01</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>01</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Objectives:
CLO 1. To help the students to understand effective use of Unix concepts, commands and terminology.
CLO 2. Identify, access, and evaluate UNIX file system.
CLO 3. Understand UNIX command syntax and semantics.
CLO 4. Ability to read and understand specifications, scripts and programs.
CLO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX Process.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.
1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-1</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction of UNIX - Introduction, History, Architecture, Experience the Unix environment, Basic commands ls, cat, cal, date, calendar, who, printf, tty, sty, uname, passwd, echo, tput, and bc.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.4) , Chapter 2- 2.1</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">UNIX File System- The file, what's in a filename? The parent-child relationship, pwd, the Home directory, absolute pathnames, using absolute pathnames for a command, cd, mkdir, rmdir, Relative pathnames, The UNIX file system.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Basic File Attributes - Is – l, the –d option, File Permissions, chmod, Security and File Permission, users and groups, security level, changing permission, user masks, changing ownership and group, File Attributes, More file attributes: hard link, symbolic link, umask, find.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-4</td></tr>
</table>

Introduction to the Shell Scripting - Introduction to Shell Scripting, Shell Scripts, read, Command Line Arguments, Exit Status of a Command, The Logical Operators && and ||, exit, if, and case conditions, expr, sleep and wait, while, until, for, $, @, redirection. The here document, set, trap, Sample Validation and Data Entry Scripts. **Textbook 1: Chapter 11,12,14**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
Module-5	
Introduction to UNIX System process: Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals. **Textbook 1: Chapter 9,19**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of Unix concepts and commands.
- CO 2. Evaluate the UNIX file system.
- CO 3. Apply Changes in file system.
- CO 4. Understand scripts and programs.
- CO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX system process

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours)**

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbooks

1. Unix Concepts & Applications 4rth Edition, Sumitabha Das, Tata McGraw Hill References: 2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashwant Kanetkar 3. Introduction to UNIX by M G Venkatesh Murthy.
Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffYUfAqEamY 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q05NZiYFcD0 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8GdT53KDIyY 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&v=3Pga3y7rCgo
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning • Real world problem solving using group discussion. • Real world examples of Linux operating system Utilizations.

IV Semester

R PROGRAMMING (Practical based)			
Course Code	**21CSL483**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Explore and understand how R and R Studio interactive environment.
CLO 2. To learn and practice programming techniques using R programming.
CLO 3. Read Structured Data into R from various sources.
CLO 4. Understand the different data Structures, data types in R.
CLO 5. To develop small applications using R Programming

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Numeric, Arithmetic, Assignment, and Vectors: R for Basic Math, Arithmetic, Variables, Functions, Vectors, Expressions and assignments Logical expressions.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.7)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Module-2

Matrices and Arrays: Defining a Matrix, Sub-setting, Matrix Operations, **Conditions and Looping:** if statements, looping with for, looping with while, vector based programming.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapter 3- 3.2 to 3.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving

Module-3

Lists and Data Frames: Data Frames, **Lists,** Special values, The apply facmily.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving

Module-4

Functions: Calling functions, scoping, Arguments matching, writing functions: The function command, Arguments, specialized function.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5- 5.1 to 5.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
Module-5	
Pointers: packages, frames, de bugging, manipulation of code, compilation of the code. **Textbook 1: Chapter 8- 8.1 to 8.8**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. To understand the fundamental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises,
- CO 2. To demonstrations, and writing R code.
- CO 3. To apply critical programming language concepts such as data types, iteration,
- CO 4. To understand control structures, functions, and Boolean operators by writing R programs and through examples
- CO 5. To import a variety of data formats into R using R-Studio
- CO 6. To prepare or tidy data for in preparation for analyze.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8^{th} week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14^{th} week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Jones, O., Maillardet. R. and Robinson, A. (2014). Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R. Chapman & Hall/CRC, The R Series.

References:

1. Michael J. Crawley, "Statistics: An Introduction using R", Second edition, Wiley,2015

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Wickham, H. & Grolemund, G. (2018). for Data Science. O'Reilly: New York. Available for free at http://r4ds.had.co.nz

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstration of simple projects

V Semester

<table>
<tr><th colspan="4">AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPILER DESIGN</th></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>21CS51</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)</td><td>3:0:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Hours of Pedagogy</td><td>40</td><td>Total Marks</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>Credits</td><td>03</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Introduce the fundamental concepts of Automata Theory, Formal Languages and compiler design
CLO 2. Principles Demonstrate Application of Automata Theory and Formal Languages in the field of compiler design
CLO 3. Develop understanding of computation through Push Down Automata and Turing Machines
CLO 4. Introduce activities carried out in different phases of Phases compiler
CLO 5. Identify the undecidability problems.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.
1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-1</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction to Automata Theory: Central Concepts of Automata theory, Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA), Non- Deterministic Finite Automata(NFA) ,Epsilon- NFA, NFA to DFA Conversion, Minimization of DFA

Introduction to Compiler Design: Language Processors, Phases of Compilers

Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.5, Chapter2 – 2.2,2.3,2.5 Chapter4 –4.4
Textbook 2: Chapter1 – 1.1 and 1.2</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Regular Expressions and Languages: Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Proving Languages Not to Be Regular

Lexical Analysis Phase of compiler Design: Role of Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering , Specification of Token, Recognition of Token.</td></tr>
</table>

Textbook 1: Chapter3 – 3.1, 3.2, Chapter4- 4.1 **Textbook 2: Chapter3- 3.1 to 3.4**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-3	
Context Free Grammars: Definition and designing CFGs, Derivations Using a Grammar, Parse Trees, Ambiguity and Elimination of Ambiguity, Elimination of Left Recursion, Left Factoring. **Syntax Analysis Phase of Compilers: part-1:** Role of Parser , Top-Down Parsing **Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1.1 to 5.1.6, 5.2 (5.2.1, 5.2.2), 5.4** **Textbook 2: Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 (4.3.2 to 4.3.4) ,4.4**	
Teaching-Learning Process	**Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration**
Module-4	
Push Down Automata: Definition of the Pushdown Automata, The Languages of a PDA. **Syntax Analysis Phase of Compilers: Part-2:** Bottom-up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: SLR, More Powerful LR parsers **Textbook1: Chapter 6 – 6.1, 6.2** **Textbook2: Chapter 4 – 4.5, 4.6, 4.7 (Up to 4.7.4)**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Introduction to Turing Machine: Problems that Computers Cannot Solve, The Turing machine, problems, Programming Techniques for Turing Machine, Extensions to the Basic Turing Machine **Undecidability :** A language That Is Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That Is RE. **Other Phases of Compilers: Syntax Directed Translation-** Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation Orders for SDD's. **Intermediate-Code Generation-** Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code. **Code Generation-** Issues in the Design of a Code Generator **Textbook1: Chapter 8 – 8.1, 8.2,8.3,8.4 Chapter 9 – 9.1,9.2** **Textbook2: Chapter 5 – 5.1, 5.2, Chapter 6- 6.1,6.2 Chapter 8- 8.1**	
Teaching-Learning Process	**Chalk and board, MOOC**
Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Acquire fundamental understanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of Computation CO 2. Design and develop lexical analyzers, parsers and code generators CO 3. Design Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative powers. CO 4. Acquire fundamental understanding of the structure of a Compiler and Apply concepts automata theory and Theory of Computation to design Compilers CO 5. Design computations models for problems in Automata theory and adaptation of such model in the field of compilers	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/	

course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

1. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
2. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

1. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks and Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman," Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Third Edition, Pearson.
2. Alfred V.Aho, Monica S.Lam,Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, " Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second Edition,Perason.

Reference:

1. Elain Rich, "Automata,Computability and complexity", 1st Edition, Pearson Education,2018.
2. K.L.P Mishra, N Chandrashekaran , 3rd Edition , 'Theory of Computer Science",PHI,2012.
3. Peter Linz, "An introduction to Formal Languages and Automata ", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers,1998.
4. K Muneeswaran, "Compiler Design", Oxford University Press 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106049/#
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104123/
3. https://www.jflap.org/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Group Activities, quizzes, Puzzles and presentations

V Semester

COMPUTER NETWORKS			
Course Code:	21CS52	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40T + 20P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Fundamentals of data communication networks.
- CLO 2. Software and hardware interfaces
- CLO 3. Application of various physical components and protocols
- CLO 4. Communication challenges and remedies in the networks.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to networks: Network hardware, Network software, Reference models,

Physical Layer: Guided transmission media, Wireless transmission

Textbook 1: Ch.1.2 to 1.4, Ch.2.2 to 2.3

Laboratory Component:

1. Implement Three nodes point – to – point network with duplex links between them for different topologies. 1Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth, and find the number of packets dropped for various iterations.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-2

The Data link layer: Design issues of DLL, Error detection and correction, Elementary data link protocols, Sliding window protocols.

The medium access control sublayer: The channel allocation problem, Multiple access protocols.

Textbook 1: Ch.3.1 to 3.4, Ch.4.1 and 4.2

Laboratory Component:

1. Implement simple ESS and with transmitting nodes in wire-less LAN by simulation and determine the throughput with respect to transmission of packets

2. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-3

The Network Layer:
Network Layer Design Issues, Routing Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, QoS.

Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.4

Laboratory Component:

1. Implement transmission of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 nodes and find the number of packets dropped due to congestion in the network.
2. Write a program to find the shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

The Transport Layer: The Transport Service, Elements of transport protocols, Congestion control, The internet transport protocols.

Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.4 and 6.5.1 to 6.5.7

Laboratory Component:

1. Implement an Ethernet LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion window for different source / destination.
2. Write a program for congestion control using leaky bucket algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-5

Application Layer: Principles of Network Applications, The Web and HTTP, Electronic Mail in the Internet, DNS—The Internet's Directory Service.

Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Learn the basic needs of communication system.
CO 2. Interpret the communication challenges and its solution.
CO 3. Identify and organize the communication system network components
CO 4. Design communication networks for user requirements.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Computer-Networks- Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall, Pearson Education, 5th-Edition. (www.pearsonhighered.com/tanenbaum)
2. Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach -James F. Kurose and Keith W. RossPearson Education 7th Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill,Indian Edition
2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L01.html
2. http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105081/L25.html
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105081
4. VTU e-Shikshana Program

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Simulation of Personal area network, Home area network, achieve QoS etc.

Note: For the Simulation experiments modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using NS2. Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups, and documented in the report. Non simulation programs can be implemented using Java

V Semester

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS53	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			

CLO 1. Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice. CLO 2. Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems. CLO 3. Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database CLO 4. Design and build database applications for real world problems.
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.
Module-1
Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications. **Overview of Database Languages and Architectures:** Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment. **Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships:** Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, Examples **Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7**

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2
Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations. **Relational Algebra:** Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra. **Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design:** Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping. **Textbook 1:, Ch 5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;**

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3
SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.

Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database **Application Development:** Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop. **Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;**

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.

Normalization Algorithms: Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and
Normal Forms

Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning

Module-5

Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.

Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.

Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS
- CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation and also demonstrate the basic of query evaluation.
- CO 3. Design and build simple database systems and *relate* the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database
- CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases, relational algebra expression.
- CO 5. Develop applications using tuple and domain relation expression from queries.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Reference Books:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan's Database System Concepts 6th EditionTata Mcgraw Hill Education Private Limited

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c
7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad_llA
8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of real time Database projects - E-commerce Platform, Inventory Management, Railway System, College Data Management, Library Data Management, Solution for Saving Student Records, Hospital Data Management, Blood Donation Management.

V Semester

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING			
Course Code	21CS54	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Gain a historical perspective of AI and its foundations
- CLO 2. Become familiar with basic principles of AI toward problem solving
- CLO 3. Familiarize with the basics of Machine Learning & Machine Learning process, basics of Decision Tree, and probability learning
- CLO 4. Understand the working of Artificial Neural Networks and basic concepts of clustering algorithms

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is AI? Foundations and History of AI

Problem-solving: Problem-solving agents, Example problems, Searching for Solutions, Uninformed Search Strategies: Breadth First search, Depth First Search,

Textbook 1: Chapter 1- 1.1, 1.2, 1.3
Textbook 1: Chapter 3- 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4.1, 3.4.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning. Problem based learning

Module-2

Informed Search Strategies: Greedy best-first search, A*search, Heuristic functions.
Introduction to Machine Learning , Understanding Data

Textbook 1: Chapter 3 - 3.5, 3.5.1, 3.5.2, 3.6
Textbook 2: Chapter 1 and 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Basics of Learning theory
Similarity Based Learning
Regression Analysis

Textbook 2: Chapter 3 - 3.1 to 3.4, Chapter 4, chapter 5.1 to 5.4	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
Decision Tree learning Bayesian Learning **Textbook 2: Chapter 6 and 8**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-5	
Artificial neural Network Clustering Algorithms **Textbook 2: Chapter 10 and 13**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning.

Course Outcomes Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Apply the knowledge of searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.
- CO 2. Have a good understanding of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues and challenges of machine learning.
- CO 3. Apply the knowledge of classification algorithms on various dataset and compare results
- CO 4. Model the neuron and Neural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications.
- CO 5. Identifying the suitable clustering algorithm for different pattern

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**) **OR** Suitable Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be given to the students to submit the same as laboratory work(for example; Implementation of concept learning, implementation of decision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc…)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, Pearson,2015
2. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021

Reference:

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, 3rdedition, Tata McGraw Hill,2013
2. George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011
3. Tom Michel, Machine Learning, McGrawHill Publication.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/11/10-free-must-read-books-ai.html
2. https://www.udacity.com/course/knowledge-based-ai-cognitive-systems--ud409
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
4. https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence
5. https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence
6. https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/
7. https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/
8. https://www.javatpoint.com/decision-tree-induction
9. https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml-decision-tree/tutorial/
10. https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Role play for strategies– DFS & BFS, Outlier detection in Banking and insurance transaction for identifying fraudulent behaviour etc. Uncertainty and reasoning Problem- reliability of sensor used to detect pedestrians using Bayes Rule

V Semester

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT			
Course Code	**21CSL55**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Foundation knowledge in database concepts, technology and practice to groom students into well-informed database application developers.

CLO 2. Strong practice in SQL programming through a variety of database problems.

CLO 3. Develop database applications using front-end tools and back-end DBMS..

Sl. No.	PART-A: SQL Programming (Max. Exam Marks. 50)
	Design, develop, and implement the specified queries for the following problems using Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Server, or any other DBMS under LINUX/Windows environment. Create Schema and insert at least 5 records for each table. Add appropriate database constraints.
1	Aim: Demonstrating creation of tables, applying the view concepts on the tables. ProgramConsider the following schema for a Library Database: **BOOK(Book_id, Title, Publisher_Name, Pub_Year)** **BOOK_AUTHORS(Book_id, Author_Name)** **PUBLISHER(Name, Address, Phone)** **BOOK_COPIES(Book_id, Programme_id, No-of_Copies)** **BOOK_LENDING(Book_id, Programme_id, Card_No, Date_Out, Due_Date)** **LIBRARY_PROGRAMME(Programme_id, Programme_Name, Address)** Write SQL queries to 1. Retrieve details of all books in the library – id, title, name of publisher, authors, number of copies in each Programme, etc. 2. Get the particulars of borrowers who have borrowed more than 3 books, but from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017. 3. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this data manipulation operation. 4. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working with a simple query. 5. Create a view of all books and its number of copies that are currently available in the Library. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AaSU-AOguls https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-EwEvJxS-Fw
2	Aim: Discuss the various concepts on constraints and update operations. Program: Consider the following schema for Order Database: **SALESMAN(Salesman_id, Name, City, Commission)** **CUSTOMER(Customer_id, Cust_Name, City, Grade, Salesman_id)** **ORDERS(Ord_No, Purchase_Amt, Ord_Date, Customer_id, Salesman_id)** Write SQL queries to Count the customers with grades above Bangalore's average. 2. Find the name and numbers of all salesman who had more than one customer. 3. List all the salesman and indicate those who have and don't have customers in their cities (Use UNION operation.) 4. Create a view that finds the salesman who has the customer with the highest order of a day. 5. Demonstrate the DELETE operation by removing salesman with id 1000. All his orders must also be deleted. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AA-KL1jbMeY

	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7S_tz1z_5bA
3	Aim: Demonstrate the concepts of JOIN operations. Program: Consider the schema for Movie Database: **ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender)** **DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)** **MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id)** **MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role)** **RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars)** Write SQL queries to 1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'. 2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies. 3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015(use JOIN operation). 4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title. 5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hSiCUNVKJAo https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eod3aQkFz84
4	Aim: Introduce concepts of PLSQL and usage on the table. Program: Consider the schema for College Database: **STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender)** **SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec)** **CLASS(USN, SSID)** **COURSE(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits)** **IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA)** Write SQL queries to 1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section. 2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each section. 3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1BI15CS101' in all Courses. 4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table for all students. 5. Categorize students based on the following criterion: If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding' If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average' If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = 'Weak' Give these details only for 8th semester A, B, and C section students. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=horURQewW9c https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P7-wKbKrAhk
5	Aim: Demonstrate the core concepts on table like nested and correlated nesting queries and also EXISTS and NOT EXISTS keywords. Program: Consider the schema for Company Database: **EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)** **DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)** **DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc)** **PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)** **WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours)** Write SQL queries to Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

	Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent raise. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator). For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs.6,00,000. **Reference:** https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dk8f3ejqKts
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
PART B	
	Mini project: For any problem selected, make sure that the application should have five or more tables. Indicative areas include: Organization, health care, Ecommerce etc.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Create, Update and query on the database.
CO 2. Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS
CO 3. Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). The student has to secure a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40.**

Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- *Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with an equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B, the project group (Maximum of 4 students per batch) should demonstrate the mini-project.*
- *Weightage of marks for PART A is 60% and for PART B is 40%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.*
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Suggested Weblinks/ E Resource

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/index.htm

V Semester

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">ANGULAR JS AND NODE JS
(Practical based)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code:</td><td>21CSL581</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching Hours/Week</td><td>1:0:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>50</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total No. of Hours</td><td>12T + 12P</td><td>Total Marks</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>Credits</td><td>01</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>02</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Objectives: The student should be made to:
CLO 1. To learn the basics of Angular JS.
CLO 2. To understand the Angular JS Modules.
CLO 3. To implement Forms, inputs and Services
CLO 4. To implement Directives and Databases
CLO 5. To understand basics of Node JS.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.
1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">Module-1</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction To Angular JS: Introduction – Features – Angular JSModel-View-Controller – Expression -Directives and Controllers.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Angular JS Modules: Arrays –Working with ng-model – Working with Forms – Form Validation – Error Handling with Forms – Nested Forms with ng-form – Other Form Controls.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Directives& Building Databases:
Part I- Filters – Using Filters in Controllers and Services – Angular JS Services – Internal Angular JS Services – Custom Angular JS Services</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Directives& Building Databases:
Part-II- Directives – Alternatives to Custom Directives – Understanding the Basic options – Interacting with Server –HTTP Services – Building Database, Front End and BackEnd</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td colspan="3">Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module-5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction to NODE .JS: Introduction –Using the Terminals – Editors –Building a Webserver with Node – The HTTPModule – Views and Layouts.</td></tr>
</table>

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the features of Angular JS.
- CO 2. Recognize the form validations and controls.
- CO 3. Implement Directives and Controllers.
- CO 4. Evaluate and create database for simple application.
- CO 5. Plan and build webservers with node using Node .JS.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). The student has to secure a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Adam Freeman - ProAngular JS, Apress, First Edition, 2014.
2. ShyamSeshadri, Brad Green –"AngularJS: Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", Apress, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
3. AgusKurniawan–"AngularJS Programming by Example", First Edition, PE Press, 2014.

Reference Books

1. Brad Dayley, "Learning Angular JS", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2014.
2. Steve Hoberman, "Data Modeling for MongoDB", Technics Publication, First Edition, 2014..

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Introduction to Angular JS : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HEbphzK-0xE
2. Angular JS Modules : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gWmOKmgnQkU
3. Directives& Building Databases: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R_okHflzgm0
4. Introduction to NODE .JS: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8u1o-OmOeGQ
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7F1nLajs4Eo
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7x7c-x90FU

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstration of simple projects

V Semester

C# AND .NET FRAMEWORK			
Course Code:	**21CS582**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total No. of Hours	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Understand the basics of C# and .NET
- CLO 2. Learn the variables and constants of C#
- CLO 3. Know the object-oriented aspects and applications.
- CLO 4. Learn the basic structure of .NET framework.
- CLO 5. Learn to create a simple project of .NET Core

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to C#
Part-I: Understanding C#, .NET, overview of C#, Variables, Data Types, Operators, Expressions, Branching, Looping, Methods, implicit and explicit casting.

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning

Module-2

Part-II: Constants, Arrays, Array Class, Array List, String, String Builder, Structure, Enumerations, boxing and unboxing.

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning

Module-3

Object Oriented Concepts-I:
Class, Objects, Constructors and its types, inheritance, properties, indexers, index overloading, polymorphism.

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning

Module-4

Object Oriented Concepts-II:

Sealed class and methods, interface, abstract class, abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and exception, Threading.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning
Module-5	
Introduction to .NET FRAMEWORK: Assemblies, Versoning, Attributes, reflection, viewing meta data, remoting, security in .NET, Environment Setup of .NET Core and create a small project.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set) At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Able to explain how C# fits into the .NET platform. CO 2. Describe the utilization of variables and constants of C# CO 3. Use the implementation of object-oriented aspects in applications. CO 4. Analyze and Set up Environment of .NET Core. CO 5. Evaluate and create a simple project application.	

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours)**

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference: C# 4.0", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
2. Christian Nagel et al. "Professional C# 2012 with .NET 4.5", Wiley India, 2012.

Reference Books

1. Andrew Troelsen , "Pro C# 2010 and the .NET 4 Platform, Fifth edition, A Press, 2010.
2. Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse Liberty, "Programming C# 4.0", Sixth Edition, O"Reilly, 2010.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Introduction to C# : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItoIFCT9P90
2. Object Oriented Concepts : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LP3llcExPK0
3. .NET FRAMEWORK : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7huHkvPoEE

Tutorial Link:

1. https://www.tutorialsteacher.com/csharp
2. https://www.w3schools.com/cs/index.php
3. https://www.javatpoint.com/net-framework

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using group discussion.

VI Semester

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING & PROJECT MANAGEMENT			
Course Code	**21CS61**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Outline software engineering principles and activities involved in building large software programs. Identify ethical and professional issues and explain why they are of concern to Software Engineers.
- CLO 2. Describe the process of requirement gathering, requirement classification, requirement specification and requirements validation.
- CLO 3. Infer the fundamentals of object oriented concepts, differentiate system models, use UML diagrams and apply design patterns.5
- CLO 4. Explain the role of DevOps in Agile Implementation.
- CLO 5. Discuss various types of software testing practices and software evolution processes.
- CLO 6. Recognize the importance Project Management with its methods and methodologies.
- CLO 7. Identify software quality parameters and quantify software using measurements and metrics. List software quality standards and outline the practices involved

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: The evolving role of software, Software, The changing nature of software, Software engineering, A Process Framework, Process Patterns, Process Assessment, Personal and Team Process Models, Process Technology, Product and Process.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.3

Process Models: Prescriptive models, Waterfall model, Incremental process models, Evolutionary process models, Specialized process models.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 to 2.7

Requirements Engineering: Requirements Engineering Task, Initiating the Requirements Engineering process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing use cases, Building the analysis model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements, Software Requirement Document **(Sec 4.2)**

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6, Textbook 5: Chapter 4: 4.2

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling: What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling, abstraction, The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class Concept, Link and associations concepts, Generalization and Inheritance, A sample class model, Navigation of class models, Introduction to RUP(Textbook: 5 Sec 2.4) and UML diagrams

Textbook 2: Chapter 1,2,3

Building the Analysis Models: Requirement Analysis, Analysis Model Approaches, Data modeling Concepts, Object Oriented Analysis, Scenario-Based Modeling, Flow-Oriented Modeling, class Based Modeling, Creating a Behavioral Model.

Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.8</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Software Testing: A Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Strategic Issues, Test Strategies for Conventional Software, Test Strategies for Object -Oriented Software, Validation Testing, System Testing, The Art of Debugging.

Textbook 1: Chapter 13: 13.1 to 13.7

Agile Methodology & DevOps: Before Agile – Waterfall, Agile Development,

Self-Learning Section:
What is DevOps?, DevOps Importance and Benefits, DevOps Principles and Practices, 7 C’s of DevOps Lifecycle for Business Agility, DevOps and Continuous Testing, How to Choose Right DevOps Tools?, Challenges with DevOps Implementation.

Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Introduction to Project Management:
Introduction, Project and Importance of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered by Software Project Management, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing Software Projects, Stakeholders, Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, Management and Management Control, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project Management Practices.

Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.17</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Activity Planning:
Objectives of Activity Planning, When to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, Network Planning Models, Forward Pass– Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float, Shortening Project Duration, Activity on Arrow Networks.

Textbook 3: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.16

Software Quality:
Introduction, The place of software quality in project planning, Importance of software quality, software quality models, ISO 9126, quality management systems, process capability models, techniques to enhance software quality, quality plans.

Textbook 3: Chapter 13: (13.1 to 13.6 , 13.9, 13.11, 13.14),</td></tr>
</table>

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the activities involved in software engineering and analyze the role of various process models
- CO 2. Explain the basics of object-oriented concepts and build a suitable class model using modelling techniques
- CO 3. Describe various software testing methods and to understand the importance of agile methodology and DevOps
- CO 4. Illustrate the role of project planning and quality management in software development
- CO 5. Understand the importance of activity planning and different planning models

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.

3. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall: Software Project Management, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2018.
4. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar, DevOps Tools From Practitioner's Viewpoint, Wiley.
5. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

Reference:

1. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs68/preview
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxkP5KR_Emk&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9b5nr-ggx7Pt1G4UAHeFlJ
3. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/CSE.php
4. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/15CS42.html
5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128/106/128106012/ (DevOps)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Case study, Field visit

VI Semester

FULLSTACK DEVELOPMENT			
Course Code	21CS62	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the use of learning full stack web development.

CLO 2. Make use of rapid application development in the design of responsive web pages.

CLO 3. Illustrate Models, Views and Templates with their connectivity in Django for full stack web development.

CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of state management and admin interfaces automation in Django.

CLO 5. Design and implement Django apps containing dynamic pages with SQL databases.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1: MVC based Web Designing

Web framework, MVC Design Pattern, Django Evolution, Views, Mapping URL to Views, Working of Django URL Confs and Loose Coupling, Errors in Django, Wild Card patterns in URLS.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapter 3

Laboratory Component:

1. Installation of Python, Django and Visual Studio code editors can be demonstrated.
2. Creation of virtual environment, Django project and App should be demonstrated
3. Develop a Django app that displays current date and time in server
4. Develop a Django app that displays date and time four hours ahead and four hours before as an offset of current date and time in server.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

Module-2: Django Templates and Models

Template System Basics, Using Django Template System, Basic Template Tags and Filters, MVT Development Pattern, Template Loading, Template Inheritance, MVT Development Pattern.

Configuring Databases, Defining and Implementing Models, Basic Data Access, Adding Model String Representations, Inserting/Updating data, Selecting and deleting objects, Schema Evolution

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 and Chapter 5

Laboratory Component:

1. Develop a simple Django app that displays an unordered list of fruits and ordered list of selected students for an event
2. Develop a layout.html with a suitable header (containing navigation menu) and footer with copyright and developer information. Inherit this layout.html and create 3 additional pages: contact us, About Us and Home page of any website.
3. Develop a Django app that performs student registration to a course. It should also display list of students registered for any selected course. Create students and course as models with enrolment as ManyToMany field.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples 4. Case Study: Apply concepts learnt for an Online Ticket Booking System

Module-3: Django Admin Interfaces and Model Forms

Activating Admin Interfaces, Using Admin Interfaces, Customizing Admin Interfaces, Reasons to use Admin Interfaces.

Form Processing, Creating Feedback forms, Form submissions, custom validation, creating Model Forms, URLConf Ticks, Including Other URLConfs.

Textbook 1: Chapters 6, 7 and 8

Laboratory Component:

1. For student and course models created in Lab experiment for Module2, register admin interfaces, perform migrations and illustrate data entry through admin forms.
2. Develop a Model form for student that contains his topic chosen for project, languages used and duration with a model called project.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

Module-4: Generic Views and Django State Persistence

Using Generic Views, Generic Views of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic Views.

MIME Types, Generating Non-HTML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap framework, Cookies, Sessions, Users and Authentication.

Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and 12

Laboratory Component:

1. For students enrolment developed in Module 2, create a generic class view which displays list of students and detailview that displays student details for any selected student in the list.
2. Develop example Django app that performs CSV and PDF generation for any models created in previous laboratory component.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns

	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples 4. Project Work: Implement all concepts learnt for Student Admission Management.

Module-5: jQuery and AJAX Integration in Django

Ajax Solution, Java Script, XHTMLHttpRequest and Response, HTML, CSS, JSON, iFrames, Settings of Java Script in Django, jQuery and Basic AJAX, jQuery AJAX Facilities, Using jQuery UI Autocomplete in Django

Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 2 and 7.

Laboratory Component:

1. Develop a registration page for student enrolment as done in Module 2 but without page refresh using AJAX.
2. Develop a search application in Django using AJAX that displays courses enrolled by a student being searched.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns 3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples 4. Case Study: Apply the use of AJAX and jQuery for development of EMI calculator.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the working of MVT based full stack web development with Django.
- CO 2. Designing of Models and Forms for rapid development of web pages.
- CO 3. Analyze the role of Template Inheritance and Generic views for developing full stack web applications.
- CO 4. Apply the Django framework libraries to render nonHTML contents like CSV and PDF.
- CO 5. Perform jQuery based AJAX integration to Django Apps to build responsive full stack web applications,

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Adrian Holovaty, Jacob Kaplan Moss, The Definitive Guide to Django: Web Development Done Right, Second Edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG Publishers, 2009
2. Jonathan Hayward, Django Java Script Integration: AJAX and jQuery, First Edition, Pack Publishing, 2011

Reference Books

1. Aidas Bendroraitis, Jake Kronika, Django 3 Web Development Cookbook, Fourth Edition, Packt Publishing, 2020
2. William Vincent, Django for Beginners: Build websites with Python and Django, First Edition, Amazon Digital Services, 2018
3. Antonio Mele, Django3 by Example, 3rd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020
4. Arun Ravindran, Django Design Patterns and Best Practices, 2nd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020.
5. Julia Elman, Mark Lavin, Light weight Django, David A. Bell, 1st Edition, Oreily Publications, 2014

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. MVT architecture with Django: https://freevideolectures.com/course/3700/django-tutorials
2. Using Python in Django: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2BqoLiMT3Ao
3. Model Forms with Django: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gMM1rtTwKxE
4. Real time Interactions in Django: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3gHmfoeZ45k
5. AJAX with Django for beginners: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3VaKNyjlxAU

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the Django framework concepts and its integration with AJAX to develop any shopping website with admin and user dashboards.

Short Preamble on Full Stack Web Development:

Website development is a way to make people aware of the services and/or products they are offering, understand why the products are relevant and even necessary for them to buy or use, and highlight the striking qualities that set it apart from competitors. Other than commercial reasons, a website is also needed for quick and dynamic information delivery for any domain. Development of a well-designed, informative, responsive and dynamic website is need of the hour from any computer science and related engineering graduates. Hence, they need to be augmented with skills to use technology and framework which can help them to develop elegant websites. Full Stack developers are in need by many companies, who knows and can develop all pieces of web application (Front End, Back End and business logic). MVT based development with Django is the cutting-edge framework for Full Stack Web Development. Python has become an easier language to use for many applications. Django based framework in Python helps a web developer to utilize framework and develop rapidly responsive and secure web applications.

VI Semester

COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF IMAGE PROCESSING			
Course Code	**21CS63**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Overview of Computer Graphics along with its applications.
CLO 2. Exploring 2D and 3D graphics mathematics along with OpenGL API's.
CLO 3. Use of Computer graphics principles for animation and design of GUI's .
CLO 4. Introduction to Image processing and Open CV.
CLO 5. Image segmentation using Open CV.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
6. IntroduceTopicsin manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Overview: Computer Graphics hardware and software and OpenGL: Computer Graphics: Video Display Devices, Raster-Scan Systems Basics of computer graphics, Application of Computer Graphics. OpenGL: Introduction to OpenGL, coordinate reference frames, specifying two-dimensional world coordinate reference frames in OpenGL, OpenGL point functions, OpenGL line functions, point attributes, line attributes, curve attributes, OpenGL point attribute functions, OpenGL line attribute functions, Line drawing algorithms(DDA, Bresenham's).

Textbook 1: Chapter -1,2,3, 5(1 and 2 only)
Self-study topics : Input devices, hard copy devices, coordinate representation, graphics functions, fill area primitives, polygon fill areas, pixel arrays, Parallel Line algorithms

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Active Learning Virtual Lab

Module-2

2D and 3D graphics with OpenGL: 2D Geometric Transformations: Basic 2D Geometric Transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, 2D Composite transformations, other 2D transformations, raster methods for geometric transformations, OpenGL raster transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations function,

3D Geometric Transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions

Textbook 1: Chapter -6, 8 **Self-study topics:** Transformation between 2D coordinate system, OpenGL geometric-transformation, Transformation between 3D coordinate system.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Active Learning, Problem based learning Virtual Lab:
Module-3	
Interactive Input Methods and Graphical User Interfaces: Graphical Input Data ,Logical Classification of Input Devices, Input Functions for Graphical Data , Interactive Picture-Construction Techniques, Virtual-Reality Environments, OpenGL Interactive Input-Device Functions, OpenGL Menu Functions , Designing a Graphical User Interface. **Computer Animation :**Design of Animation Sequences, Traditional Animation Techniques, General Computer-Animation Functions, Computer-Animation Languages, Character Animation, Periodic Motions, OpenGL Animation Procedures. **Textbook 1: Chapter -11, 18** **Self-study topics:** Raster methods for computer animation, Key frame systems, Motion specification.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, MOOC, Active Learning
Module-4	
Introduction to Image processing: overview, Nature of IP, IP and its related fields, Digital Image representation, types of images. **Digital Image Processing Operations**: Basic relationships and distance metrics, Classification of Image processing Operations. **Text book 2: Chapter 3** ***(Below topics is for experiential learning only , No questions in SEE)*** ***Computer vision and OpenCV****: What is computer vision, Evolution of computer vision, Application of Computer vision, Feature of OpenCV, OpenCV library modules, OpenCV environment, Reading, writing and storing images using OpenCV. OpenCV drawing Functions. OpenCV Geometric Transformations*. ***<u>(Note : Computer vision and OpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE)</u>*** **Web Source: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning Lab practice for OpenCV for basic geometric objects and basic image operation
Module-5	
Image Segmentation: Introduction, classification, detection of discontinuities, Edge detection (up to canny edge detection(included)). **Text Book 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.4.4.4** ***(Below topics is for experiential learning only , No questions in SEE)*** ***Image processing with Open CV:*** *Resizing , Rotation/ Flipping, Blending, Creating region of Interest (ROI), Image Thresholding, Image Blurring and smoothing, Edge Detection, Image contours and Face Detection on images using OpenCV.*	

(Note :Image Processing withOpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE)

Web source: ***https://medium.com/analytics-vidhya/introduction-to-computer-vision-opencv-in-python-fb722e805e8b***

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, MOOC Lab practice on image processing. Virtual Lab:

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Construct geometric objects using Computer Graphics principles and OpenGL APIs.
- CO 2. Use OpenGL APIs and related mathematics for 2D and 3D geometric Operations on the objects.
- CO 3. Design GUI with necessary techniques required to animate the created objects
- CO 4. Apply OpenCV for developing Image processing applications.
- CO 5. Apply Image segmentation techniques along with programming, using OpenCV, for developing simple applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

3. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
4. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Donald D Hearn, M Pauline Baker and WarrenCarithers: Computer Graphics with OpenGL 4th Edition, Pearson, 2014
2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, second edition, Oxford University press 2016.

Reference Books

1. Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5th edition. Pearson Education, 2008
2. James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: Pearson education

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106090/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102063/
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103224/
4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102065/
5. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/ (Tutorial, Types of Images, Drawing Functions)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

2. Mini project on computer graphics using Open GL/Python/Open CV.

VI Semester

AGILE TECHNOLOGIES			
Course Code	21CS641	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- CLO 1. To understand basics of agile technologies
- CLO 2. To explain XP Lifecycle, XP Concepts and Adopting XP
- CLO 3. To Evaluate on Pair Programming, Root-Cause Analysis, Retrospectives, Planning, Incremental Requirements and Customer Tests
- CLO 4. To become Mastering in Agility
- CLO 5. To provide well Deliver Value

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Why Agile? : Understanding Success, Beyond Deadlines, The Importance of Organizational Success, Enter Agility, How to Be Agile?: Agile Methods, Don't Make Your Own Method, The Road to Mastery, Find a Mentor.

The Genesis of Agile, Introduction and background, Agile Manifesto, and Principles, Simple Design, User Stories, Agile Testing, Agile Tools

Textbook 1: Part I – Ch 1, Ch 2.

Textbook 2: Ch 1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview

Module-2

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Understanding XP: The XP Lifecycle, The XP Team, XP Concepts, Adopting XP: Is XP Right for Us?, Go!, Assess Your Agility

Overview of Extreme Programming, The Practices of Extreme Programming, Conclusion, Bibliography, Planning Initial Exploration, Release Planning, Iteration Planning, Defining "Done", Task Planning Iterating, Tracking.

Textbook 1: Part I: Ch 3, Ch 4.

Textbook 3: Section 1: Ch 1</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Active Learning

https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE
http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Practicing XP: Thinking: Pair Programming, Energized Work, Informative Workspace, Root Cause Analysis, Retrospectives,

Collaborating: Trust, Sit Together, Real Customer Involvement, Ubiquitous Language, Stand-Up Meetings, Coding Standards, Iteration Demo, Reporting,

Releasing: “Done Done”, No Bugs, Version Control, Ten-Minute Build, Continuous Integration, Collective Code Ownership, Documentation. Planning: Vision, Release Planning, The Planning Game, Risk Management, Iteration Planning, Slack, Stories, Estimating. Developing: Incremental requirements, Customer Tests, Test-Driven Development, Refactoring, Simple Design, Incremental Design and Architecture, Spike Solutions, Performance Optimization, Exploratory Testing

Textbook 1: Part II: Ch 5, Ch 6, Ch 7, Ch 8, Ch 9.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board, Demonstration

https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE
http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Mastering Agility : Values and Principles: Commonalities, About Values, Principles, and Practices, Further Reading, Improve the Process: Understand Your Project, Tune and Adapt, Break the Rules, Rely on People :Build Effective Relationships, Let the Right People Do the Right Things, Build the Process for the People, Eliminate Waste :Work in Small, Reversible Steps, Fail Fast, Maximize Work Not Done, Pursue Throughput

Textbook 1: Part III- Ch 10, Ch 11, Ch 12, Ch 13.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Teaching-Learning Process</td><td>Chalk and board

https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE
http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">Module-5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Deliver Value: Exploit Your Agility, Only Releasable Code Has Value, Deliver Business Results, Deliver Frequently, Seek Technical Excellence: Software Doesn’t Exist, Design Is for Understanding, Design</td></tr>
</table>

Trade-offs, Quality with a Name, Great Design, Universal Design Principles, Principles in Practice, Pursue Mastery

Textbook 1: Part IV- Ch 14, Ch 15.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Understand the fundamentals of agile technologies

CO 2. Explain XP Lifecycle, XP Concepts and Adopting XP

CO 3. Apply different techniques on Practicing XP, Collaborating and Releasing

CO 4. Analyze the Values and Principles of Mastering Agility

CO 5. Demonstrate the agility to deliver good values

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. James shore, Chromatic, O'Reilly, The Art of Agile Development, 2007

Reference Books

1. Ken Schawber, Mike Beedle, "Agile Software Development with Scrum",Pearson, 2008
2. Agile-Principles-Patterns-and-Practices-in-C by Robert C Martin & Mic Martin.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Model wise mentioned

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstration of the project based on Agile technologies.

VI Semester

ADVANCED JAVA PROGRAMMING			
Course Code	21CS642	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understanding the fundamental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations
CLO 2. Apply the concepts of Generic classes in Java programs
CLO 3. Demonstrate the fundamental concepts of String operations
CLO 4. Design and develop web applications using Java servlets and JSP
CLO 5. Apply database interaction through Java database Connectivity

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same program
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations:
Enumerations, Ednumeration fundamentals, the values() and valueOf() methods, Java enumerations are class types, enumerations inherits Enum, example, type wrappers, Autoboxing, Autoboxing methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Boolean and character values, Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors, A word of warning

Annotations, Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, obtaining annotations at run time by use of reflection, Annotated element interface, Using default values, Marker Annotations, Single member annotations, Built in annotations

Textbook 1: Chapter12

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online demonstration, Problem based learning

Module-2

Generics: What are Generics, A Simple Generics Example, A Generic Class with Two Type Parameters, The General Form of a Generic Class, Bounded Types, Using Wildcard Arguments, Bounded Wildcards, Creating a Generic Method, Generic Interfaces, Raw types and Legacy code, Generic Class Hierarchies, Erasure, Ambiguity errors, Some Generic Restrictions

Textbook 1: Chapter 14

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-3

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the case of characters within a String, String Buffer, String Builder **Textbook 1: Chapter 15**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
Module-4	
Background; The life cycle of a servlet; A simple servlet; the servlet API; The javax.servlet package Reading servlet parameter; the javax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using Cookies; Session Tracking, Java Server Pages (JSP); JSP tags, Variables and Objects, Methods, Control statements, Loops, Request String, Parsing other information, User sessions, Cookies, Session Objects **Textbook 1: Chapter 31** **Textbook 2: Chapter 11**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
Module-5	
The concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC packages; A brief overview of the JDBC Process; Database Connection; Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Transaction Processing; Metadata, Data Types; Exceptions. **Textbook 2: Chapter 6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understanding the fundamental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations
- CO 2. Apply the concepts of Generic classes in Java programs
- CO 3. Demonstrate the concepts of String operations in Java
- CO 4. Develop web based applications using Java servlets and JSP
- CO 5. Illustrate database interaction and transaction processing in Java

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference. 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
2. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, Tata McGraw-Hill

Reference Books:

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105225/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Programming exercises

VI Semester

ADVANCED COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE			
Course Code	21CS643	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Describe computer architecture.
CLO 2. Measure the performance of architectures in terms of right parameters.
CLO 3. Summarize parallel architecture and the software used for them

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same program
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Theory of Parallelism: Parallel Computer Models, The State of Computing, Multiprocessors and Multicomputer, Multivector and SIMD Computers, PRAM and VLSI Models, Program and Network Properties, Conditions of Parallelism, Program Partitioning and Scheduling, Program Flow Mechanisms, System Interconnect Architectures, Principles of Scalable Performance, Performance Metrics and Measures, Parallel Processing Applications, Speedup
Performance Laws. For all Algorithm or mechanism any one example is sufficient.

Chapter 1 (1.1to 1.4), Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.4) Chapter 3 (3.1 to 3.3)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online demonstration, Problem based learning

Module-2

Hardware Technologies 1: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor Technology, Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy Technology, Virtual Memory Technology. For all Algorithms or mechanisms any one example is sufficient.

Chapter 4 (4.1 to 4.4)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-3

Hardware Technologies 2: Bus Systems, Cache Memory Organizations, Shared Memory Organizations, Sequential and Weak Consistency Models, Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques, Linear Pipeline Processors, Nonlinear Pipeline Processors. For all Algorithms or mechanisms any one example is sufficient.

Chapter 5 (5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (6.1 to 6.2)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-4

Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers, Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanisms, Message-Passing Mechanisms, Multivector and SIMD Computers, Vector Processing Principles, Multivector Multiprocessors, Compound Vector Processing, Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Latency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine- Grain Multicomputers. For all Algorithms or mechanisms any one example is sufficient.

Chapter 7 (7.1,7.2 and 7.4) Chapter 8(8.1 to 8.3) Chapter 9(9.1 to 9.3)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-5

Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers ,Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers, Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism, Computer Architecture, Contents, Basic Design Issues, Problem Definition, Model of a Typical Processor, Compiler-detected Instruction Level Parallelism ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm. For all Algorithms or mechanisms any one example is sufficient.

Chapter 10(10.1 to 10.3) Chapter 12(12.1 to 12.9)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain the concepts of parallel computing
- CO 2. Explain and identify the hardware technologies
- CO 3. Compare and contrast the parallel architectures
- CO 4. Illustrate parallel programming concepts

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Kai Hwang and Naresh Jotwani, Advanced Computer Architecture (SIE): Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability, McGraw Hill Education 3/e. 2015

Reference Books:

1. John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A quantitative approach, 5th edition, Morgan Kaufmann Elseveir, 2013

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VI Semester

DATA SCIENCE AND VISUALIZATION			
Course Code	21CS644	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. To introduce data collection and pre-processing techniques for data science
- CLO 2. Explore analytical methods for solving real life problems through data exploration techniques
- CLO 3. Illustrate different types of data and its visualization
- CLO 4. Find different data visualization techniques and tools
- CLO 5. Design and map element of visualization well to perceive information

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Data Science

Introduction: What is Data Science? Big Data and Data Science hype – and getting past the hype, Why now? – Datafication, Current landscape of perspectives, Skill sets. Needed Statistical Inference: Populations and samples, Statistical modelling, probability distributions, fitting a model.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Recognizing different types of data, Data science process 2. Demonstration of different steps, learning definition and relation with data science

Module-2

Exploratory Data Analysis and the Data Science Process

Basic tools (plots, graphs and summary statistics) of EDA, Philosophy of EDA, The Data Science Process, Case Study: Real Direct (online realestate firm). Three Basic Machine Learning Algorithms: Linear Regression, k-Nearest Neighbours (k- NN), k-means.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2, Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT –Plots, Graphs, Summary Statistics 2. Demonstration of Machine Learning Algorithms

Module-3	
Feature Generation and Feature Selection Extracting Meaning from Data: Motivating application: user (customer) retention. Feature Generation (brainstorming, role of domain expertise, and place for imagination), Feature Selection algorithms. Filters; Wrappers; Decision Trees; Random Forests. Recommendation Systems: Building a User-Facing Data Product, Algorithmic ingredients of a Recommendation Engine, Dimensionality Reduction, Singular Value Decomposition, Principal Component Analysis, Exercise: build your own recommendation system. **Textbook 1: Chapter 6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Feature generation, selection 2. Demonstration recommendation engine

Module-4	
Data Visualization and Data Exploration **Introduction:** Data Visualization, Importance of Data Visualization, Data Wrangling, Tools and Libraries for Visualization **Comparison Plots:** Line Chart, Bar Chart and Radar Chart; **Relation Plots:** Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot , Correlogram and Heatmap; **Composition Plots:** Pie Chart, Stacked Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Venn Diagram; **Distribution Plots:** Histogram, Density Plot, Box Plot, Violin Plot; **Geo Plots:** Dot Map, Choropleth Map, Connection Map; What Makes a Good Visualization? **Textbook 2: Chapter 1, Chapter 2**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of different data visualization tools.

Module-5	
A Deep Dive into Matplotlib Introduction, Overview of Plots in Matplotlib, **Pyplot Basics:** Creating Figures, Closing Figures, Format Strings, Plotting, Plotting Using pandas DataFrames, Displaying Figures**,** Saving Figures; **Basic Text and Legend Functions:** Labels, Titles, Text, Annotations, Legends**; Basic Plots:**Bar Chart, Pie Chart, Stacked Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Histogram, Box Plot, Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot; **Layouts:** Subplots, Tight Layout, Radar Charts, GridSpec; **Images:** Basic Image Operations, Writing Mathematical Expressions **Textbook 2: Chapter 3**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Comparison of plots 2. Demonstration charts

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the data in different forms
- CO 2. Apply different techniques to Explore Data Analysis and the Data Science Process
- CO 3. Analyze feature selection algorithms & design a recommender system.
- CO 4. Evaluate data visualization tools and libraries and plot graphs.
- CO 5. Develop different charts and include mathematical expressions.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Doing Data Science, Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, O'Reilly Media, Inc O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013
2. Data Visualization workshop, Tim Grobmann and Mario Dobler, Packt Publishing, ISBN 9781800568112

Reference:

1. Mining of Massive Datasets, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey D. Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2010
2. Data Science from Scratch, Joel Grus, Shroff Publisher /O'Reilly Publisher Media
3. A handbook for data driven design by Andy krik

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
2. https://www.oreilly.com/library/view/doing-data-science/9781449363871/toc01.html
3. http://book.visualisingdata.com/
4. https://matplotlib.org/
5. https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/
6. https://www.tableau.com/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration using projects

VI Semester

INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES			
Course Code	21CS651	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Introduce elementary data structures.
CLO 2. Analyze Linear Data Structures: Stack, Queues, Lists
CLO 3. Analyze Non Linear Data Structures: Trees
CLO 4. Assess appropriate data structure during program development/Problem Solving.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.

Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction:
Introduction to arrays: one-dimensional arrays, two dimensional arrays, initializing two dimensional arrays, Multidimensional arrays.
Introduction to Pointers: Pointer concepts, accessing variables through pointers, Dynamic memory allocation, pointers applications.
Introduction to structures and unions: Declaring structures, Giving values to members, structure initialization, arrays of structures, nested structure, unions, size of structures.

Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12.3 to 12.19
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,2.80 to 2.98

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-2

Linear Data Structures-Stacks and queues:
Introduction, Stack representation in Memory, Stack Operations, Stack Implementation, Applications of Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic concept, Logical representation of Queues, Queue Operations and its types, Queue Implementation, Applications of Queue.

Textbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 ,Ch 8.1,8.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem Based Learning

Module-3

Linear Data Structures-Linked List:
Introduction, Linked list Basic concept, Logical representation of Linked list, Self-Referential structure, Singly-linked List Operations and Implementation, Circular Linked List, applications of Linked list.

Textbook 1: Ch 15.1 ,15.3,15.4,15.8 **Textbook 2: Ch 9.2.9.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Module-4	
Non Linear Data Structures – Trees Introduction, Basic concept, Binary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal, Binary Search tree, Expression Trees. **Textbook1: Ch 16.1,16.2** **Textbook2:Ch 10.1,10.2,10.4,10.6.3**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Sorting and Searching Sorting: Introduction, Bubble sort, Selection sort, Insertion sort Searching: Introduction, Linear search, Binary search. **Textbook1: Ch 17.1,17.2.2, 17.2.4, 17.3.1,17.3.2** **Textbook2: Ch 11.1.,11.2,11.3,11.7,11.10.1,11.10.2**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Express the fundamentals of static and dynamic data structure.
- CO 2. Summarize the various types of data structure with their operations.
- CO 3. Interpret various searching and sorting techniques.
- CO 4. Choose appropriate data structure in problem solving.
- CO 5. Develop all data structures in a high level language for problem solving.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. C Programming and data structures, E Balaguruswamy 4th Edition, 2007, McGraw Hill
2. Systematic approach to Data structures using C, A M Padma Reddy, 7thEdition 2007, Sri Nandi Publications.

References

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl_49i0
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x7t_-ULoAZM
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBwOzceo
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of projects developed using Linear/Non-linear data structures

VI Semester

INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS652	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
CLO 2. Understand the relational database design principles.
CLO 3. Master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
CLO 4. Familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain the functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications.

Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema
architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment.

Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams,Examples

Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relationaldatabase schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.

Relational Algebra: Relational algebra: introduction, Selection and projection, set operations, renaming, Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Operators, grouping and ungrouping, relational comparison**.** Examples of Queries in relational algebra.

Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.

Textbook 1:,ch5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

SQL:SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.

Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints asassertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL.Database

Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.

Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning

Module-5

Transaction management and Concurrency –Control Transaction management: ACID properties, serializability and concurrency control, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping methods, optimistic methods, database recovery management.

Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS
- CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation.
- CO 3. Design and build simple database systems
- CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c
7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad_llA
8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Developing and demonstration of models / projects based on DBMS application

VI Semester

INTRODUCTION TO CYBER SECURITY			
Course Code	21CS653	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. To familiarize cybercrime terminologies and ACTs
- CLO 2. Understanding cybercrime in mobiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and prevention
- CLO 3. Understand the motive and causes for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators
- CLO 4. Understanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal case and evidence.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Cybercrime:

Cybercrime: Definition and Origins of the Word, Cybercrime and Information Security, Who are Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cybercrimes,

Cybercrime: The Legal Perspectives,

Cybercrimes: An Indian Perspective, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000.

Textbook1:Ch1 (1.1 to 1.8).

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-2

Cyber offenses:

How Criminals Plan Them: Introduction, How Criminals Plan the Attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes.

Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Attack Vector

Textbook1: Ch2 (2.1 to 2.7).

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-3

Tools and Methods Used in Cybercrime: Introduction, Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Key loggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horses and Backdoors,

Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks, Attacks on Wireless Networks. **Textbook1: Ch4 (4.1 to 4.9, 4.12).**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies
Module-4	
Understanding the people on the scene: Introduction, understanding cyber criminals, understanding cyber victims, understanding cyber investigators. **The Computer Investigation process:** investigating computer crime. **Understanding Cybercrime Prevention:** Understanding Network Security Concepts, Understanding Basic Cryptography Concepts, Making the Most of Hardware and Software Security **Textbook 2:Ch3,Ch 4, Ch 7.**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Case studies
Module-5	
Cybercrime Detection Techniques: Security Auditing and Log Firewall Logs, Reports, Alarms, and Alerts, Commercial Intrusion Detection Systems, Understanding E-Mail Headers Tracing a Domain Name or IP Address. **Collecting and preserving digital Evidence:** Introduction, understanding the role of evidence in a criminal case, collecting digital evidence, preserving digital evidence, recovering digital evidence, documenting evidence. **TextBook 2:Ch 9, Ch 10.**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the cyber crime terminologies
- CO 2. Analyze cybercrime in mobiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and prevention
- CO 3. Analyze the motive and causes for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators
- CO 4. Apply the methods for understanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal case and evidence.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2013

2. Debra Little John Shinder and Michael Cross, "Scene of the cybercrime", 2nd edition, Syngress publishing Inc, Elsevier Inc, 2008

Reference Books:

1. Robert M Slade, "Software Forensics", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
2. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, "Cybercrime", ABC – CLIO Inc, California, 2004.
3. Nelson Phillips and EnfingerSteuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
4. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Matt Pepe, "Incident Response and Computer Forensics", Tata McGraw -Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=czDzUP1HclQ
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qS4ViqnjkC8
3. https://www.trendmicro.com/en_nz/ciso/21/h/cybercrime-today-and-the-future.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to Cyber security.

VI Semester

PROGRAMMING IN JAVA			
Course Code	21CS654	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA.
- CLO 2. To create, debug and run simple Java programs.
- CLO 3. Learn object oriented concepts using programming examples.
- CLO 4. Study the concepts of importing of packages and exception handling mechanism.
- CLO 5. Discuss the String Handling examples with Object Oriented concepts.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries.

Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings

Textbook 1:Ch 2,Ch 3.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning.

Module-2

Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses,

Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements.

Textbook 1:Ch 4,Ch 5.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize( ) Method, A Stack Class.

A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited. **Inheritance:** Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding.

Textbook 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9,Ch 8.1-8.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.

Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions

Textbook 1: Ch 9,Ch 10.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-5

Enumerations :Enumerations, Type Wrappers.

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf( ), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String , Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.

Textbook 1: Ch 12.1,12.2,Ch 15.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Develop JAVA programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- CO 2. Develop JAVA program using packages, inheritance and interface.
- CO 3. Develop JAVA programs to implement error handling techniques using exception handling
- CO 4. Demonstrate string handling concepts using JAVA.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. **Semester End Examination:** Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)** 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Suggested Learning Resources:
Textbooks 1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,15) **Reference Books:** 1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education,2008, ISBN:9788131720806. 2. Rajkumar Buyya,SThamarasiselvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited. 3. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies. 4. Anita Seth and B L Juneja, JAVA One step Ahead, Oxford University Press, 2017.
Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using JAVA

VI Semester

COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND IMAGE PROCESSING LABORATORY			
Course Code	21CSL66	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	1	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1: Demonstrate the use of Open GL.
CLO 2: Demonstrate the different geometric object drawing using openGL
CLO 3: Demonstration of 2D/3D transformation on simple objects.
CLO 4: Demonstration of lighting effects on the created objects.
CLO 5: Demonstration of Image processing operations on image/s.

Sl. No.	Practise Programs
	• Installation of OpenGL /OpenCV/ Python and required headers • Simple programs using OpenGL (Drawing simple geometric object like line, circle, rectangle, square) • Simple programs using OpenCV (operation on an image/s)
	PART A ***List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory using openGL/openCV/ Python***
1.	Develop a program to draw a line using Bresenham's line drawing technique
2.	Develop a program to demonstrate basic geometric operations on the 2D object
3.	Develop a program to demonstrate basic geometric operations on the 3D object
4.	Develop a program to demonstrate 2D transformation on basic objects
5.	Develop a program to demonstrate 3D transformation on 3D objects
6.	Develop a program to demonstrate Animation effects on simple objects.
7.	Write a Program to read a digital image. Split and display image into 4 quadrants, up, down, right and left.
8.	Write a program to show rotation, scaling, and translation on an image.
9.	Read an image and extract and display low-level features such as edges, textures using filtering techniques.
10.	Write a program to blur and smoothing an image.
11.	Write a program to contour an image.
12.	Write a program to detect a face/s in an image.
	PART B **Practical Based Learning**
	Student should develop a mini project and it should be demonstrate in the laboratory examination, Some of the projects are listed and it is not limited to: ➢ Recognition of License Plate through Image Processing ➢ Recognition of Face Emotion in Real-Time ➢ Detection of Drowsy Driver in Real-Time ➢ Recognition of Handwriting by Image Processing ➢ Detection of Kidney Stone ➢ Verification of Signature ➢ Compression of Color Image ➢ Classification of Image Category ➢ Detection of Skin Cancer ➢ Marking System of Attendance using Image Processing ➢ Detection of Liver Tumor ➢ IRIS Segmentation ➢ Detection of Skin Disease and / or Plant Disease ➢ Biometric Sensing System . ➢ Projects which helps to formers to understand the present developments in agriculture.

	➢ Projects which helps high school/college students to understand the scientific problems. ➢ Simulation projects which helps to understand innovations in science and technology

Course Outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1: Use openGL /OpenCV for the development of mini Projects.
CO 2: Analyze the necessity mathematics and design required to demonstrate basic geometric transformation techniques.
C0 3: Demonstrate the ability to design and develop input interactive techniques.
C0 4: Apply the concepts to Develop user friendly applications using Graphics and IP concepts.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).
  The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch.
- **PART B :** Student should develop a mini project and it should be demonstrated in the laboratory examination (with report and presentation).
- Weightage of marks for **PART A is 60%** and for **PART B is 40%.** General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once (in part A) and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours.

Suggested Learning Resources:

1. Donald Hearn & Pauline Baker: Computer Graphics with OpenGL Version,3rd/4th Edition, Pearson Education,2011
2. James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: Pearson education

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106090/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102063/
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103224/
4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102065/
5. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/
6. https://medium.com/analytics-vidhya/introduction-to-computer-vision-opencv-in-python-fb722e805e8b

VII Semester

BIG DATA ANALYTICS			
Course Code	21CS71	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- CLO 1. Understand fundamentals and applications of Big Data analytics
- CLO 2. Explore the Hadoop framework and Hadoop Distributed File system and essential Hadoop Tools
- CLO 3. Illustrate the concepts of NoSQL using MongoDB and Cassandra for Big Data
- CLO 4. Employ MapReduce programming model to process the big data
- CLO 5. Understand various machine learning algorithms for Big Data Analytics, Web Mining and Social Network Analysis.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Big Data Analytics: Big Data, Scalability and Parallel Processing, Designing Data Architecture, Data Sources, Quality, Pre-Processing and Storing, Data Storage and Analysis, Big Data Analytics Applications and Case Studies.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2 -1.7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n_Krer6YWY4 https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs92/preview

Module-2

Introduction to Hadoop (T1): Introduction, Hadoop and its Ecosystem, Hadoop Distributed File System, MapReduce Framework and Programming Model, Hadoop Yarn, Hadoop Ecosystem Tools.

Hadoop Distributed File System Basics (T2): HDFS Design Features, Components, HDFS User Commands.

Essential Hadoop Tools (T2): Using Apache Pig, Hive, Sqoop, Flume, Oozie, HBase.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2 :2.1-2.6
Textbook 2: Chapter 3

Textbook 2: Chapter 7 (except walk throughs)	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board 2. Laboratory Demonstration
Module-3	
NoSQL Big Data Management, MongoDB and Cassandra: Introduction, NoSQL Data Store, NoSQL Data Architecture Patterns, NoSQL to Manage Big Data, Shared-Nothing Architecture for Big Data Tasks, MongoDB, Databases, Cassandra Databases. **Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1-3.7**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board 2. Laboratory Demonstration https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pWbMrx5rVBE
Module-4	
Introduction, MapReduce Map Tasks, Reduce Tasks and MapReduce Execution, Composing MapReduce for Calculations and Algorithms, Hive, HiveQL, Pig. **Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1-4.6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board 2. Laboratory Demonstration
Module-5	
Machine Learning Algorithms for Big Data Analytics: Introduction, Estimating the relationships, Outliers, Variances, Probability Distributions, and Correlations, Regression analysis, Finding Similar Items, Similarity of Sets and Collaborative Filtering, Frequent Itemsets and Association Rule Mining. **Text, Web Content, Link, and Social Network Analytics:** Introduction, Text mining, Web Mining, Web Content and Web Usage Analytics, Page Rank, Structure of Web and analyzing a Web Graph, Social Network as Graphs and Social Network Analytics: **Textbook 1: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.5** **Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board 2. Laboratory Demonstration
Course outcome (Course Skill Set) At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Understand fundamentals and applications of Big Data analytics. CO 2. Investigate Hadoop framework, Hadoop Distributed File system and essential Hadoop tools. CO 3. Illustrate the concepts of NoSQL using MongoDB and Cassandra for Big Data. CO 4. Demonstrate the MapReduce programming model to process the big data along with Hadoop tools. CO 5. Apply Machine Learning algorithms for real world big data, web contents and Social Networks to provide analytics with relevant visualization tools.	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together	

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Raj Kamal and Preeti Saxena, "Big Data Analytics Introduction to Hadoop, Spark, and Machine-Learning", McGraw Hill Education, 2018 ISBN: 9789353164966, 9353164966
2. Douglas Eadline, "Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big Data Computing in the Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1 stEdition, Pearson Education, 2016. ISBN13: 978-9332570351

Reference Books

1. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", 4 th Edition, O"Reilly Media, 2015.ISBN-13: 978-9352130672
2. Boris Lublinsky, Kevin T Smith, Alexey Yakubovich, "Professional Hadoop Solutions", 1 stEdition, Wrox Press, 2014ISBN-13: 978-8126551071
3. Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations: A Guide for Developers and Administrators",1 stEdition, O'Reilly Media, 2012.ISBN-13: 978-9350239261
4. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Big Data Analytics: A Hands-On Approach", 1st Edition, VPT Publications, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0996025577

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n_Krer6YWY4
2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs92/preview
3. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106104189/L01.html

4. https://web2.qatar.cmu.edu/~mhhammou/15440-f19/recitations/Project4_Handout.pdf
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning **Mini Project Topics for Practical Based Learning :**Search Engine Optimization, Social Media Reputation Monitoring, Equity Research, Detection of Global Suicide rate, Find the Percentage of Pollution in India, Analyze crime rate in India, Health Status Prediction, Anomaly Detection in cloud server, Tourist Behaviour Analysis, BusBest Not limited to above topics

VII Semester

CLOUD COMPUTING			
Course Code	21CS72	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	02	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- CLO 1. Introduce the rationale behind the cloud computing revolution and the business drivers
- CLO 2. Introduce various models of cloud computing
- CLO 3. Introduction on how to design cloud native applications, the necessary tools and the design tradeoffs.
- CLO 4. Realize the importance of Cloud Virtualization, Abstraction`s and Enabling Technologies and cloud security

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction:
Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, Historical Developments, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2 and 1.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-2

Virtualization: Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization, Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology Examples

Textbook 1 : Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-3

Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration

Module-4

Cloud Security: Risks, Top concern for cloud users, privacy impact assessment, trust, OS security, VM Security, Security Risks posed by shared images and management OS.

Textbook 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.6, 9.8, 9.9

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board

Module-5

Cloud Platforms in Industry

Amazon web services: - Compute services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional services. Google AppEngine: - Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model, Observations.

Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.2

Cloud Applications:

Scientific applications: - HealthCare: ECG analysis in the cloud, Biology: gene expression data analysis for cancer diagnosis, Geoscience: satellite image processing. Business and consumer applications: CRM and ERP, Social networking, media applications.

Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1 to 10.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand and analyze various cloud computing platforms and service provider.
- CO 2. Illustrate various virtualization concepts.
- CO 3. Identify the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
- CO 4. Understand the Security aspects of CLOUD.
- CO 5. Define platforms for development of cloud applications

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 2 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi Mastering Cloud Computing McGraw Hill Education.
2. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Compting Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013

Reference Books

1. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media.
2. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication.
3. John Rhoton, Cloud Computing Explained: Implementation Handbook for Enterprises, Recursive Press.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1N3oqYhzHv4
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

OBJECT ORIENTED MODELING AND DESIGN			
Course Code	21CS731	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Describe the concepts involved in Object-Oriented modelling and their benefits.
CLO 2. Demonstrate concept of use-case model, sequence model and state chart model for a given problem.
CLO 3. Explain the facets of the unified process approach to design and build a Software system.
CLO 4. Translate the requirements into implementation for Object Oriented design.
CLO 5. Choose an appropriate design pattern to facilitate development procedure.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Advanced object and class concepts; Association ends; N-ary associations; Aggregation; Abstract classes; Multiple inheritance; Metadata; Reification; Constraints; Derived Data; Packages. State Modeling: Events, States, Transistions and Conditions, State Diagrams, State diagram behaviour.

Textbook-1: 4, 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration

Module-2

UseCase Modelling and Detailed Requirements: Overview; Detailed object-oriented Requirements definitions; System Processes-A use case/Scenario view; Identifying Input and outputs-The System sequence diagram; Identifying Object Behaviour-The state chart Diagram; Integrated Object-oriented Models.

Textbook-2:Chapter- 6:Page 210 to 250

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration

Module-3

Process Overview, System Conception and Domain Analysis: Process Overview: Development stages; Development life Cycle; System Conception: Devising a system concept; elaborating a concept; preparing a problem statement. Domain Analysis: Overview of analysis; Domain Class model: Domain state model; Domain interaction model; Iterating the analysis.

Textbook-1:Chapter- 10,11,and 12

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration

Module-4

Use case Realization :The Design Discipline within up iterations: Object Oriented Design-The Bridge between Requirements and Implementation; Design Classes and Design within Class Diagrams; Interaction Diagrams-Realizing Use Case and defining methods; Designing with Communication Diagrams; Updating the Design Class Diagram; Package Diagrams-Structuring the Major Components; Implementation Issues for Three-Layer Design.

Textbook-2: Chapter 8: page 292 to 346

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration

Module-5

Design Patterns: Introduction; what is a design pattern?, Describing design patterns, the catalogue of design patterns, Organizing the catalogue, How design patterns solve design problems, how to select a design patterns, how to use a design pattern; Creational patterns: prototype and singleton (only); structural patterns adaptor and proxy (only).

Textbook-3: Ch-1: 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8,Ch-3,Ch-4.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the concepts of object-oriented and basic class modelling.
- CO 2. Draw class diagrams, sequence diagrams and interaction diagrams to solve problems.
- CO 3. Choose and apply a befitting design pattern for the given problem.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2005
2. Satzinger, Jackson and Burd: Object-Oriented Analysis & Design with the Unified Process, Cengage Learning, 2005.
3. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson and john Vlissides: Design Patterns –Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software, Pearson Education,2007.

Reference:

1. Grady Booch et. al.: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications,3rd Edition,Pearson Education,2007.
2. Frank Buschmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert, Peter Sommerlad, Michel Stal: Pattern –Oriented Software Architecture. A system of patterns , Volume 1, John Wiley and Sons.2007.
3. Booch, Jacobson, Rambaugh : Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3rd edition, pearson, Reprint 2013

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING			
Course Code	21CS732	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Understand the fundamentals of digital image processing
- CLO 2. Explain the image transform techniques used in digital image processing
- CLO 3. Apply different image enhancement techniques on digital images
- CLO 4. Evaluate image restoration techniques and methods used in digital imageprocessing
- CLO 5. Understand the Morphological Operations and Segmentation used in digital imageprocessing

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Digital Image Fundamentals: What is Digital Image Processing? Originsof Digital Image Processing, Examples of fields that use DIP, FundamentalSteps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image ProcessingSystem, Elements of Visual Perception, Image Sensing and Acquisition, Image Sampling and Quantization, Some Basic Relationships BetweenPixels, Linear and Nonlinear Operations.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapter 2: Sections 2.1 to 2.5, 2.6.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Spatial Domain: Some Basic Intensity Transformation Functions, Histogram Processing, Fundamentals of Spatial Filtering, SmoothingSpatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters

Frequency Domain: Preliminary Concepts, The Discrete FourierTransform (DFT) of Two Variables, Properties of the 2-D DFT, Filtering inthe Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing and Image Sharpening UsingFrequency Domain Filters, Selective Filtering.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3.2 to 3.6 and Chapter 4: Sections 4.2, 4.5 to 4.10

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration 2. Laboratory Demonstration

Module-3

Restoration: Noise models, Restoration in the Presence of Noise Onlyusing Spatial Filtering and Frequency Domain Filtering, Linear, Position-Invariant Degradations, Estimating the Degradation Function, InverseFiltering, Minimum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering, ConstrainedLeast Squares Filtering. **Textbook 1: Chapter 5: Sections 5.2, to 5.9**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and board
Module-4	
Color Image Processing: Color Fundamentals, Color Models, Pseudo color Image Processing. Wavelets: Background, Multiresolution Expansions. **Morphological Image Processing**: Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or-Miss Transforms, Some Basic Morphological Algorithms. **Text: Chapter 6: Sections 6.1 to 6.3, Chapter 7: Sections 7.1 and 7.2, Chapter 9: Sections 9.1 to 9.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1.Chalk& board 2.Demonstartion of Case study /Application for wavelet transfer method
Module-5	
Segmentation: Introduction, classification of image segmentation algorithms, Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Detection, Hough Transforms and Shape Detection, Corner Detection, Principles of Thresholding. **Representation and Description:** Representation, Boundary descriptors. **Text2: Chapter 9: Sections 9.1, to 9.7 and Text 1: Chapter 11: Sections 11.1and 11.2**	
Teaching-Learning Process	1.Chalk and board, MOOC. 2. Poster making activity for various image segmentation algorithms

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the fundamentals of Digital Image Processing.
- CO 2. Apply different Image transformation techniques
- CO 3. Analyze various image restoration techniques
- CO 4. Understand colour image and morphological processing
- CO 5. Design image analysis and segmentation techniques

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Third Ed., Prentice Hall, 2008.
2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2ndEdition, 2016

Reference:

1. Digital Image Processing- S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veerakumar, TataMcGraw Hill 2014.
2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing-A. K. Jain, Pearson 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105032/
2. https://github.com/PrajwalPrabhuiisc/Image-processing-assignments

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of finding the histogram from grayscale image, to check the low pass filter properties, filtering the images using Gaussian low pass filter, etc… using Python programming

Practical Based Assignment like following or any topic which is in-line with the course requirement. Students shall present and demonstrate their work at the end of semester.

- Program to show rotation, scaling, and translation of an image.
- Read an image and extract and display low-level features such as edges, textures using filtering techniques
- Demonstrate enhancing and segmenting low contrast 2D images.
- To Read an image, first apply erosion to the image and then subtract the result from the original.

VII Semester

CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY			
Course Code	21CS733	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. To understand Cryptography, Network Security and its principles
CLO 2. To Analyze different Cryptography algorithms
CLO 3. To Illustrate Public and Private key cryptography
CLO 4. To Explain Key management, distribution and certification
CLO 5. To understand necessary Approaches and Techniques to build protection mechanisms in order to secure computer networks.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different encryption techniques and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Classical Encryption Techniques: Symmetric Cipher Model, Cryptography, Cryptanalysis and Brute-Force Attack, Substitution Techniques, Caesar Cipher, Monoalphabetic Cipher, Playfair Cipher, Hill Cipher, Polyalphabetic Cipher, One Time Pad.

Block Ciphers and the Data Encryption Standard: Traditional block Cipher structure, Stream Ciphers and Block Ciphers, Motivation for the Feistel Cipher structure, the Feistel Cipher, The data encryption standard, DES encryption, DES decryption, A DES example, results, the avalanche effect, the strength of DES, the use of 56-Bit Keys, the nature of the DES algorithm, timing attacks, Block cipher design principles, number of rounds, design of function F, key schedule algorithm

Textbook 1: Chapter 2, 3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Public-Key Cryptography and RSA: Principles of public-key cryptosystems. Public-key cryptosystems. Applications for public-key cryptosystems, requirements for public-key cryptosystems. public-key cryptanalysis. The RSA algorithm, description of the algorithm, computational aspects, the security of RSA.

Other Public-Key Cryptosystems: Diffie-Hellman key exchange, The algorithm, key exchange protocols, man in the middle attack, Elgamal Cryptographic systems.

Textbook 1: Chapter 9, 10

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Key Management and Distribution: Symmetric key distribution using Symmetric encryption, A key distribution scenario, Hierarchical key control, session key lifetime, a transparent key control scheme, Decentralized key control, controlling key usage, Symmetric key distribution using asymmetric encryption, simple secret key distribution, secret key distribution with confidentiality and authentication, A hybrid scheme, distribution of public keys, public announcement of public keys, publicly available directory, public key authority, public keys certificates.

Textbook 1: Chapter 14.1 – 14.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

X-509 certificates. Certificates, X-509 version 3

Public key infrastructure.

User Authentication: Remote user Authentication principles, Mutual Authentication, one-way authentication, remote user Authentication using Symmetric encryption, Mutual Authentication, one-way Authentication,

Kerberos, Motivation, Kerberos version 4, Kerberos version 5, Remote user Authentication using Asymmetric encryption, Mutual Authentication, one-way Authentication.

Textbook 1: Chapter 14.4 – 15.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning

Module-5

Electronic Mail Security: Pretty good privacy, S/MIME,

IP Security: IP Security overview, IP Security policy, Encapsulating Security payload, Combining security associations, Internet key exchange.

Textbook 1: Chapter 19.1, 19.2, 20.1 – 20.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand Cryptography, Network Security theories, algorithms and systems
- CO 2. Apply different Cryptography and Network Security operations on different applications
- CO 3. Analyze different methods for authentication and access control
- CO 4. Evaluate Public and Private key, Key management, distribution and certification
- CO 5. Design necessary techniques to build protection mechanisms to secure computer networks

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

1. William Stallings: Cryptography and Network Security, Pearson 6th edition.

Reference:

1. V. K Pachghare: Cryptography and Information Security, PHI 2nd Edition
2. BehrouzA.Foruzan, Cryptography and Network Security, Tata McGraw Hill 2007.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105031
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs16
https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105031
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DEqjC0G5KwU
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqQ7TWvOaus
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PHsa_Ddgx6w

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning:

Project based learning:

1. Implement classical, symmetric and asymmetric algorithms in any preferred language
2. Evaluate network security protocol using any simulator available
3. Conduct a comprehensive literature survey on the protocols and algorithms
4. Identify the security threats and models of security threats
5. Implement factorization algorithms and evaluate their complexity, identify a technologies to factorize a large prime number.

VII Semester

BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY			
Course Code	21CS734	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Explain the fundamentals of distributed computing and blockchain
CLO 2. Discuss the concepts in bitcoin
CLO 3. Demonstrate Ethereum platform

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Blockchain 101: Distributed systems, History of blockchain, Introduction to blockchain, Types of blockchain, CAP theorem and blockchain, Benefits and limitations of blockchain.

Decentralization and Cryptography: Decentralization using blockchain, Methods of decentralization, Routes to decentralization, Decentralized organizations.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1, 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning – Oral presentations.

Module-2

Introduction to Cryptography & Cryptocurrencies: Cryptographic Hash Functions, Hash Pointers and Data Structures, Digital Signatures, Public Keys as Identities, A Simple Cryptocurrency,

How Bitcoin Achieves Decentralization: Distributed consensus, Consensus without identity using a block chain, Incentives and proof of work, Putting it all together,

Textbook 2: Chapter 1, 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration

Module-3

Mechanics of Bitcoin: Bitcoin transactions, Bitcoin Scripts, Applications of Bitcoin scripts, Bitcoin blocks, The Bitcoin network, Limitations and improvements

How to Store and Use Bitcoins: Simple Local Storage, Hot and Cold Storage, Splitting and Sharing Keys, Online Wallets and Exchanges, Payment Services, Transaction Fees, Currency Exchange Markets

Textbook2: Chapter 3,4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration, MOOC

Module-4

Bitcoin Mining: The task of Bitcoin miners, Mining Hardware, Energy consumption and ecology, Mining pools, Mining incentives and strategies,

Bitcoin and Anonymity: Anonymity Basics, How to De-anonymize Bitcoin, Mixing, Decentralized Mixing, Zerocoin and Zerocash,

Textbook2: Chapter 5,6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, MOOC

Module-5

Smart Contracts and Ethereum 101:
Smart Contracts: Definition, Ricardian contracts.

Ethereum 101: Introduction, Ethereum blockchain, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain, Precompiled contracts.

Textbook 1: Chapter 10

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC, Practical Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the concepts of Distrbuted computing and its role in Blockchain
- CO 2. Describe the concepts of Cryptography and its role in Blockchain
- CO 3. List the benefits, drawbacks and applications of Blockchain
- CO 4. Appreciate the technologies involved in Bitcoin
- CO 5. Appreciate and demonstrate the Ethereum platform to develop blockchain application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Mastering Blockchain - Distributed ledgers, decentralization and smart contracts explained, Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-78712-544-5, 2017.
2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward W. Felten, Andrew Miller, Steven Goldfeder and Jeremy Clark., Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction. Princeton University Press, 2016.

Reference:

1. Mastering Bitcoins: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies by Andreas Antonopoulos. O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. http://bitcoinbook.cs.princeton.edu/?_ga=2.8302578.1344744326.1642688462-86383721.1642688462
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105184/
3. https://ethereum.org/en/developers/
4. https://developer.ibm.com/components/hyperledger-fabric/tutorials/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

INTERNET OF THINGS			
Course Code	21CS735	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Understand about the fundamentals of Internet of Things and its building blocks along with their characteristics.
- CLO 2. Understand the recent application domains of IoT in everyday life.
- CLO 3. Understand the protocols and standards designed for IoT and the current research on it.
- CLO 4. Understand the other associated technologies like cloud and fog computing in the domain of IoT.
- CLO 5. Improve their knowledge about the various cutting-edge technologies in the field IoT and machine learning applications.
- CLO 6. Gain insights about the current trends of machine learning and AI techniques used in IoT to orient towards the present industrial scenario.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Emergence of IoT: Introduction, Evolution of IoT, Enabling IoT and the Complex Interdependence of Technologies, IoT Networking Components, Addressing Strategies in IoT.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 – 4.1 to 4.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

IoT Sensing and Actuation: Introduction, Sensors, Sensor Characteristics, Sensorial Deviations, Sensing Types, Sensing Considerations, Actuators, Actuator Types, Actuator Characteristics.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1 to 5.9

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

IoT Processing Topologies and Types: Data Format, Importance of Processing in IoT, Processing Topologies, IoT Device Design and Selection Considerations, Processing Offloading.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6 – 6.1 to 6.5	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
IoT Connectivity Technologies: Introduction, IEEE 802.15.4, Zigbee, Thread, ISA100.11A, WirelessHART, RFID, NFC, DASH7, Z-Wave, Weightless, Sigfox, LoRa, NB-IoT, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth **Textbook 1: Chapter 7 – 7.1 to 7.16**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
IoT Communication Technologies: Introduction, Infrastructure Protocols, Discovery Protocols, Data Protocols, Identification Protocols, Device Management, Semantic Protocols **IoT Interoperability:** Introduction, Taxonomy of interoperability, Standards, Frameworks **Textbook 1: Chapter 8 – 8.1, 6.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, .7** **Textbook 1: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9.2, 9.3**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the evolution of IoT, IoT networking components, and addressing strategies in IoT.
- CO 2. Analyze various sensing devices and actuator types.
- CO 3. Demonstrate the processing in IoT.
- CO 4. Apply different connectivity technologies.
- CO 5. Understand the communication technologies , protocols and interoperability in IoT.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester
6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, "Introduction to IoT", Cambridge University Press 2021.

Reference:

1. S. Misra, C. Roy, and A. Mukherjee, 2020. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0. CRC Press.
2. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",1st Edition, VPT, 2014.
3. Francis daCosta, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM1/noc19-cs31/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN PATTERNS			
Course Code	21CS741	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Learn How to add functionality to designs while minimizing complexity.
CLO 2. What code qualities are required to maintain to keep code flexible?
CLO 3. To Understand the common design patterns.
CLO 4. To explore the appropriate patterns for design problems

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: what is a design pattern? describing design patterns, the catalog of design pattern, organizing the catalog, how design patterns solve design problems, how to select a design pattern, how to use a design pattern. A Notation for Describing Object-Oriented Systems

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and 2.7

Analysis a System: overview of the analysis phase, stage 1: gathering the requirements functional requirements specification, defining conceptual classes and relationships, using the knowledge of the domain. Design and Implementation, discussions and further reading.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Design Pattern Catalog: Structural patterns, Adapter, bridge, composite, decorator, facade, flyweight, proxy.

Textbook 2: chapter 4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

BehavioralPatterns: Chain of Responsibility, Command, Interpreter, Iterator, Mediator, Memento, Observer, State, Template Method

Textbook 2: chapter 5	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
Interactive systems and the MVC architecture: Introduction, The MVC architectural pattern, analyzing a simple drawing program, designing the system, designing of the subsystems, getting into implementation, implementing undo operation, drawing incompleteitems, adding a new feature, pattern-based solutions. **Textbook 1: Chapter 11**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Designing with Distributed Objects: Client server system, java remote method invocation, implementing an object-oriented system on the web (discussions and further reading) a note on input and output, selection statements, loops arrays. **Textbook 1: Chapter 12**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design and implement codes with higher performance and lower complexity
- CO 2. Be aware of code qualities needed to keep code flexible
- CO 3. Experience core design principles and be able to assess the quality of a design with respect to these principles.
- CO 4. Capable of applying these principles in the design of object oriented systems.
- CO 5. Demonstrate an understanding of a range of design patterns. Be capable of comprehending a design presented using this vocabulary.
- CO 6. Be able to select and apply suitable patterns in specific contexts

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester
6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Brahma Dathan, Sarnath Rammath, Object-oriented analysis, design and implementation, Universities Press,2013
2. Erich Gamma, Richard Helan, Ralph Johman, John Vlissides , Design Patterns, Pearson Publication,2013.

Reference:

1. Frank Bachmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert “Pattern Oriented Software Architecture” –Volume 1, 1996.
2. William J Brown et al., "Anti-Patterns: Refactoring Software, Architectures and Projects in Crisis", John Wiley, 1998.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

MULTIAGENT SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS742	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. To introduce the concept of a multi agent systems and Distributed Constraints
CLO 2. Explore the main issues surrounding the computer and extended form games.
CLO 3. Develop cooperative learning, stochastic games
CLO 4. Exhibit the awareness about protocols about multi agent resource allocation and auctions
CLO 5. Construct voting mechanism design.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1: Multiagent Problem Formulation

Utility, Markov Decision Processes, Planning
Distributed Constraints: Distributed Constraint Satisfaction, Distributed Constraint Optimization

Textbook 1: Chapters 1 &2, Textbook 2: Chapter 1

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Decision Processes, Planning 2. Demonstration of constraints and their optimization

Module-2: Standard and Extended Form Games

Games in Normal Form, Games in Extended Form, Self-interested agents, Characteristic Form Games, Coalition Formation

Textbook 1: Chapters 3 & 4, Textbook 2: Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Games in different forms 2. Demonstration of coalition formation

Module-3: Learning in Multiagent Systems

The Machine Learning Problem, Cooperative Learning, Repeated Games, Stochastic Games, General Theories for Learning Agents, Collective Intelligence

Textbook 1: Chapters 5

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Cooperative learning, Collective intelligence 2. Demonstration of stochastic games

Module-4: Negotiation

The Bargaining Problem, Monotonic Concession Protocol, Negotiation as Distributed Search, Ad-hoc Negotiation Strategies, The Task Allocation Problem.
Protocols for Multiagent Resource Allocation: Auctions: Simple Auctions, Combinatorial Auctions

Textbook 1: Chapters 6&7,
Textbook 2: Chapter 11

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Bargaining problems 2. Demonstration of different auctions for resource allocation

Module-5: Voting and Mechanism Design

The Voting Problem, Mechanism Design. **Nature-Inspired Approaches:** Ants and Termites, Immune System

Textbook 1: Chapters 8&10,
Textbook 2: Chapter 10

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Voting Problem 2. Demonstration of nature inspired Approaches

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Demonstrate the decision process with different constraints
CO 2. Analyze games in different forms
CO 3. Apply the cooperative learning in developing games
CO 4. Analyze different negotiation strategies of Multi-Agent System
CO 5. Design and develop solutions for voting problems

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question papers are designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)** 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Suggested Learning Resources:
Textbooks 1. Fundamentals of Multiagent Systems by Jos´e M. Vidal, 2006, available online http://jmvidal.cse.sc.edu/papers/mas.pdf. 2. Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations, By YoavShoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, Cambridge University Press, 2008, 2nd ed http://www.masfoundations.org/mas.pdf **Reference:** 1. Multiagent Systems : A Modern Approach to Distributed Artificial Intelligence Gerhard Weiss The MIT Press 2000
Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/ 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O2su1u2AXG0. 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/modeling-simulation-natural-processes/multi-agent-systems-kAKyC
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

DEEP LEARNING			
Course Code	21CS743	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understand the fundamentals of deep learning.
CLO 2. Know the theory behind Convolutional Neural Networks, Autoencoders, RNN.
CLO 3. Illustrate the strength and weaknesses of many popular deep learning approaches.
CLO 4. Introduce major deep learning algorithms, the problem settings, and their applications to solve real world problems.
CLO 5. Learn the open issues in deep learning, and have a grasp of the current research directions.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Deep Learning: Introduction, Deep learning Model, Historical Trends in Deep Learning,

Machine Learning Basics: Learning Algorithms, Supervised Learning Algorithms, Unsupervised Learning Algorithms.

Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.1, 1.2, 5.1,5.7-5.8.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Feedforward Networks: Introduction to feedforward neural networks, Gradient-Based Learning, Back-Propagation and Other Differentiation Algorithms. **Regularization for Deep Learning,**

Textbook 1: Chapter 6, 7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Optimization for Training Deep Models: Empirical Risk Minimization, Challenges in Neural Network Optimization, Basic Algorithms: Stochastic Gradient Descent, Parameter Initialization Strategies,

Algorithms with Adaptive Learning Rates: The AdaGrad algorithm, The RMSProp algorithm, Choosing the Right Optimization Algorithm. **Textbook 1: Chapter: 8.1-8.5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
Convolutional Networks: The Convolution Operation, Pooling, Convolution and Pooling as an Infinitely Strong Prior, Variants of the Basic Convolution Function, Structured Outputs, Data Types, Efficient Convolution Algorithms, Random or Unsupervised Features- LeNet, AlexNet. **Textbook 1: Chapter: 9.1-9.9.**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Recurrent and Recursive Neural Networks: Unfolding Computational Graphs, Recurrent Neural Network, Bidirectional RNNs, Deep Recurrent Networks, Recursive Neural Networks, The Long Short-Term Memory and Other Gated RNNs. **Applications:** Large-Scale Deep Learning, Computer, Speech Recognition, Natural Language Processing and Other Applications. **Textbook 1: Chapter: 10.1-10.3, 10.5, 10.6, 10.10, 12.**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

CO1: Understand the fundamental issues and challenges of deep learning data, model selection, model complexity etc.,
CO2: Describe various knowledge on deep learning and algorithms
CO3: Apply CNN and RNN model for real time applications
CO4: Identify various challenges involved in designing and implementing deep learning algorithms.
CO5: Relate the deep learning algorithms for the given types of learning tasks in varied domain

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press, 2016.

Reference:

1. Bengio, Yoshua. "Learning deep architectures for AI." Foundations and trends in Machine Learning, 2009.
2. N.D.Lewis, "Deep Learning Made Easy with R: A Gentle Introduction for Data Science", January 2016.
3. Nikhil Buduma, "Fundamentals of Deep Learning: Designing Next-Generation Machine Intelligence Algorithms", O'Reilly publications.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://faculty.iitmandi.ac.in/~aditya/cs671/index.html
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106184/
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7x2YZhEj9Dw

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT			
Course Code	21CS744	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. To understand basic concepts of RPA
- CLO 2. To Describe RPA, where it can be applied and how its implemented
- CLO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, Control Flow and data manipulation techniques
- CLO 4. To Understand Image, Text and Data Tables Automation
- CLO 5. To Describe various types of Exceptions and strategies to handle

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

RPA Foundations- What is RPA – Flavors of RPA- History of RPA- The Benefits of RPA- The downsides of RPA- RPA Compared to BPO, BPM and BPA – Consumer Willingness for Automation- The Workforce of the Future- RPA Skills-On-Premise Vs. the Cloud- Web Technology- Programming Languages and Low Code- OCR-Databases-APIs- AI-Cognitive Automation-Agile, Scrum, Kanban and Waterfall0 DevOps- Flowcharts.

Textbook 1: Ch 1, Ch 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

RPA Platforms- Components of RPA- RPA Platforms-About Ui Path- About UiPath - The future of automation - Record and Play - Downloading and installing UiPath Studio -Learning Ui Path Studio- - Task recorder - Step-by-step examples using the recorder.

Textbook 2: Ch 1, Ch 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Sequence, Flowchart, and Control Flow-Sequencing the workflow-Activities-Control flow, various types of loops, and decision making-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Flowchart-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-Collections-Arguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-step example). **Textbook 2: Ch 3, Ch 4**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
Taking Control of the Controls- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control- Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities- Working with UiExplorer-Handling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points. **Textbook 2: Ch 5**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screensHOT- Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA **Textbook 2: Ch 8** **Textbook 1: Ch 13**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

- CO 1. To Understand the basic concepts of RPA
- CO 2. To Describe various components and platforms of RPA
- CO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, control flow and data manipulation techniques
- CO 4. To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA
- CO 5. To Describe various types and strategies to handle exceptions

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Tom Taulli , The Robotic Process Automation Handbook : A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems, 2020, ISBN-13 (electronic): 978-1-4842-5729-6, Publisher : Apress
2. Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation, Publisher: Packt Publishing Release Date: March 2018 ISBN: 9781788470940

Reference:

1. Frank Casale, Rebecca Dilla, Heidi Jaynes, Lauren Livingston, "Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a Primer", Institute of Robotic Process Automation.
2. Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks & Become An RPA Consultant
3. Srikanth Merianda,Robotic Process Automation Tools, Process Automation and their benefits: Understanding RPA and Intelligent Automation

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.uipath.com/rpa/robotic-process-automation

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VII Semester

NOSQL DATABASE			
Course Code:	21CS745	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Recognize and Describe the four types of NoSQL Databases, the Document-oriented, KeyValue
- CLO 2. Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph databases useful for diverse applications.
- CLO 3. Apply performance tuning on Column-oriented NoSQL databases and Document-oriented NoSQL Databases.
- CLO 4. Differentiate the detailed architecture of column oriented NoSQL database, Document database and Graph Database and relate usage of processor, memory, storage and file system commands.
- CLO 5. Evaluate several applications for location based service and recommendation services. Devise an application using the components of NoSQL.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture methods, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL,

Aggregate Data Models; Aggregates, Example of Relations and Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing Aggregate-Oriented Databases.

More Details on Data Models; Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access,

Textbook1: Chapter 1,2,3

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning

Module-2

Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication.

Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums. Version Stamps, Business and System Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes **Textbook1: Chapter 4,5,6**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning and Demonstrations
Module-3	
Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-Reduce Key-Value Databases, What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preference, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multioperation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets **Textbook1: Chapter 7,8**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based
Module-4	
Document Databases, What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E- Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Dif erent Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure **Textbook1: Chapter 9**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning
Module-5	
Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use. **Textbook1: Chapter 11**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1. Demonstrate an understanding of the detailed architecture of Column Oriented NoSQL databases, Document databases, Graph databases.

CO2. Use the concepts pertaining to all the types of databases.

CO3. Analyze the structural Models of NoSQL.

CO4. Develop various applications using NoSQL databases.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**) 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** (to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). **CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** **Semester End Examination:** Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)** 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Suggested Learning Resources:
Textbooks 1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pearson Addision Wesley, 2012 **Reference Books** 1. Dan Sullivan, "NoSQL For Mere Mortals", 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. (ISBN-13: 978-9332557338) 2. Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, "Making Sense of NoSQL: A guide for Managers and the Rest of us", 1st Edition, Manning Publication/Dreamtech Press, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351192022) 3. Kristina Chodorow, "Mongodb: The Definitive Guide- Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351102694)
Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-nosql/ (and related links in the page) 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0buKQHokLK8 (How do NoSQL databases work? Simply explained) 3. https://www.techtarget.com/searchdatamanagement/definition/NoSQL-Not-Only-SQL (What is NoSQL and How do NoSQL databases work) 4. https://www.mongodb.com/nosql-explained (What is NoSQL) 5. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20-cs92/preview (preview of Bigdata course contains NoSQL)
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning • Real world problem solving using group discussion.

VII Semester

PROGRAMMING IN PYTHON			
Course Code	21CS751	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. To understand why Python is a useful scripting language for developers
CLO 2. To read and write simple Python programs
CLO 3. To learn how to identify Python object types.
CLO 4. To learn how to write functions and pass arguments in Python.
CLO 5. To use Python data structures –- lists, tuples, dictionaries.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

INTRODUCTION DATA, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS:08 Hours
Introduction: Creativity and motivation, understanding programming, Terminology: Interpreter and compiler, Running Python, The First Program; Data types: Int, float, Boolean, string, and list, variables, expressions, statements, Operators and operands.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.6, Chapter 2.1-2.6
Textbook 2: Chapter 1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning

Module-2

CONTROL FLOW, LOOPS:
Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: while, for, break, continue, pass statement.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3.1-3.6, chapter 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

FUNCTIONS AND STRINGS:
Functions: Function calls, adding new functions, definition and uses, local and global scope, return values.

Strings: strings, length of string, string slices, immutability, multiline comments, string functions and methods; **Textbook 1: Chapter 6** **Textbook 2: Chapter 3**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-4	
LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES:08 Hours **Lists:**List operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, listparameters, list comprehension; **Tuples:** tuple assignment, tuple as return value, tuple comprehension; **Dictionaries:** operations and methods, comprehension; **Textbook 2: Chapter 10,11,12**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning
Module-5	
REGULAR EXPRESSIONS,FILES AND EXCEPTION: **Regular expressions:**Character matching in regular expressions, extracting data using regular expressions, Escape character **Files and exception**: Text files, reading and writing files, command line arguments, errors andexceptions, handling exceptions, modules. **Textbook 1: Chapter 11.1,11.2,11.4** **Textbook 2: Chapter 14**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Suggested Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Understand Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions. CO 2. Demonstrate proficiency in handling Strings and File Systems. CO 3. Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, Strings, dictionaries. CO 4. Read and write data from/to files in Python Programs	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together **Continuous Internal Evaluation:** Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**) 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**) 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**	

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

1. Charles R. Severance, "Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3", 1st Edition, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016.
   http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN_us/pythonlearn.pdf
2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2ndEdition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Chapters 15, 16, 17)
   http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", dreamtech
2. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson
3. Python Programming , Reema theraja, OXFORD publication

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.w3resource.com/python/python-tutorial.php
2. https://data-flair.training/blogs/python-tutorials-home/
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c235EsGFcZs
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v4e6oMRS2QA
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uh2ebFW8OYM
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oSPMmeaiQ68
7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= uQrJ0TkZlc
8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K8L6KVGG-7o

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using python language

VII Semester

INTRODUCTION TO AI AND ML			
Course Code	21CS752	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO1. Understands the basics of AI, history of AI and its foundations, basic principles of AI for problem solving

CLO2. Explore the basics of Machine Learning & Machine Learning process, understanding data

CLO3. Understand the Working of Artificial Neural Networks

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is AI, The foundation of Artificial Intelligence, The history of Artificial Intelligence, Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environments, Good Behaviour: The concept of rationality, the nature of Environments, the structure of Agents.

Textbook 1: Chapter: 1 and 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Problem solving by searching: Problem solving agents, Example problems, Searching for solutions, Uniformed search strategies, Informed search strategies, Heuristic functions

Textbook 1: Chapter: 3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Introduction to machine learning: Need for Machine Learning, Machine Learning Explained, and Machine Learning in relation to other fields, Types of Machine Learning. Challenges of Machine Learning, Machine Learning process, Machine Learning applications.

Understanding Data: What is data, types of data, Big data analytics and types of analytics, Big data analytics framework, Descriptive statistics, univariate data analysis and visualization

Textbook 2: Chapter: 1 and 2.1 to 2.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Understanding Data Bivariate and Multivariate data, Multivariate statistics **,** Essential mathematics for Multivariate data, Overview hypothesis, Feature engineering and dimensionality reduction techniques, **Basics of Learning Theory:** Introduction to learning and its types**,** Introduction computation learning theory, Design of learning system, Introduction concept learning. **Similarity-based learning**: Introduction to Similarity or instance based learning, Nearest-neighbour learning**,** weighted k- Nearest **-** Neighbour algorithm**.** **Textbook 2: Chapter: 2.6 to 2.10, 3.1 to 3.4, 4.1 to 4.3**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Artificial Neural Network: Introduction, Biological neurons, Artificial neurons, Perceptron and learning theory, types of Artificial neural Network**,** learning in multilayer Perceptron, Radial basis function neural network, self-organizing feature map, **Textbook 2: Chapter: 10**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Design intelligent agents for solving simple gaming problems.

CO 2. Have a good understanding of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues and
Challenges of machine learning

CO 3. Understand data and applying machine learning algorithms to predict the outputs.

CO 4. Model the neuron and Neural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

1. Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig: "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
2. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight: "Artificial Intelligence", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009, ISBN-10: 0070087709
2. Nils J. Nilsson: "Principles of Artificial Intelligence", Elsevier, 1980, ISBN: 978-3-540-11340-9.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://stpk.cs.rtu.lv/sites/all/files/stpk/materiali/MI/Artificial%20Intelligence %20A%20Modern%20Approach.pdf.

1. http://www.getfreeebooks.com/16-sites-with-free-artificial-intelligence-e books/https://www.tutorialspoint.com/artificial_intelligence/artificial_intelligence_overview.htm
2. Problem solving agent:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KTPmo-KsOis.
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X_Qt0U66aH0&list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm_laSHcH
4. https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence
5. https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence
6. https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/
7. https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/
8. https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml-decision-tree/tutorial/
9. https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to AI and ML.

VII Semester

INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA			
Course Code	21CS753	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understand Hadoop Distributed File system and examine MapReduce Programming
CLO 2. Explore Hadoop tools and manage Hadoop with Sqoop
CLO 3. Appraise the role of data mining and its applications across industries
CLO 4. Identify various Text Mining techniques

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Hadoop Distributed file system:HDFS Design, Features, HDFS Components, HDFS user commands Hadoop MapReduce Framework**:** The MapReduce Model, Map-reduce Parallel Data Flow,Map Reduce Programming

Textbook 1: Chapter 3,5,68hr

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Module-2

Essential Hadoop Tools: Using apache Pig, Using Apache Hive, Using Apache Sqoop, Using Apache Apache Flume, Apache H Base

Textbook 1: Chapter 78hr

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

Data Warehousing: Introduction, Design Consideration, DW Development Approaches, DW Architectures

Data Mining: Introduction, Gathering, and Selection, data cleaning and preparation, outputs ofData Mining, Data Mining Techniques

Textbook 2: Chapter 4,5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Decision Trees: Introduction, Decision Tree Problem, Decision Tree Constructions, Lessons from Construction Trees. Decision Tree Algorithm **Regressions:** Introduction, Correlations and Relationships, Non-Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Advantages and disadvantages. **Textbook 2: Chapter 6,7**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	
Text Mining: Introduction, Text Mining Applications, Text Mining Process, Term Document Matrix, Mining the TDM, Comparison, Best Practices **Web Mining:** Introduction, Web Content Mining, Web Structured Mining, Web Usage Mining, Web Mining Algorithms. **Textbook 2: Chapter 11,14**	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Suggested Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- CO 1. Master the concepts of HDFS and MapReduce framework.
- CO 2. Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic
- CO 3. Infer the importance of core data mining techniques for data analytics
- CO 4. Use Machine Learning algorithms for real world big data.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

1. Douglas Eadline,"Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big DataComputing in the Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1st Edition, Pearson Education,2016.
2. Anil Maheshwari, “Data Analytics”, 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education,2017

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104189/
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mNP44rZYiAU
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qr_awo5vz0g
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rr17cbPGWGA
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G4NYQox4n2g
6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=owI7zxCqNY0
7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FuJVLsZYkuE

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of Big Data related projects

Exploring the applications which involves big data.

VII Semester

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE			
Course Code	21CS754	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. To provide a foundation in data Science terminologies
CLO 2. To familiarize data science process and steps
CLO 3. To Demonstrate the data visualization tools
CLO 4. To analyze the data science applicability in real time applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

PREPARING AND GATHERING DATA AND KNOWLEDGE
Philosophies of data science - Data science in a big data world - Benefits and uses of data science and big data - facts of data: Structured data, Unstructured data, Natural Language, Machine generated data, Audio, Image and video streaming data - The Big data Eco system: Distributed file system, Distributed Programming framework, Data Integration frame work, Machine learning Framework, NoSQL Databases, Scheduling tools, Benchmarking Tools, System Deployment, Service programming and Security.

Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation

Module-2

THE DATA SCIENCE PROCESS-Overview of the data science process- defining research goals and creating project charter, retrieving data, cleansing, integrating and transforming data, exploratory data analysis, Build the models, presenting findings and building application on top of them.

Textbook 1:,Ch 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation

Module-3

MACHINE LEARNING: Application for machine learning in data science- Tools used in machine learning- Modeling Process – Training model – Validating model – Predicting new observations –Types of machine learning Algorithm : Supervised learning algorithms, Unsupervised learning algorithms.

Textbook 1: Ch 3.1 to 3.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video

Module-4

VISUALIZATION–Introduction to data visualization – Data visualization options – Filters – MapReduce –
Dashboard development tools.

Textbook 1: Ch 9

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, MOOC

Module-5

CASE STUDIES Distributing data storage and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk when lending money.

Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the data science terminologies
- CO 2. Apply the Data Science process on real time scenario.
- CO 3. Analyze data visualization tools
- CO 4. Apply Data storage and processing with frameworks

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour**)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (**duration 01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours)**

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

1. Introducing Data Science, Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman and Mohamed Ali,Manning Publications, 2016.

Reference Books

1. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from the Frontline, Cathy O'Neil, Rachel Schutt, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2013.
2. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, 2014
3. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013
4. Think Like a Data Scientist, Brian Godsey, Manning Publications, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/data-science-tutorial/what-is-data-science
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N6BghzuFLIg
3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/what-is-datascience/fundamentals-of-data-science-tPgFU
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ua-CiDNNj30

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using Data science techniques and demonstration of data visualization methods with the help of suitable project.

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

3rd to 8th Semester BE – Computer Science and Engineering

Scheme of Teaching and Examinations

Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 – 19)

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI
Scheme of Teaching and Examination 2018 – 19
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) AND Outcome Based Education (OBE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 – 19)

III SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week: Theory Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical/ Drawing (P)	Examination: Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	BSC	18MAT31	Transform Calculus, Fourier Series And Numerical Techniques	Mathematics	2	2	--	03	40	60	100	3
2	PCC	18CS32	Data Structures and Applications	CS / IS	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18CS33	Analog and Digital Electronics	CS / IS	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
4	PCC	18CS34	Computer Organization	CS / IS	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	PCC	18CS35	Software Engineering	CS / IS	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18CS36	Discrete Mathematical Structures	CS / IS	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
7	PCC	18CSL37	Analog and Digital Electronics Laboratory	CS / IS	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
8	PCC	18CSL38	Data Structures Laboratory	CS / IS	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
9	HSMC	18KVK39	Vyavaharika Kannada (Kannada for communication)/	HSMC	--	2	--	--	100	--	100	1
		18KAK39	Aadalitha Kannada (Kannada for Administration)									
		OR	OR									
		18CPC39	Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Cyber Law		1	--	--	02	40	60		
					Examination is by objective type questions							
				TOTAL	**17 OR 18**	**08 OR 10**	**04**	**24 OR 26**	**420 OR 360**	**480 OR 540**	**900**	**24**

Note: BSC: Basic Science, PCC: Professional Core, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science, NCMC: Non-credit mandatory course

18KVK39 Vyavaharika Kannada (Kannada for communication) is for non-Kannada speaking, reading and writing students and **18KAK39** Aadalitha Kannada (Kannada for Administration) is for students who speak, read and write Kannada.

Course prescribed to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

10	NCMC	18MATDIP31	Additional Mathematics - I	Mathematics	02	01	--	03	40	60	100	0

(a)The mandatory non – credit courses Additional Mathematics I and II prescribed for III and IV semesters respectively, to the lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of BE/B.Tech programs, shall attend the classes during the respective semesters to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the University examination. In case, any student fails to register for the said course/ fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured F grade. In such a case, the students have to fulfill the requirements during subsequent semester/s to appear for SEE.

(b) These Courses shall not be considered for vertical progression, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree

Courses prescribed to lateral entry B. Sc degree holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

Lateral entrant students from B.Sc. Stream, shall clear the non-credit courses Engineering Graphics and Elements of Civil Engineering and Mechanics of the First Year Engineering Programme. These Courses shall not be considered for vertical progression, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to BE/B.Tech/B. Plan day college programme (For more details refer to Chapter 6,AICTE Activity Point Programme, Model Internship Guidelines): Over and above the academic grades, every Day College regular student admitted to the 4 years Degree programme and every student entering 4 years Degree programme through lateral entry, shall earn 100 and 75 Activity Points respectively for the award of degree through AICTE Activity Point Programme. Students transferred from other Universities to fifth semester are required to earn 50 Activity Points from the year of entry to VTU. The Activity Points earned shall be reflected on the student's eighth semester Grade Card. The activities can be can be spread over the years, anytime during the semester weekends and holidays, as per the liking and convenience of the student from the year of entry to the programme. However, minimum hours' requirement should be fulfilled. Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression. In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, Eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card.

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI
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IV SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week			Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P					
1	BSC	18MAT41	Complex Analysis, Probability and Statistical Methods	Mathematics	2	2	--	03	40	60	100	3
2	PCC	18CS42	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	CS / IS	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18CS43	Operating Systems	CS / IS	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
4	PCC	18SC44	Microcontroller and Embedded Systems	CS / IS	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	PCC	18CS45	Object Oriented Concepts	CS / IS	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18CS46	Data Communication	CS / IS	3	0	--	03	40	60	100	3
7	PCC	18CSL47	Design and Analysis of Algorithm Laboratory	CS / IS	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
8	PCC	18CSL48	Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Laboratory	CS / IS	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
9	HSMC	18KVK49	Vyavaharika Kannada (Kannada for communication)/	HSMC	--	2	--	--	100	--	100	1
		18KAK49	Aadalitha Kannada (Kannada for Administration)									
		OR	**OR**									
		18CPC39	Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Cyber Law		1	--	--	02	40	60		
					Examination is by objective type questions							
				TOTAL	**17 OR 18**	**08 OR 10**	**04**	**24 OR 26**	**420 OR 360**	**480 OR 540**	**900**	**24**

Note: BSC: Basic Science, PCC: Professional Core, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science, NCMC: Non-credit mandatory course

18KVK49 Vyavaharika Kannada (Kannada for communication) is for non-Kannada speaking, reading and writing students and **18KAK49** Aadalitha Kannada (Kannada for Administration) is for students who speak, read and write Kannada.

Course prescribed to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

10	NCMC	18MATDIP41	Additional Mathematics - II	Mathematics	02	01	--	03	40	60	100	0

(a)The mandatory non – credit courses Additional Mathematics I and II prescribed for III and IV semesters respectively, to the lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of BE/B.Tech programs, shall attend the classes during the respective semesters to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the University examination. In case, any student fails to register for the said course/ fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured F grade. In such a case, the students have to fulfill the requirements during subsequent semester/s to appear for SEE.

(b) These Courses shall not be considered for vertical progression, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree

Courses prescribed to lateral entry B. Sc degree holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

Lateral entrant students from B.Sc. Stream, shall clear the non-credit courses Engineering Graphics and Elements of Civil Engineering and Mechanics of the First Year Engineering Programme. These Courses shall not be considered for vertical progression, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, Eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card.

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V SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week			Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P					
1	HSMC	18CS51	Management, Entrepreneurship for IT idustry	HSMC	2	2	--	03	40	60	100	3
2	PCC	18CS52	Computer Networks and Security	CS / IS	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18CS53	Database Management System	CS / IS	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
4	PCC	18CS54	Automata theory and Computability	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	PCC	18CS55	Application Development using Python	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18CS56	Unix Programming	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
7	PCC	18CSL57	Computer Network Laboratory	CS / IS	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
8	PCC	18CSL58	DBMS Laboratory with mini project	CS / IS	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
9	HSMC	18CIV59	Environmental Studies	Civil/ Environmental [Paper setting: Civil Engineering Board]	1	--	--	02	40	60	100	1
				TOTAL	**18**	**10**	**04**	**26**	**360**	**540**	**900**	**25**

Note: PCC: Professional Core, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science.

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, Eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card.

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VI SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week			Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P					
1	PCC	18CS61	System Software and Compilers	CS / IS	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
2	PCC	18CS62	Computer Graphics and Visualization	CS / IS	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18CS63	Web Technology and its applications	CS / IS	3	2	--	03	40	60	100	4
4	PEC	18CS64X	Professional Elective -1	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	OEC	18CS65X	Open Elective –A	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18CSL66	System Software Laboratory	CS / IS	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
7	PCC	18CSL67	Computer Graphics Laboratory with mini project	CS / IS	--	2	2	03	40	60	100	2
8	MP	18CSMP68	Mobile Application Development	CS / IS	--	--	2	03	40	60	100	2
9	INT	--	Internship	(To be carried out during the intervening vacations of VI and VII semesters)				--	--	--	--	--
				TOTAL	**15**	**10**	**06**	**24**	**320**	**480**	**800**	**24**

Note: PCC: Professional core, PEC: Professional Elective, OE: Open Elective, MP: Mini-project, INT: Internship.

Professional Elective -1	
Course code under18XX64X	**Course Title**
18CS641	Data Mining and Data Warehousing
18CS642	Object Oriented Modelling and Design
18CS643	Cloud Computing and its Applications
18CS644	Advanced JAVA and J2EE
18CS645	System Modelling and Simulation
Open Elective –A (Not for CSE / ISE Programs)	
18CS651	Mobile Application Development
18CS652	Introduction to Data Structures and Algorithms
18CS653	Programming in JAVA
18CS654	Introduction to Operating System

Students can select any one of the open electives offered by any Department (Please refer to the list of open electives under 18CS65X).
Selection of an open elective is not allowed provided,

- The candidate has studied the same course during the previous semesters of the programme.
- The syllabus content of open elective is similar to that of Departmental core courses or professional electives.
- A similar course, under any category, is prescribed in the higher semesters of the programme.

Registration to electives shall be documented under the guidance of Programme Coordinator/ Adviser/Mentor.

Mini-project work: Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or a multidisciplinary Mini- project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students.

CIE procedure for Mini-project:

(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group wise at the college level with the participation of all the guides of the college. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project, shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

SEE for Mini-project:

(i) Single discipline: Contribution to the Mini-project and the performance of each group member shall be assessed individually in the semester end examination (SEE) conducted at the department.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Contribution to the Mini-project and the performance of each group member shall be assessed individually in semester end examination (SEE) conducted separately at the departments to which the student/s belongs to.

Internship: All the students admitted to III year of BE/B.Tech shall have to undergo mandatory internship of 4 weeks during the vacation of VI and VII semesters and /or VII and VIII semesters. A University examination shall be conducted during VIII semester and the prescribed credit shall be included in VIII semester. Internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not takeup/complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, Eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card.

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VII SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week			Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P					
1	PCC	18CS71	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning	CS / IS	4	--	--	03	40	60	100	4
2	PCC	18CS72	Big Data Analytics	CS / IS	4	--	--	03	40	60	100	4
3	PEC	18CS73X	Professional Elective – 2	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
4	PEC	18CS74X	Professional Elective – 3	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
5	OEC	18CS75X	Open Elective –B	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
6	PCC	18CSL76	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Laboratory	CS / IS	--	--	2	03	40	60	100	2
7	Project	18CSP77	Project Work Phase – 1	CS / IS	--	--	2	--	100	--	100	1
8	INT	--	Internship	(If not completed during the vacation of VI and VII semesters, it has to be carried out during the intervening vacations of VII and VIII semesters								
				TOTAL	**17**	--	**04**	**18**	**340**	**360**	**700**	**20**

Note: PCC: Professional core, PEC: Professional Elective, OEC: Open Elective, INT: Internship.

Professional Elective - 2

Course code under 18CS73X	Course Title
18CS731	Software Architecture and Design Patterns
18CS732	High Performance Computing
18CS733	Advanced Computer Architecture
18CS734	User Interface Design

Professional Electives – 3

Course code under 18CS74X	Course Title
18CS741	Digital Image Processing
18CS742	Network management
18CS743	Natural Language Processing
18CS744	Cryptography
18CS745	Robotic Process Automation Design & Development

Open Elective –B (Not for CSE / ISE Programs)

18CS751	Introduction to Big Data Analytics
18CS752	Python Application Programming
18CS753	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence
18CS754	Introduction to Dot Net framework for Application Development

Students can select any one of the open electives offered by any Department (Please refer to the list of open electives under 18CS75X).
Selection of an open elective is not allowed provided,

- The candidate has studied the same course during the previous semesters of the programme.
- The syllabus content of open elective is similar to that of Departmental core courses or professional electives.
- A similar course, under any category, is prescribed in the higher semesters of the programme.

Registration to electives shall be documented under the guidance of Programme Coordinator/ Adviser/Mentor.

Project work: Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or a multidisciplinary project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students. In extraordinary cases, like the funded projects requiring students from different disciplines, the project student strength can be 5 or 6.

CIE procedure for Project Work Phase - 1:

(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the project work phase -1, shall be based on the evaluation of the project work phase -1 Report (covering Literature Survey, Problem identification, Objectives and Methodology), project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the Project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group wise at the college level with the participation of all guides of the college. Participation of external guide/s, if any, is desirable. The CIE marks awarded for the project work phase -1, shall be based on the evaluation of project work phase -1 Report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

Internship: All the students admitted to III year of BE/B.Tech shall have to undergo mandatory internship of 4 weeks during the vacation of VI and VII semesters and /or VII and VIII semesters. A University examination shall be conducted during VIII semester and the prescribed credit shall be included in VIII semester. Internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not takeup/complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, Eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card.

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VIII SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course code		Course Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week			Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P					
1	PCC	18CS81	Internet of Things	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
2	PEC	18CS82X	Professional Elective – 4	CS / IS	3	--	--	03	40	60	100	3
3	Project	18CSP83	Project Work Phase – 2	CS / IS	--	--	2	03	40	60	100	8
4	Seminar	18CSS84	Technical Seminar	CS / IS	--	--	2	03	100	--	100	1
5	INT	18CSI85	Internship	(Completed during the intervening vacations of VI and VII semesters and /or VII and VIII semesters.)				03	40	60	100	3
				TOTAL	**06**	--	**04**	**15**	**260**	**240**	**500**	**18**

Note: PCC: Professional Core, PEC: Professional Elective, OEC: Open Elective, INT: Internship.

Professional Electives – 4

Course code under 18CS82X	**Course Title**
18CS821	Mobile Computing
18CS822	Storage Area Networks
18CS823	NoSQL Database
18CS824	Multicore Architecture and Programming

Project Work CIE procedure for Project Work Phase - 2:
(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the project work phase -2, shall be based on the evaluation of project work phase -2 Report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.
(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group wise at the college level with the participation of all guides of the college. Participation of external guide/s, if any, is desirable. The CIE marks awarded for the project work phase -2, shall be based on the evaluation of project work phase -2 Report, project presentation skill and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.
SEE for Project Work Phase - 2:
(i) Single discipline: Contribution to the project and the performance of each group member shall be assessed individually in semester end examination (SEE) conducted at the department.
(ii) Interdisciplinary: Contribution to the project and the performance of each group member shall be assessed individually in semester end examination (SEE) conducted separately at the departments to which the student/s belong to.
Internship: Those, who have not pursued /completed the internship shall be declared as fail and have to complete during subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements

AICTE activity Points: In case students fail to earn the prescribed activity Points, Eighth semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points. Students shall be admitted for the award of degree only after the release of the Eighth semester Grade Card. Activity points of the students who have earned the prescribed AICTE activity Points shall be sent the University along with the CIE marks of 8th semester. In case of students who have not satisfied the AICTE activity Points at the end of eighth semester, the column under activity Points shall be marked NSAP (Not Satisfied Activity Points).

B. E. COMMON TO ALL PROGRAMMES Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Outcome Based Education (OBE) SEMESTER - III			
TRANSFORM CALCULUS, FOURIER SERIES AND NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES			
Course Code	**18MAT31**	CIE Marks	40
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P)	(2:2:0)	SEE Marks	60
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- To have an insight into Fourier series, Fourier transforms, Laplace transforms, Difference equations and Z-transforms.
- To develop the proficiency in variational calculus and solving ODE's arising in engineering applications, using numerical methods.

Module-1

Laplace Transform: Definition and Laplace transforms of elementary functions (statements only). Laplace transforms of Periodic functions (statement only) and unit-step function – problems.

Inverse Laplace Transform: Definition and problems, Convolution theorem to find the inverse Laplace transforms (without Proof) and problems. Solution of linear differential equations using Laplace transforms.

Module-2

Fourier Series: Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition. Fourier series of periodic functions period 2π and arbitrary period. Half range Fourier series. Practical harmonic analysis.

Module-3

Fourier Transforms: Infinite Fourier transforms, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transforms. Problems.

Difference Equations and Z-Transforms: Difference equations, basic definition, z-transform-definition, Standard z-transforms, Damping and shifting rules, initial value and final value theorems (without proof) and problems, Inverse z-transform and applications to solve difference equations.

Module-4

Numerical Solutions of Ordinary Differential Equations(ODE's):
Numerical solution of ODE's of first order and first degree- Taylor's series method, Modified Euler's method. Runge -Kutta method of fourth order, Milne's and Adam-Bash forth predictor and corrector method (No derivations of formulae)-Problems.

Module-5

Numerical Solution of Second Order ODE's: Runge-Kutta method and Milne's predictor and corrector method. (No derivations of formulae).

Calculus of Variations: Variation of function and functional, variational problems, Euler's equation, Geodesics, hanging chain, problems.

Course outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO1: Use Laplace transform and inverse Laplace transform in solving differential/ integral equation arising in network analysis, control systems and other fields of engineering.
- CO2: Demonstrate Fourier series to study the behaviour of periodic functions and their applications in system communications, digital signal processing and field theory.
- CO3: Make use of Fourier transform and Z-transform to illustrate discrete/continuous function arising in wave and heat propagation, signals and systems.
- CO4: Solve first and second order ordinary differential equations arising in engineering problems using single step and multistep numerical methods.
- CO5:Determine the externals of functionals using calculus of variations and solve problems arising in dynamics of rigid bodies and vibrational analysis.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question will be for 20 marks.
- There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub- questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub- question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Sl. No.	Title of the Book	Name of the Author/s	Name of the Publisher	Edition and Year
Textbooks				
1	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	E. Kreyszig	John Wiley & Sons	10th Edition, 2016
2	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B. S. Grewal	Khanna Publishers	44th Edition, 2017
3	Engineering Mathematics	Srimanta Pal et al	Oxford University Press	3rd Edition, 2016
Reference Books				
1	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett	McGraw-Hill Book Co	6th Edition, 1995
2	Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis	S.S.Sastry	Prentice Hall of India	4th Edition 2010
3	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B.V. Ramana	McGraw-Hill	11th Edition,2010
4	A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics	N.P.Bali and Manish Goyal	Laxmi Publications	6th Edition, 2014
5	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	Chandrika Prasad and Reena Garg	Khanna Publishing,	2018

Web links and Video Lectures:

1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
2. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
3. http://academicearth.org/
4. VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME - 20

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – III</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS32</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:2:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>50</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS –4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS32) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">• Explain fundamentals of data structures and their applications essential for programming/problem solving.
• Illustrate linear representation of data structures: Stack, Queues, Lists, Trees and Graphs.
• Demonstrate sorting and searching algorithms.
• Find suitable data structure during application development/Problem Solving.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module 1</td><td>Contact Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Introduction: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive & Non Primitive), Data structure Operations, Review of Arrays, Structures, Self-Referential Structures, and Unions. Pointers and Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, Dynamically allocated arrays.
Array Operations: Traversing, inserting, deleting, searching, and sorting. Multidimensional Arrays, Polynomials and Sparse Matrices.
Strings: Basic Terminology, Storing, Operations and Pattern Matching algorithms. Programming Examples.
Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapter 2: 2.2 - 2.7 Text Textbook 2: Chapter 1: 1.1 - 1.4, Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Ch apter 4: 4.1 - 4.9, 4.14 Reference 3: Chapter 1: 1.4
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module 2</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Stacks: Definition, Stack Operations, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic Arrays, Stack Applications: Polish notation, Infix to postfix conversion, evaluation of postfix expression.
Recursion - Factorial, GCD, Fibonacci Sequence, Tower of Hanoi, Ackerman's function. Queues: Definition, Array Representation, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Circular queues using Dynamic arrays, Dequeues, Priority Queues, A Mazing Problem. Multiple Stacks and Queues. Programming Examples.
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 -3.7 Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.3, 6.5, 6.7-6.10, 6.12, 6.13
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module 3</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Linked Lists: Definition, Representation of linked lists in Memory, Memory allocation; Garbage Collection. Linked list operations: Traversing, Searching, Insertion, and Deletion. Doubly Linked lists, Circular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. Applications of Linked lists – Polynomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples
Textbook 1: Ch apter 4: 4.1 – 4.6, 4.8, Textbook 2: Ch apter 5: 5.1 – 5.10,
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module 4</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Trees: Terminology, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; Additional Binary tree operations. Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, Searching, Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression, Programming Examples</td><td>10</td></tr>
</table>

Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1 –5.5, 5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9 **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	
Module 5	
Graphs: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation Of Graphs, Elementary Graph operations, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth First Search. **Sorting and Searching**: Insertion Sort, Radix sort, Address Calculation Sort. **Hashing:** Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing. **Files and Their Organization:** Data Hierarchy, File Attributes, Text Files and Binary Files, Basic File Operations, File Organizations and Indexing **Textbook 1: Chapter 6 : 6.1 –6.2, Chapter 7:7.2, Chapter 8 : 8.1-8.3** **Textbook 2: Chapter 8 : 8.1 – 8.7, Chapter 9 : 9.1-9.3, 9.7, 9.9** **Reference 2: Chapter 16 : 16.1 - 16.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Use different types of data structures, operations and algorithms
- Apply searching and sorting operations on files
- Use stack, Queue, Lists, Trees and Graphs in problem solving
- Implement all data structures in a high-level language for problem solving.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

Reference Books:

1. Gilberg & Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning,2014.
2. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.
3. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
4. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
5. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Course Code	**18CS33**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS33) will enable students to:

- Explain the use of photoelectronics devices, 555 timer IC, Regulator ICs and uA741 opamap IC
- Make use of simplifying techniques in the design of combinational circuits.
- Illustrate combinational and sequential digital circuits
- Demonstrate the use of flipflops and apply for registers
- Design and test counters, Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog conversion techqniues.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Photodiodes, Light Emitting Diodes and Optocouplers ,BJT Biasing :Fixed bias ,Collector to base Bias , voltage divider bias, Operational Amplifier Application Circuits: Multivibrators using IC-555, Peak Detector, Schmitt trigger, Active Filters, Non-Linear Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Current-to-Voltage and Voltage-to-Current Converter , Regulated Power Supply Parameters, adjustable voltage regulator ,D to A and A to D converter. **Text Book 1 :Part A:Chapter 2(Section 2.9,2.10,2.11), Chapter 4(Section 4.2 ,4.3,4.4),Chapter 7 (section (7.2,7.3.1,7.4,7.6 to 7.11), Chapter 8 (section (8.1,8.5), Chapter 9** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, The prime implicant chart, petricks method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables **Text book 1:Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6(Sections 6.1 to 6.5)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in ,Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices, Programmable Logic Arrays, Programmable Array Logic. **Text book 1:Part B: Chapter 8,Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for	08

multiplexers, VHDL Modules. Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop 3,SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop, Flip Flop with additional inputs, Asynchronous Sequential Circuits **Text book 1:Part B: Chapter 10(Sections 10.1 to 10.3),Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.9)** **RBT: L1, L2**	
Module 5	
Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops, sequential parity checker, state tables and graphs **Text book 1:Part B: Chapter 12(Sections 12.1 to 12.5),Chapter 13(Sections 13.1,13.3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp.
- Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same.
- Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map , and Quine-McClusky Methods
- Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types.
- Develop simple HDL programs

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney, Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning,2019

Reference Books:

1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Course Code	**18CS34**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS34) will enable students to:

- Explain the basic sub systems of a computer, their organization, structure and operation.
- Illustrate the concept of programs as sequences of machine instructions.
- Demonstrate different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces.
- Describe memory hierarchy and concept of virtual memory.
- Describe arithmetic and logical operations with integer and floating-point operands.
- Illustrate organization of a simple processor, pipelined processor and other computing systems.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Basic Structure of Computers: Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement. **Machine Instructions and Programs:** Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes, Assembly Language, Basic Input and Output Operations, Stacks and Queues, Subroutines, Additional Instructions, Encoding of Machine Instructions **Text book 1: Chapter1 – 1.3, 1.4, 1.6 (1.6.1-1.6.4, 1.6.7), Chapter2 – 2.2 to 2.10** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Direct Memory Access, Buses, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interfaces – PCI Bus, SCSI Bus, USB. **Text book 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Memory System: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read Only Memories, Speed, Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – Mapping Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations. **Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 (5.5.1, 5.5.2), 5.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers, Signed Operand Multiplication, Fast Multiplication, Integer Division. **Text book 1: Chapter2-2.1, Chapter6 – 6.1 to 6.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Basic Processing Unit: Some Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Multiple Bus Organization, Hard-wired Control, Micro programmed Control. **Pipelining:** Basic concepts of pipelining**,** **Text book 1: Chapter7, Chapter8 – 8.1** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain the basic organization of a computer system.

- Demonstrate functioning of different sub systems, such as processor, Input/output,and memory.
- Illustrate hardwired control and micro programmed control, pipelining, embedded and other computing systems.
- Design and analyse simple arithmetic and logical units.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and12)

Reference Books:

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson, 2015.

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Course Code	**18CS35**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS35) will enable students to:

- Outline software engineering principles and activities involved in building large software programs.Identify ethical and professional issues and explain why they are of concern to software engineers.
- Explain the fundamentals of object oriented concepts
- Describe the process of requirements gathering, requirements classification, requirements specification and requirements validation. Differentiate system models, use UML diagrams and apply design patterns.
- Discuss the distinctions between validation testing and defect testing.
- Recognize the importance of software maintenance and describe the intricacies involved in software evolution.Apply estimation techniques, schedule project activities and compute pricing.
- Identify software quality parameters and quantify software using measurements and metrics. List software quality standards and outline the practices involved.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction: Software Crisis, Need for Software Engineering. Professional Software Development, Software Engineering Ethics. Case Studies. **Software Processes**: Models: Waterfall Model **(Sec 2.1.1)**, Incremental Model **(Sec 2.1.2)** and Spiral Model **(Sec 2.1.3)**. Process activities. **Requirements Engineering**: Requirements Engineering Processes **(Chap 4)**. Requirements Elicitation and Analysis **(Sec 4.5).** Functional and non-functional requirements **(Sec 4.1)**. The software Requirements Document **(Sec 4.2)**. Requirements Specification **(Sec 4.3)**. Requirements validation **(Sec 4.6)**. Requirements Management **(Sec 4.7)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling; abstraction; The Three models. **Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling:** What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling; abstraction; The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class Concept; Link and associations concepts; Generalization and Inheritance; A sample class model; Navigation of class models; **Textbook 2: Ch 1,2,3.** **RBT: L1, L2 L3**	08
Module 3	
System Models: Context models **(Sec 5.1)**. Interaction models **(Sec 5.2)**. Structural models **(Sec 5.3)**. Behavioral models **(Sec 5.4)**. Model-driven engineering **(Sec 5.5)**. **Design and Implementation**: Introduction to RUP **(Sec 2.4)**, Design Principles **(Chap 7)**. Object-oriented design using the UML **(Sec 7.1)**. Design patterns **(Sec 7.2)**. Implementation issues **(Sec 7.3)**. Open source development **(Sec 7.4)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Module 4	
Software Testing: Development testing **(Sec 8.1)**, Test-driven development **(Sec 8.2)**, Release testing **(Sec 8.3)**, User testing **(Sec 8.4)**. Test Automation **(Page no 212)**. **Software Evolution**: Evolution processes **(Sec 9.1)**. Program evolution dynamics **(Sec 9.2)**. Software maintenance **(Sec 9.3)**. Legacy system management **(Sec 9.4)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Project Planning: Software pricing **(Sec 23.1)**. Plan-driven development **(Sec 23.2)**. Project scheduling **(Sec 23.3)**: Estimation techniques **(Sec 23.5)**. **Quality management**: Software quality **(Sec 24.1)**. Reviews and inspections **(Sec 24.3)**. Software measurement and metrics **(Sec 24.4)**. Software standards **(Sec 24.2)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Design a software system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints.
- Assess professional and ethical responsibility
- Function on multi-disciplinary teams
- Use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice
- Analyze, design, implement, verify, validate, implement, apply, and maintain software systems or parts of software systems

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1,2,3,4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 23, and 24)
2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2005.

Reference Books:

1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India

DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – III			
Course Code	18CS36	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS36) will enable students to:

- Provide theoretical foundations of computer science to perceive other courses in the programme.
- Illustrate applications of discrete structures: logic, relations, functions, set theory and counting.
- Describe different mathematical proof techniques,
- Illustrate the importance of graph theory in computer science

Module 1	Contact Hours
Fundamentals of Logic: Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logic Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. Fundamentals of Logic contd.: The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions and the Proofs of Theorems. **Text book 1: Chapter2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Properties of the Integers: The Well Ordering Principle – Mathematical Induction, **Fundamental Principles of Counting:** The Rules of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations – The Binomial Theorem, Combinations with Repetition. **Text book 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, Chapter1** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Relations and Functions: Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. The Pigeon-hole Principle, Function Composition and Inverse Functions. **Relations:** Properties of Relations, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence Relations and Partitions. **Text book 1: Chapter5 , Chapter7 – 7.1 to 7.4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion: The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Generalizations of the Principle, Derangements – Nothing is in its Right Place, Rook Polynomials. **Recurrence Relations:** First Order Linear Recurrence Relation, The Second Order Linear Homogeneous Recurrence Relation with Constant Coefficients. **Text book 1: Chapter8 – 8.1 to 8.4, Chapter10 – 10.1, 10.2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Introduction to Graph Theory: Definitions and Examples, Sub graphs, Complements, and Graph Isomorphism, **Trees**: Definitions, Properties, and Examples, Routed Trees, Trees and Sorting, Weighted Trees and Prefix Codes **Text book 1: Chapter11 – 11.1 to 11.2 Chapter12 – 12.1 to 12.4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Use propositional and predicate logic in knowledge representation and truth verification.

- Demonstrate the application of discrete structures in different fields of computer science.
- Solve problems using recurrence relations and generating functions.
- Application of different mathematical proofs techniques in proving theorems in the courses.
- Compare graphs, trees and their applications.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Ralph P. Grimaldi: Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, 5th Edition, Pearson Education. 2004.

Reference Books:

1. Basavaraj S Anami and Venakanna S Madalli: Discrete Mathematics – A Concept based approach, Universities Press, 2016
2. Kenneth H. Rosen: Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2007.
3. Jayant Ganguly: A Treatise on Discrete Mathematical Structures, Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
4. D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: Discrete Mathematical Structures: Theory and Applications, Thomson, 2004.
5. Thomas Koshy: Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Elsevier, 2005, Reprint 2008.

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – III

Course Code	**18CSL37**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	03

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CSL37) will enable students to:

This laboratory course enable students to get practical experience in design, assembly and evaluation/testing of

- Analog components and circuits including Operational Amplifier, Timer, etc.
- Combinational logic circuits.
- Flip - Flops and their operations
- Counters and registers using flip-flops.
- Synchronous and Asynchronous sequential circuits.
- A/D and D/A converters

Descriptions (if any):

- Simulation packages preferred: Multisim, Modelsim, PSpice or any other relevant.
- For Part A (Analog Electronic Circuits) students must trace the wave form on Tracing sheet / Graph sheet and label trace.
- Continuous evaluation by the faculty must be carried by including performance of a student in both hardware implementation and simulation (if any) for the given circuit.
- A batch not exceeding 4 must be formed for conducting the experiment. For simulation individual student must execute the program.

Laboratory Programs:

	PART A (Analog Electronic Circuits)
1.	Design an astable multivibrator ciruit for three cases of duty cycle (50%, <50% and >50%) using NE 555 timer IC. Simulate the same for any one duty cycle.
2.	Using ua 741 Opamp, design a 1 kHz Relaxation Oscillator with 50% duty cycle. And simulate the same.
3.	Using ua 741 opamap, design a window comparate for any given UTP and LTP. And simulate the same.
	PART B (Digital Electronic Circuits)
4.	Design and implement Half adder, Full Adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor using basic gates. And implement the same in HDL.
5.	Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC. And implement the same in HDL.
6.	Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.
7.	Design and implement code converter I)Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code using basic gates.
8.	Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
9.	Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447)

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Use appropriate design equations / methods to design the given circuit.
- Examine and verify the design of both analog and digital circuits using simulators.
- Make us of electronic components, ICs, instruments and tools for design and testing of circuits

for the given the appropriate inputs.

- Compile a laboratory journal which includes; aim, tool/instruments/software/components used, design equations used and designs, schematics, program listing, procedure followed, relevant theory, results as graphs and tables, interpreting and concluding the findings.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  a) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  b) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
     i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
     ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – III

Course Code	**18CSL38**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	03

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CSL38) will enable students to:

This laboratory course enable students to get practical experience in design, develop, implement, analyze and evaluation/testing of

- Asymptotic performance of algorithms.
- Linear data structures and their applications such as stacks, queues and lists
- Non-Linear data structures and their applications such as trees and graphs
- Sorting and searching algorithms

Descriptions (if any):

- Implement all the programs in 'C / C++' Programming Language and Linux / Windows as OS.

Programs List:

1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following array operations.
   a. Creating an array of N Integer Elements
   b. Display of array Elements with Suitable Headings
   c. Inserting an Element (ELEM) at a given valid Position (POS)
   d. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position (POS)
   e. Exit.

   Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

2. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on Strings.
   a. Read a main String (STR), a Pattern String (PAT) and a Replace String (REP)
   b. Perform Pattern Matching Operation: Find and Replace all occurrences of PAT in STR with REP if PAT exists in STR. Report suitable messages in case PAT does not exist in STR

   Support the program with functions for each of the above operations. Don't use Built-in functions.

3. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX)
   a. Push an Element on to Stack
   b. Pop an Element from Stack
   c. Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check Palindrome
   d. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack
   e. Display the status of Stack
   f. Exit

   Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

4. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, *, /, % (Remainder), ^ (Power) and alphanumeric operands.

5. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications
   a. Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^
   b. Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks

6.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Circular QUEUE of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size MAX) a. Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE b. Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE c. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Circular QUEUE d. Display the status of Circular QUEUE e. Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
7.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Singly Linked List (SLL) of Student Data with the fields: *USN*, *Name*, *Programme*, *Sem*, *PhNo* a. Create a SLL of N Students Data by using *front insertion*. b. Display the status of SLL and count the number of nodes in it c. Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of SLL d. Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of SLL(Demonstration of stack) e. Exit
8.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Employee Data with the fields: *SSN*, *Name*, *Dept*, *Designation*, *Sal*, *PhNo* a. Create a DLL of N Employees Data by using *end insertion*. b. Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it c. Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL d. Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of DLL e. Demonstrate how this DLL can be used as Double Ended Queue. f. Exit
9.	Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operationson Singly Circular Linked List (SCLL) with header nodes a. Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z-4yz^5+3x^3yz+2xy^5z-2xyz^3$ b. Find the sum of two polynomials POLY1(x,y,z) and POLY2(x,y,z) and store the result in POLYSUM(x,y,z) Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
10.	Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers . a. Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2 b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order c. Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message d. Exit
11.	Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on Graph(G) of Cities a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix. b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS method
12.	Given a File of N employee records with a set K of Keys (4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file F. Assume that file F is maintained in memory by a Hash Table (HT) of m memory locations with L as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in K and addresses in L are Integers. Design and develop a Program in C that uses Hash function H: K $\rightarrow$L as H(K)=K mod m (remainder method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.
Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:	

- Analyze and Compare various linear and non-linear data structures
- Code, debug and demonstrate the working nature of different types of data structures and their applications
- Implement, analyze and evaluate the searching and sorting algorithms
- Choose the appropriate data structure for solving real world problems

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
    - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
    - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
    c) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
    d) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
        i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
        ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

B. E. Common to all Programmes
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)
SEMESTER –II / III / IV

Aadalitha Kannada

Course Code	**18KAK28/39/49**	CIE Marks	100
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P)	(0:2:0)		
Credits	01		

DqÀ½vÀ PÀ£ÀßqÀ PÀ°PÉAiÀÄ GzÉÝÃ±ÀUÀ¼ÀÄ:

- ¥ÀzÀ« «zÁåyð¼ÁVgÀÄªÀÅzÀjAzÀ DqÀ½vÀ PÀ£ÀßqÀzÀ ¥ÀjZÀAiÀÄ ªÀiÁrPÉÆqÀÄªÀÅzÀÄ.
- «zÁåyðUÀ¼À°è PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¨sÁµÉAiÀÄ ªÁåPÀgÀtzÀ §UÉÎ CjªÀÅ ªÀÄÆr¸ÀÄªÀÅzÀÄ.
- PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¨sÁµÁ gÀZÀ£ÉAiÀÄ°è£À ¤AiÀÄªÀÄUÀ¼À£ÀÄß ¥ÀjZÀ¬Ä¸ÀÄªÀÅzÀÄ.
- PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¨sÁµÁ §gÀºÀzÀ°è PÀAqÀÄ§gÀÄªÀ zÉÆÃµÀUÀ¼ÀÄ ºÁUÀÆ CªÀÅUÀ¼À ¤ªÁgÀuÉ. ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¯ÉÃR£À aºÉßUÀ¼À£ÀÄß ¥ÀjZÀ¬Ä¸ÀÄªÀÅzÀÄ.
- ¸ÁªÀiÁ£Àå CfðUÀ¼ÀÄ, ¸ÀPÁðj ªÀÄvÀÄÛ CgÉ ¸ÀPÁðj ¥ÀvÀæªÀåªÀºÁgÀzÀ §UÉÎ CjªÀÅ ªÀÄÆr¸ÀÄªÀÅzÀÄ.
- ¨sÁµÁAvÀgÀ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¥Àæ§AzsÀ gÀZÀ£É §UÉÎ C¸ÀQÛ ªÀÄÆr¸ÀÄªÀÅzÀÄ.
- PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¨sÁµÁ¨sÁå¸À ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¸ÁªÀiÁ£Àå PÀ£ÀßqÀ ºÁUÀÆ DqÀ½vÀ PÀ£ÀßqÀzÀ ¥ÀzÀUÀ¼À ¥ÀjZÀAiÀÄ ªÀiÁrPÉÆqÀÄªÀÅzÀÄ.

¥Àj«r (¥ÀoÀå¥ÀÄ¸ÀÛPÀzÀ°ègÀÄªÀ «µÀAiÀÄUÀ¼À ¥ÀnÖ)

CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 1 PÀ£ÀßqÀ¨sÁµÉ – ¸ÀAQë¥ÀÛ «ªÀgÀuÉ.
CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 2 ¨sÁµÁ ¥ÀæAiÉÆÃUÀzÀ¯ÁèUÀÄªÀ ¯ÉÆÃ¥ÀzÉÆÃµÀUÀ¼ÀÄ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ CªÀÅUÀ¼À ¤ªÁgÀuÉ.
CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 3 ¯ÉÃR£À aºÉßUÀ¼ÀÄ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ CªÀÅUÀ¼À G¥ÀAiÉÆÃUÀ.
CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 4 ¥ÀvÀæ ªÀåªÀºÁgÀ.
CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 5 DqÀ½vÀ ¥ÀvÀæUÀ¼ÀÄ.
CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 6 ¸ÀPÁðgÀzÀ DzÉÃ±À ¥ÀvÀæUÀ¼ÀÄ.
CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 7 ¸ÀAQë¥ÀÛ ¥Àæ§AzsÀ gÀZÀ£É (¦æ¸ÉÊ¸ï gÉÊnAUï), ¥Àæ§AzsÀ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¨sÁµÁAvÀgÀ.
CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 8 PÀ£ÀßqÀ ±À§Ý¸ÀAUÀæºÀ.
CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 9 PÀA¥ÀÆålgï ºÁUÀÆ ªÀiÁ»w vÀAvÀæeÁÕ£À.
CzsÁåAiÀÄ – 10 ¥Áj¨sÁ¶PÀ DqÀ½vÀ PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¥ÀzÀUÀ¼ÀÄ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ vÁAwæPÀ/ PÀA¥ÀÆålgï ¥Áj¨sÁ¶PÀ ¥ÀzÀUÀ¼ÀÄ.

DqÀ½vÀ PÀ£ÀßqÀ PÀ°PÉAiÀÄ ¥sÀ°vÁA±ÀÀUÀ¼ÀÄ:

- DqÀ½vÀ ¨sÁµÉ PÀ£ÀßqÀzÀ ¥ÀjZÀAiÀÄªÁUÀÄvÀÛzÉ.
- «zÁåyðUÀ¼À°è PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¨sÁµÉAiÀÄ ªÁåPÀgÀtzÀ §UÉÎ CjªÀÅ ªÀÄÆqÀÄvÀÛzÉ.
- PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¨sÁµÁ gÀZÀ£ÉAiÀÄ°è£À ¤AiÀÄªÀÄUÀ¼ÀÄ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¯ÉÃR£À aºÉßUÀ¼ÀÄ ¥ÀjZÀ¬Ä¸À®àqÀÄvÀÛªÉ.
- ¸ÁªÀiÁ£Àå CfðUÀ¼ÀÄ, ¸ÀPÁðj ªÀÄvÀÄÛ CgÉ ¸ÀPÁðj ¥ÀvÀæªÀåªÀºÁgÀzÀ §UÉÎ CjªÀÅ ªÀÄÆqÀÄvÀÛzÉ.
- ¨sÁµÁAvÀgÀ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¥Àæ§AzsÀ gÀZÀ£É §UÉÎ C¸ÀQÛ ªÀÄÆqÀÄvÀÛzÉ.
- PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¨sÁµÁ¨sÁå¸À ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¸ÁªÀiÁ£Àå PÀ£ÀßqÀ ºÁUÀÆ DqÀ½vÀ PÀ£ÀßqÀzÀ ¥ÀzÀUÀ¼ÀÄ ¥ÀjZÀ¬Ä¸À®àqÀÄvÀÛªÉ.

¥ÀjÃPÉëAiÀÄ «zsÁ£À : ¤gÀAvÀgÀ DAvÀjPÀ ªÀiË®åªÀiÁ¥À£À - CIE **(Continuous Internal Evaluation):**

PÁ¯ÉÃdÄ ªÀÄlÖzÀ°èAiÉÄ DAvÀjPÀ ¥ÀjÃPÉëAiÀÄ£ÀÄß 100 CAPÀUÀ½UÉ «±Àé«zÁå®AiÀÄzÀ ¤AiÀÄªÀÄUÀ¼ÀÄ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¤zÉðÃ±À£ÀzÀAvÉ £ÀqÉ¸ÀvÀPÀÌzÀÄÝ.

¥ÀoÀå¥ÀÄ¸ÀÛPÀ : DqÀ½vÀ PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¥ÀoÀå ¥ÀÄ¸ÀÛPÀ (Kannada for Administration)
¸ÀÀA¥ÁzÀPÀgÀÄ
qÁ. J¯ï. wªÉÄäÃ±À
¥ÉÆæ. «. PÉÃ±ÀªÀªÀÄÆwð

¥ÀæPÀluÉ : ¥Àæ¸ÁgÁAUÀ, «±ÉéÃ±ÀégÀAiÀÄå vÁAwæPÀ «±Àé«zÁå®AiÀÄ, ¨É¼ÀUÁ«.

B. E. Common to all Programmes
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)
SEMESTER –II & III/IV

Vyavaharika Kannada

Course Code	**18KVK28/39/49**	CIE Marks	100
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P)	(0:2:0)		
Credits	01		

Course Learning Objectives:
The course will enable the students to understand Kannada and communicate in Kannada language.

Table of Contents:
Chapter - 1: Vyavaharika kannada – Parichaya (Introduction to Vyavaharika Kannada).
Chapter - 2: Kannada Aksharamale haagu uchcharane (Kannada Alpabets and Pronunciation).
Chapter - 3: Sambhashanegaagi Kannada Padagalu (Kannada Vocabulary for Communication).
Chapter - 4: Kannada Grammar in Conversations (Sambhashaneyalli Kannada Vyakarana).
Chapter - 5: Activities in Kannada.

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to understand Kannada and communicate in Kannada language.

¥ÀjÃPÉëAiÀÄ «zsÁ£À : ¤gÀAvÀgÀ DAvÀjPÀ ªÀiË®åªÀiÁ¥À£À - CIE **(Continuous Internal Evaluation):**
PÁ¯ÉÃdÄ ªÀÄlÖzÀ°èAiÉÄ DAvÀjPÀ ¥ÀjÃPÉëAiÀÄ£ÀÄß 100 CAPÀUÀ½UÉ «±Àé«zÁå®AiÀÄzÀ
¤AiÀÄªÀÄUÀ¼ÀÄ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¤zÉðÃ±À£ÀzÀAvÉ £ÀqÉ¸ÀvÀPÀÌzÀÄÝ.

Textbook (¥ÀoÀå¥ÀÄ¸ÀÛPÀ): ªÁåªÀºÁjPÀ PÀ£ÀßqÀ ¥ÀoÀå ¥ÀÄ¸ÀÛPÀ (Vyavaharika Kannada Text Book)

¸ÀÀA¥ÁzÀPÀgÀÄ
qÁ. J¯ï. wªÉÄäÃ±À
¥ÉÆæ. «. PÉÃ±ÀªÀªÀÄÆwð
¥ÀæPÀluÉ : ¥Àæ¸ÁgÁAUÀ, «±ÉéÃ±ÀégÀAiÀÄå vÁAwæPÀ «±Àé«zÁå®AiÀÄ, ¨É¼ÀUÁ«.

B. E. Common to all Programmes
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)
SEMESTER - III

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND CYBER LAW (CPC)

Course Code	**18CPC39/49**	CIE Marks	40
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P)	(1:0:0)	SEE Marks	60
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02

Course Learning Objectives: To

- know the fundamental political codes, structure, procedures, powers, and duties of Indian government institutions, fundamental rights, directive principles, and the duties of citizens
- Understand engineering ethics and their responsibilities; identify their individual roles and ethical responsibilities towards society.
- Know about the cybercrimes and cyber laws for cyber safety measures.

Module-1

Introduction to Indian Constitution:
The Necessity of the Constitution, The Societies before and after the Constitution adoption. Introduction to the Indian constitution, The Making of the Constitution, The Role of the Constituent Assembly - Preamble and Salient features of the Constitution of India. Fundamental Rights and its Restriction and limitations in different Complex Situations. Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP) and its present relevance in our society with examples. Fundamental Duties and its Scope and significance in Nation building.

Module-2

Union Executive and State Executive:
Parliamentary System, Federal System, Centre-State Relations. Union Executive – President, Prime Minister, Union Cabinet, Parliament - LS and RS, Parliamentary Committees, Important Parliamentary Terminologies. Supreme Court of India, Judicial Reviews and Judicial Activism. State Executives – Governor, Chief Minister, State Cabinet, State Legislature, High Court and Subordinate Courts, Special Provisions (Articles 370.371,371J) for some States.

Module-3

Elections, Amendments and Emergency Provisions:
Elections, Electoral Process, and Election Commission of India, Election Laws. Amendments - Methods in Constitutional Amendments (How and Why) and Important Constitutional Amendments. Amendments – 7,9,10,12,42,44, 61, 73,74, ,75, 86, and 91,94,95,100,101,118 and some important Case Studies. Emergency Provisions, types of Emergencies and its consequences.

Constitutional special provisions:
Special Provisions for SC and ST, OBC, Women, Children and Backward Classes.

Module-4

Professional / Engineering Ethics:
Scope & Aims of Engineering & Professional Ethics - Business Ethics, Corporate Ethics, Personal Ethics. Engineering and Professionalism, Positive and Negative Faces of Engineering Ethics, Code of Ethics as defined in the website of Institution of Engineers (India): Profession, Professionalism, and Professional Responsibility. Clash of Ethics, Conflicts of Interest. Responsibilities in Engineering Responsibilities in Engineering and Engineering Standards, the impediments to Responsibility. Trust and Reliability in Engineering, IPRs (Intellectual Property Rights), Risks, Safety and liability in Engineering

Module-5

Internet Laws, Cyber Crimes and Cyber Laws:
Internet and Need for Cyber Laws, Modes of Regulation of Internet, Types of cyber terror capability, Net neutrality, Types of Cyber Crimes, India and cyber law, Cyber Crimes and the information Technology Act 2000, Internet Censorship. Cybercrimes and enforcement agencies.

Course Outcomes: On completion of this course, students will be able to,

CO 1: Have constitutional knowledge and legal literacy.

CO 2: Understand Engineering and Professional ethics and responsibilities of Engineers.

CO 3: Understand the the cybercrimes and cyber laws for cyber safety measures.

Question paper pattern for SEE and CIE:

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored by the students will proportionately be reduced to 60. The pattern of the question paper will be objective type (MCQ).
- For the award of 40 CIE marks, refer the University regulations 2018.

Sl. No.	Title of the Book	Name of the Author/s	Name of the Publisher	Edition and Year
Textbook/s				
1	Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights	Shubham Singles, Charles E. Haries, and et al	Cengage Learning India	2018
2	Cyber Security and Cyber Laws	Alfred Basta and et al	Cengage Learning India	2018
Reference Books				
3	Introduction to the Constitution of India	Durga Das Basu	Prentice –Hall,	2008.
4	Engineering Ethics	M. Govindarajan, S. Natarajan, V. S. Senthilkumar	Prentice –Hall,	2004

B. E. Common to all Programmes
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)
SEMESTER - III

ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS – I

(Mandatory Learning Course: Common to All Programmes)
(A Bridge course for Lateral Entry students under Diploma quota to BE/B. Tech. programmes)

Course Code	**18MATDIP31**	CIE Marks	40
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P)	(2:2:0)	SEE Marks	60
Credits	**0**	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- To provide basic concepts of complex trigonometry, vector algebra, differential and integral calculus.
- To provide an insight into vector differentiation and first order ODE's.

Module-1

Complex Trigonometry: Complex Numbers: Definitions and properties. Modulus and amplitude of a complex number, Argand's diagram, De-Moivre's theorem (without proof).
Vector Algebra: Scalar and vectors. Addition and subtraction and multiplication of vectors- Dot and Cross products, problems.

Module-2

Differential Calculus: Review of successive differentiation-illustrative examples. Maclaurin's series expansions-Illustrative examples. Partial Differentiation: Euler's theorem-problems on first order derivatives only. Total derivatives-differentiation of composite functions. Jacobians of order two-Problems.

Module-3

Vector Differentiation: Differentiation of vector functions. Velocity and acceleration of a particle moving on a space curve. Scalar and vector point functions. Gradient, Divergence, Curl-simple problems. Solenoidal and irrotational vector fields-Problems.

Module-4

Integral Calculus: Review of elementary integral calculus. Reduction formulae for $\sin^n x$, $\cos^n x$ (with proof) and $\sin^m x \cos^n x$ (without proof) and evaluation of these with standard limits-Examples. Double and triple integrals-Simple examples.

Module-5

Ordinary differential equations (ODE's. Introduction-solutions of first order and first-degree differential equations: exact, linear differential equations. Equations reducible to exact and Bernoulli's equation.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO1: Apply concepts of complex numbers and vector algebra to analyze the problems arising in related area.
- CO2: Use derivatives and partial derivatives to calculate rate of change of multivariate functions.
- CO3: Analyze position, velocity and acceleration in two and three dimensions of vector valued functions.
- CO4: Learn techniques of integration including the evaluation of double and triple integrals.
- CO5: Identify and solve first order ordinary differential equations.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question will be for 20 marks.
- There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub- questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub- question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Sl No	Title of the Book	Name of the Author/s	Name of the Publisher	Edition and Year
Textbook				
1	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B. S. Grewal	Khanna Publishers	43rd Edition, 2015
Reference Books				
1	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	E. Kreyszig	John Wiley & Sons	10th Edition, 2015
2	Engineering Mathematics	N. P .Bali and Manish Goyal	Laxmi Publishers	7th Edition, 2007
3	Engineering Mathematics Vol. I	Rohit Khurana	Cengage Learning	1st Edition, 2015

B. E. COMMON TO ALL PROGRAMMES
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Outcome Based Education (OBE)
SEMESTER - IV

COMPLEX ANALYSIS, PROBABILITY AND STATISTICAL METHODS
(Common to all programmes)
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	**18MAT41**	CIE Marks	40
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P)	(2:2:0)	SEE Marks	60
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- To provide an insight into applications of complex variables, conformal mapping and special functions arising in potential theory, quantum mechanics, heat conduction and field theory.
- To develop probability distribution of discrete, continuous random variables and joint probability distribution occurring in digital signal processing, design engineering and microwave engineering.

Module-1

Calculus of complex functions: Review of function of a complex variable, limits, continuity, and differentiability. Analytic functions: Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar forms and consequences.
Construction of analytic functions: Milne-Thomson method-Problems.

Module-2

Conformal transformations: Introduction. Discussion of transformations: $w = Z^2, w = e^z, w = z + \frac{1}{z}, (z \neq 0)$.Bilinear transformations- Problems.
Complex integration: Line integral of a complex function-Cauchy's theorem and Cauchy's integral formula and problems.

Module-3

Probability Distributions: Review of basic probability theory. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass/density functions. Binomial, Poisson, exponential and normal distributions- problems (No derivation for mean and standard deviation)-Illustrative examples.

Module-4

Statistical Methods: Correlation and regression-Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and rank correlation -problems. Regression analysis- lines of regression –problems.
Curve Fitting: Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting the curves of the form-
$y = ax + b, y = ax^b$ and $y = ax^2 + bx + c$.

Module-5

Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation and covariance.
Sampling Theory: Introduction to sampling distributions, standard error, Type-I and Type-II errors. Test of hypothesis for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Use the concepts of analytic function and complex potentials to solve the problems arising in electromagnetic field theory.
- Utilize conformal transformation and complex integral arising in aerofoil theory, fluid flow visualization and image processing.
- Apply discrete and continuous probability distributions in analyzing the probability models arising in engineering field.
- Make use of the correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for the statistical data.

- Construct joint probability distributions and demonstrate the validity of testing the hypothesis.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question will be for 20 marks.
- There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub- questions) from each module.

Sl. No.	Title of the Book	Name of the Author/s	Name of the Publisher	Edition and Year
Textbooks				
1	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	E. Kreyszig	John Wiley & Sons	10^{th} Edition,2016
2	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B. S. Grewal	Khanna Publishers	44^{th} Edition, 2017
3	Engineering Mathematics	Srimanta Pal et al	Oxford University Press	3^{rd} Edition,2016
Reference Books				
1	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	C. Ray Wylie, Louis C.Barrett	McGraw-Hill	6^{th} Edition 1995
2	Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis	S.S.Sastry	Prentice Hall of India	4^{th} Edition 2010
3	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B. V. Ramana	McGraw-Hill	11^{th} Edition,2010
4	A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics	N. P. Bali and Manish Goyal	Laxmi Publications	2014
5	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	Chandrika Prasad and Reena Garg	Khanna Publishing,	2018

Web links and Video Lectures:

1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
2. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
3. http://academicearth.org/
4. VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME - 20

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Course Code	**18CS42**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS –4

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS42) will enable students to:

- Explain various computational problem solving techniques.
- Apply appropriate method to solve a given problem.
- Describe various methods of algorithm analysis.

Module 1	Contact Hours
Introduction: What is an Algorithm? **(T2:1.1),** Algorithm Specification **(T2:1.2),** Analysis Framework **(T1:2.1), Performance Analysis**: Space complexity, Time complexity **(T2:1.3)**. **Asymptotic Notations:** Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (Θ), and Little-oh notation (o), Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and recursive Algorithms with Examples **(T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4). Important Problem Types:** Sorting, Searching, String processing, Graph Problems, Combinatorial Problems. **Fundamental Data Structures:** Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and Dictionaries. **(T1:1.3,1.4).** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 2	
Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Finding the maximum and minimum **(T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4)**, Merge sort, Quick sort **(T1:4.1, 4.2)**, Strassen's matrix multiplication **(T2:3.8)**, Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. **Decrease and Conquer Approach:** Topological Sort. **(T1:5.3).** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 3	
Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines **(T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees:** Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm **(T1:9.1, 9.2)**. **Single source shortest paths:** Dijkstra's Algorithm **(T1:9.3)**. **Optimal Tree problem:** Huffman Trees and Codes **(T1:9.4)**. **Transform and Conquer Approach:** Heaps and Heap Sort **(T1:6.4)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 4	
Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs **(T2:5.1, 5.2)**. **Transitive Closure:** Warshall's Algorithm, **All Pairs Shortest Paths:** Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem **((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4)**, Bellman-Ford Algorithm **(T2:5.4)**, Travelling Sales Person problem **(T2:5.9)**, Reliability design **(T2:5.8)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 5	
Backtracking: General method **(T2:7.1)**, N-Queens problem **(T1:12.1)**, Sum of subsets problem **(T1:12.1)**, Graph coloring **(T2:7.4)**, Hamiltonian cycles **(T2:7.5)**. **Programme and Bound:** Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem **(T1:12.2)**, **0/1 Knapsack problem (T2:8.2, T1:12.2):** LC Programme and Bound solution **(T2:8.2)**, FIFO Programme and Bound solution **(T2:8.2)**. **NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems:** Basic concepts, non-	10

deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes **(T2:11.1)**. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Describe computational solution to well known problems like searching, sorting etc.
- Estimate the computational complexity of different algorithms.
- Devise an algorithm using appropriate design strategies for problem solving.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin:, 2rd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press

Reference Books:

1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms , S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education).

OPERATING SYSTEMS
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Course Code	**18CS43**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS43) will enable students to:

- Introduce concepts and terminology used in OS
- Explain threading and multithreaded systems
- Illustrate process synchronization and concept of Deadlock
- Introduce Memory and Virtual memory management, File system and storage techniques

Module 1	Contact Hours
Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments. **Operating System Services;** User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot. **Process Management** Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication **Text book 1: Chapter 1, 2.1, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor scheduling; Thread scheduling. **Process Synchronization:** Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors. **Text book 1: Chapter 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Deadlocks : Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock. **Memory Management:** Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation. **Text book 1: Chapter 7, 8.1 to 8.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing. **File System, Implementation of File System:** File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management. **Text book 1: Chapter 91. To 9.6, 10.1 to 10.5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Module 5	
Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems. **Case Study: The Linux Operating System:** Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication. **Text book 1: Chapter 12.1 to 12.6, 21.1 to 21.9** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Demonstrate need for OS and different types of OS
- Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources
- Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands
- Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

Reference Books:

1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw- Hill, 2013.
3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Course Code	**18CS44**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS44) will enable students to:

- Understand the fundamentals of ARM based systems, basic hardware components, selection methods and attributes of an embedded system.
- Program ARM controller using the various instructions
- Identify the applicability of the embedded system
- Comprehend the real time operating system used for the embedded system

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems: The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software. ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table , Core Extensions **Text book 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 1.4, Chapter 2 - 2.1 to 2.5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set : Data Processing Instructions , Programme Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions, Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants **ARM programming using Assembly language:** Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs **Text book 1: Chapter 3:Sections 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 6(Sections 6.1 to 6.6)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface (onboard and external types), Embedded firmware, Other system components. **Text book 2:Chapter 1(Sections 1.2 to 1.6),Chapter 2(Sections 2.1 to 2.6)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Embedded System Design Concepts: Characteristics and Quality Attributes of Embedded Systems, Operational quality attributes ,non-operational quality attributes, Embedded	08

Systems-Application and Domain specific, Hardware Software Co-Design and Program Modelling, embedded firmware design and development **Text book 2: Chapter-3, Chapter-4, Chapter-7 (Sections 7.1, 7.2 only), Chapter-9 (Sections 9.1, 9.2, 9.3.1, 9.3.2 only)** **RBT: L1, L2**	
Module 5	
RTOS and IDE for Embedded System Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems, Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan. **Text book 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4 , 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Describe the architectural features and instructions of ARM microcontroller
- Apply the knowledge gained for Programming ARM for different applications.
- Interface external devices and I/O with ARM microcontroller.
- Interpret the basic hardware components and their selection method based on the characteristics and attributes of an embedded system.
- Develop the hardware /software co-design and firmware design approaches.
- Demonstrate the need of real time operating system for embedded system applications

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
2. Shibu K V, “Introduction to Embedded Systems”, Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2^{nd} Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Raghunandan..G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication,2019
2. The Insider’s Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005.
3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

OBJECT ORIENTED CONCEPTS
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Course Code	**18CS45**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS45) will enable students to:

- Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA
- Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.
- Create multi-threaded programs and event handling mechanisms.
- Introduce event driven Graphical User Interface (GUI) programming using applets and swings.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to Object Oriented Concepts: A Review of structures, Procedure–Oriented Programming system, Object Oriented Programming System, Comparison of Object Oriented Language with C, Console I/O, variables and reference variables, Function Prototyping, Function Overloading. **Class and Objects:** Introduction, member functions and data, objects and functions. **Text book 1: Ch 1: 1.1 to 1.9 Ch 2: 2.1 to 2.3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Class and Objects (contd): Objects and arrays, Namespaces, Nested classes, Constructors, Destructors. **Introduction to Java**: Java's magic: the Byte code; Java Development Kit (JDK); the Java Buzzwords, Object-oriented programming; Simple Java programs. Data types, variables and arrays, Operators, Control Statements. **Text book 1:Ch 2: 2.4 to 2.6Ch 4: 4.1 to 4.2** **Text book 2: Ch:1 Ch: 2 Ch:3 Ch:4 Ch:5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Classes, Inheritance,Exception Handling: Classes: Classes fundamentals; Declaring objects; Constructors, this keyword, garbage collection. **Inheritance:** inheritance basics, using super, creating multi level hierarchy, method overriding. **Exception handling:** Exception handling in Java. **Text book 2: Ch:6 Ch: 8 Ch:10** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection,Importing Packages.Interfaces. **Multi Threaded Programming:**Multi Threaded Programming: What are threads? How to make the classes threadable ; Extending threads; Implementing runnable; Synchronization; Changing state of the thread; Bounded buffer problems, producer consumer problems. **Text book 2: CH: 9 Ch 11:** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Event Handling: Two event handling mechanisms; The delegation event model; Event classes; Sources of events; Event listener interfaces; Using the delegation event model; Adapter classes; Inner classes.	08

Swings: Swings: The origins of Swing; Two key Swing features; Components and Containers; The Swing Packages; A simple Swing Application; Create a Swing Applet; Jlabel and ImageIcon; JTextField;The Swing Buttons; JTabbedpane; JScrollPane; JList; JComboBox; JTable. **Text book 2: Ch 22: Ch: 29 Ch: 30** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA.
- Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java.
- Develop simple GUI interfaces for a computer program to interact with users, and to understand the event-based GUI handling principles using swings.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Sourav Sahay, Object Oriented Programming with C++ , 2nd Ed, Oxford University Press,2006
2. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.

Reference Books:

1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education,2008, ISBN:9788131720806
2. Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference C++, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
3. Stanley B.Lippmann, Josee Lajore, C++ Primer, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
4. Rajkumar Buyya,S Thamarasi selvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
5. Richard A Johnson, Introduction to Java Programming and OOAD, CENGAGE Learning.
6. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.

Mandatory Note: Every institute shall organize bridge course on C++, either in the vacation or in the beginning of even semester for a minimum period of ten days (2hrs/day). Maintain a copy of the report for verification during LIC visit.

Faculty can utilize open source tools to make teaching and learning more interactive.

DATA COMMUNICATION
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Course Code	**18CS46**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS46) will enable students to:

- Comprehend the transmission technique of digital data between two or more computers and a computer network that allows computers to exchange data.
- Explain with the basics of data communication and various types of computer networks;
- Demonstrate Medium Access Control protocols for reliable and noisy channels.
- Expose wireless and wired LANs.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction: Data Communications, Networks, Network Types, Internet History, Standards and Administration, **Networks Models**: Protocol Layering, TCP/IP Protocol suite, The OSI model, **Introduction to Physical Layer-1:** Data and Signals**,** Digital Signals, Transmission Impairment, Data Rate limits, Performance. **Textbook1: Ch 1.1 to 1.5, 2.1 to 2.3, 3.1, 3.3 to 3.6** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Digital Transmission: Digital to digital conversion (Only Line coding: Polar, Bipolar and Manchester coding). **Physical Layer-2:** Analog to digital conversion (only PCM), Transmission Modes, **Analog Transmission**: Digital to analog conversion. **Textbook1: Ch 4.1 to 4.3, 5.1** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Bandwidth Utilization: Multiplexing and Spread Spectrum, **Switching**: Introduction, Circuit Switched Networks and Packet switching. **Error Detection and Correction**: Introduction, Block coding, Cyclic codes, Checksum, **Textbook1: Ch 6.1, 6.2, 8.1 to 8.3, 10.1 to 10.4** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Data link control: DLC services, Data link layer protocols, Point to Point protocol (Framing, Transition phases only). **Media Access control**: Random Access, Controlled Access and Channelization, **Introduction to Data-Link Layer:** Introduction, Link-Layer Addressing, ARP **IPv4 Addressing and subnetting:** Classful and CIDR addressing, DHCP, NAT **Textbook1: Ch 9.1, 9.2, 11.1, 11.2 11.4, 12.1 to 12.3, 18.4** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Wired LANs Ethernet: Ethernet Protocol, Standard Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet and 10 Gigabit Ethernet, **Wireless LANs:** Introduction, IEEE 802.11 Project and Bluetooth. **Other wireless Networks**: Cellular Telephony	08

Textbook1: Ch 13.1 to 13.5, 15.1 to 15.3, 16.2 **RBT: L1, L2**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain the various components of data communication.
- Explain the fundamentals of digital communication and switching.
- Compare and contrast data link layer protocols.
- Summarize IEEE 802.xx standards

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking 5E, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.

Reference Books:

1. Alberto Leon-Garcia and Indra Widjaja: Communication Networks - Fundamental Concepts and Key architectures, 2nd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.
2. William Stallings: Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
3. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie: Computer Networks – A Systems Approach, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2007.
4. Nader F. Mir: Computer and Communication Networks, Pearson Education, 2007.

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Course Code	**18CSL47**	CIE Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	SEE Marks	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	Exam Hours	03

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CSL47) will enable students to:

- Design and implement various algorithms in JAVA
- Employ various design strategies for problem solving.
- Measure and compare the performance of different algorithms.

Descriptions (if any):

- Design, develop, and implement the specified algorithms for the following problems using Java language under LINUX /Windows environment. Netbeans / Eclipse or IntellijIdea Community Edition IDE tool can be used for development and demonstration.
- **Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.**

Programs List:

1.	
a.	Create a Java class called ***Student*** with the following details as variables within it. (i) USN (ii) Name (iii) Programme (iv) Phone Write a Java program to create *nStudent* objects and print the USN, Name, Programme, and Phoneof these objects with suitable headings.
b.	Write a Java program to implement the Stack using arrays. Write Push(), Pop(), and Display() methods to demonstrate its working.
2.	
a.	Design a superclass called ***Staff*** with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely ***Teaching*** (domain, publications), ***Technical*** (skills), and ***Contract*** (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 *staff* objects of all three categories.
b.	Write a Java class called ***Customer*** to store their name and date_of_birth. The date_of_birth format should be dd/mm/yyyy. Write methods to read customer data as <name, dd/mm/yyyy> and display as <name, dd, mm, yyyy> using StringTokenizer class considering the delimiter character as "/".
3.	
a.	Write a Java program to read two integers *a* and*b*. Compute *a*/*b* and print, when *b* is not zero. Raise an exception when *b* is equal to zero.
b.	Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number andprints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
4.	Sort a given set of ***n*** integer elements using **Quick Sort** method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of *n*> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus ***n***on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.
5.	Sort a given set of ***n*** integer elements using **Merge Sort** method and compute its time

	complexity. Run the program for varied values of *n*> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus ***n***on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.
6.	Implement in Java, the **0/1 Knapsack** problem using (a) Dynamic Programming method (b) Greedy method.
7.	From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using **Dijkstra's algorithm**. Write the program in Java.
8.	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Kruskal'salgorithm.** Use Union-Find algorithms in your program
9.	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Prim's algorithm**.
10.	Write Java programs to (a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using **Floyd's algorithm**. (b) Implement **Travelling Sales Person problem** using Dynamic programming.
11.	Design and implement in Java to find a **subset** of a given set **S** = {S_1, S_2,.....,S_n} of ***n*** positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer ***d***. For example, if S ={1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and ***d***= 9, there are two solutions {1,2,6}and {1,8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.
12.	Design and implement in Java to find all **Hamiltonian Cycles** in a connected undirected Graph G of *n* vertices using backtracking principle.

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Design algorithms using appropriate design techniques (brute-force, greedy, dynamic programming, etc.)
- Implement a variety of algorithms such assorting, graph related, combinatorial, etc., in a high level language.
- Analyze and compare the performance of algorithms using language features.
- Apply and implement learned algorithm design techniques and data structuresto solve real-world problems.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  - e) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - f) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – IV

Course Code	**18CSL48**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	03

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CSL48) will enable students to:

- Develop and test Program using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148
- Conduct the experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using evaluation version of Embedded 'C' & Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler.

Descriptions (if any):

Programs List:

PART A Conduct the following experiments by writing program using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 using an evaluation board/simulator and the required software tool.

1.	Write a program to multiply two 16 bit binary numbers.
2.	Write a program to find the sum of first 10 integer numbers.
3.	Write a program to find factorial of a number.
4.	Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM
5.	Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using look-up table.
6.	Write a program to find the largest/smallest number in an array of 32 numbers .
7.	Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.
8.	Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations.

PART –B Conduct the following experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using evaluation version of Embedded 'C' & Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler.

9.	Display “Hello World” message using Internal UART.
10.	Interface and Control a DC Motor.
11.	Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.
12.	Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.
13.	Interface a DAC and generate Triangular and Square waveforms.
14.	Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.
15.	Demonstrate the use of an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.
16.	Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Develop and test program using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148
- Conduct the following experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using evaluation version of Embedded 'C' & Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  g) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 =

100 Marks

h) For laboratories having PART A and PART B

   i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
   ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

B. E. Common to all Programmes Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER - IV			
ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS – II (Mandatory Learning Course: Common to All Programmes) (A Bridge course for Lateral Entry students under Diploma quota to BE/B. Tech. programmes)			
Course Code	**18MATDIP41**	CIE Marks	40
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P)	(2:1:0)	SEE Marks	60
Credits	**0**	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- To provide essential concepts of linear algebra, second & higher order differential equations along with methods to solve them.
- To provide an insight into elementary probability theory and numerical methods.

Module-1

Linear Algebra: Introduction - rank of matrix by elementary row operations - Echelon form. Consistency of system of linear equations - Gauss elimination method. Eigen values and Eigen vectors of a square matrix. Problems.

Module-2

Numerical Methods: Finite differences. Interpolation/extrapolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae (Statements only)-problems. Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations – Newton-Raphson and Regula-Falsi methods (only formulae)- Illustrative examples. Numerical integration: Simpson's one third rule and Weddle's rule (without proof) Problems.

Module-3

Higher order ODE's: Linear differential equations of second and higher order equations with constant coefficients. Homogeneous /non-homogeneous equations. Inverse differential operators.*[Particular Integral restricted to R(x)=* e^{ax}, $\sin ax / \cos ax$ *for* $f(D)y = R(x)$.]

Module-4

Partial Differential Equations (PDE's):- Formation of PDE's by elimination of arbitrary constants and functions. Solution of non-homogeneous PDE by direct integration. Homogeneous PDEs involving derivative with respect to one independent variable only.

Module-5

Probability: Introduction. Sample space and events. Axioms of probability. Addition & multiplication theorems. Conditional probability, Bayes's theorem, problems.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1: Solve systems of linear equations using matrix algebra.

CO2: Apply the knowledge of numerical methods in modelling and solving engineering problems.

CO3: Make use of analytical methods to solve higher order differential equations.

CO4: Classify partial differential equations and solve them by exact methods.

CO5: Apply elementary probability theory and solve related problems.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question will be for 20 marks.
- There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub- questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub- question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Sl No	Title of the Book	Name of the Author/s	Name of the Publisher	Edition and Year
Textbook				
1	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B.S. Grewal	Khanna Publishers	43rd Edition, 2015
Reference Books				
1	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	E. Kreyszig	John Wiley & Sons	10th Edition, 2015
2	Engineering Mathematics	N. P. Bali and Manish Goyal	Laxmi Publishers	7th Edition, 2007
3	Engineering Mathematics Vol. I	Rohit Khurana	Cengage Learning	1st Edition, 2015

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">MANAGEMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP FOR IT INDUSTRY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – V</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS51</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>2:2:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS – 03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS51) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">• Explain the principles of management, organization and entrepreneur.
• Discuss on planning, staffing, ERP and their importance
• Infer the importance of intellectual property rights and relate the institutional support</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module – 1</td><td>Contact Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Introduction - Meaning, nature and characteristics of management, scope and Functional areas of management, goals of management, levels of management, brief overview of evolution of management theories,. Planning- Nature, importance, types of plans, steps in planning, Organizing- nature and purpose, types of Organization, Staffing- meaning, process of recruitment and selection
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Directing and controlling- meaning and nature of directing, leadership styles, motivation Theories, Communication- Meaning and importance, Coordination- meaning and importance, Controlling- meaning, steps in controlling, methods of establishing control.
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Entrepreneur – meaning of entrepreneur, characteristics of entrepreneurs, classification and types of entrepreneurs, various stages in entrepreneurial process, role of entrepreneurs in economic development, entrepreneurship in India and barriers to entrepreneurship. Identification of business opportunities, market feasibility study, technical feasibility study, financial feasibility study and social feasibility study.
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Preparation of project and ERP - meaning of project, project identification, project selection, project report, need and significance of project report, contents,
formulation, guidelines by planning commission for project report, Enterprise Resource Planning: Meaning and Importance- ERP and Functional areas of Management – Marketing / Sales- Supply Chain Management – Finance and Accounting – Human Resources – Types of reports and methods of report generation
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Micro and Small Enterprises: Definition of micro and small enterprises, characteristics and advantages of micro and small enterprises, steps in establishing micro and small enterprises, Government of India indusial policy 2007 on micro and small enterprises, case study (Microsoft), Case study(Captain G R Gopinath),case study (N R Narayana Murthy & Infosys), Institutional support: MSME-DI, NSIC, SIDBI, KIADB, KSSIDC, TECSOK, KSFC, DIC and District level single window agency, Introduction to IPR.</td><td>08</td></tr>
</table>

RBT: L1, L2	
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Define management, organization, entrepreneur, planning, staffing, ERP and outline their importance in entrepreneurship • Utilize the resources available effectively through ERP • Make use of IPRs and institutional support in entrepreneurship	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Textbooks:	
1. Principles of Management -P. C. Tripathi, P. N. Reddy; Tata McGraw Hill, 4th / 6th Edition, 2010. 2. Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development & Management -Vasant Desai Himalaya Publishing House. 3. Entrepreneurship Development -Small Business Enterprises -Poornima M Charantimath Pearson Education – 2006. 4. Management and Entrepreneurship - Kanishka Bedi- Oxford University Press-2017	
Reference Books:	
1. Management Fundamentals -Concepts, Application, Skill Development Robert Lusier – Thomson. 2. Entrepreneurship Development -S S Khanka -S Chand & Co. 3. Management -Stephen Robbins -Pearson Education /PHI -17th Edition, 2003	

COMPUTER NETWORKS AND SECURITY (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – V			
Course Code	**18CS52**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –4			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS52) will enable students to:

- Demonstration of application layer protocols
- Discuss transport layer services and understand UDP and TCP protocols
- Explain routers, IP and Routing Algorithms in network layer
- Disseminate the Wireless and Mobile Networks covering IEEE 802.11 Standard
- Illustrate concepts of Multimedia Networking, Security and Network Management

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Application Layer: Principles of Network Applications: Network Application Architectures, Processes Communicating, Transport Services Available to Applications, Transport Services Provided by the Internet, Application-Layer Protocols. The Web and HTTP: Overview of HTTP, Non-persistent and Persistent Connections, HTTP Message Format, User-Server Interaction: Cookies, Web Caching, The Conditional GET, File Transfer: FTP Commands & Replies, Electronic Mail in the Internet: SMTP, Comparison with HTTP, Mail Message Format, Mail Access Protocols, DNS; The Internet's Directory Service: Services Provided by DNS, Overview of How DNS Works, DNS Records and Messages, Peer-to-Peer Applications: P2P File Distribution, Distributed Hash Tables, Socket Programming: creating Network Applications: Socket Programming with UDP, Socket Programming with TCP. **T1: Chap 2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 2	
Transport Layer : Introduction and Transport-Layer Services: Relationship Between Transport and Network Layers, Overview of the Transport Layer in the Internet, Multiplexing and Demultiplexing: Connectionless Transport: UDP,UDP Segment Structure, UDP Checksum, Principles of Reliable Data Transfer: Building a Reliable Data Transfer Protocol, Pipelined Reliable Data Transfer Protocols, Go-Back-N, Selective repeat, Connection-Oriented Transport TCP: The TCP Connection, TCP Segment Structure, Round-Trip Time Estimation and Timeout, Reliable Data Transfer, Flow Control, TCP Connection Management, Principles of Congestion Control: The Causes and the Costs of Congestion, Approaches to Congestion Control, Network-assisted congestion-control example, ATM ABR Congestion control, TCP Congestion Control: Fairness. **T1: Chap 3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 3	
The Network layer: What's Inside a Router?: Input Processing, Switching, Output Processing, Where Does Queuing Occur? Routing control plane, IPv6,A Brief foray into IP Security, Routing Algorithms: The Link-State (LS) Routing Algorithm, The Distance-Vector (DV) Routing Algorithm, Hierarchical Routing, Routing in the Internet, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: RIP, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: OSPF, Inter/AS Routing: BGP, Broadcast Routing Algorithms and Multicast. **T1: Chap 4: 4.3-4.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Module 4	
Network Security:Overview of Network Security:Elements of Network Security , Classification of Network Attacks ,Security Methods ,Symmetric-Key Cryptography :Data Encryption Standard (DES),Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) , Public-Key Cryptography :RSA Algorithm ,Diffie-Hellman Key-Exchange Protocol , Authentication :Hash Function , Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA) , Digital Signatures , Firewalls and Packet Filtering ,Packet Filtering , Proxy Server . **Textbook2: Chapter 10** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 5	
Multimedia Networking: Properties of video, properties of Audio, Types of multimedia Network Applications, Streaming stored video: UDP Streaming, HTTP Streaming, Adaptive streaming and DASH, content distribution Networks Voice-over-IP :Limitations of the Best-Effort IP Service ,Removing Jitter at the Receiver for Audio ,Recovering from Packet Loss Protocols for Real-Time Conversational Applications , RTP , SIP **Textbook11: Chap 7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain principles of application layer protocols
- Recognize transport layer services and infer UDP and TCP protocols
- Classify routers, IP and Routing Algorithms in network layer
- Understand the Wireless and Mobile Networks covering IEEE 802.11 Standard
- Describe Multimedia Networking and Network Management

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. James F Kurose and Keith W Ross, Computer Networking, A Top-Down Approach, Sixth edition, Pearson,2017 .
2. Nader F Mir, Computer and Communication Networks, 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2014.

Reference Books:

1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill, Indian Edition
2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER
3. Andrew S Tanenbaum, Computer Networks, fifth edition, Pearson
4. Mayank Dave, Computer Networks, Second edition, Cengage Learning

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – V</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS53</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:2:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>50</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS –4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS53) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">• Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.
• Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
• Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database
• Design and build database applications for real world problems.</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td>Module 1</td><td>Contact Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td>Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications. Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment. Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, examples, Specialization and Generalization.
Textbook 1:Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.10
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td>Module 2</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations. Relational Algebra: Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra. Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping. SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.
Textbook 1: Ch4.1 to 4.5, 5.1 to 5.3, 6.1 to 6.5, 8.1; Textbook 2: 3.5
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td>Module 3</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>SQL : Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database Application Development: Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop. Internet Applications: The three-Tier application architecture, The presentation layer, The Middle Tier
Textbook 1: Ch7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6, 7.5 to 7.7.
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td>Module 4</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Normalization Algorithms: Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational</td><td>10</td></tr>
</table>

Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms **Textbook 1: Ch14.1 to 14.7, 15.1 to 15.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	
Module 5	
Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL. **Concurrency Control in Databases:** Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking. **Introduction to Database Recovery Protocols:** Recovery Concepts, NO-UNDO/REDO recovery based on Deferred update, Recovery techniques based on immediate update, Shadow paging, Database backup and recovery from catastrophic failures **Textbook 1: 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7, 22.1 to 22.4, 22.7.** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS.
- Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation.
- Design and build simple database systems
- Develop application to interact with databases.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Reference Books:

1. Silberschatz Korth and Sudharshan, Database System Concepts, 6th Edition, Mc-GrawHill, 2013.
2. Coronel, Morris, and Rob, Database Principles Fundamentals of Design, Implementation and Management, Cengage Learning 2012.

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPUTABILITY (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – V			
Course Code	18CS54	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS54) will enable students to:

- Introduce core concepts in Automata and Theory of Computation
- Identify different Formal language Classes and their Relationships
- Design Grammars and Recognizers for different formal languages
- Prove or disprove theorems in automata theory using their properties
- Determine the decidability and intractability of Computational problems

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Why study the Theory of Computation, Languages and Strings: Strings, Languages. A Language Hierarchy, Computation, **Finite State Machines (FSM)**: Deterministic FSM, Regular languages, Designing FSM, Nondeterministic FSMs, From FSMs to Operational Systems, Simulators for FSMs, Minimizing FSMs, Canonical form of Regular languages, Finite State Transducers, Bidirectional Transducers. **Textbook 1: Ch 1,2, 3,4, 5.1 to 5.10** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Regular Expressions (RE): what is a RE?, Kleene's theorem, Applications of REs, Manipulating and Simplifying REs. Regular Grammars: Definition, Regular Grammars and Regular languages. Regular Languages (RL) and Non-regular Languages: How many RLs, To show that a language is regular, Closure properties of RLs, to show some languages are not RLs. **Textbook 1: Ch 6, 7, 8: 6.1 to 6.4, 7.1, 7.2, 8.1 to 8.4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Context-Free Grammars(CFG): Introduction to Rewrite Systems and Grammars, CFGs and languages, designing CFGs, simplifying CFGs, proving that a Grammar is correct, Derivation and Parse trees, Ambiguity, Normal Forms. Pushdown Automata (PDA): Definition of non-deterministic PDA, Deterministic and Non-deterministic PDAs, Non-determinism and Halting, alternative equivalent definitions of a PDA, alternatives that are not equivalent to PDA. **Textbook 1: Ch 11, 12: 11.1 to 11.8, 12.1, 12.2, 12,4, 12.5, 12.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Algorithms and Decision Procedures for CFLs: Decidable questions, Un-decidable questions. **Turing Machine**: Turing machine model, Representation, Language acceptability by TM, design of TM, Techniques for TM construction. Variants of Turing Machines (TM), The model of Linear Bounded automata. **Textbook 1: Ch 14: 14.1, 14.2, Textbook 2: Ch 9.1 to 9.8** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Decidability: Definition of an algorithm, decidability, decidable languages, Undecidable languages, halting problem of TM, Post correspondence problem. Complexity: Growth rate	08

of functions, the classes of P and NP, Quantum Computation: quantum computers, Church-Turing thesis. **Applications:** G.1 Defining syntax of programming language, Appendix J: Security **Textbook 2: 10.1 to 10.7, 12.1, 12.2, 12.8, 12.8.1, 12.8.2** **Textbook 1: Appendix: G.1(only), J.1 & J.2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Acquire fundamental understanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of Computation
- Learn how to translate between different models of Computation (e.g., Deterministic and Non-deterministic and Software models).
- Design Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative powers.
- Develop skills in formal reasoning and reduction of a problem to a formal model, with an emphasis on semantic precision and conciseness.
- Classify a problem with respect to different models of Computation.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Elaine Rich, Automata, Computability and Complexity, 1st Edition, Pearson education,2012/2013
2. K L P Mishra, N Chandrasekaran , 3rd Edition, Theory of Computer Science, PhI, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffery D Ullman, Introduction to AutomataTheory, Languages, and Computation, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2013
2. Michael Sipser : Introduction to the Theory of Computation, 3rd edition, Cengage learning,2013
3. John C Martin, Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw –Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2013
4. Peter Linz, “An Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata”, 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers, 1998
5. Basavaraj S. Anami, Karibasappa K G, Formal Languages and Automata theory, Wiley India, 2012
6. C K Nagpal, Formal Languages and Automata Theory, Oxford University press, 2012.

Faculty can utilize open source tools (like JFLAP) to make teaching and learning more interactive.

APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT USING PYTHON [(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – V			
Course Code	**18CS55**	**IA Marks**	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	**Exam Marks**	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS – 03			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS55) will enable students to

- Learn the syntax and semantics of Python programming language.
- Illustrate the process of structuring the data using lists, tuples and dictionaries.
- Demonstrate the use of built-in functions to navigate the file system.
- Implement the Object Oriented Programming concepts in Python.
- Appraise the need for working with various documents like Excel, PDF, Word and Others.

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Python Basics, Entering Expressions into the Interactive Shell, The Integer, Floating-Point, and String Data Types, String Concatenation and Replication, Storing Values in Variables, Your First Program, Dissecting Your Program,**Flow control,** Boolean Values, Comparison Operators, Boolean Operators,Mixing Boolean and Comparison Operators, Elements of Flow Control, Program Execution, Flow Control Statements, Importing Modules,Ending a Program Early with sys.exit(), **Functions,** def Statements with Parameters, Return Values and return Statements,The None Value, Keyword Arguments and print(), Local and Global Scope, The global Statement, Exception Handling, A Short Program: Guess the Number **Textbook 1: Chapters 1 – 3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Lists, The List Data Type, Working with Lists, Augmented Assignment Operators, Methods, Example Program: Magic 8 Ball with a List, List-like Types: Strings and Tuples,References, **Dictionaries and Structuring Data,** The Dictionary Data Type, Pretty Printing, Using Data Structures to Model Real-World Things, **Manipulating Strings,** Working with Strings, Useful String Methods, Project: Password Locker, Project: Adding Bullets to Wiki Markup **Textbook 1: Chapters 4 – 6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 3	
Pattern Matching with Regular Expressions, Finding Patterns of Text Without Regular Expressions, Finding Patterns of Text with Regular Expressions,More Pattern Matching with Regular Expressions, Greedy and Nongreedy Matching, The findall() Method, Character Classes, Making Your Own Character Classes, The Caret and Dollar Sign Characters, The Wildcard Character, Review of Regex Symbols, Case-Insensitive Matching, Substituting Strings with the sub() Method, Managing Complex Regexes, Combining re .IGNORECASE, re .DOTALL, and re .VERBOSE, Project: Phone Number and Email Address Extractor, **Reading and Writing Files,** Files and File Paths, The os.path Module, The File Reading/Writing Process, Saving Variables with the shelve Module,Saving Variables with the pprint.pformat() Function, Project: Generating Random Quiz Files, Project: Multiclipboard, **Organizing Files,** The shutil Module, Walking a Directory Tree, Compressing Files with the zipfile Module, Project: Renaming Files with American-Style Dates to European-Style Dates,Project: Backing Up a Folder into a ZIP File, **Debugging,** Raising Exceptions, Getting the Traceback as a String, Assertions, Logging, IDLE's Debugger. **Textbook 1: Chapters 7 – 10**	08

RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module – 4	
Classes and objects, Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Rectangles, Instances as return values, Objects are mutable, Copying, **Classes and functions,** Time, Pure functions, Modifiers, Prototyping versus planning, **Classes and methods,** Object-oriented features, Printing objects, Another example, A more complicated example,The init method, The __str__ method, Operator overloading, Type-based dispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and implementation,**Inheritance,** Card objects, Class attributes, Comparing cards, Decks, Printing the deck, Add, remove, shuffle and sort, Inheritance, Class diagrams, Data encapsulation **Textbook 2: Chapters 15 – 18** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 5	
Web Scraping, Project: MAPIT.PY with the webbrowser Module, Downloading Files from the Web with the requests Module, Saving Downloaded Files to the Hard Drive, HTML, Parsing HTML with the BeautifulSoup Module, Project: “I’m Feeling Lucky” Google Search,Project: Downloading All XKCD Comics, Controlling the Browser with the selenium Module, **Working with Excel Spreadsheets,** Excel Documents, Installing the openpyxl Module, Reading Excel Documents, Project: Reading Data from a Spreadsheet, Writing Excel Documents, Project: Updating a Spreadsheet, Setting the Font Style of Cells, Font Objects, Formulas, Adjusting Rows and Columns, Charts, **Working with PDF and Word Documents,** PDF Documents, Project: Combining Select Pages from Many PDFs, Word Documents, **Working with CSV files and JSON data,** The csv Module, Project: Removing the Header from CSV Files, JSON and APIs, The json Module, Project: Fetching Current Weather Data **Textbook 1: Chapters 11 – 14** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to	
• Demonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions. • Identify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries. • Discover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system. • Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python. • Determine the need for scraping websites and working with CSV, JSON and other file formats.	
Question paper pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions. • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Al Sweigart,**“Automate the Boring Stuff with Python”,**1st Edition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/) (Chapters 1 to 18) 2. Allen B. Downey, **“Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist”,** 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf) (Chapters 13, 15, 16, 17, 18) (Download pdf/html files from the above links)	
Reference Books:	
1. Gowrishankar S, Veena A, **“Introduction to Python Programming”,** 1st Edition, CRC Press/Taylor & Francis, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0815394372	

2. Jake VanderPlas, **“Python Data Science Handbook: Essential Tools for Working with Data”,** 1st Edition, O’Reilly Media, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-1491912058
3. Charles Dierbach, **“Introduction to Computer Science Using Python”,** 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-8126556014
4. Wesley J Chun, **“Core Python Applications Programming”,** 3rd Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-9332555365

UNIX PROGRAMMING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – V			
Course Code	**18CS56**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS – 3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS56) will enable students to

- Interpret the features of UNIX and basic commands.
- Demonstrate different UNIX files and permissions
- Implement shell programs.
- Explain UNIX process, IPC and signals.

Module 1	Contact Hours
Introduction: Unix Components/Architecture. Features of Unix. The UNIX Environment and UNIX Structure, Posix and Single Unix specification. General features of Unix commands/ command structure. Command arguments and options. Basic Unix commands such as echo, printf, ls, who, date,passwd, cal, Combining commands. Meaning of Internal and external commands. The type command: knowing the type of a command and locating it. The root login. Becoming the super user: su command. **Unix files:** Naming files. Basic file types/categories. Organization of files. Hidden files. Standard directories. Parent child relationship. The home directory and the HOME variable. Reaching required files- the PATH variable, manipulating the PATH, Relative and absolute pathnames. Directory commands – pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir commands. The dot (.) and double dots (..) notations to represent present and parent directories and their usage in relative path names. File related commands – cat, mv, rm, cp, wc and od commands. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
File attributes and permissions: The ls command with options. Changing file permissions: the relative and absolute permissions changing methods. Recursively changing file permissions. Directory permissions. **The shells interpretive cycle:** Wild cards. Removing the special meanings of wild cards. Three standard files and redirection. **Connecting commands:** Pipe. Basic and Extended regular expressions. The grep, egrep. Typical examples involving different regular expressions. **Shell programming:** Ordinary and environment variables. The .profile. Read and readonly commands. Command line arguments. exit and exit status of a command. Logical operators for conditional execution. The test command and its shortcut. The if, while, for and case control statements. The set and shift commands and handling positional parameters. The here (<<) document and trap command. Simple shell program examples. **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
UNIX File APIs: General File APIs, File and Record Locking, Directory File APIs, Device File APIs, FIFO File APIs, Symbolic Link File APIs. **UNIX Processes and Process Control:** **The Environment of a UNIX Process:** Introduction, main function, Process Termination, Command-Line Arguments, Environment List, Memory Layout of a C Program, Shared Libraries, Memory Allocation, Environment Variables, setjmp and longjmp Functions, getrlimit, setrlimit Functions, UNIX Kernel Support for Processes. **Process Control:** Introduction, Process Identifiers, fork, vfork, exit, wait, waitpid, wait3,	08

wait4 Functions, Race Conditions, exec Functions **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	
Module 4	
Changing User IDs and Group IDs, Interpreter Files, system Function, Process Accounting, User Identification, Process Times, I/O Redirection. **Overview of IPC Methods**, Pipes, popen, pclose Functions, Coprocesses, FIFOs, System V IPC, Message Queues, Semaphores. **Shared Memory**, Client-Server Properties, Stream Pipes, Passing File Descriptors, An Open Server-Version 1, Client-Server Connection Functions. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Signals and Daemon Processes: Signals: The UNIX Kernel Support for Signals, signal, Signal Mask, sigaction, The SIGCHLD Signal and the waitpid Function, The sigsetjmp and siglongjmp Functions, Kill, Alarm, Interval Timers, POSIX.lb Timers. Daemon Processes: Introduction, Daemon Characteristics, Coding Rules, Error Logging, Client-Server Model. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain Unix Architecture, File system and use of Basic Commands
- Illustrate Shell Programming and to write Shell Scripts
- Categorize, compare and make use of Unix System Calls
- Build an application/service over a Unix system.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Sumitabha Das., Unix Concepts and Applications., 4^{th}Edition., Tata McGraw Hill (Chapter 1,2 ,3,4,5,6,8,13,14)
2. W. Richard Stevens: Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005 (Chapter 3,7,8,10,13,15)
3. Unix System Programming Using C++ - Terrence Chan, PHI, 1999. (Chapter 7,8,9,10)

Reference Books:

1. M.G. Venkatesh Murthy: UNIX & Shell Programming**,** Pearson Education.
2. Richard Blum , Christine Bresnahan : Linux Command Line and Shell Scripting Bible, 2ndEdition, Wiley,2014.

Faculty can utilize open source tools to make teaching and learning more interactive.

COMPUTER NETWORK LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – V

Course Code	**18CSL57**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	03

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CSL57) will enable students to:

- Demonstrate operation of network and its management commands
- Simulate and demonstrate the performance of GSM and CDMA
- Implement data link layer and transport layer protocols.

Descriptions (if any):

- For the experiments below modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude. Use NS2/NS3.
- **Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.**

Programs List:

PART A

1.	Implement three nodes point – to – point network with duplex links between them. Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth and find the number of packets dropped.
2.	Implement transmission of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 nodes and find the number of packets dropped due to congestion.
3.	Implement an Ethernet LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion window for different source / destination.
4.	Implement simple ESS and with transmitting nodes in wire-less LAN by simulation and determine the performance with respect to transmission of packets.
5.	Implement and study the performance of GSM on NS2/NS3 (Using MAC layer) or equivalent environment.
6.	Implement and study the performance of CDMA on NS2/NS3 (Using stack called Call net) or equivalent environment

PART B (Implement the following in Java)

7.	Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).
8.	Write a program to find the shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.
9.	Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client – server program to make the client send the file name and to make the server send back the contents of the requested file if present.
10.	Write a program on datagram socket for client/server to display the messages on client side, typed at the server side.
11.	Write a program for simple RSA algorithm to encrypt and decrypt the data.
12.	Write a program for congestion control using leaky bucket algorithm.

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Analyze and Compare various networking protocols.
- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of networking.
- Implement, analyze and evaluate networking protocols in NS2 / NS3 and JAVA programming language

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution

- For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
- For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.

- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  - i) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - j) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

DBMS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – V			
Course Code	**18CSL58**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	03
Credits – 2			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CSL58) will enable students to:

- Foundation knowledge in database concepts, technology and practice to groom students into well-informed database application developers.
- Strong practice in SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
- Develop database applications using front-end tools and back-end DBMS.

Descriptions (if any):

PART-A: SQL Programming (Max. Exam Mks. 50)

- Design, develop, and implement the specified queries for the following problems using Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Server, or any other DBMS under LINUX/Windows environment.
- Create Schema and insert at least 5 records for each table. Add appropriate database constraints.

PART-B: Mini Project (Max. Exam Mks. 30)

- Use Java, C#, PHP, Python, or any other similar front-end tool. All applications must be demonstrated on desktop/laptop as a stand-alone or web based application (Mobile apps on Android/IOS are not permitted.)

Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.

Programs List:

PART A

1.	Consider the following schema for a Library Database: BOOK(<u>Book_id</u>, Title, Publisher_Name, Pub_Year) BOOK_AUTHORS(<u>Book_id</u>, Author_Name) PUBLISHER(<u>Name</u>, Address, Phone) BOOK_COPIES(<u>Book_id</u>, <u>Programme_id</u>, No-of_Copies) BOOK_LENDING(<u>Book_id</u>, <u>Programme_id</u>, <u>Card_No</u>, Date_Out, Due_Date) LIBRARY_PROGRAMME(<u>Programme_id</u>, Programme_Name, Address) Write SQL queries to 1. Retrieve details of all books in the library – id, title, name of publisher, authors, number of copies in each Programme, etc. 2. Get the particulars of borrowers who have borrowed more than 3 books, but from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017. 3. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this data manipulation operation. 4. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working with a simple query. **5.** Create a view of all books and its number of copies that are currently available in the Library.
2.	Consider the following schema for Order Database: SALESMAN(<u>Salesman_id</u>, Name, City, Commission) CUSTOMER(<u>Customer_id</u>, Cust_Name, City, Grade, Salesman_id) ORDERS(<u>Ord_No</u>, Purchase_Amt, Ord_Date, Customer_id, Salesman_id) Write SQL queries to 1. Count the customers with grades above Bangalore's average.

	2. Find the name and numbers of all salesman who had more than one customer. 3. List all the salesman and indicate those who have and don’t have customers in their cities (Use UNION operation.) 4. Create a view that finds the salesman who has the customer with the highest order of a day. 5. Demonstrate the DELETE operation by removing salesman with id 1000. All his orders must also be deleted.
3.	Consider the schema for Movie Database: ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender) DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone) MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id) MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role) RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars) Write SQL queries to 1. List the titles of all movies directed by ‘Hitchcock’. 2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies. 3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015 (use JOIN operation). 4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title. 5. Update rating of all movies directed by ‘Steven Spielberg’ to 5.
4.	Consider the schema for College Database: STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender) SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec) CLASS(USN, SSID) COURSE(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits) IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA) Write SQL queries to 1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester ‘C’ section. 2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each section. 3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN ‘1BI15CS101’ in all Courses. 4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table for all students. 5. Categorize students based on the following criterion: If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = ‘Outstanding’ If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = ‘Average’ If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = ‘Weak’ Give these details only for 8^{th} semester A, B, and C section students.
5.	Consider the schema for Company Database: EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo) DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate) DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc) PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo) WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours) Write SQL queries to 1. Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is ‘Scott’, either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project. 2. Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the ‘IoT’ project is

	given a 10 percent raise. 3. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department 4. Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlledby department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator). 5. For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs. 6,00,000.
PART B: Mini Project	
•	For any problem selected
•	Make sure that the application should have five or more tables
•	Indicative areas include; health care

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Create, Update and query on the database.
- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS
- Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  k) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  l) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
     i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
     ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

B. E. COMMON TO ALL PROGRAMMES
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Outcome Based Education (OBE)
SEMESTER – V

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Course Code	**18CIV59**	CIE Marks	40
Teaching Hours / Week (L:T:P)	(1:0:0)	SEE Marks	60
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02

Module - 1

Ecosystems (Structure and Function): Forest, Desert, Wetlands, Riverine, Oceanic and Lake.
Biodiversity: Types, Value; Hot-spots; Threats and Conservation of biodiversity, Forest Wealth, and Deforestation.

Module - 2

Advances in Energy Systems (Merits, Demerits, Global Status and Applications)**:** Hydrogen, Solar, OTEC, Tidal and Wind.
Natural Resource Management (Concept and case-studies): Disaster Management, Sustainable Mining, Cloud Seeding, and Carbon Trading.

Module - 3

Environmental Pollution (Sources, Impacts, Corrective and Preventive measures, Relevant Environmental Acts, Case-studies)**:** Surface and Ground Water Pollution; Noise pollution; Soil Pollution and Air Pollution.
Waste Management & Public Health Aspects: Bio-medical Wastes; Solid waste; Hazardous wastes; E-wastes; Industrial and Municipal Sludge.

Module - 4

Global Environmental Concerns (Concept, policies and case-studies):Ground water depletion/recharging, Climate Change; Acid Rain; Ozone Depletion; Radon and Fluoride problem in drinking water; Resettlement and rehabilitation of people, Environmental Toxicology.

Module - 5

Latest Developments in Environmental Pollution Mitigation Tools (Concept and Applications): G.I.S. & Remote Sensing, Environment Impact Assessment, Environmental Management Systems, ISO14001; Environmental Stewardship- NGOs.
Field work: Visit to an Environmental Engineering Laboratory or Green Building or Water Treatment Plant or Waste water treatment Plant; ought to be Followed by understanding of process and its brief documentation.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the principles of ecology and environmental issues that apply to air, land, and water issues on a global scale,
- CO2: Develop critical thinking and/or observation skills, and apply them to the analysis of a problem or question related to the environment.
- CO3: Demonstrate ecology knowledge of a complex relationship between biotic and abiotic components.
- CO4: Apply their ecological knowledge to illustrate and graph a problem and describe the realities that managers face when dealing with complex issues.

Question paper pattern:

- The Question paper will have 100 objective questions.
- Each question will be for 01 marks
- Student will have to answer all the questions in an OMR Sheet.
- The Duration of Exam will be 2 hours.

Sl. No.	Title of the Book	Name of the Author/s	Name of the Publisher	Edition and Year
Textbook/s				

1	Environmental Studies	Benny Joseph	Tata Mc Graw – Hill.	2nd Edition, 2012
2.	Environmental Studies	S M Prakash	Pristine Publishing House, Mangalore	3rd Edition, 2018
3	Environmental Studies – From Crisis to Cure	R Rajagopalan	Oxford Publisher	2005
Reference Books				
1	Principals of Environmental Science and Engineering	Raman Sivakumar	Cengage learning, Singapur.	2nd Edition, 2005
2	Environmental Science – working with the Earth	G.Tyler Miller Jr.	Thomson Brooks /Cole,	11th Edition, 2006
3	Text Book of Environmental and Ecology	Pratiba Sing, Anoop Singh& Piyush Malaviya	Acme Learning Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.	1st Edition

SYSTEM SOFTWARE AND COMPILERS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Course Code	**18CS61**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –4			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS61) will enable students to:

- Define System Software.
- Familiarize with source file, object file and executable file structures and libraries
- Describe the front-end and back-end phases of compiler and their importance to students

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to System Software, Machine Architecture of SIC and SIC/XE. **Assemblers:** Basic assembler functions, machine dependent assembler features, machine independent assembler features, assembler design options. Basic Loader Functions **Text book 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2,1.3.1,1.3.2, Chapter2 : 2.1 to 2.4, Chapter 3 ,3.1** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 2	
Introduction: Language Processors, The structure of a compiler, The evaluation of programming languages, The science of building compiler, Applications of compiler technology. **Lexical Analysis:** The role of lexical analyzer, Input buffering, Specifications of token, recognition of tokens. **Text book 2:Chapter 1 1.1-1.5 Chapter 3: 3.1 – 3.4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 3	
Syntax Analysis: Introduction, Context Free Grammars, Writing a grammar, Top Down Parsers, Bottom-Up Parsers **Text book 2: Chapter 4 4.1, 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 4	
Lex and Yacc –The Simplest Lex Program, Grammars, Parser-Lexer Communication, A YACC Parser, The Rules Section, Running LEX and YACC, LEX and Hand- Written Lexers, Using LEX - Regular Expression, Examples of Regular Expressions, A Word Counting Program, Using YACC – Grammars, Recursive Rules, Shift/Reduce Parsing, What YACC Cannot Parse, A YACC Parser - The Definition Section, The Rules Section, The LEXER, Compiling and Running a Simple Parser, Arithmetic Expressions and Ambiguity. **Text book 3: Chapter 1,2 and 3.** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 5	
Syntax Directed Translation, Intermediate code generation, Code generation **Text book 2: Chapter 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 6.1, 6.2, 8.1, 8.2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain system software
- Design and develop lexical analyzers, parsers and code generators
- Utilize lex and yacc tools for implementing different concepts of system software

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. System Software by Leland. L. Beck, D Manjula, 3rd edition, 2012
2. Alfred V Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman , Compilers-Principles, Techniques and Tools, Pearson, 2nd edition, 2007
3. Doug Brown, John Levine, Tony Mason, lex & yacc, O'Reilly Media, October 2012.

Reference Books:

1. Systems programming – Srimanta Pal , Oxford university press, 2016
2. System programming and Compiler Design, K C Louden, Cengage Learning
3. System software and operating system by D. M. Dhamdhere TMG
4. Compiler Design, K Muneeswaran, Oxford University Press 2013.

COMUTER GRAPHICS AND VISUALIZATION **(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)** **SEMESTER – VI**			
Course Code	**18CS62**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –4			
Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS62) will enable students to:			

- Explain hardware, software and OpenGL Graphics Primitives.
- Illustrate interactive computer graphic using the OpenGL.
- Design and implementation of algorithms for 2D graphics Primitives and attributes.
- Demonstrate Geometric transformations, viewing on both 2D and 3D objects.
- Infer the representation of curves, surfaces, Color and Illumination models

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Overview: Computer Graphics and OpenGL: Computer Graphics: Basics of computer graphics, Application of Computer Graphics, Video Display Devices: Random Scan and Raster Scan displays, graphics software. OpenGL: Introduction to OpenGL ,coordinate reference frames, specifying two-dimensional world coordinate reference frames in OpenGL, OpenGL point functions, OpenGL line functions, point attributes, line attributes, curve attributes, OpenGL point attribute functions, OpenGL line attribute functions, Line drawing algorithms(DDA, Bresenham's), circle generation algorithms (Bresenham's). **Text-1:Chapter -1: 1-1 to 1-9, 2-1(page 39 to 41),2.8,2.9,3-1 to 3-5,3-9,3-20** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 2	
Fill area Primitives, 2D Geometric Transformations and 2D viewing: Fill area Primitives: Polygon fill-areas, OpenGL polygon fill area functions, fill area attributes, general scan line polygon fill algorithm, OpenGL fill-area attribute functions. 2DGeometric Transformations: Basic 2D Geometric Transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates. Inverse transformations, 2DComposite transformations, other 2D transformations, raster methods for geometric transformations, OpenGL raster transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations function, 2D viewing: 2D viewing pipeline, OpenGL 2D viewing functions. **Text-1:Chapter 3-14 to 3-16,4-9,4-10,4-14,5-1 to 5-7,5-17,6-1,6-4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 3	
Clipping,3D Geometric Transformations, Color and Illumination Models: Clipping: clipping window, normalization and viewport transformations, clipping algorithms,2D point clipping, 2D line clipping algorithms: cohen-sutherland line clipping only -polygon fill area clipping: Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm only.3DGeometric Transformations: 3D translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, affine transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions. Color Models: Properties of light, color models, RGB and CMY color models. Illumination Models: Light sources, basic illumination models-Ambient light, diffuse reflection, specular and phong model, Corresponding openGL functions. **Text-1:Chapter :6-2 to 6-08 (Excluding 6-4),5-9 to 5-17(Excluding 5-15),12-1,12-2,12-4,12-6,10-1,10-3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 4	
3D Viewing and Visible Surface Detection: 3DViewing:3D viewing concepts, 3D viewing	10

<table>
<tr><td>pipeline, 3D viewing coordinate parameters , Transformation from world to viewing coordinates, Projection transformation, orthogonal projections, perspective projections, The viewport transformation and 3D screen coordinates. OpenGL 3D viewing functions. Visible Surface Detection Methods: Classification of visible surface Detection algorithms, depth buffer method only and OpenGL visibility detection functions.
Text-1:Chapter: 7-1 to 7-10(Excluding 7-7), 9-1,9-3, 9-14
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Module 5</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Input& interaction, Curves and Computer Animation: Input and Interaction: Input devices, clients and servers, Display Lists, Display Lists and Modeling, Programming Event Driven Input, Menus Picking, Building Interactive Models, Animating Interactive programs, Design of Interactive programs, Logic operations .Curved surfaces, quadric surfaces, OpenGL Quadric-Surface and Cubic-Surface Functions, Bezier Spline Curves, Bezier surfaces, OpenGL curve functions. Corresponding openGL functions.
Text-1:Chapter :8-3 to 8-6 (Excluding 8-5),8-9,8-10,8-11,3-8,8-18,13-11,3-2,13-3,13-4,13-10
Text-2:Chapter 3: 3-1 to 3.11: Input& interaction
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>10</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">• Design and implement algorithms for 2D graphics primitives and attributes.
• Illustrate Geometric transformations on both 2D and 3D objects.
• Apply concepts of clipping and visible surface detection in 2D and 3D viewing, and Illumination Models.
• Decide suitable hardware and software for developing graphics packages using OpenGL.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Question Paper Pattern:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">• The question paper will have ten questions.
• Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
• There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
• Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
• The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Textbooks:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">1. Donald Hearn & Pauline Baker: Computer Graphics with OpenGL Version,3^{rd} / 4^{th} Edition, Pearson Education,2011
2. Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5^{th} edition. Pearson Education, 2008</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Reference Books:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">1. James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: pearson education
2. Xiang, Plastock : Computer Graphics , sham’s outline series, 2^{nd} edition, TMG.
3. Kelvin Sung, Peter Shirley, steven Baer : Interactive Computer Graphics, concepts and applications, Cengage Learning
4. M M Raikar & Shreedhara K S Computer Graphics using OpenGL, Cengage publication</td></tr>
</table>

WEB TECHNOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATIONS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Course Code	**18CS63**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –4			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS63) will enable students to:

- Illustrate the Semantic Structure of HTML and CSS
- Compose forms and tables using HTML and CSS
- Design Client-Side programs using JavaScript and Server-Side programs using PHP
- Infer Object Oriented Programming capabilities of PHP
- Examine JavaScript frameworks such as jQuery and Backbone

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to HTML, What is HTML and Where did it come from?, HTML Syntax, Semantic Markup, Structure of HTML Documents, Quick Tour of HTML Elements, HTML5 Semantic Structure Elements, Introduction to CSS, What is CSS, CSS Syntax, Location of Styles, Selectors, The Cascade: How Styles Interact, The Box Model, CSS Text Styling. **Textbook 1: Ch. 2, 3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 2	
HTML Tables and Forms, Introducing Tables, Styling Tables, Introducing Forms, Form Control Elements, Table and Form Accessibility, Microformats, Advanced CSS: Layout, Normal Flow, Positioning Elements, Floating Elements, Constructing Multicolumn Layouts, Approaches to CSS Layout, Responsive Design, CSS Frameworks. **Textbook 1: Ch. 4,5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 3	
JavaScript: Client-Side Scripting, What is JavaScript and What can it do?, JavaScript Design Principles, Where does JavaScript Go?, Syntax, JavaScript Objects, The Document Object Model (DOM), JavaScript Events, Forms, Introduction to Server-Side Development with PHP, What is Server-Side Development, A Web Server's Responsibilities, Quick Tour of PHP, Program Control, Functions **Textbook 1: Ch. 6, 8** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 4	
PHP Arrays and Superglobals, Arrays, $_GET and $_POST Superglobal Arrays, $_SERVER Array, $_Files Array, Reading/Writing Files, PHP Classes and Objects, Object-Oriented Overview, Classes and Objects in PHP, Object Oriented Design, Error Handling and Validation, What are Errors and Exceptions?, PHP Error Reporting, PHP Error and Exception Handling **Textbook 1: Ch. 9, 10** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 5	
Managing State, The Problem of State in Web Applications, Passing Information via Query Strings, Passing Information via the URL Path, Cookies, Serialization, Session State, HTML5 Web Storage, Caching, Advanced JavaScript and jQuery, JavaScript Pseudo-Classes, jQuery Foundations, AJAX, Asynchronous File Transmission, Animation, Backbone	10

MVC Frameworks, XML Processing and Web Services, XML Processing, JSON, Overview of Web Services. **Textbook 1: Ch. 13, 15,17** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Adapt HTML and CSS syntax and semantics to build web pages.
- Construct and visually format tables and forms using HTML and CSS
- Develop Client-Side Scripts using JavaScript and Server-Side Scripts using PHP to generate and display the contents dynamically.
- Appraise the principles of object oriented development using PHP
- Inspect JavaScript frameworks like jQuery and Backbone which facilitates developer to focus on core features.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Randy Connolly, Ricardo Hoar, **"Fundamentals of Web Development",** 1st Edition, Pearson Education India. (**ISBN:**978-9332575271)

Reference Books:

1. Robin Nixon, **"Learning PHP, MySQL &JavaScript with jQuery, CSS and HTML5",** 4th Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2015. (**ISBN:**978-9352130153)
2. Luke Welling, Laura Thomson, **"PHP and MySQL Web Development",** 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2016. (**ISBN:**978-9332582736)
3. Nicholas C Zakas, **"Professional JavaScript for Web Developers",** 3rd Edition, Wrox/Wiley India, 2012. (**ISBN:**978-8126535088)
4. David Sawyer Mcfarland, **"JavaScript & jQuery: The Missing Manual",** 1st Edition, O'Reilly/Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2014

Mandatory Note:

Distribution of CIE Marks is a follows (Total 40 Marks):

- 20 Marks through IA Tests
- 20 Marks through practical assessmen

Maintain a copy of the report for verification during LIC visit.

Posssible list of practicals:

1. Write a JavaScript to design a simple calculator to perform the following operations: sum, product, difference and quotient.
2. Write a JavaScript that calculates the squares and cubes of the numbers from 0 to 10 and outputs HTML text that displays the resulting values in an HTML table format.
3. Write a JavaScript code that displays text "TEXT-GROWING" with increasing font size in the interval of 100ms in RED COLOR, when the font size reaches 50pt it displays "TEXT-SHRINKING" in BLUE color. Then the font size decreases to 5pt.
4. Develop and demonstrate a HTML5 file that includes JavaScript script that uses functions for the following problems:
   a. Parameter: A string
   b. Output: The position in the string of the left-most vowel

c. Parameter: A number

d. Output: The number with its digits in the reverse order

5. Design an XML document to store information about a student in an engineering college affiliated to VTU. The information must include USN, Name, and Name of the College, Programme, Year of Joining, and email id. Make up sample data for 3 students. Create a CSS style sheet and use it to display the document.
6. Write a PHP program to keep track of the number of visitors visiting the web page and to display this count of visitors, with proper headings.
7. Write a PHP program to display a digital clock which displays the current time of the server.
8. Write the PHP programs to do the following:

   a. Implement simple calculator operations.

   b. Find the transpose of a matrix.

   c. Multiplication of two matrices.

   d. Addition of two matrices.
9. Write a PHP program named states.py that declares a variable states with value "Mississippi Alabama Texas Massachusetts Kansas". write a PHP program that does the following:
   a. Search for a word in variable states that ends in xas. Store this word in element 0 of a list named statesList.
   b. Search for a word in states that begins with k and ends in s. Perform a case-insensitive comparison. [Note: Passing re.Ias a second parameter to method compile performs a case-insensitive comparison.] Store this word in element1 of statesList.
   c. Search for a word in states that begins with M and ends in s. Store this word in element 2 of the list.
   d. Search for a word in states that ends in a. Store this word in element 3 of the list.
10. Write a PHP program to sort the student records which are stored in the database using selection sort.

<table>
<tr><td colspan="5" align="center">DATA MINING AND DATA WAREHOUSING
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS641</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td colspan="2">40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td colspan="2">60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td colspan="2">03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5" align="center">CREDITS –3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS641) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Define multi-dimensional data models.
Explain rules related to association, classification and clustering analysis.
Compare and contrast between different classification and clustering algorithms</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 1</td><td>Contact Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Data Warehousing & modeling: Basic Concepts: Data Warehousing: A multitier Architecture, Data warehouse models: Enterprise warehouse, Data mart and virtual warehouse, Extraction, Transformation and loading, Data Cube: A multidimensional data model, Stars, Snowflakes and Fact constellations: Schemas for multidimensional Data models, Dimensions: The role of concept Hierarchies, Measures: Their Categorization and computation, Typical OLAP Operations
Textbook 2: Ch.4.1,4.2
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 2</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Data warehouse implementation& Data mining: Efficient Data Cube computation: An overview, Indexing OLAP Data: Bitmap index and join index, Efficient processing of OLAP Queries, OLAP server Architecture ROLAP versus MOLAP Versus HOLAP. : Introduction: What is data mining, Challenges, Data Mining Tasks, Data: Types of Data, Data Quality, Data Preprocessing, Measures of Similarity and Dissimilarity.
Textbook 2: Ch.4.4
Textbook 1: Ch.1.1,1.2,1.4, 2.1 to 2.4
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 3</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Association Analysis: Association Analysis: Problem Definition, Frequent Item set Generation, Rule generation. Alternative Methods for Generating Frequent Item sets, FP-Growth Algorithm, Evaluation of Association Patterns.
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.7 (Excluding 6.4)
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 4</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Classification: Decision Trees Induction, Method for Comparing Classifiers, Rule Based Classifiers, Nearest Neighbor Classifiers, Bayesian Classifiers.
Textbook 1: Ch 4.3,4.6,5.1,5.2,5.3
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 5</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Clustering Analysis: Overview, K-Means, Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering, DBSCAN, Cluster Evaluation, Density-Based Clustering, Graph-Based Clustering, Scalable Clustering Algorithms.
Textbook 1: Ch 8.1 to 8.5, 9.3 to 9.5
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :</td></tr>
</table>

- Identify data mining problems and implement the data warehouse
- Write association rules for a given data pattern.
- Choose between classification and clustering solution.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar: Introduction to Data Mining, Pearson, First impression,2014.
2. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, Jian Pei: Data Mining -Concepts and Techniques, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publisher, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. Sam Anahory, Dennis Murray: Data Warehousing in the Real World, Pearson,Tenth Impression,2012.
2. Michael.J.Berry,Gordon.S.Linoff: Mastering Data Mining , Wiley Edition, second edtion,2012.

OBJECT ORIENTED MODELING AND DESIGN (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Course Code	**18CS642**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS642) will enable students to:

- Describe the concepts involved in Object-Oriented modelling and their benefits.
- Demonstrate concept of use-case model, sequence model and state chart model for a given problem.
- Explain the facets of the unified process approach to design and build a Software system.
- Translate the requirements into implementation for Object Oriented design.
- Choose an appropriate design pattern to facilitate development procedure.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Advanced object and class concepts; Association ends; N-ary associations; Aggregation; Abstract classes; Multiple inheritance; Metadata; Reification; Constraints; Derived Data; Packages. State Modeling: Events, States, Transistions and Conditions, State Diagrams, State diagram behaviour. **Text Book-1: 4, 5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
UseCase Modelling and Detailed Requirements: Overview; Detailed object-oriented Requirements definitions; System Processes-A use case/Scenario view; Identifying Input and outputs-The System sequence diagram; Identifying Object Behaviour-The state chart Diagram; Integrated Object-oriented Models. **Text Book-2:Chapter- 6:Page 210 to 250** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Process Overview, System Conception and Domain Analysis: Process Overview: Development stages; Development life Cycle; System Conception: Devising a system concept; elaborating a concept; preparing a problem statement. Domain Analysis: Overview of analysis; Domain Class model: Domain state model; Domain interaction model; Iterating the analysis. **Text Book-1:Chapter- 10,11,and 12**	08
Module 4	
Use case Realization :The Design Discipline within up iterations: Object Oriented Design-The Bridge between Requirements and Implementation; Design Classes and Design within Class Diagrams; Interaction Diagrams-Realizing Use Case and defining methods; Designing with Communication Diagrams; Updating the Design Class Diagram; Package Diagrams-Structuring the Major Components; Implementation Issues for Three-Layer Design. **Text Book-2: Chapter 8: page 292 to 346** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Design Patterns: Introduction; what is a design pattern?, Describing design patterns, the catalogue of design patterns, Organizing the catalogue, How design patterns solve design problems, how to select a design patterns, how to use a design pattern; Creational patterns: prototype and singleton (only); structural patterns adaptor and proxy (only).	08

Text Book-3: Ch-1: 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8,Ch-3,Ch-4. **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Describe the concepts of object-oriented and basic class modelling.
- Draw class diagrams, sequence diagrams and interaction diagrams to solve problems.
- Choose and apply a befitting design pattern for the given problem.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

3. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2005
4. Satzinger, Jackson and Burd: Object-Oriented Analysis & Design with the Unified Process, Cengage Learning, 2005.
5. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson and john Vlissides: Design Patterns –Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software, Pearson Education,2007.

Reference Books:

1. Grady Booch et. al.: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications,3rd Edition,Pearson Education,2007.
2. 2.Frank Buschmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert, Peter Sommerlad, Michel Stal: Pattern –Oriented Software Architecture. A system of patterns , Volume 1, John Wiley and Sons.2007.
3. 3. Booch, Jacobson, Rambaugh : Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3rd edition, pearson, Reprint 2013

CLOUD COMPUTING AND ITS APPLICATIONS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Course Code	**18CS643**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS643) will enable students to:

- Explain the fundamentals of cloud computing
- Illustrate the cloud application programming and aneka platform
- Contrast different cloud platforms used in industry

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, The Vision of Cloud Computing, Defining a Cloud, A Closer Look, Cloud Computing Reference Model, Characteristics and Benefits, Challenges Ahead, Historical Developments, Distributed Systems, Virtualization, Web 2.0, Service-Oriented Computing, Utility-Oriented Computing, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Application Development, Infrastructure and System Development, Computing Platforms and Technologies, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka Virtualization, Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization, Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology Examples Xen: Paravirtualization, VMware: Full Virtualization, Microsoft Hyper-V **Textbook 1: Ch. 1,3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Cloud Computing Architecture, Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Architecture, Infrastructure / Hardware as a Service, Platform as a Service, Software as a Service, Types of Clouds, Public Clouds, Private Clouds, Hybrid Clouds, Community Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges, Cloud Definition, Cloud Interoperability and Standards Scalability and Fault Tolerance Security, Trust, and Privacy Organizational Aspects Aneka: Cloud Application Platform, Framework Overview, Anatomy of the Aneka Container, From the Ground Up: Platform Abstraction Layer, Fabric Services, foundation Services, Application Services, Building Aneka Clouds, Infrastructure Organization, Logical Organization, Private Cloud Deployment Mode, Public Cloud Deployment Mode, Hybrid Cloud Deployment Mode, Cloud Programming and Management, Aneka SDK, Management Tools **Textbook 1: Ch. 4,5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Concurrent Computing: Thread Programming, Introducing Parallelism for Single Machine Computation, Programming Applications with Threads, What is a Thread?, Thread APIs, Techniques for Parallel Computation with Threads, Multithreading with Aneka, Introducing the Thread Programming Model, Aneka Thread vs. Common Threads, Programming Applications with Aneka Threads, Aneka Threads Application Model, Domain Decomposition: Matrix Multiplication, Functional Decomposition: Sine, Cosine, and Tangent. High-Throughput Computing: Task Programming, Task Computing, Characterizing a Task,	08

Computing Categories, Frameworks for Task Computing, Task-based Application Models, Embarrassingly Parallel Applications, Parameter Sweep Applications, MPI Applications, Workflow Applications with Task Dependencies, Aneka Task-Based Programming, Task Programming Model, Developing Applications with the Task Model, Developing Parameter Sweep Application, Managing Workflows. **Textbook 1: Ch. 6, 7** **RBT: L1, L2**	
Module 4	
Data Intensive Computing: Map-Reduce Programming, What is Data-Intensive Computing?, Characterizing Data-Intensive Computations, Challenges Ahead, Historical Perspective, Technologies for Data-Intensive Computing, Storage Systems, Programming Platforms, Aneka MapReduce Programming, Introducing the MapReduce Programming Model, Example Application **Textbook 1: Ch. 8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Cloud Platforms in Industry, Amazon Web Services, Compute Services, Storage Services, Communication Services, Additional Services, Google AppEngine, Architecture and Core Concepts, Application Life-Cycle, Cost Model, Observations, Microsoft Azure, Azure Core Concepts, SQL Azure, Windows Azure Platform Appliance. Cloud Applications Scientific Applications, Healthcare: ECG Analysis in the Cloud, Biology: Protein Structure Prediction, Biology: Gene Expression Data Analysis for Cancer Diagnosis, Geoscience: Satellite Image Processing, Business and Consumer Applications, CRM and ERP, Productivity, Social Networking, Media Applications, Multiplayer Online Gaming. **Textbook 1: Ch. 9,10** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain cloud computing, virtualization and classify services of cloud computing
- Illustrate architecture and programming in cloud
- Describe the platforms for development of cloud applications and List the application of cloud.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamarai Selvi Mastering Cloud. Computing McGraw Hill Education

Reference Books:

1. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Computing Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013.

ADVANCED JAVA AND J2EE (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Course Code	**18CS644**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS644) will enable students to:

- Identify the need for advanced Java concepts like Enumerations and Collections
- Construct client-server applications using Java socket API
- Make use of JDBC to access database through Java Programs
- Adapt servlets to build server side programs
- Demonstrate the use of JavaBeans to develop component-based Java software

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations(metadata): Enumerations, Enumeration fundamentals, the values() and valueOf() Methods, java enumerations are class types, enumerations Inherits Enum, example, type wrappers, Autoboxing, Autoboxing and Methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Boolean and character values, Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors, A word of Warning. Annotations, Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, Obtaining Annotations at run time by use of reflection, Annotated element Interface, Using Default values, Marker Annotations, Single Member annotations, Built-In annotations. **Textbook 1: Lesson 12** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
The collections and Framework: Collections Overview, Recent Changes to Collections, The Collection Interfaces, The Collection Classes, Accessing a collection Via an Iterator, Storing User Defined Classes in Collections, The Random Access Interface, Working With Maps, Comparators, The Collection Algorithms, Why Generic Collections?, The legacy Classes and Interfaces, Parting Thoughts on Collections. **Text Book 1: Ch.17** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
String Handling **:**The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, String Literals, String Concatenation, String Concatenation with Other Data Types, String Conversion and toString( ) Character Extraction, charAt( ), getChars( ), getBytes( ) toCharArray(), String Comparison, equals( ) and equalsIgnoreCase( ), regionMatches( ) startsWith( ) and endsWith( ), equals( ) Versus == , compareTo( ) Searching Strings, Modifying a String, substring( ), concat( ), replace( ), trim( ), Data Conversion Using valueOf( ), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer , StringBuffer Constructors, length( ) and capacity( ), ensureCapacity( ), setLength( ), charAt( ) and setCharAt( ), getChars( ),append( ), insert( ), reverse( ), delete( ) and deleteCharAt( ), replace( ), substring( ), Additional StringBuffer Methods, StringBuilder **Text Book 1: Ch 15** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	

Background; The Life Cycle of a Servlet; Using Tomcat for Servlet Development; A simple Servlet; The Servlet API; The Javax.servlet Package; Reading Servlet Parameter; The Javax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; Using Cookies; Session Tracking. Java Server Pages (JSP): JSP, JSP Tags, Tomcat, Request String, User Sessions, Cookies, Session Objects **Text Book 1: Ch 31 Text Book 2: Ch 11** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
The Concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC Packages; A Brief Overview of the JDBC process; Database Connection; Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Transaction Processing; Metadata, Data types; Exceptions. **Text Book 2: Ch 06** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Interpret the need for advanced Java concepts like enumerations and collections in developing modular and efficient programs
- Build client-server applications and TCP/IP socket programs
- Illustrate database access and details for managing information using the JDBC API
- Describe how servlets fit into Java-based web application architecture
- Develop reusable software components using Java Beans

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference, 7th/9th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
2. Jim Keogh: J2EE-TheCompleteReference, McGraw Hill, 2007.

Reference Books:

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7thEdition, Pearson Education, 2007.
2. Stephanie Bodoff et al: The J2EE Tutorial, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2004.
3. Uttam K Roy, Advanced JAVA programming, Oxford University press, 2015.

<table>
<tr><td colspan="5" align="center">SYSTEM MODELLING AND SIMULATION
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td colspan="2">18CS645</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td colspan="2">3:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td colspan="2">40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5" align="center">CREDITS –3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS645) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Explain the basic system concept and definitions of system;
Discuss techniques to model and to simulate various systems;
Analyze a system and to make use of the information to improve the performance.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 1</td><td>Contact Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction: When simulation is the appropriate tool and when it is not appropriate, Advantages and disadvantages of Simulation; Areas of application, Systems and system environment; Components of a system; Discrete and continuous systems, Model of a system; Types of Models, Discrete-Event System Simulation Simulation examples: Simulation of queuing systems. General Principles.
Textbook 1: Ch. 1, 2, 3.1.1, 3.1.3
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 2</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Statistical Models in Simulation :Review of terminology and concepts, Useful statistical models,Discrete distributions. Continuous distributions,Poisson process, Empirical distributions.
Queuing Models:Characteristics of queuing systems,Queuing notation,Long-run measures of performance of queuing systems,Long-run measures of performance of queuing systems cont…,Steady-state behavior of M/G/1 queue, Networks of queues,
Textbook 1: Ch. 5,6.1 to 6.3, 6.4.1,6.6
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 3</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Random-NumberGeneration:Properties of random numbers; Generation of pseudo-random numbers, Techniques for generating random numbers,Tests for Random Numbers, Random-Variate Generation: ,Inverse transform technique Acceptance-Rejection technique.
Textbook 1: Ch. 7,8.1, 8.2
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 4</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Input Modeling: Data Collection; Identifying the distribution with data, Parameter estimation, Goodness of Fit Tests, Fitting a non-stationary Poisson process, Selecting input models without data, Multivariate and Time-Series input models.
Estimation of Absolute Performance: Types of simulations with respect to output analysis ,Stochastic nature of output data, Measures of performance and their estimation, Contd..
Textbook 1: Ch. 9, 11.1 to 11.3
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module 5</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Measures of performance and their estimation,Output analysis for terminating simulations Continued..,Output analysis for steady-state simulations.
Verification, Calibration And Validation: Optimization: Model building, verification and validation, Verification of simulation models, Verification of simulation models,Calibration and validation of models, Optimization via Simulation.</td><td>08</td></tr>
</table>

Textbook 1: Ch. 11.4, 11.5, 10 **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain the system concept and apply functional modeling method to model the activities of a static system
- Describe the behavior of a dynamic system and create an analogous model for a dynamic system;
- Simulate the operation of a dynamic system and make improvement according to the simulation results.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Jerry Banks, John S. Carson II, Barry L. Nelson, David M. Nicol: Discrete-Event System Simulation, 5 th Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. Lawrence M. Leemis, Stephen K. Park: Discrete – Event Simulation: A First Course, Pearson Education, 2006.
2. Averill M. Law: Simulation Modeling and Analysis, 4 th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT
(OPEN ELECTIVE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Course Code	**18CS651**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS651) will enable students to:

- Learn to setup Android application development environment
- Illustrate user interfaces for interacting with apps and triggering actions
- Interpret tasks used in handling multiple activities
- Identify options to save persistent application data
- Appraise the role of security and performance in Android applications

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Get started, Build your first app, Activities, Testing, debugging and using support libraries **Textbook 1: Lesson 1,2,3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
User Interaction, Delightful user experience, Testing your UI **Textbook 1: Lesson 4,5,6** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Background Tasks, Triggering, scheduling and optimizing background tasks **Textbook 1: Lesson 7,8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
All about data, Preferences and Settings, Storing data using SQLite, Sharing data with content providers, Loading data using Loaders **Textbook 1: Lesson 9,10,11,12** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Permissions, Performance and Security, Firebase and AdMob, Publish// **Textbook 1: Lesson 13,14,15** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Create, test and debug Android application by setting up Android development environment
- Implement adaptive, responsive user interfaces that work across a wide range of devices.
- Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications
- Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications
- Analyze performance of android applications and understand the role of permissions and security
- Describe the steps involved in publishing Android application to share with the world

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks

• There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module. • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Textbooks:
1. Google Developer Training, "Android Developer Fundamentals Course – Concept Reference", Google Developer Training Team, 2017. https://www.gitbook.com/book/google-developer-training/android-developer-fundamentals-course-concepts/details (Download pdf file from the above link)
Reference Books:
1. Erik Hellman, "Android Programming – Pushing the Limits", 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2014. 2. Dawn Griffiths and David Griffiths, "Head First Android Development", 1st Edition, O'Reilly SPD Publishers, 2015. 3. J F DiMarzio, "Beginning Android Programming with Android Studio", 4th Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-8126565580 4. Anubhav Pradhan, Anil V Deshpande, " Composing Mobile Apps" using Android, Wiley 2014, ISBN: 978-81-265-4660-2

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SRUCTURES AND ALGORITHM **(OPEN ELECTIVE)** **(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)** **SEMESTER – VI**			
Course Code	**18CS652**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS652) will enable students to:

- Identify different data structures in C programming language
- Appraise the use of data structures in problem solving
- Implement data structures using C programming language.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to C, constants, variables, data types, input output operations, operators and expressions, control statements, arrays, strings, built-in functions, user defined functions, structures, unions and pointers **Text Book 1: Chapter 1 and 2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Algorithms, Asymptotic notations, Introduction to data structures, Types of data structures, Arrays. **Text Book 1: Chapter 3 and 4** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Linked lists, Stacks **Text Book 1: Chapter 5 and 6** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Queues, Trees **Text Book 1: Chapter 7 and 8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Graphs, Sorting ,(selection, insertion, bubble, quick)and searching(Linear, Binary, Hash) **Text Book 1: Chapter 7 and 8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Identify different data structures in C programming language
- Appraise the use of data structures in problem solving
- Implement data structures using C programming language.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Data structures using C , E Balagurusamy, McGraw Hill education (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2013.

Reference Books:

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

<table>
<tr><td colspan="5">PROGRAMMING IN JAVA
(OPEN ELECTIVE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS653</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td colspan="2">40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td colspan="2">60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td colspan="2">03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">CREDITS –3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS653) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">• Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA
• Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.
• Learn object oriented concepts using programming examples.
• Study the concepts of importing of packages and exception handling mechanism.
• Discuss the String Handling examples with Object Oriented concepts</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 1</td><td>Teaching Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries, Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings
Text book 1: Ch 2, Ch 3
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses, Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements.
Text book 1: Ch 4, Ch 5
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize( ) Method, A Stack Class, A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited, Inheritance: Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, The Object Class.
Text book 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8.
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces, Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions.</td><td>08</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td>Text book 1: Ch 9, Ch 10
RBT: L1, L2</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Enumerations, Type Wrappers, I/O, Applets, and Other Topics: I/O Basics, Reading Console Input, Writing Console Output, The PrintWriter Class, Reading and Writing Files, Applet Fundamentals, The transient and volatile Modifiers, Using instanceof, strictfp, Native Methods, Using assert, Static Import, Invoking Overloaded Constructors Through this( ), String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf( ), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String , Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.
Text book 1: Ch 12.1,12.2, Ch 13, Ch 15
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Course outcomes: The students should be able to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">• Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA.
• Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java.
Develop simple GUI interfaces for a computer program to interact with users</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Question Paper Pattern:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">• The question paper will have ten questions.
• Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
• There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
• Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
• The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Text Books:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,13,15)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Reference Books:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">1. Cay S Horstmann, "Core Java - Vol. 1 Fundamentals", Pearson Education, 10th Edition, 2016.
2. Raoul-Gabriel Urma, Mario Fusco, Alan Mycroft, "Java 8 in Action", Dreamtech Press/Manning Press, 1st Edition, 2014.</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">INTRODUCTION TO OPERATING SYSTEM
(OPEN ELECTIVE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS654</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS –3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS654) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">• Explain the fundamentals of operating system
• Comprehend multithreaded programming, process management, memory management and storage management.
• Familier with various types of operating systems</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td>Module – 1</td><td>Teaching Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td>Introduction: What OS do, Computer system organization, architecture, structure, Operations, Process, memory and storage management, Protection and security, Distributed systems, Special purpose systems, computing environments.
System Structure: OS Services, User OSI, System calls, Types of system calls, System programs, OS design and implementation, OS structure, Virtual machines, OS generation, system boot
Textbook1: Chapter 1, 2
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td>Process Concept: Overview, Process scheduling, Operations on process, IPC, Examples in IPC, Communication in client-server systems.
Multithreaded Programming: Overview, Models, Libraries, Issues, OS Examples
Textbook1: Chapter 3,4
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Process Scheduling: Basic concept, Scheduling criteria, Algorithm, multiple processor scheduling, thread scheduling, OS Examples, Algorithm Evaluation.
Synchronization: Background, the critical section problem, Petersons solution, Synchronization hardware, Semaphores, Classic problems of synchronization, Monitors, Synchronization examples, Atomic transactions
Textbook1: Chapter 5, 6
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Deadlocks: System model, Deadlock characterization, Method of handling deadlock, Deadlock prevention, Avoidance, Detection, Recovery from deadlock
Memory management strategies: Background, swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, structure of page table, segmentation,
Textbook1: Chapter 7, 8
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Virtual Memory management: Background, Demand paging, Copy-on-write, Page replacement, allocation of frames, Trashing, Memory mapped files, Allocating Kernel memory, Operating system examples</td><td>08</td></tr>
</table>

File system: File concept, Access methods, Directory structure, File system mounting, File sharing, protection **Textbook1: Chapter 9, 10** **RBT: L1, L2**	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the fundamentals of operating system
- Comprehend process management, memory management and storage management.
- Familiar with various types of operating systems

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. A. Silberschatz, P B Galvin, G Gagne, Operating systems, 7th edition, John Wiley and sons,.

Reference Books:

1. William Stalling,"Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2018.
2. Andrew S Tanenbaum, Herbert BOS, "Modern Operating Systems", Pearson Education, 4th Edition, 2016

SYSTEM SOFTWARE LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Course Code	**18CSL66**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	03

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CSL66) will enable students to:

- To make students familiar with Lexical Analysis and Syntax Analysis phases of Compiler Design and implement programs on these phases using LEX & YACC tools and/or C/C++/Java
- To enable students to learn different types of CPU scheduling algorithms used in operating system.
- To make students able to implement memory management - page replacement and deadlock handling algorithms

Descriptions (if any):

Exercises to be prepared with minimum three files (Where ever necessary):

1. Header file.
2. Implementation file.
3. Application file where main function will be present.

The idea behind using three files is to differentiate between the developer and user sides. In the developer side, all the three files could be made visible. For the user side only header file and application files could be made visible, which means that the object code of the implementation file could be given to the user along with the interface given in the header file, hiding the source file, if required. Avoid I/O operations (printf/scanf) and use ***data input file*** where ever it is possible.

Programs List:

Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.

1.	
a.	Write a LEX program to recognize valid ***arithmetic expression.*** Identifiers in the expression could be only integers and operators could be + and *. Count the identifiers & operators present and print them separately.
b.	Write YACC program to evaluate ***arithmetic expression*** involving operators: +, -, *, and /
2.	Develop, Implement and Execute a program using YACC tool to recognize all strings ending with ***b*** preceded by ***n a's*** using the grammar $a^n b$ (note: input ***n*** value)
3.	Design, develop and implement YACC/C program to construct ***Predictive / LL(1) Parsing Table*** for the grammar rules: $A \rightarrow aBa$, $B \rightarrow bB \mid \varepsilon$. Use this table to parse the sentence: ***abba$***
4.	Design, develop and implement YACC/C program to demonstrate ***Shift Reduce Parsing*** technique for the grammar rules: $E \rightarrow E+T \mid T$, $T \rightarrow T*F \mid F$, $F \rightarrow (E) \mid id$ and parse the sentence: ***id + id * id***.
5.	Design, develop and implement a C/Java program to generate the machine code using ***Triples*** for the statement ***A = -B * (C +D)*** whose intermediate code in three-address form: ***T1 = -B*** ***T2 = C + D*** ***T3 = T1 + T2*** ***A = T3***

6.	
a.	Write a LEX program to eliminate ***comment lines*** in a ***C*** program and copy the resulting program into a separate file.
b.	Write YACC program to recognize valid ***identifier, operators and keywords*** in the given text (*C program*) file.
7.	Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to simulate the working of Shortest remaining time and Round Robin (RR) scheduling algorithms. Experiment with different quantum sizes for RR algorithm.
8.	Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to implement Banker's algorithm. Assume suitable input required to demonstrate the results
9.	Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to implement page replacement algorithms LRU and FIFO. Assume suitable input required to demonstrate the results.

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Implement and demonstrate Lexer's and Parser's
- Evaluate different algorithms required for management, scheduling, allocation and communication used in operating system.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  - m) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - n) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

COMPUTER GRAPHICS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Course Code	**18CSL67**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	03
Credits – 2			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CSL67) will enable students to:

- Demonstrate simple algorithms using OpenGL Graphics Primitives and attributes.
- Implementation of line drawing and clipping algorithms using OpenGL functions
- Design and implementation of algorithms Geometric transformations on both 2D and 3D objects.

Descriptions (if any): --

Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.

Programs List:

PART A

Design, develop, and implement the following programs using OpenGL API

1.	Implement Brenham's line drawing algorithm for all types of slope. Refer:Text-1: Chapter 3.5 Refer:Text-2: Chapter 8
2.	Create and rotate a triangle about the origin and a fixed point. **Refer:Text-1: Chapter 5-4**
3.	Draw a colour cube and spin it using OpenGL transformation matrices. **Refer:Text-2: Modelling a Coloured Cube**
4.	Draw a color cube and allow the user to move the camera suitably to experiment with perspective viewing. **Refer:Text-2: Topic: Positioning of Camera**
5.	Clip a lines using Cohen-Sutherland algorithm **Refer:Text-1: Chapter 6.7** **Refer:Text-2: Chapter 8**
6.	To draw a simple shaded scene consisting of a tea pot on a table. Define suitably the position and properties of the light source along with the properties of the surfaces of the solid object used in the scene. **Refer:Text-2: Topic: Lighting and Shading**
7.	Design, develop and implement recursively subdivide a tetrahedron to form 3D sierpinski gasket. The number of recursive steps is to be specified by the user. **Refer: Text-2: Topic:** sierpinski gasket.
8.	Develop a menu driven program to animate a flag using Bezier Curve algorithm **Refer: Text-1: Chapter** 8-10
9.	Develop a menu driven program to fill the polygon using scan line algorithm

PART B MINI PROJECT

Student should develop mini project on the topics mentioned below or similar applications using Open GL API. Consider all types of attributes like color, thickness, styles, font, background, speed etc., while doing mini project.

(**During the practical exam: the students should demonstrate and answer Viva-Voce**)

Sample Topics:

Simulation of concepts of OS, Data structures, algorithms etc.

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Apply the concepts of computer graphics

- Implement computer graphics applications using OpenGL
- Animate real world problems using OpenGL

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  - o) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - p) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Course Code	**18CSMP68**	**IA Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:0:2	**Exam Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	3 Hours/Week	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS – 02

Laboratory Objectives: Thislaboratory (18CSMP68) will enable students to

- Learn and acquire the art of Android Programming.
- ConfigureAndroid studio to run the applications.
- Understand and implement Android's User interface functions.
- Create, modify and query on SQlite database.
- Inspect different methods of sharing data using services.

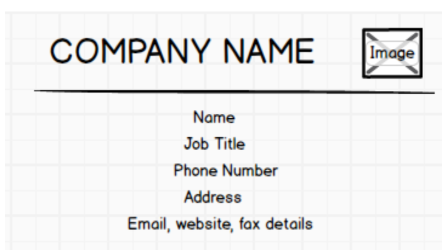
Descriptions (if any):

1. The installation procedure of the Android Studio/Java software must be demonstrated and carried out in groups.
2. Students should use the latest version of Android Studio/Java/ Kotlin to execute these programs. Diagrams given are for representational purposes only, students are expected to improvise on them.
3. **Part B programs should be developed as an application and are to be demonstrated as a mini project in a group by adding extra features or the students can also develop their application and demonstrate it as a mini-project. (Projects/programs are not limited to the list given in Part B).**

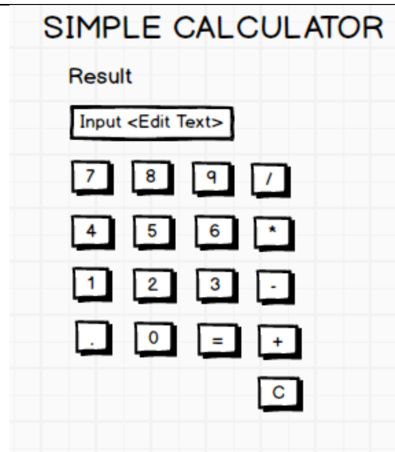
Programs List:

PART – A

1 Create an application to design aVisiting Card. The Visiting card should havea companylogoatthe top right corner. The company name should be displayed in Capital letters, aligned to the center. Information like the name of the employee, job title, phone number, address, email, fax and the website address isto be displayed. Insert a horizontal line between the job title and the phone number.

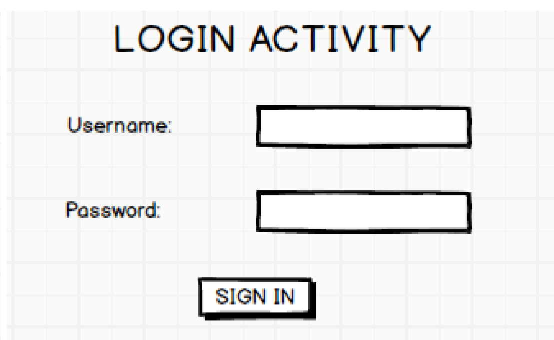


2 Develop an Android application usingcontrols like Button, TextView, EditText for designing a calculatorhaving basic functionality like Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication,andDivision.

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>3</td><td>Create a SIGN Up activity with Username and Password. Validation of password should happen based on the following rules:

- Password should contain uppercase and lowercase letters.
- Password should contain letters and numbers.
- Password should contain special characters.
- Minimum length of the password (the default value is 8).

On successful SIGN UP proceed to the next Login activity. Here the user should SIGN IN using the Username and Password created during signup activity. If the Username and Password are matched then navigate to the next activity whichdisplays a message saying “Successful Login” or else display a toast message saying “Login Failed”.The user is given only two attempts and after thatdisplay a toast message saying “Failed Login Attempts” and disable the SIGN IN button. Use Bundle to transfer information from one activity to another.


</td></tr>
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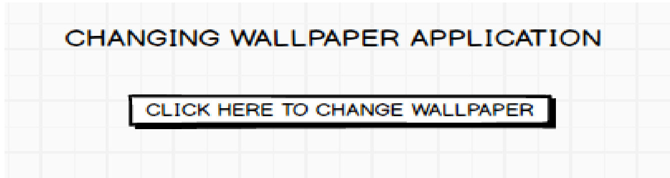
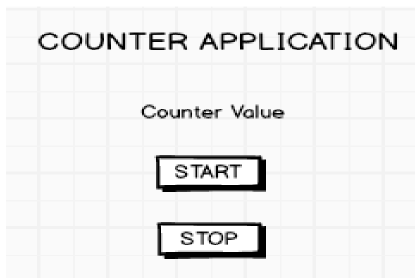
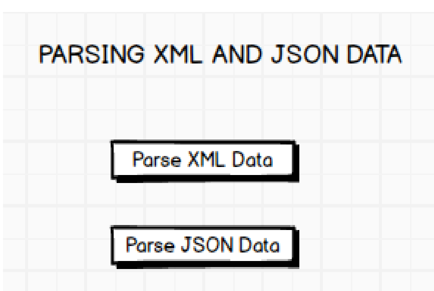
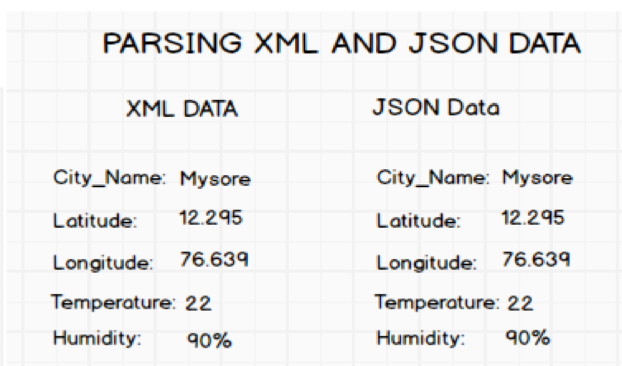
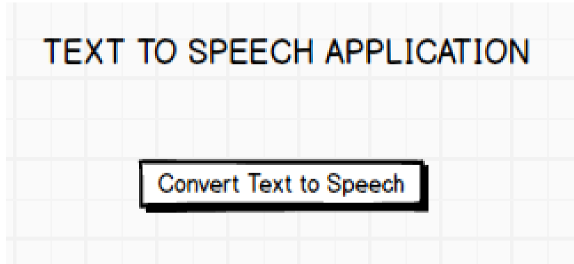
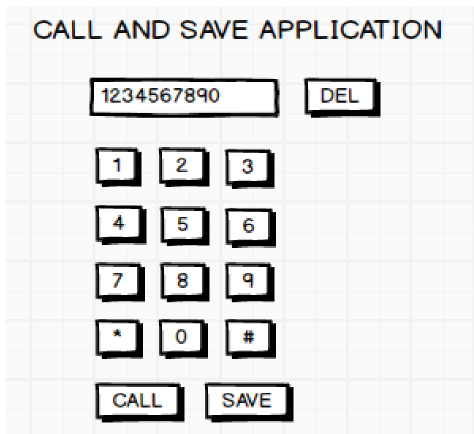
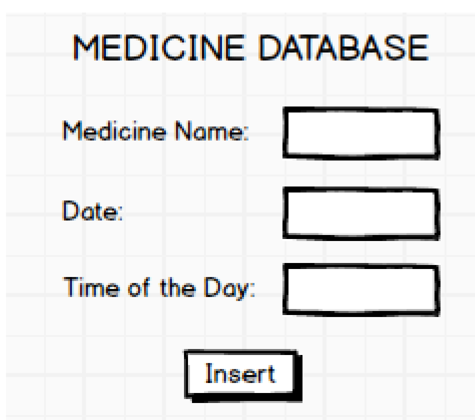
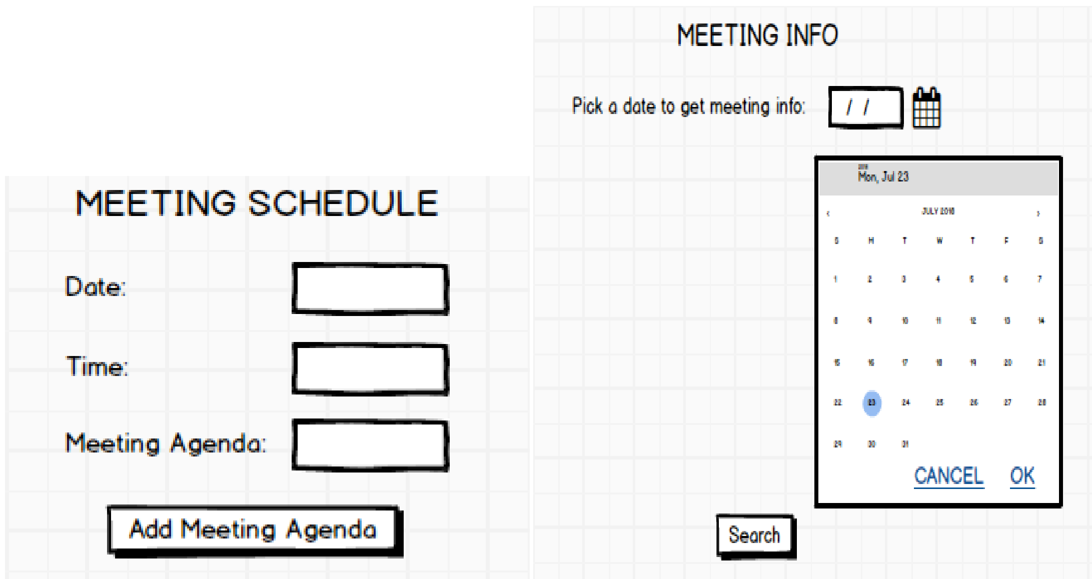
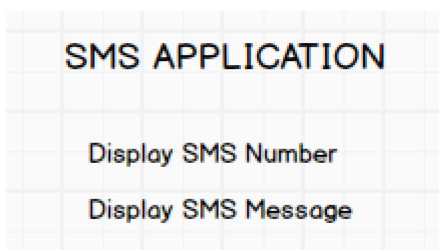
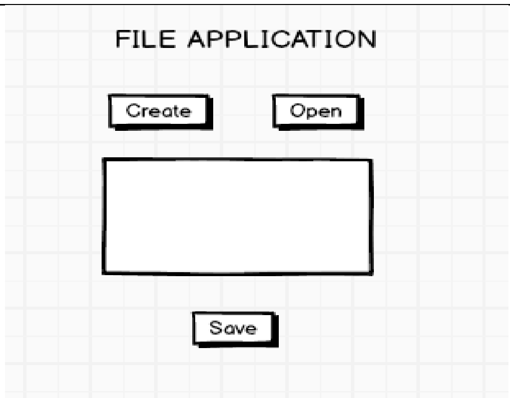
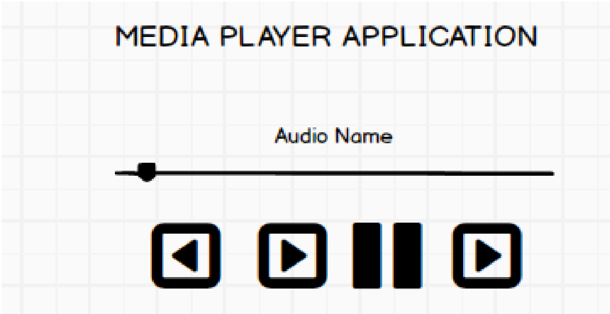
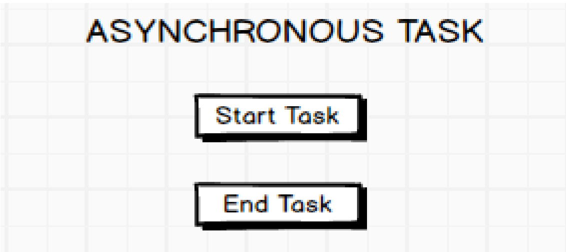
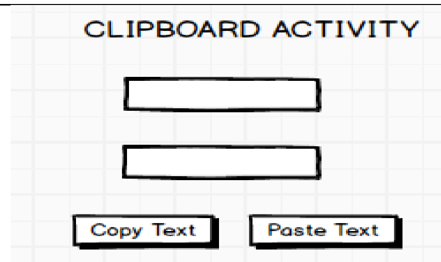
<table>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Develop an application to set an image as wallpaper. On click of a button, the wallpaper image should start to change randomly every 30 seconds.

</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Write a program to create an activity with two buttons START and STOP. On pressingoftheSTART button, the activity must start the counter by displaying the numbers from One and the counter must keep on counting until the STOP button is pressed. Display the counter value in a TextViewcontrol.

</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Create two files of XML and JSON type with values for City_Name, Latitude, Longitude, Temperature,andHumidity. Develop an application to create an activity with two buttons to parse the XML and JSON files which when clicked should display the data in their respective layouts side by side.


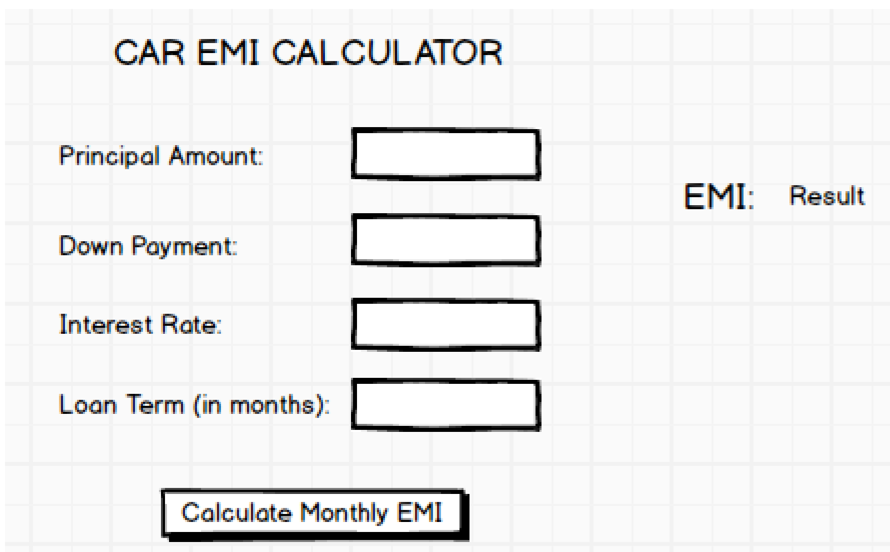

</td>
</tr>
</table>

7	Develop a simple application withoneEditTextso that the user can write some text in it. Create a button called “Convert Text to Speech” that converts the user input text into voice. 
8	Create an activity like a phone dialer withCALLand SAVE buttons. On pressing the CALL button, it must call the phone number and on pressing the SAVE button it must save the number to the phone contacts. 
	PART - B
1	Write a program to enter Medicine Name, Date and Time of the Day as input from the user and store it in the SQLite database. Input for Time of the Day should be either Morning or Afternoon or Eveningor Night. Trigger an alarm based on the Date and Time of the Day and display the Medicine Name. 

2	Develop a content provider application with an activity called “Meeting Schedule” which takes Date, Time and Meeting Agenda as input from the user and store this information into the SQLite database. Create another application with an activity called “Meeting Info” having DatePicker control, which on the selection of a date should display the Meeting Agenda information for that particular date, else it should display a toast message saying “No Meeting on this Date”. 
3	Create an application to receive an incoming SMS which is notified to the user. On clicking this SMS notification, the message content and the number should be displayed on the screen. Use appropriate emulator control to send the SMS message to your application. 
4	Write a program to create an activity having a Text box, and also Save, Open and Create buttons. The user has to write some text in the Text box. On pressing the Create button the text should be saved as a text file in MkSDcard. On subsequent changes to the text, the Save button should be pressed to store the latest content to the same file. On pressing the Open button, it should display the contents from the previously stored files in the Text box. If the user tries to save the contents in the Textbox to a file without creating it, then a toast message has to be displayed saying “First Create a File”.

	
5	Create an application to demonstrate a basic media playerthat allows the user to Forward, Backward, Play and Pause an audio. Also, make use of the indicator in the seek bar to move the audio forward or backward as required. 
6	Develop an application to demonstrate the use of Asynchronous tasks in android. The asynchronous task should implement the functionality of a simple moving banner. On pressing the **Start Task** button, the banner message should scrollfrom right to left. On pressing the **Stop Task** button, the banner message should stop.Let the banner message be “Demonstration of Asynchronous Task”. 
7	Develop an application that makes use of the clipboard framework for copying and pasting of the text. The activity consists of two EditText controls and two Buttons to trigger the copy and paste functionality.

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>8</td><td>Create an AIDL service that calculates Car Loan EMI. The formula to calculate EMI is
$E = P * (r(1+r)^n)/((1+r)^n-1)$
where
E = The EMI payable on the car loan amount
P = The Car loan Principal Amount
r = The interest rate value computed on a monthly basis
n = The loan tenure in the form of months

The down payment amount has to be deducted from the principal amount paid towards buying the Car. Develop an application that makes use of this AIDL service to calculate the EMI. This application should have four EditText to read the PrincipalAmount, Down Payment, Interest Rate, Loan Term (in months) and a button named as “Calculate Monthly EMI”. On click of this button, the result should be shown in a TextView. Also, calculate the EMI by varying the Loan Term and Interest Rate values.

</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Laboratory Outcomes:After studying theselaboratory programs, students will be able to</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">

Create, test and debug Android application by setting up Android development environment.
Implement adaptive, responsive user interfaces that work across a wide range of devices.
Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications.
Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications.

</td></tr>
</table>

- Infer the role of permissions and security for Android applications.

Procedure to Conduct Practical Examination

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick oneexperiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick oneexperiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equalopportunity.

- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.

- Marks Distribution (Courseed to change in accordance with university regulations)
  - For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15= 100 Marks
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B

    i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks

    ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

Text Books:

1. Google Developer Training, **"Android Developer Fundamentals Course – Concept Reference",** Google Developer Training Team, 2017. https://www.gitbook.com/book/google-developer-training/android-developer-fundamentals-course-concepts/details
   (Download pdf file from the above link)

Reference Books:

1. Erik Hellman, **"Android Programming – Pushing the Limits",** 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2014. ISBN-13: 978-8126547197
2. Dawn Griffiths and David Griffiths, **"Head First Android Development",** 1st Edition, O'Reilly SPD Publishers, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-9352131341
3. Bill Phillips, Chris Stewart and Kristin Marsicano, **"Android Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide",** 3rd Edition, Big Nerd Ranch Guides, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-0134706054

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS71**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	4:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –4			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS71) will enable students to:

- Explain Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
- Illustrate AI and ML algorithm and their use in appropriate applications

Module 1	Contact Hours
What is artificial intelligence?, Problems, problem spaces and search, Heuristic search techniques **Texbook 1: Chapter 1, 2 and 3** **RBT: L1, L2**	10
Module 2	
Knowledge representation issues, Predicate logic, Representaiton knowledge using rules. Concpet Learning: Concept learning task, Concpet learning as search, Find-S algorithm, Candidate Elimination Algorithm, Inductive bias of Candidate Elimination Algorithm. **Texbook 1: Chapter 4, 5 and 6** **Texbook2: Chapter 2 (2.1-2.5, 2.7)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 3	
Decision Tree Learning: Introduction, Decision tree representation, Appropriate problems, ID3 algorith. Aritificil Nueral Network: Introduction, NN representation, Appropriate problems, Perceptrons, Backpropagation algorithm. **Texbook2: Chapter 3 (3.1-3.4), Chapter 4 (4.1-4.5)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 4	
Bayesian Learning: Introduction, Bayes theorem, Bayes theorem and concept learning, ML and LS error hypothesis, ML for predicting, MDL principle, Bates optimal classifier, Gibbs algorithm, Navie Bayes classifier, BBN, EM Algorithm **Texbook2: Chapter 6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 5	
Instance-Base Learning: Introduction, k-Nearest Neighbour Learning, Locally weighted regression, Radial basis function, Case-Based reasoning. Reinforcement Learning: Introduction, The learning task, Q-Learning. **Texbook 1: Chapter 8 (8.1-8.5), Chapter 13 (13.1 – 13.3)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Appaise the theory of Artificial intelligence and Machine Learning.
- Illustrate the working of AI and ML Algorithms.
- Demonstrate the applications of AI and ML.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks

- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Tom M Mitchell,**"Machine Lerning",**1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
2. Elaine Rich, Kevin K and S B Nair, **"Artificial Inteligence",** 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.

Reference Books:

1. Saroj Kaushik, Artificial Intelligence, Cengage learning
2. Stuart Rusell, Peter Norving , Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Pearson Education 2nd Edition
3. AurÈlienGÈron,"Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn and Tensor Flow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems", 1st Edition, Shroff/O'Reilly Media, 2017.
4. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, h The Elements of Statistical Learning, 2nd edition, springer series in statistics.
5. Ethem Alpaydın, Introduction to machine learning, second edition, MIT press
6. Srinvivasa K G and Shreedhar, " Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning", Cengage

BIG DATA AND ANALYTICS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS72**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	4:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –4			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS72) will enable students to:

- Understand fundamentals of Big Data analytics
- Explore the Hadoop framework and Hadoop Distributed File system
- Illustrate the concepts of NoSQL using MongoDB and Cassandra for Big Data
- Employ MapReduce programming model to process the big data
- Understand various machine learning algorithms for Big Data Analytics, Web Mining and Social Network Analysis.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to Big Data Analytics: Big Data, Scalability and Parallel Processing, Designing Data Architecture, Data Sources, Quality, Pre-Processing and Storing, Data Storage and Analysis, Big Data Analytics Applications and Case Studies. **Text book 1: Chapter 1: 1.2 -1.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 2	
Introduction to Hadoop (T1): Introduction, Hadoop and its Ecosystem, Hadoop Distributed File System, MapReduce Framework and Programming Model, Hadoop Yarn, Hadoop Ecosystem Tools. **Hadoop Distributed File System Basics (T2):** HDFS Design Features, Components, HDFS User Commands. **Essential Hadoop Tools (T2):** Using Apache Pig, Hive, Sqoop, Flume, Oozie, HBase. **Text book 1: Chapter 2 :2.1-2.6** **Text Book 2: Chapter 3** **Text Book 2: Chapter 7 (except walk throughs)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 3	
NoSQL Big Data Management, MongoDB and Cassandra: Introduction, NoSQL Data Store, NoSQL Data Architecture Patterns, NoSQL to Manage Big Data, Shared-Nothing Architecture for Big Data Tasks, MongoDB, Databases, Cassandra Databases. **Text book 1: Chapter 3: 3.1-3.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10
Module 4	
MapReduce, Hive and Pig: Introduction, MapReduce Map Tasks, Reduce Tasks and MapReduce Execution, Composing MapReduce for Calculations and Algorithms, Hive, HiveQL, Pig. **Text book 1: Chapter 4: 4.1-4.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	10

Module 5	
Machine Learning Algorithms for Big Data Analytics: Introduction, Estimating the relationships, Outliers, Variances, Probability Distributions, and Correlations, Regression analysis, Finding Similar Items, Similarity of Sets and Collaborative Filtering, Frequent Itemsets and Association Rule Mining. **Text, Web Content, Link, and Social Network Analytics:** Introduction, Text mining, Web Mining, Web Content and Web Usage Analytics, Page Rank, Structure of Web and analyzing a Web Graph, Social Network as Graphs and Social Network Analytics: **Text book 1: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.5** **Text book 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.5**	10

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to:

- Understand fundamentals of Big Data analytics.
- Investigate Hadoop framework and Hadoop Distributed File system.
- Illustrate the concepts of NoSQL using MongoDB and Cassandra for Big Data.
- Demonstrate the MapReduce programming model to process the big data along with Hadoop tools.
- Use Machine Learning algorithms for real world big data.
- Analyze web contents and Social Networks to provide analytics with relevant visualization tools.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Raj Kamal and Preeti Saxena, "**Big Data Analytics Introduction to Hadoop, Spark, and Machine-Learning",** McGraw Hill Education, 2018 ISBN: 9789353164966, 9353164966
2. Douglas Eadline, **"Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big Data Computing in the Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem",** 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-9332570351

Reference Books:

1. Tom White, **"Hadoop: The Definitive Guide",** 4th Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2015.ISBN-13: 978-9352130672
2. Boris Lublinsky, Kevin T Smith, Alexey Yakubovich, **"Professional Hadoop Solutions",** 1st Edition, Wrox Press, 2014ISBN-13: 978-8126551071
3. Eric Sammer, **"Hadoop Operations: A Guide for Developers and Administrators",**1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2012.ISBN-13: 978-9350239261
4. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, **"Big Data Analytics: A Hands-On Approach",** 1st Edition, VPT Publications, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0996025577

SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN PATTERNS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS731**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS731) will enable students to:

- Learn How to add functionality to designs while minimizing complexity.
- What code qualities are required to maintain to keep code flexible?
- To Understand the common design patterns.
- To explore the appropriate patterns for design problems

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction: what is a design pattern? describing design patterns, the catalog of design pattern, organizing the catalog, how design patterns solve design problems, how to select a design pattern, how to use a design pattern. A Notation for Describing Object-Oriented Systems **Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and 2.7** **Analysis a System**: overview of the analysis phase, stage 1: gathering the requirements functional requirements specification, defining conceptual classes and relationships, using the knowledge of the domain. Design and Implementation, discussions and further reading. **Textbook 1: Chapter 6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Design Pattern Catalog: Structural patterns, Adapter, bridge, composite, decorator, facade, flyweight, proxy. **Textbook 2: chapter 4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
BehavioralPatterns: Chain of Responsibility, Command, Interpreter, Iterator, Mediator, Memento, Observer, State, Template Method **Textbook 2: chapter 5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Interactive systems and the MVC architecture: Introduction, The MVC architectural pattern, analyzing a simple drawing program, designing the system, designing of the subsystems, getting into implementation, implementing undo operation, drawing incompleteitems, adding a new feature, pattern-based solutions. **Textbook 1: Chapter 11** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Designing with Distributed Objects: Client server system, java remote method invocation, implementing an object-oriented system on the web (discussions and further reading) a note on input and output, selection statements, loops arrays. **Textbook 1: Chapter 12** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Design and implement codes with higher performance and lower complexity
- Be aware of code qualities needed to keep code flexible

- Experience core design principles and be able to assess the quality of a design with respect to these principles.
- Capable of applying these principles in the design of object oriented systems.
- Demonstrate an understanding of a range of design patterns. Be capable of comprehending a design presented using this vocabulary.
- Be able to select and apply suitable patterns in specific contexts

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Brahma Dathan, Sarnath Rammath, Object-oriented analysis, design and implementation, Universities Press,2013
2. Erich Gamma, Richard Helan, Ralph Johman, John Vlissides , Design Patterns, Pearson Publication,2013.

Reference Books:

1. Frank Bachmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert "Pattern Oriented Software Architecture" –Volume 1, 1996.
2. William J Brown et al., "Anti-Patterns: Refactoring Software, Architectures and Projects in Crisis", John Wiley, 1998.

HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS732**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS732) will enable students to:

- Introduce students the design, analysis, and implementation, of high performance computational science and engineering applications.
- Illustrate on advanced computer architectures, parallel algorithms, parallel languages, and performance-oriented computing.

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Introduction to Parallel Computing: Motivating Parallelism, Scope of Parallel Computing, **Parallel Programming Platforms:** Implicit Parallelism: Trends in Microprocessor Architectures, Limitations of Memory System Performance, Dichotomy of Parallel Computing Platforms, Physical Organization of Parallel Platforms, Communication Costs in Parallel Machines, Routing Mechanisms for Interconnection Networks, Impact of Process-Processor Mapping and Mapping Techniques. **T1: Ch: 1.1, 1.2, 2.1 – 2.7** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Principles of Parallel Algorithm Design: Preliminaries, Decomposition Techniques, Characteristics of Tasks and Interactions, Mapping Techniques for Load Balancing, Methods for Containing Interaction Overheads, Parallel Algorithm Models **Basic Communication Operations:** One-to-All Broadcast and All-to-One Reduction, All-to-All Broadcast and Reduction, All-Reduce and Prefix-Sum Operations, Scatter and Gather, All-to-All Personalized Communication, Circular Shift, Improving the Speed of Some Communication Operations **T1: Ch 3, 4** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Analytical Modeling of Parallel Programs: Sources of Overhead in Parallel Programs, Performance Metrics for Parallel Systems, The Effect of Granularity on Performance, Scalability of Parallel Systems. Minimum Execution Time and Minimum Cost-Optimal Execution Time, Asymptotic Analysis of Parallel Programs Section 5.7. Other Scalability Metrics, Programming Using the Message-Passing Paradigm: Principles of Message-Passing Programming, The Building Blocks: Send and Receive Operations, MPI: the Message Passing Interface, Topologies and Embedding, Overlapping Communication with Computation, Collective Communication and Computation Operations, Groups and Communicators **T1: Ch 5, 6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 4	
Programming Shared Address Space Platforms: Thread Basics, Why Threads?, The POSIX Thread API, Thread Basics: Creation and Termination, Synchronization Primitives in Pthreads, Controlling Thread and Synchronization Attributes, Thread Cancellation,	08

Composite Synchronization Constructs, Tips for Designing Asynchronous Programs, OpenMP: a Standard for Directive Based Parallel Programming Dense Matrix Algorithms: Matrix-Vector Multiplication, Matrix-Matrix Multiplication, Solving a System of Linear Equations Sorting: Issues in Sorting on Parallel Computers, Sorting Networks, Bubble Sort and its Variants, Quicksort, Bucket and Sample Sort. **T1: Ch 7, 8 9** **RBT: L1, L2**	
Module – 5	
Graph Algorithms: Definitions and Representation, Minimum Spanning Tree: Prim's Algorithm, Single-Source Shortest Paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm, All-Pairs Shortest Paths, Transitive Closure, Connected Components, Algorithms for Sparse Graphs, Search Algorithms for Discrete Optimization Problems: Definitions and Examples, Sequential Search Algorithms, Search Overhead Factor, Parallel Depth-First Search, Parallel Best-First Search, Speedup, Anomalies in Parallel Search Algorithms **T1: Ch10, 11** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Illustrate the key factors affecting performance of CSE applications
- Illusrate mapping of applications to high-performance computing systems
- Apply hardware/software co-design for achieving performance on real-world applications

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- There will be 2 questions from each module.
- Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Introduction to Parallel Computing, AnanthGrama, Anshul Gupta, George Karypis, and Vipin Kumar, 2nd edition, Addison-Welsey, 2003.

Reference Books:

1. Grama, A. Gupta, G. Karypis, V. Kumar, An Introduction to Parallel Computing, Design and Analysis of Algorithms: 2/e, Addison-Wesley, 2003.
2. G.E. Karniadakis, R.M. Kirby II, Parallel Scientific Computing in C++ and MPI: A Seamless Approach to Parallel Algorithms and their Implementation, Cambridge University Press,2003.
3. Wilkinson and M. Allen, Parallel Programming: Techniques and Applications Using Networked Workstations and Parallel Computers, 2/E, Prentice Hall, 2005.
4. M.J. Quinn, Parallel Programming in C with MPI and OpenMP, McGraw-Hill, 2004.
5. G.S. Almasi and A. Gottlieb, Highly Parallel Computing, 2/E, Addison-Wesley, 1994.
6. David Culler Jaswinder Pal Singh,"Parallel Computer Architecture: A hardware/Software Approach", Morgan Kaufmann, 1999.
7. Kai Hwang, "Scalable Parallel Computing", McGraw Hill 1998.

ADVANCED COMPUTER ARCHITECTURES (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VIII			
Course Code	**18CS733**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS733) will enable students to:

- Describe computer architecture.
- Measure the performance of architectures in terms of right parameters.
- Summarize parallel architecture and the software used for them

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Theory of Parallelism: Parallel Computer Models, The State of Computing, Multiprocessors and Multicomputer, Multivector and SIMD Computers, PRAM and VLSI Models, Program and Network Properties, Conditions of Parallelism, Program Partitioning and Scheduling, Program Flow Mechanisms, System Interconnect Architectures, Principles of Scalable Performance, Performance Metrics and Measures, Parallel Processing Applications, Speedup Performance Laws. For all Algorithm or mechanism any one example is sufficient. **Chapter 1 (1.1to 1.4), Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.4) Chapter 3 (3.1 to 3.3)** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Hardware Technologies 1: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor Technology, Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy Technology, Virtual Memory Technology. For all Algorithms or mechanisms any one example is sufficient. **Chapter 4 (4.1 to 4.4)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Hardware Technologies 2: Bus Systems, Cache Memory Organizations, Shared Memory Organizations, Sequential and Weak Consistency Models, Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques, Linear Pipeline Processors, Nonlinear Pipeline Processors. For all Algorithms or mechanisms any one example is sufficient. **Chapter 5 (5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (6.1 to 6.2)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers, Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanisms, Message-Passing Mechanisms, Multivector and SIMD Computers, Vector Processing Principles, Multivector Multiprocessors, Compound Vector Processing, Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Latency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multicomputers. For all Algorithms or mechanisms any one example is sufficient. **Chapter 7 (7.1,7.2 and 7.4) Chapter 8(8.1 to 8.3) Chapter 9(9.1 to 9.3)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers ,Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers, Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism, Computer Architecture, Contents, Basic Design Issues, Problem Definition, Model of a Typical	08

Processor, Compiler-detected Instruction Level Parallelism ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm. For all Algorithms or mechanisms any one example is sufficient. **Chapter 10(10.1 to 10.3) Chapter 12(12.1 to 12.9)** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain the concepts of parallel computing and hardware technologies
- Compare and contrast the parallel architectures
- Illustrate parallel programming concepts

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Kai Hwang and Naresh Jotwani, Advanced Computer Architecture (SIE): Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability, McGraw Hill Education 3/e. 2015

Reference Books:

1. John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A quantitative approach, 5th edition, Morgan Kaufmann Elseveir, 2013

USER INTERFACE DESIGN
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII

Course Code	**18CS734**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS734) will enable students to:

- To study the concept of menus, windows, interfaces
- To study about business functions
- To study the characteristics and components of windows andthe various controls for the windows.
- To study about various problems in windows design with color, text, graphics a
- nd To study the testing methods

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
The User Interface-Introduction, Overview, The importance of user interface – Defining the user interface, The importance of Good design, Characteristics of graphical and web user interfaces, Principles of user interface design **Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
The User Interface Design process- Obstacles, Usability, Human characteristics in Design, Human Interaction speeds, Business functions-Business definition and requirement analysis, Basic business functions, Design standards. **Textbook 1: Part-2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
System menus and navigation schemes- Structures of menus, Functions of menus, Contents of menus, Formatting of menus, Phrasing the menu**,** Selecting menu choices, Navigating menus, Kinds of graphical menus. **Textbook 1: Part-2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Windows **-** Characteristics, Components of window, Window presentation styles, Types of window, Window management, Organizing window functions, Window operations, Web systems, Characteristics of device based controls. **Textbook 1: Part-2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Screen based controls- Operable control, Text control, Selection control, Custom control, Presentation control, Windows Tests-prototypes, kinds of tests. **Textbook 1: Part-2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks

- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Wilbert O. Galitz, “The Essential Guide to User Interface Design”, John Wiley & Sons, Second Edition 2002.

Reference Books:

1. Ben Sheiderman, “Design the User Interface”, Pearson Education, 1998.
2. Alan Cooper, ”The Essential of User Interface Design”, Wiley- Dream Tech Ltd.,2002

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS741**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS741) will enable students to:

- Define the fundamental concepts in image processing
- Evaluate techniques followed in image enhancements
- Illustrate image segmentation and compression algorithms

Module 1	Contact Hours
Introduction Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image Processing System, Sampling and Quantization, Representing Digital Images (Data structure), Some Basic Relationships Between Pixels- Neighbors and Connectivity of pixels in image, Examples of fields that uses digital mage processing **Textbook 1: Ch.1.3 to 1.5, Ch. 2.4,2.5** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Image Enhancement In The Spatial Domain: Some Basic Gray Level Transformations, Histogram Processing, Enhancement Using Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Basics of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters, Combining Spatial Enhancement Methods. **Textbook 1: Ch.3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Image Enhancement In Frequency Domain: Introduction, Fourier Transform, Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), properties of DFT , Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT), Image filtering in frequency domain. **Textbook 1: Ch.4.1,4.2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Image Segmentation: Introduction, Detection of isolated points, line detection, Edge detection, Edge linking, Region based segmentation- Region growing, split and merge technique, local processing, regional processing, Hough transform, Segmentation using Threshold. **Textbook 1: Ch.10.1 to 10.3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
Image Compression: Introduction, coding Redundancy , Inter-pixel redundancy, image compression model, Lossy and Lossless compression, Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, LZW coding, Transform Coding, Sub-image size selection, blocking, DCT implementation using FFT, Run length coding. **Textbook 1: Ch. 8.1 to 8.5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain fundamentals of image processing
- Compare transformation algorithms

- Contrast enhancement, segmentation and compression techniques

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Rafael C G., Woods R E. and Eddins S L, Digital Image Processing, Prentice Hall, 2nd edition, 2008.

Reference Books:

1. Milan Sonka,"Image Processing, analysis and Machine Vision", Thomson Press India Ltd, Fourth Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing- Anil K. Jain, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
3. S. Sridhar , Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2nd Ed, 2016.
4. Digital Image Processing (with Matlab and Labview), Vipul singh, elsiver.Filip learning

NETWORK MANAGEMENT (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS742**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS742) will enable students to:

- Illustrate the need for interoperable network management.
- Explain the concepts and architecture behind standards based network management.
- Differentiate the concepts and terminology associated with SNMP and TMN
- Describe network management as a typical distributed application

Module 1	Contact Hours
Introduction: Analogy of Telephone Network Management, Data and Telecommunication Network Distributed computing Environments, TCP/IP-Based Networks: The Internet and Intranets, Communications Protocols and Standards- Communication Architectures, Protocol Layers and Services; Case Histories of Networking and Management – The Importance of topology , Filtering Does Not Reduce Load on Node, Some Common Network Problems; Challenges of Information Technology Managers, Network Management: Goals, Organization, and Functions- Goal of Network Management, Network Provisioning, Network Operations and the NOC, Network Installation and Maintenance; Network and System Management, Network Management System platform, Current Status and Future of Network Management. **Textbook 1: Ch.1** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Basic Foundations: Standards, Models, and Language: Network Management Standards, Network Management Model, Organization Model, Information Model – Management Information Trees, Managed Object Perspectives, Communication Model; ASN.1- Terminology, Symbols, and Conventions, Objects and Data Types, Object Names, An Example of ASN.1 from ISO 8824; Encoding Structure; Macros, Functional Model. **Textbook 1: Ch.3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
SNMPv1 Network Management: Managed Network: The History of SNMP Management, Internet Organizations and standards, Internet Documents, The SNMP Model, The Organization Model, System Overview. The Information Model – Introduction, The Structure of Management Information, Managed Objects, Management Information Base. The SNMP Communication Model – The SNMP Architecture, Administrative Model, SNMP Specifications, SNMP Operations, SNMP MIB Group, Functional Model SNMP Management – RMON: Remote Monitoring, RMON SMI and MIB, RMONI1- RMON1 Textual Conventions, RMON1 Groups and Functions, Relationship Between Control and Data Tables, RMON1 Common and Ethernet Groups, RMON Token Ring Extension Groups, RMON2 – The RMON2 Management Information Base, RMON2 Conformance Specifications. **Textbook 1: Ch. 4,5, Ch.8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	

Broadband Access Networks, Broadband Access Technology; HFCT Technology: The Broadband LAN, The Cable Modem, The Cable Modem Termination System, The HFC Plant, The RF Spectrum for Cable Modem; Data Over Cable, Reference Architecture; HFC Management – Cable Modem and CMTS Management, HFC Link Management, RF Spectrum Management, DSL Technology; Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line Technology – Role of the ADSL Access Network in an Overall Network, ADSL Architecture, ADSL Channeling Schemes, ADSL Encoding Schemes; ADSL Management – ADSL Network Management Elements, ADSL Configuration Management, ADSL Fault Management, ADSL Performance Management, SNMP-Based ADSL Line MIB, MIB Integration with Interfaces Groups in MIB-2, ADSL Configuration Profiles **Textbook 1: Ch. 13** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Network Management Applications: Configuration Management- Network Provisioning, Inventory Management, Network Topology, Fault Management- Fault Detection, Fault Location and Isolation 24 Techniques, Performance Management – Performance Metrics, Data Monitoring, Problem Isolation, Performance Statistics; Event Correlation Techniques – Rule-Based Reasoning, Model-Based Reasoning, CaseBased Reasoning, Codebook correlation Model, State Transition Graph Model, Finite State Machine Model, Security Management – Policies and Procedures, Security Breaches and the Resources Needed to Prevent Them, Firewalls, Cryptography, Authentication and Authorization, Client/Server Authentication Systems, Messages Transfer Security, Protection of Networks from Virus Attacks, Accounting Management, Report Management, Policy- Based Management, Service Level Management. **Textbook 1: Ch.11** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Analyze the issues and challenges pertaining to management of emerging network technologies such as wired/wireless networks and high-speed internets.
- Apply network management standards to manage practical networks
- Formulate possible approaches for managing OSI network model.
- Use on SNMP for managing the network
- Use RMON for monitoring the behavior of the network
- Identify the various components of network and formulate the scheme for the managing them

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Mani Subramanian: Network Management- Principles and Practice, 2nd Pearson Education, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. J. Richard Burke: Network management Concepts and Practices: a Hands-On Approach, PHI, 2008.

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS743**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			
Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS743) will enable students to:			

Module – 1	**Contact Hours**
Overview and language modeling: Overview: Origins and challenges of NLP-Language and Grammar-Processing Indian Languages- NLP Applications-Information Retrieval. Language Modeling: Various Grammar- based Language Models-Statistical Language Model. **Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 2	
Word level and syntactic analysis: Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions-Finite-State Automata-Morphological Parsing-Spelling Error Detection and correction-Words and Word classes-Part-of Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-free Grammar-Constituency- Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing. **Textbook 1: Ch. 3,4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 3	
Extracting Relations from Text: From Word Sequences to Dependency Paths: Introduction, Subsequence Kernels for Relation Extraction, A Dependency-Path Kernel for Relation Extraction and Experimental Evaluation. **Mining Diagnostic Text Reports by Learning to Annotate Knowledge Roles:** Introduction, Domain Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, Frame Semantics and Semantic Role Labeling, Learning to Annotate Cases with Knowledge Roles and Evaluations. **A Case Study in Natural Language Based Web Search:** InFact System Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org Experience. **Textbook 2: Ch. 3,4,5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 4	
Evaluating Self-Explanations in iSTART: Word Matching, Latent Semantic Analysis, and Topic Models: Introduction, iSTART: Feedback Systems, iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Systems, **Textual Signatures: Identifying Text-Types Using Latent Semantic Analysis to Measure the Cohesion of Text Structures:** Introduction, Cohesion, Coh-Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Texts, Latent Semantic Analysis, Predictions, Results of Experiments. **Automatic Document Separation: A Combination of Probabilistic Classification and Finite-State Sequence Modeling:** Introduction, Related Work, Data Preparation, Document Separation as a Sequence Mapping Problem, Results. **Evolving Explanatory Novel Patterns for Semantically-Based Text Mining:** Related Work, A Semantically Guided Model for Effective Text Mining. **Textbook 2: Ch. 6,7,8,9** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Module – 5	
INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES: Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net-Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora. **Textbook 1: Ch. 9,12** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Analyze the natural language text.
- Define the importance of natural language.
- Understand the concepts Text mining.
- Illustrate information retrieval techniques.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- There will be 2 questions from each module.
- Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, “Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval”, Oxford University Press, 2008.
2. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), “Natural LanguageProcessing and Text Mining”, Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007.

Reference Books:

1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, “Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition”, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
2. James Allen, “Natural Language Understanding”, 2nd edition, Benjamin/Cummingspublishing company, 1995.
3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, “Information Storage and Retrieval systems”, Kluwer academic Publishers, 2000.

CRYPTOGRAPHY (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS744**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS744) will enable students to:

- Define cryptography and its principles
- Explain Cryptography algorithms
- Illustrate Public and Private key cryptography
- Explain Key management, distribution and ceritification
- Explain authentication protocols
- Tell about IPSec

Module – 1	Contact Hours
Classical Encryption Techniques Symmetric Cipher Model, Cryptography, Cryptanalysis and Brute-Force Attack, Substitution Techniques, Caesar Cipher, Monoalphabetic Cipher, Playfair Cipher, Hill Cipher, Polyalphabetic Cipher, One Time Pad. **Block Ciphers and the data encryption standard:** Traditional block Cipher structure, stream Ciphers and block Ciphers, Motivation for the feistel Cipher structure, the feistel Cipher, The data encryption standard, DES encryption, DES decryption, A DES example, results, the avalanche effect, the strength of DES, the use of 56-Bit Keys, the nature of the DES algorithm, timing attacks, Block cipher design principles, number of rounds, design of function F, key schedule algorithm **Textbook 1: Ch. 2.1,2.2, Ch. 3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Public-Key Cryptography and RSA: Principles of public-key cryptosystems. Public-key cryptosystems. Applications for public-key cryptosystems, requirements for public-key cryptosystems. public-key cryptanalysis. The RSA algorithm, desription of the algorithm, computational aspects, the security of RSA. **Other Public-Key Cryptosystems:** Diffie-hellman key exchange, The algorithm, key exchange protocols, man in the middle attack,Elgamal Cryptographic systems **Textbook 1: Ch. 9, Ch. 10.1,10.2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Elliptic curve arithmetic, abelian groups, elliptic curves over real numbers, elliptic curves over Zp, elliptic curves overGF(2m), Elliptic curve cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellman key exchange, Elliptic curve encryption/ decryption, security of Elliptic curve cryptography, Pseudorandom number generation based on an asymmetric cipher, PRNG based on RSA. **Key Management and Distribution:** Symmetric key distribution using Symmetric encryption, A key distribution scenario, Hierarchical key control, session key lifetime, a transparent key control scheme, Decentralized key control, controlling key usage, Symmetric key distribution using asymmetric encryption, simple secret key distribution, secret key distribution with confidentiality and authentication, A hybrid scheme, distribution of public keys, public announcement of public keys, publicly available directory,public key	08

authority, public keys certificates. **Textbook 1: Ch. 10.3-10.5, Ch.14.1 to 14.3** **RBT: L1, L2**	
Module – 4	
X-509 certificates. Certificates, X-509 version 3, public key infrastructure .**User Authentication:** Remote user Authentication principles, Mutual Authentication, one wayAuthentication, remote user Authentication using Symmetric encryption, Mutual Authentication, one way Authentication, Kerberos, Motivation , Kerberos version 4, Kerberos version 5, Remote user Authentication using Asymmetric encryption, Mutual Authentication, one way Authentication. **Electronic Mail Security:** Pretty good privacy, notation, operational; description, S/MIME, RFC5322, Multipurpose internet mail extensions, S/MIME functionality, S/MIME messages, S/MIME certificate processing, enhanced security services, Domain keys identified mail, internet mail architecture, E-Mail threats, DKIM strategy, DKIM functional flow. **Textbook 1: Ch. 14.4, Ch. 15.1 to 15.4, Ch.19** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
IP Security: IP Security overview, applications of IPsec, benefits of IPsec, Routing applications, IPsec documents, IPsec services, transport and tunnel modes, IP Security policy, Security associations, Security associations database, Security policy database, IP traffic processing, Encapsulating Security payload, ESP format, encryption and authentication algorithms, Padding, Anti replay service **Transport and tunnel modes**, combining security associations, authentication plus confidentiality, basic combinations of security associations, internet key exchange, key determinations protocol, header and payload formats, cryptographic suits. **Textbook 1: Ch. 20.1 to 20.3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Define cryptography and its principles • Explain Cryptography algorithms • Illustrate Public and Private key cryptography • Explain Key management, distribution and ceritification • Explain authentication protocols • Tell about IPSec	
Question paper pattern: • The question paper will have ten questions. • There will be 2 questions from each module. • Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. William Stallings: Cryptography and Network Security, Pearson 6th edition.	
Reference Books:	
1. V K Pachghare: Cryptography and Information Security, PHI 2nd Edition.	

ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ
"ವಿಟಿಯು ಅಧಿನಿಯಮ ೧೯೯೪"ರ ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದಿಂದ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿತವಾದ ರಾಜ್ಯ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ
"ಜ್ಞಾನ ಸಂಗಮ", ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ-೫೯೦೦೧೮, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ, ಭಾರತ

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Ref: VTU/BGM/BOS/A9/2020-21 / 2719 Date: 23 SEP 2021

CIRCULAR

Subject: Updated syllabus of 18CS745 regarding...

Reference:

1. Approval of Chairperson BoS in CSE dated 08.09.2021
2. Approval of Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor, dated: 13.09.2021

This is to inform all concerned that the Professional Elective Course "**Robotic Process Automation Design & Development (18CS745)** in Computer Science and Engineering program has been modified to map with chapter contents of the prescribed textbook. The updated syllabus copy has been enclosed with the circular for kind reference to the stakeholders.

The principals of all the Engineering Colleges coming under the ambit of the University are hereby informed to bring the updated syllabus of 18CS745 to the notice of the faculty and students of the CSE / department of your college.

21.9.2021

REGISTRAR

Encl: As mentioned above.

To,

The Principals of all affiliated/ constituent /Autonomous Engineering Colleges, under the ambit of VTU Belagavi.

Copy to.

1. To the Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor through the secretary to VC, VTU Belagavi for information
2. The Registrar (Evaluation), VTU Belagavi for information.
3. The Regional Directors (I/c) of all the regional offices of VTU for circulation.
4. The Director ITI SMU CNC Belagavi for uploading on VTU website
5. PS to Registrar VTU Belagavi
6. All the concerned Special Officer/s and Caseworker/s of the academic section, VTU, Belagavi

ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT
(Effective from the academic year 2018-2019)

SEMESTER–VII

CourseCode	**18CS745**	CIEMarks	40
NumberofContactHours/Week	3:0:0	SEEMarks	60
TotalNumberofContactHours	40	ExamHours	3Hrs
		CREDITS	03

Course Learning Objectives: This course(18CS745) will enable students to:

1. To understand basic concepts of RPA
2. To Describe RPA, where it can be applied and how it implemented
3. To Describe the different types of variables, Control Flow and data manipulation techniques
4. To Understand Image,Text and Data Tables Automation
5. To Describe various types of Exceptions and strategies to handle

Module–1	Contact Hours
RPA Foundations- What is RPA – Flavors of RPA- History of RPA- The Benefits of RPA- The downsides of RPA- RPA Compared to BPO, BPM and BPA – Consumer Willingness for Automation- The Workforce of the Future- RPA Skills-On-Premise Vs. the Cloud- Web Technology- Programming Languages and Low Code- OCR-Databases-APIs- AI-Cognitive Automation-Agile, Scrum, Kanban and Waterfall0 DevOps- Flowcharts. **Textbook 1: Ch 1, Ch 2, RBT:L1,L2**	08
Module–2	
RPA Platforms- Components of RPA- RPA Platforms-About Ui Path- About UiPath - The future of automation - Record and Play - Downloading and installing UiPath Studio -Learning Ui Path Studio- - Task recorder - Step-by-step examples using the recorder. **Textbook 2: Ch 1, Ch 2, RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module–3	
Sequence, Flowchart, and Control Flow-Sequencing the workflow-Activities-Control flow, various types of loops, and decision making-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Flowchart-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-Collections-Arguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-stepexample). **Textbook 2: Ch 3, Ch 4, RBT:L1,L2**	08
Module–4	
Taking Control of the Controls- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control- Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities- Working with UiExplorer- Handling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points. **Text book 2: Ch 5 RBT:L1,L2**	08

Module–5

Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screenshots- Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA 08

Text book 2: Ch 8 Text book 1: Ch 13 RBT:L1,L2

Courseoutcomes: Thestudentsshouldbeableto:

- To Understand the basic concepts of RPA
- To Describevarious components and platforms of RPA
- To Describe the different types of variables, control flow and data manipulation techniques
- To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA
- ToDescribevarioustypes andstrategies tohandle exceptions

Questionpaperpattern:

- The question paper will have tenquestions.
- There will be 2questions from each module.
- Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Tom Taulli, The Robotic Process Automation Handbook : A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems,2020, ISBN-13 (electronic): 978-1-4842-5729-6, Publisher : A press
2. Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation, Publisher: Packt Publishing Release Date: March 2018 ISBN: 9781788470940

Reference Books:

1. Frank Casale, Rebecca Dilla, Heidi Jaynes ,Lauren Livingston,"Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a Primer", Institute of Robotic Process Automation.
2. Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks & Become An RPA Consultant
3. Srikanth Merianda, Robotic Process Automation Tools, Process Automation and their benefits: Understanding RPA and Intelligent Automation
4. https://www.uipath.com/rpa/robotic-process-automation

INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA ANALYTICS (OPEN ELECTIVE) (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS751**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS751) will enable students to:

- Interpret the data in the context of the business.
- Identify an appropriate method to analyze the data
- Show analytical model of a system

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Introduction to Data Analytics and Decision Making: Introduction, Overview of the Book, The Methods, The Software, Modeling and Models, Graphical Models, Algebraic Models, Spreadsheet Models, Seven-Step Modeling Process.**Describing the Distribution of a Single Variable**:Introduction,Basic Concepts, Populations and Samples, Data Sets,Variables,and Observations, Types of Data, Descriptive Measures for Categorical Variables, Descriptive Measures for Numerical Variables, Numerical Summary Measures, Numerical Summary Measures with StatTools,Charts for Numerical Variables, Time Series Data, Outliers and Missing Values,Outliers,Missing Values, Excel Tables for Filtering,Sorting,and Summarizing. **Finding Relationships among Variables**: Introduction, Relationships among Categorical Variables, Relationships among Categorical Variables and a Numerical Variable, Stacked and Unstacked Formats, Relationships among Numerical Variables, Scatterplots, Correlation and Covariance, Pivot Tables. **Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2,3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 2	
Probability and Probability Distributions:Introduction,Probability Essentials, Rule of Complements, Addition Rule, Conditional Probability and the Multiplication Rule, Probabilistic Independence, Equally Likely Events, Courseive Versus Objective Probabilities, Probability Distribution of a Single Random Variable, Summary Measures of a Probability Distribution, Conditional Mean and Variance, Introduction to Simulation. **Normal,Binormal,Poisson,and Exponential Distributions**:Introduction,The Normal Distribution, Continuous Distributions and Density Functions, The Normal Density,Standardizing:Z-Values,Normal Tables and Z-Values, Normal Calculations in Excel, Empirical Rules Revisited, Weighted Sums of Normal Random Variables, Applications of the Normal Random Distribution, The Binomial Distribution, Mean and Standard Deviation of the Binomial Distribution, The Binomial Distribution in the Context of Sampling, The Normal Approximation to the Binomial, Applications of the Binomial Distribution, The Poisson and Exponential Distributions, The Poisson Distribution, The Exponential Distribution. **Textbook 1: Ch. 4,5** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 3	
Decision Making under Uncertainty:Introduction,Elements of Decision Analysis, Payoff	08

Tables, Possible Decision Criteria, Expected Monetary Value(EMY),Sensitivity Analysis, Decision Trees, Risk Profiles, The Precision Tree Add-In,Bayes' Rule, Multistage Decision Problems and the Value of Information, The Value of Information, Risk Aversion and Expected Utility, Utility Functions, Exponential Utility, Certainty Equivalents, Is Expected Utility Maximization Used? **Sampling and Sampling Distributions**: Introduction, Sampling Terminology, Methods for Selecting Random Samples, Simple Random Sampling, Systematic Sampling, Stratified Sampling, Cluster Sampling, Multistage Sampling Schemes, Introduction to Estimation, Sources of Estimation Error, Key Terms in Sampling, Sampling Distribution of the Sample Mean, The Central Limit Theorem, Sample Size Selection, Summary of Key Ideas for Simple Random Sampling. **Textbook 1: Ch. 6,7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	
Module – 4	
Confidence Interval Estimation: Introduction, Sampling Distributions, The t Distribution, Other Sampling Distributions, Confidence Interval for a Mean, Confidence Interval for a Total, Confidence Interval for a Proportion, Confidence Interval for a Standard Deviation, Confidence Interval for the Difference between Means, Independent Samples, Paired Samples, Confidence Interval for the Difference between Proportions, Sample Size Selection, Sample Size Selection for Estimation of the Mean, Sample Size Selection for Estimation of Other Parameters. **Hypothesis Testing**:Introduction,Concepts in Hypothesis Testing, Null and Alternative Hypothesis, One-Tailed Versus Two-Tailed Tests, Types of Errors, Significance Level and Rejection Region, Significance from p-values, Type II Errors and Power, Hypothesis Tests and Confidence Intervals, Practical versus Statistical Significance, Hypothesis Tests for a Population Mean, Hypothesis Tests for Other Parameters, Hypothesis Tests for a Population Proportion, Hypothesis Tests for Differences between Population Means, Hypothesis Test for Equal Population Variances, Hypothesis Tests for Difference between Population Proportions, Tests for Normality, Chi-Square Test for Independence. **Textbook 1: Ch. 8,9** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module – 5	
Regression Analysis: Estimating Relationships: Introduction, Scatterplots : Graphing Relationships, Linear versus Nonlinear Relationships,Outliers,Unequal Variance, No Relationship,Correlations:Indications of Linear Relationships, Simple Linear Regression, Least Squares Estimation, Standard Error of Estimate, The Percentage of Variation Explained:R-Square,Multiple Regression, Interpretation of Regression Coefficients, Interpretation of Standard Error of Estimate and R-Square, Modeling Possibilities, Dummy Variables, Interaction Variables, Nonlinear Transformations, Validation of the Fit. **Regression Analysis**: Statistical Inference:Introduction,The Statistical Model, Inferences About the Regression Coefficients, Sampling Distribution of the Regression Coefficients, Hypothesis Tests for the Regression Coefficients and p-Values, A Test for the Overall Fit: The ANOVA Table,Multicollinearity,Include/Exclude Decisions, Stepwise Regression,Outliers,Violations of Regression Assumptions,Nonconstant Error Variance,Nonnormality of Residuals,Autocorrelated Residuals ,Prediction. **Textbook 1: Ch. 10,11** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Explain the importance of data and data analysis • Interpret the probabilistic models for data	

- Define hypothesis, uncertainty principle
- Evaluate regression analysis

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. S C Albright and W L Winston, Business analytics: data analysis and decision making, 5/e Cenage Learning

Reference Books:

1. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Big Data Analytics: A Hands-On Approach", 1st Edition, VPT Publications, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0996025577
2. Raj Kamal and Preeti Saxena, “Big Data Analytics Introduction to Hadoop, Spark, and Machine-Learning”, McGraw Hill Education, 2018 ISBN: 9789353164966, 9353164966

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">PYTHON APPLICATION PROGRAMMING
(OPEN ELECTIVE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS752</td><td>IA Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Lecture Hours/Week</td><td>3:0:0</td><td>Exam Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Lecture Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS – 03</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Course Learning Objectives:This course (18CS752) will enable students to</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">• Learn Syntax and Semantics and create Functions in Python.
• Handle Strings and Files in Python.
• Understand Lists, Dictionaries and Regular expressions in Python.
• Implement Object Oriented Programming concepts in Python
• Build Web Services and introduction to Network and Database Programmingin Python.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Module – 1</td><td>Teaching Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td>Why should you learn to write programs, Variables, expressions and statements, Conditional execution, Functions
Textbook 1: Chapters 1 – 4
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td>Iteration, Strings, Files
Textbook 1: Chapters 5– 7
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Lists, Dictionaries, Tuples, Regular Expressions
Textbook 1: Chapters 8 - 11
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Classes and objects, Classes and functions, Classes and methods
Textbook 2: Chapters 15 – 17
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Networked programs, Using Web Services, Using databases and SQL
Textbook 1: Chapters 12– 13, 15
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Course Outcomes:After studying this course, students will be able to</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">• Examine Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions.
• Demonstrate proficiency in handling Strings and File Systems.
• Create, run and manipulate Python Programs using core data structures like Lists, Dictionaries and use Regular Expressions.
• Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.
• Implement exemplary applications related to Network Programming, Web Services and Databases in Python.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Question paper pattern:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">• The question paper will have ten questions.
• Each full Question consisting of 20 marks</td></tr>
</table>

- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Charles R. Severance, **"Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3",** 1st Edition, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. (http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN_us/pythonlearn.pdf)
2. Allen B. Downey, **"Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist",** 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf) (Download pdf files from the above links)

Reference Books:

1. Charles Dierbach, **"Introduction to Computer Science Using Python",** 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-8126556014
2. Gowrishankar S, Veena A, **"Introduction to Python Programming",** 1st Edition, CRC Press/Taylor & Francis, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0815394372
3. Mark Lutz, **"Programming Python",** 4th Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2011.ISBN-13: 978-9350232873
4. Roberto Tamassia, Michael H Goldwasser, Michael T Goodrich, **"Data Structures and Algorithms in Python",** 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-8126562176
5. Reema Thareja, **"Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach",** Oxford university press, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-0199480173

INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (OPEN ELECTIVE) (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII			
Course Code	**18CS753**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03

CREDITS –3

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS753) will enable students to:

- Identify the problems where AI is required and the different methods available
- Compare and contrast different AI techniques available.
- Define and explain learning algorithms

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
What is artificial intelligence?, Problems, Problem Spaces and search **TextBook1: Ch 1, 2** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 2	
Knowledge Representation Issues, Using Predicate Logic, Representing knowledge using Rules, **TextBoook1: Ch 4, 5 and 6.** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 3	
Symbolic Reasoning under Uncertainty, Statistical reasoning **TextBoook1: Ch 7, 8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 4	
Game Playing, Natural Language Processing **TextBoook1: Ch 12 and 15** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module – 5	
Learning, Expert Systems. **TextBook1: Ch 17 and 20** **RBT: L1, L2**	08

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Identify the AI based problems
- Apply techniques to solve the AI problems
- Define learning and explain various learning techniques
- Discuss on expert systems

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. E. Rich , K. Knight & S. B. Nair - Artificial Intelligence, 3/e, McGraw Hill.
Reference Books:
1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Stuart Rusell, Peter Norving, Pearson Education 2nd Edition. 2. Dan W. Patterson, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems – Prentice Hal of India. 3. G. Luger, “Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for complex problem Solving”, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2002. 4. Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems Development by D W Rolston-Mc Graw hill. 5. N.P. Padhy “Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems” , Oxford University Press-2015

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">INTRODUCTION TO DOT NET FRAMEWORK FOR APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT
(OPEN ELECTIVE)
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS754</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS –3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS754) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Inspect Visual Studio programming environment and toolset designed to build applications for Microsoft Windows
Understand Object Oriented Programming concepts in C# programming language.
Interpret Interfaces and define custom interfaces for application.
Build custom collections and generics in C#
Construct events and query data using query expressions</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module – 1</td><td>Teaching Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Introducing Microsoft Visual C# and Microsoft Visual Studio 2015: Welcome to C#, Working with variables, operators and expressions, Writing methods and applying scope, Using decision statements, Using compound assignment and iteration statements, Managing errors and exceptions
T1: Chapter 1 – Chapter 6
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Understanding the C# object model: Creating and Managing classes and objects, Understanding values and references, Creating value types with enumerations and structures, Using arrays
Textbook 1: Ch 7 to 10
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Understanding parameter arrays, Working with inheritance, Creating interfaces and defining abstract classes, Using garbage collection and resource management
Textbook 1: Ch 11 to 14
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Defining Extensible Types with C#: Implementing properties to access fields, Using indexers, Introducing generics, Using collections
Textbook 1: Ch 15 to 18
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Enumerating Collections, Decoupling application logic and handling events, Querying in-memory data by using query expressions, Operator overloading
Textbook 1: Ch 19 to 22
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course outcomes: The students should be able to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Build applications on Visual Studio .NET platform by understanding the syntax and semantics of C#
Demonstrate Object Oriented Programming concepts in C# programming language</td></tr>
</table>

- Design custom interfaces for applications and leverage the available built-in interfaces in building complex applications.
- Illustrate the use of generics and collections in C#
- Compose queries to query in-memory data and define own operator behaviour

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. John Sharp, Microsoft Visual C# Step by Step, 8th Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2016

Reference Books:

1. Christian Nagel, "C# 6 and .NET Core 1.0", 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. Andrew Stellman and Jennifer Greene, "Head First C#", 3rd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013.
2. Mark Michaelis, "Essential C# 6.0", 5th Edition, Pearson Education India, 2016.
3. Andrew Troelsen, "Prof C# 5.0 and the .NET 4.5 Framework", 6th Edition, Apress and Dreamtech Press, 2012.

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII

Course Code	**18CSL76**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	0:0:2	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours	36	**Exam Hours**	03

Credits – 2

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CSL76) will enable students to:

- Implement and evaluate AI and ML algorithms in and Python programming language.

Descriptions (if any):

Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.

Programs List:

1.	Implement A* Search algorithm.
2.	Implement AO* Search algorithm.
3.	For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithmto output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.
4.	Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge toclassify a new sample.
5.	Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.
6.	Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
7.	Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Java/Python ML library classes/API in the program.
8.	Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.
9.	Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regressionalgorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Implement and demonstrate AI and ML algorithms.
- Evaluate different algorithms.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution *(Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)*
  - q) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - r) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">INTERNET OF THINGS
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VIII</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS81</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">CREDITS –3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS81) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Assess the genesis and impact of IoT applications, architectures in real world.
Illustrate diverse methods of deploying smart objects and connect them to network.
Compare different Application protocols for IoT.
Infer the role of Data Analytics and Security in IoT.
Identifysensor technologies for sensing real world entities and understand the role of IoT in various domains of Industry.</td></tr>
</table>

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
What is IoT, Genesis of IoT, IoT and Digitization, IoT Impact, Convergence of IT and IoT, IoT Challenges, IoT Network Architecture and Design, Drivers Behind New Network Architectures, Comparing IoT Architectures, A Simplified IoT Architecture, The Core IoT Functional Stack, IoT Data Management and Compute Stack. **Textbook 1: Ch.1, 2** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Smart Objects: The “Things” in IoT, Sensors, Actuators, and Smart Objects, Sensor Networks, Connecting Smart Objects, Communications Criteria, IoT Access Technologies. **Textbook 1: Ch.3, 4** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
IP as the IoT Network Layer, The Business Case for IP, The need for Optimization, Optimizing IP for IoT, Profiles and Compliances, Application Protocols for IoT, The Transport Layer, IoT Application Transport Methods. **Textbook 1: Ch.5, 6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Data and Analytics for IoT, An Introduction to Data Analytics for IoT, Machine Learning, Big Data Analytics Tools and Technology, Edge Streaming Analytics, Network Analytics, Securing IoT, A Brief History of OT Security, Common Challenges in OT Security, How IT and OT Security Practices and Systems Vary, Formal Risk Analysis Structures: OCTAVE and FAIR, The Phased Application of Security in an Operational Environment **Textbook 1: Ch.7, 8** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 5	
IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - Arduino UNO: Introduction to Arduino, Arduino UNO, Installing the Software, Fundamentals of Arduino Programming. IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - RaspberryPi: Introduction to RaspberryPi, About the RaspberryPi Board: Hardware Layout, Operating Systems on RaspberryPi, Configuring RaspberryPi, Programming RaspberryPi with Python, Wireless Temperature Monitoring System Using Pi, DS18B20 Temperature Sensor, Connecting Raspberry Pi via SSH, Accessing Temperature from DS18B20 sensors, Remote access to RaspberryPi, Smart and Connected Cities, An IoT	08

Strategy for Smarter Cities, Smart City IoT Architecture, Smart City Security Architecture, Smart City Use-Case Examples.
Textbook 1: Ch.12
Textbook 2: Ch.7.1 to 7.4, Ch.8.1 to 8.4, 8.6
RBT: L1, L2, L3

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Interpret the impact and challenges posed by IoT networks leading to new architectural models.
- Compare and contrast the deployment of smart objects and the technologies to connect them to network.
- Appraise the role of IoT protocols for efficient network communication.
- Elaborate the need for Data Analytics and Security in IoT.
- Illustrate different sensor technologies for sensing real world entities and identify the applications of IoT in Industry.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry,**"IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things",** 1stEdition, Pearson Education (Cisco Press Indian Reprint). (**ISBN:** 978-9386873743)
2. Srinivasa K G, **"Internet of Things",**CENGAGE Leaning India, 2017

Reference Books:

1. Vijay Madisetti and ArshdeepBahga, **"Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",** 1stEdition, VPT, 2014. (**ISBN:** 978-8173719547)
2. Raj Kamal, **"Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles",** 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017. (**ISBN:** 978-9352605224)

Mandatory Note:
Distribution of CIE Marks is a follows (Total 40 Marks):

- 20 Marks through IA Tests
- 20 Marks through practical assessment

Maintain a copy of the report for verification during LIC visit.

Posssible list of practicals:

1. Transmit a string using UART
2. Point-to-Point communication of two Motes over the radio frequency.
3. Multi-point to single point communication of Motes over the radio frequency.LAN (Sub-netting).
4. I2C protocol study
5. Reading Temperature and Relative Humidity value from the sensor

MOBILE COMPUTING (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VIII			
Course Code	**18CS821**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS821) will enable students to:

- Define concepts of wireless communication.
- Compare and contrast propagation methods, Channel models, capacity calculations multiple antennas and multiple user techniques used in the mobile communication.
- Explain CDMA, GSM. Mobile IP, WImax and Different Mobile OS
- Illustrate various Markup Languages CDC, CLDC, MIDP; Programming for CLDC, MIDlet model and security concerns

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Mobile Computing Architecture: Architecture for Mobile Computing, 3-tier Architecture, Design Considerations for Mobile Computing. Emerging Technologies: Wireless broadband (WiMAX), Mobile IP: Introduction, discovery, Registration, Tunneling, Cellular IP, Mobile IP with IPv6. Wireless Networks : Global Systems for Mobile Communication (GSM): GSM Architecture, Entities, Call routing in GSM, PLMN Interface, GSM Addresses and Identities, Network Aspects in GSM, Mobility Management, GSM Frequency allocation. Short Service Messages (SMS): Introduction to SMS, SMS Architecture, SMMT, SMMO, SMS as Information bearer, applications **Textbook1: 2.4 - 2.6, 4.4 - 4.6, 5, 6.** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
GPRS and Packet Data Network, GPRS Network Architecture, GPRS Network Operations, Data Services in GPRS, Applications for GPRS, Billing and Charging in GPRS. Spread Spectrum technology, IS-95, CDMA versus GSM, Wireless Data, Third Generation Networks, Applications on 3G, Mobile Client: Moving beyond desktop, Mobile handset overview, Mobile phones and their features, PDA, Design Constraints in applications for handheld devices. **Textbook 1: 7,9.2 - 9.7, 12.2 - 12.6** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
Mobile OS and Computing Environment: Smart Client Architecture, The Client: User Interface, Data Storage, Performance, Data Synchronization, Messaging. The Server: Data Synchronization, Enterprise Data Source, Messaging. Mobile Operating Systems: WinCE, Palm OS, Symbian OS, Linux, Proprietary OS Client Development: The development process, Need analysis phase, Design phase, Implementation and Testing phase, Deployment phase, Development Tools, Device Emulators **Textbook 2: 7, 8.** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Building Wireless Internet Applications: Thin client overview: Architecture, the client, Middleware, messaging Servers, Processing a Wireless request, Wireless Applications	08

<table>
<tr><td>Protocol (WAP) Overview, Wireless Languages: Markup Languages, HDML, WML, 10 Hours HTML, cHTML, XHTML, VoiceXML.
Textbook 2: 11, 12, 13
RBT: L1, L2</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Module 5</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>J2ME: Introduction, CDC, CLDC, MIDP; Programming for CLDC, MIDlet model, Provisioning, MIDlet life-cycle, Creating new application, MIDlet event handling, GUI in MIDP, Low level GUI Components, Multimedia APIs; Communication in MIDP, Security Considerations in MIDP.
Textbook 1: 15.1 - 15.10
RBT: L1, L2</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The students shall able to:
Explain state of art techniques in wireless communication.
Discover CDMA, GSM. Mobile IP, WImax
Demonstrate program for CLDC, MIDP let model and security concerns</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Text Books:
Ashok Talukder, Roopa Yavagal, Hasan Ahmed: Mobile Computing, Technology, Applications and Service Creation, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
Martyn Mallik: Mobile and Wireless Design Essentials, Wiley India, 2003</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Reference Books:
Raj kamal: Mobile Computing, Oxford University Press, 2007.
Iti Saha Misra: Wireless Communications and Networks, 3G and Beyond, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">STORAGE AREA NETWORKS
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS822</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">CREDITS –3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS822) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">• Evaluate storage architectures,
• Define backup, recovery, disaster recovery, business continuity, and replication
• Examine emerging technologies including IP-SAN
• Understand logical and physical components of a storage infrastructure
• Identify components of managing and monitoring the data center
• Define information security and identify different storage virtualization technologies</td></tr>
</table>

Module 1	Contact Hours
Storage System: Introduction to Information Storage: Information Storage, Evolution of Storage Architecture, Data Center Infrastructure, Virtualization and Cloud Computing. **Data Center Environment:** Application Database Management System (DBMS), Host (Compute), Connectivity, Storage, Disk Drive Components,Disk Drive Performance, Host Access to Data, Direct-Attached Storage, Storage Design Based on Application **Textbook1 : Ch.1.1 to 1.4, Ch.2.1 to 2.10** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 2	
Data Protection - RAID : RAID Implementation Methods, RAID Array Components, RAID Techniques, RAID Levels, RAID Impact on Disk Performance, RAID Comparison. **Intelligent Storage Systems :** Components of an Intelligent Storage System, Types of Intelligent Storage Systems. **Fibre Channel Storage Area Networks - Fibre Channel:** Overview, The SAN and Its Evolution, Components of FC SAN. **Textbook1 : Ch.3.1 to 3.6, Ch. 4.1, 4.3, Ch. 5.1 to 5.3** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 3	
IP SAN and FCoE: iSCSI, FCIP, **Network-Attached Storage:** General-Purpose Servers versus NAS Devices,Benefi ts of NAS, File Systems and Network File Sharing, Components of NAS, NAS I/O Operation, NAS Implementations, NAS File-Sharing Protocols, Factors Affecting NAS Performance **Textbook1 : Ch.6.1, 6.2, Ch. 7.1 to 7.8** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 4	
Introduction to Business Continuity: Information Availability, BC Terminology, BC Planning Life Cycle, Failure Analysis, Business Impact Analysis, BC Technology Solutions, **Backup and Archive:** Backup Purpose, Backup Considerations, Backup Granularity, Recovery Considerations, Backup Methods, Backup Architecture, Backup and Restore Operations, Backup Topologies, Backup in NAS Environments **Textbook1 : Ch.9.1 to 9.6, Ch. 10.1 to 10.9** **RBT: L1, L2**	08
Module 5	
Local Replication: Replication Terminology, Uses of Local Replicas, Replica Consistency , Local Replication Technologies, Tracking Changes to Source and Replica, Restore and Restart Considerations, Creating Multiple Replicas. **Remote Replication:** Modes of Remote	08

Replication, Remote Replication Technologies. **Securing the Storage Infrastructure:** Information Security Framework, Risk Triad, Storage Security Domains. Security Implementations in Storage Networking **Textbook1 : Ch.11.1 to 11.7, Ch. 12.1, 12.2, Ch. 14.1 to 14.4** **RBT: L1, L2**	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Identify key challenges in managing information and analyze different storage networking technologies and virtualization
- Explain components and the implementation of NAS
- Describe CAS architecture and types of archives and forms of virtualization
- Illustrate the storage infrastructure and management activities

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. EMC Education Services, **"Information Storage and Management"**, Wiley India Publications, 2009. ISBN: 9781118094839

Reference Books:

1. Paul Massiglia, Richard Barker, **"Storage Area Network Essentials: A Complete Guide to Understanding and Implementating SANs Paperback",** 1st Edition, Wiley India Publications, 2008

NOSQL DATABASE (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VIII			
Course Code	**18CS823**	**CIE Marks**	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	**SEE Marks**	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	**Exam Hours**	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS823) will enable students to:

- Define, compare and use the four types of NoSQL Databases (Document-oriented, KeyValue Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph).
- Demonstrate an understanding of the detailed architecture, define objects, load data, query data and performance tune Column-oriented NoSQL databases.
- Explain the detailed architecture, define objects, load data, query data and performance tune Document-oriented NoSQL databases.

Module 1	**Contact Hours**
Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL, Aggregate Data Models; Aggregates, Example of Relations and Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing Aggregate-Oriented Databases. More Details on Data Models; Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access, **Textbook1: Chapter 1,2,3** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 2	
Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication. Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums. Version Stamps, Business and System Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes **Textbook1: Chapter 4,5,6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 3	
Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-Reduce Key-Value Databases, What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preference, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multioperation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets **Textbook1: Chapter 7,8** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08
Module 4	
Document Databases, What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E-Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Dif erent Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure **Textbook1: Chapter 9**	08

<table>
<tr><td>RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Module 5</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use.
Textbook1: Chapter 11
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">• Define, compare and use the four types of NoSQL Databases (Document-oriented, KeyValue Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph).
• Demonstrate an understanding of the detailed architecture, define objects, load data, query data and performance tune Column-oriented NoSQL databases.
• Explain the detailed architecture, define objects, load data, query data and performance tune Document-oriented NoSQL databases.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Question Paper Pattern:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">• The question paper will have ten questions.
• Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
• There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
• Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
• The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Textbooks:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pearson Addision Wesley, 2012</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Reference Books:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">1. Dan Sullivan, "NoSQL For Mere Mortals", 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. (ISBN-13: 978-9332557338)
2. Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, "Making Sense of NoSQL: A guide for Managers and the Rest of us", 1st Edition, Manning Publication/Dreamtech Press, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351192022)
3. Kristina Chodorow, "Mongodb: The Definitive Guide- Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351102694)</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">MULTICORE ARCHITECTURE AND PROGRAMMING
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VII</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Code</td><td>18CS824</td><td>CIE Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Contact Hours/Week</td><td>3:0:0</td><td>SEE Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Contact Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS –3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS824) will enable students to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">• Define technologies of multicore architecture and performance measures
• Demonstrate problems related to multiprocessing
• Illustrate windows threading, posix threads, openmp programming
• Analyze the common problems in parallel programming</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module -1</td><td>Contact Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Introduction to Multi-core Architecture Motivation for Concurrency in software, Parallel Computing Platforms, Parallel Computing in Microprocessors, Differentiating Multi-core Architectures from Hyper- Threading Technology, Multi-threading on Single-Core versus Multi-Core Platforms Understanding Performance, Amdahl's Law, Growing Returns: Gustafson's Law. System Overview of Threading : Defining Threads, System View of Threads, Threading above the Operating System, Threads inside the OS, Threads inside the Hardware, What Happens When a Thread Is Created, Application Programming Models and Threading, Virtual Environment: VMs and Platforms, Runtime Virtualization, System Virtualization.
Textbook 1: Ch.1, 2
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module -2</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Fundamental Concepts of Parallel Programming :Designing for Threads, Task Decomposition, Data Decomposition, Data Flow Decomposition, Implications of Different Decompositions, Challenges You'll Face, Parallel Programming Patterns, A Motivating Problem: Error Diffusion, Analysis of the Error Diffusion Algorithm, An Alternate Approach: Parallel Error Diffusion, Other Alternatives. Threading and Parallel Programming Constructs: Synchronization, Critical Sections, Deadlock, Synchronization Primitives, Semaphores, Locks, Condition Variables, Messages, Flow Control- based Concepts, Fence, Barrier, Implementation-dependent Threading Features
Textbook 1: Ch.3, 4
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module – 3</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Threading APIs :ThreadingAPls for Microsoft Windows, Win32/MFC Thread APls, Threading APls for Microsoft. NET Framework, Creating Threads, Managing Threads, Thread Pools, Thread Synchronization, POSIX Threads, Creating Threads, Managing Threads, Thread Synchronization, Signaling, Compilation and Linking.
Textbook 1: Ch.5
RBT: L1, L2, L3</td><td>08</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module-4</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">OpenMP: A Portable Solution for Threading : Challenges in Threading a Loop, Loop-carried Dependence, Data-race Conditions, Managing Shared and Private Data, Loop Scheduling and Portioning, Effective Use of Reductions, Minimizing Threading Overhead, Work-sharing Sections, Performance-oriented Programming, Using Barrier and No wait, Interleaving Single-thread and Multi-thread Execution, Data Copy-in and Copy-out, Protecting Updates of Shared Variables, Intel Task queuing Extension to OpenMP, OpenMP Library Functions,</td><td>08</td></tr>
</table>

OpenMP Environment Variables, Compilation, Debugging, performance **Textbook 1: Ch.6** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	
Module-5	
Solutions to Common Parallel Programming Problems : Too Many Threads, Data Races, Deadlocks, and Live Locks, Deadlock, Heavily Contended Locks, Priority Inversion, Solutions for Heavily Contended Locks, Non-blocking Algorithms, ABA Problem, Cache Line Ping-ponging, Memory Reclamation Problem, Recommendations, Thread-safe Functions and Libraries, Memory Issues, Bandwidth, Working in the Cache, Memory Contention, Cache-related Issues, False Sharing, Memory Consistency, Current IA-32 Architecture, Itanium Architecture, High-level Languages, Avoiding Pipeline Stalls on IA-32,Data Organization for High Performance. **Textbook 1: Ch.7** **RBT: L1, L2, L3**	08

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Identify the limitations of ILP and the need for multicore architectures
- Define fundamental concepts of parallel programming and its design issues
- Solve the issues related to multiprocessing and suggest solutions
- Make out the salient features of different multicore architectures and how they exploit parallelism
- Demonstrate the role of OpenMP and programming concept

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Multicore Programming , Increased Performance through Software Multi-threading by Shameem Akhter and Jason Roberts , Intel Press , 2006

Reference Books:

1. Yan Solihin, "Fundamentals of Parallel Multicore Architecture", 1st Edition, CRC Press/Taylor and Francis, 2015.
2. GerassimosBarlas, "Multicore and GPU Programming: An Integrated Approach Paperback", 1st Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2014.
3. Lyla B Das, "The x86 Microprocessors: 8086 to Pentium, Multicores, Atom and the 8051 Microcontroller: Architecture, Programming and Interfacing", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education India, 2014

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI
Scheme of Teaching and Examination 2017-2018
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

B.E: Computer Science and Engineering

III SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Code	Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week		Examination				Credits
				Theory	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	SEE Marks	CIE Marks	Total Marks	
1	17MAT31	Engineering Mathematics - III	Maths	04		03	60	40	100	4
2	17CS32	Analog and Digital Electronics	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
3	17CS33	Data Structures and Applications	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
4	17CS34	Computer Organization	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
5	17CS35	Unix and Shell Programming	CS/IS	03		03	60	40	100	3
6	17CS36	Discrete Mathematical Structures	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
7	17CSL37	Analog and Digital Electronics Laboratory	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
8	17CSL38	Data Structures Laboratory	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
9	17KL/CPH39/49	Kannada/Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights	Humanities	01		01	30	20	50	01
TOTAL				**Theory: 24hours Practical: 06 hours**		**25**	**510**	**340**	**850**	**28**

1.Kannada/Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights: 50 % of the programs of the Institution have to teach Kannada/Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights in cycle based concept during III and IV semesters.

2. Audit Course:
(i) *All lateral entry students (except B.Sc candidates) have to register for Additional Mathematics – I, which is 03 contact hours per week.

1	17MATDIP31	Additional Mathematics –I	Maths	03		03	60	--	60	--

(ii) Language English (Audit Course) be compulsorily studied by all lateral entry students (except B.Sc candidates)

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI
Scheme of Teaching and Examination 2017-2018
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

B.E: Computer Science and Engineering

IV SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Code	Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week		Examination				Credits
				Theory	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	SEE Marks	CIE Marks	Total Marks	
1	17MAT41	Engineering Mathematics - IV	Maths	04		03	60	40	100	4
2	17CS42	Object Oriented Concepts	CS/IS	03		03	60	40	100	3
3	17CS43	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
4	17CS44	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
5	17CS45	Software Engineering	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
6	17CS46	Data Communication	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
7	17CSL47	Design and Analysis of Algorithm Laboratory	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
8	17CSL48	Microprocessors Laboratory	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
9	17KL/CPH39/49	Kannada/Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights	Humanities	01		01	30	20	50	01
			TOTAL	**Theory: 24hours Practical: 06 hours**		**25**	**510**	**340**	**850**	**28**

1. Kannada/Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights: 50 % of the programs of the Institution have to teach Kannada/Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights in cycle based concept during III and IV semesters.

2.Audit Course:

(i) *All lateral entry students (except B.Sc candidates) have to register for Additional Mathematics – II, which is 03 contact hours per week.

1	17MATDIP41	Additional Mathematics –II	Maths	03		03	60	--	60	--

(ii) Language English (Audit Course) be compulsorily studied by all lateral entry students (except B.Sc candidates)

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI
Scheme of Teaching and Examination 2017-2018
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

B.E: Computer Science and Engineering

V SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Code	Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week		Examination				Credits
				Theory	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	SEE Marks	CIE Marks	Total Marks	
1	17CS51	Management and Entrepreneurship for IT Industry	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
2	17CS52	Computer Networks	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
3	17CS53	Database Management System	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
4	17CS54	Automata theory and Computability	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
5	17CS55x	Professional Elective-1	CS/IS	03		03	60	40	100	3
6	17CS56x	Open Elective-1	CS/IS	03		03	60	40	100	3
7	17CSL57	Computer Network Laboratory	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
8	17CSL58	DBMS Laboratory with mini project	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
TOTAL				**Theory: 22hours Practical: 06 hours**		**24**	**480**	**320**	**800**	**26**

Professional Elective-1			**Open Elective – 1*** (List offered by CSE Board only)**	
17CS551	Object Oriented Modeling and Design		17CS561	Programming in JAVA *(Not for CSE/ISE students)*
17CS552	Introduction to Software Testing		17CS562	Artificial Intelligence
17CS553	Advanced JAVA and J2EE		17CS563	Embedded Systems
17CS554	Advanced Algorithms		17CS564	Dot Net framework for application development;
			17CS565	Cloud Computing *(Not for CSE/ISE students)*

*****Students can select any one of the open electives offered by any Department (Please refer to consolidated list of VTU for open electives).
Selection of an open elective is not allowed, if:
· The candidate has no pre – requisite knowledge.
· The candidate has studied similar content course during previous semesters.
· The syllabus content of the selected open elective is similar to that of Departmental core course(s) or to be studied Professional elective(s).
Registration to open electives shall be documented under the guidance of Programme Coordinator and Adviser.

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI
Scheme of Teaching and Examination 2017-2018
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B.E: Computer Science and Engineering

VI SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Code	Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week		Examination				Credits
				Theory	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	SEE Marks	CIE Marks	Total Marks	
1	17CS61	Cryptography, Network Security and Cyber Law	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
2	17CS62	Computer Graphics and Visualization	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
3	17CS63	System Software and Compiler Design	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
4	17CS64	Operating Systems	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
5	17CS65x	Professional Elective-2	CS/IS	03		03	60	40	100	3
6	17CS66x	Open Elective-2	CS/IS	03		03	60	40	100	3
7	17CSL67	System Software and Operating System Laboratory	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
8	17CSL68	Computer Graphics Laboratory with mini project	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
			TOTAL	**Theory:22hours Practical: 06 hours**		**24**	**480**	**320**	**800**	**26**

Professional Elective-2			**Open Elective – 2*** (List offered by CSE Board only)**	
17CS651	Data Mining and Data Warehousing		17CS661	Mobile Application Development
17CS652	Software Architecture and Design Patterns		17CS662	Big Data Analytics *(Not for CSE/ISE students)*
17CS653	Operations research		17CS663	Wireless Networks and Mobile computing
17CS654	Distributed Computing system		17CS664	Python Application Programming
			17CS665	Service Oriented Architecture
			17CS666	Multicore Architecture and Programming

*******Students can select any one of the open electives offered by any Department (Please refer to consolidated list of VTU for open electives).
Selection of an open elective is not allowed, if:
· The candidate has no pre – requisite knowledge.
· The candidate has studied similar content course during previous semesters.
· The syllabus content of the selected open elective is similar to that of Departmental core course(s) or to be studied Professional elective(s).
Registration to open electives shall be documented under the guidance of Programme Coordinator and Adviser.

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI
Scheme of Teaching and Examination 2017-2018
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

B.E: Computer Science and Engineering

VII SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Code	Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week		Examination				Credits
				Theory	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	SEE Marks	CIE Marks	Total Marks	
1	17CS71	Web Technology and its applications	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
2	17CS72	Advanced Computer Architectures	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
3	17CS73	Machine Learning	CS/IS	04		03	60	40	100	4
4	17CS74x	Professional Elective 3	CS/IS	03		03	60	40	100	3
5	17CS75x	Professional Elective 4	CS/IS	03		03	60	40	100	3
6	17CSL76	Machine Learning Laboratory	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
7	17CSL77	Web Technology Laboratory with mini project	CS/IS	01-Hour Instruction 02-Hour Practical		03	60	40	100	2
8	17CSP78	Project Work Phase–I + Project work Seminar	CS/IS		03	--	--	100	100	2
TOTAL				**Theory:18 hours Practical and Project: 09 hours**		**21**	**420**	**380**	**800**	**24**

Professional Elective-3		**Professional Elective-4**	
17CS741	Natural Language Processing	17CS751	Soft and Evolutionary Computing
17CS742	Cloud Computing and its Applications	17CS752	Computer Vision and Robotics
17CS743	Information and Network Security	17CS753	Digital Image Processing
17CS744	Unix System Programming	17CS754	Storage Area Networks

1. **Project Phase – I and Project Seminar:** Comprises of Literature Survey, Problem identification, Objectives and Methodology. CIE marks shall be based on the report covering Literature Survey, Problem identification, Objectives and Methodology and Seminar presentation skill.

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI
Scheme of Teaching and Examination 2017-2018
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

B.E: Computer Science and Engineering

VIII SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Code	Title	Teaching Department	Teaching Hours /Week		Examination				Credits
				Theory	Practical/ Drawing	Duration in hours	SEE Marks	CIE Marks	Total Marks	
1	17CS81	Internet of Things and Applications	CS/IS	4	-	3	60	40	100	4
2	17CS82	Big Data Analytics	CS/IS	4	-	3	60	40	100	4
3	17CS83X	Professional Elective-5	CS/IS	3	-	3	60	40	100	3
4	17CS84	Internship/ Professional Practice	CS/IS	Industry Oriented		3	50	50	100	2
5	17CSP85	Project Work-II	CS/IS	-	6	3	100	100	200	6
6	17CSS86	Seminar	CS/IS	-	4	-	-	100	100	1
TOTAL				**Theory: 11 hours Project and Seminar: 10 hours**		**15**	**330**	**370**	**700**	**20**

Professional Elective -5	
17CS831	High Performance Computing
17CS832	User Interface Design
17CS833	Network management
17CS834	System Modeling and Simulation

1. Internship/ Professional Practice: 4 Weeks internship to be completed between the (VI and VII semester vacation) and/or (VII and VIII semester vacation) period.

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-III [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – III			
Subject Code	**17MAT31**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**04**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**50**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
CREDITS – 04			

Module -1	**Teaching Hours**
Fourier Series: Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition, Fourier Series of periodic functions with period 2π and with arbitrary period 2c. Fourier series of even and odd functions. Half range Fourier Series, practical harmonic analysis-Illustrative examples from engineering field.	**10Hours**
Module -2	
Fourier Transforms: Infinite Fourier transforms, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transform. **Z-transform:** Difference equations, basic definition, z-transform-definition, Standard z-transforms, Damping rule, Shifting rule, Initial value and final value theorems (without proof) and problems, Inverse z-transform. Applications of z-transforms to solve difference equations.	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Statistical Methods: Review of measures of central tendency and dispersion. Correlation-Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation-problems. Regression analysis- lines of regression (without proof) –problems **Curve Fitting:** Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting of the curves of the form, $y = ax + b$, $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ and $y = ae^{bx}$. **Numerical Methods:** Numerical solution of algebraic and transcendental equations by Regula- Falsi Method and Newton-Raphson method.	**10 Hours**
Module-4	
Finite differences: Forward and backward differences, Newton's forward and backward interpolation formulae. Divided differences- Newton's divided difference formula. Lagrange's interpolation formula and inverse interpolation formula (all formulae without proof)-Problems. **Numerical integration:** Simpson's $(1/3)^{th}$ and $(3/8)^{th}$ rules, Weddle's rule (without proof) – Problems.	**10 Hours**
Module-5	
Vector integration: Line integrals-definition and problems, surface and volume integrals-definition, Green's theorem in a plane, Stokes and Gauss-divergence theorem(without proof) and problems. **Calculus of Variations:** Variation of function and Functional, variational problems. Euler's equation, Geodesics, hanging chain, problems.	**10 Hours**
Course outcomes:	

After Studying this course, students will be able to

- Know the use of periodic signals and Fourier series to analyze circuits and system communications.
- Explain the general linear system theory for continuous-time signals and digital signal processing using the Fourier Transform and z-transform.
- Employ appropriate numerical methods to solve algebraic and transcendental equations.
- Apply Green's Theorem, Divergence Theorem and Stokes' theorem in various applications in the field of electro-magnetic and gravitational fields and fluid flow problems.
- Determine the extremals of functionals and solve the simple problems of the calculus of variations.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. B. S. Grewal," Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 42nd edition, 2013.
2. B.V. Ramana "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.

Reference Books:

1. N. P. Bali and Manish Goyal, "A text book of Engineering mathematics" , Laxmi publications, latest edition.
2. Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics " - 9th edition, Wiley.
3. H. K Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma ,"Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand, 1st ed.

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER - III

Subject Code	**17CS32**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**04**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**50**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

CREDITS – 04

Module -1	**Teaching Hours**
Field Effect Transistors: Junction Field Effect Transistors, MOSFETs, Differences between JFETs and MOSFETs, Biasing MOSFETs, FET Applications, CMOS Devices. Wave-Shaping Circuits: Integrated Circuit(IC) Multivibrators. **Introduction to Operational Amplifier**: Ideal v/s practical Opamp, Performance Parameters, **Operational Amplifier Application Circuits**:Peak Detector Circuit, Comparator, Active Filters, Non-Linear Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Current-To-Voltage Converter, Voltage-To-Current Converter. **Text book 1:- Ch5: 5.2, 5.3, 5.5, 5.8, 5.9, 5.1.Ch13: 13.10.Ch 16: 16.3, 16.4. Ch 17: 7.12, 17.14, 17.15, 17.18, 17.19, 17.20, 17.21.)**	**10 Hours**
Module -2	
The Basic Gates: Review of Basic Logic gates, Positive and Negative Logic, Introduction to HDL. **Combinational Logic Circuits:** Sum-of-Products Method, Truth Table to Karnaugh Map, Pairs Quads, and Octets, Karnaugh Simplifications, Don't-care Conditions, Product-of-sums Method, Product-of-sums simplifications, Simplification by Quine-McClusky Method, Hazards and Hazard covers, HDL Implementation Models. **Text book 2:- Ch2: 2.4, 2.5. Ch3: 3.2 to 3.11.**	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Data-Processing Circuits: Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, 1-of-16 Decoder, BCD to Decimal Decoders, Seven Segment Decoders, Encoders, Exclusive-OR Gates, Parity Generators and Checkers, Magnitude Comparator, Programmable Array Logic, Programmable Logic Arrays, HDL Implementation of Data Processing Circuits. Arithmetic Building Blocks, Arithmetic Logic Unit **Flip- Flops:** RS Flip-Flops, Gated Flip-Flops, Edge-triggered RS FLIP-FLOP, Edge-triggered D FLIP-FLOPs, Edge-triggered JK FLIP-FLOPs. **Text book 2:- Ch 4:- 4.1 to 4.9, 4.11, 4.12, 4.14.Ch6:-6.7, 6.10.Ch8:- 8.1 to 8.5.**	**10 Hours**
Module-4	
Flip- Flops: FLIP-FLOP Timing, JK Master-slave FLIP-FLOP, Switch Contact Bounce Circuits, Various Representation of FLIP-FLOPs, HDL Implementation of FLIP-FLOP. **Registers:** Types of Registers, Serial In - Serial Out, Serial In - Parallel out, Parallel In - Serial Out, Parallel In - Parallel Out, Universal Shift Register, Applications of Shift Registers, Register implementation in HDL. **Counters:** Asynchronous Counters, Decoding Gates, Synchronous Counters, Changing the Counter Modulus. (**Text book 2:- Ch 8: 8.6, 8.8, 8.9, 8.10, 8.13. Ch 9: 9.1 to 9.8. Ch 10: 10.1 to 10.4)**	**10 Hours**

Module-5	
Counters: Decade Counters, Presettable Counters, Counter Design as a Synthesis problem, A Digital Clock, Counter Design using HDL. **D/A Conversion and A/D Conversion:** Variable, Resistor Networks, Binary Ladders, D/A Converters, D/A Accuracy and Resolution, A/D Converter-Simultaneous Conversion, A/D Converter-Counter Method, Continuous A/D Conversion, A/D Techniques, Dual-slope A/D Conversion, A/D Accuracy and Resolution. **Text book 2:- Ch 10: 10.5 to 10.9. Ch 12: 12.1 to 12.10**	**10 Hours**

Course outcomes: After Studying this course, students will be able to

- Explain the operation of JFETs and MOSFETs , Operational Amplifier circuits and their application
- Explain Combinational Logic, Simplification Techniques using Karnaugh Maps, Quine McClusky technique.
- Demonstrate Operation of Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Adders and Subtractors, working of Latches, Flip-Flops, Designing Registers, Counters, A/D and D/A Converters
- Design of Counters, Registers and A/D & D/A converters

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal: Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha: Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015

Reference Books:

1. Stephen Brown, Zvonko Vranesic: Fundamentals of Digital Logic Design with VHDL, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
2. R D Sudhaker Samuel: Illustrative Approach to Logic Design, Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
3. M Morris Mano: Digital Logic and Computer Design, 10th Edition, Pearson, 2008.

DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER - III

Subject Code	**17CS33**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**04**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**50**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

CREDITS - 04

Module -1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive & Non Primitive), Data structure Operations, Review of Arrays, Structures, Self-Referential Structures, and Unions. Pointers and Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, Dynamically allocated arrays, **Array Operations**: Traversing, inserting, deleting, searching, and sorting. Multidimensional Arrays, Polynomials and Sparse Matrices. **Strings:** Basic Terminology, Storing, Operations and Pattern Matching algorithms. Programming Examples. **Text 1: Ch 1: 1.2, Ch2: 2.2 -2.7** **Text 2: Ch 1: 1.1 -1.4, Ch 3: 3.1-3.3,3.5,3.7, Ch 4: 4.1-4.9,4.14** **Ref 3: Ch 1: 1.4**	**10 Hours**
Module -2	
Stacks and Queues **Stacks:** Definition, Stack Operations, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic Arrays, Stack Applications: Polish notation, Infix to postfix conversion, evaluation of postfix expression, **Recursion** - Factorial, GCD, Fibonacci Sequence, Tower of Hanoi, Ackerman's function. **Queues:** Definition, Array Representation, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Circular queues using Dynamic arrays, Dequeues, Priority Queues, A Mazing Problem. Multiple Stacks and Queues. Programming Examples. **Text 1: Ch3: 3.1 -3.7** **Text 2: Ch6: 6.1 -6.3, 6.5, 6.7-6.10, 6.12, 6.13**	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Linked Lists: Definition, Representation of linked lists in Memory, Memory allocation; Garbage Collection. Linked list operations: Traversing, Searching, Insertion, and Deletion. Doubly Linked lists, Circular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. Applications of Linked lists – Polynomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples **Text 1: Ch4: 4.1 -4.8 except 4.6** **Text 2: Ch5: 5.1 – 5.10**	**10 Hours**

Module-4

Trees: Terminology, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; Additional Binary tree operations. Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, Searching, Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression, Programming Examples **Text 1: Ch5: 5.1 –5.5, 5.7** **Text 2: Ch7: 7.1 – 7.9**	**10 Hours**

Module-5

Graphs: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation Of Graphs, Elementary Graph operations, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth First Search. **Sorting and Searching**: Insertion Sort, Radix sort, Address Calculation Sort. **Hashing:** Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing. **Files and Their Organization:** Data Hierarchy, File Attributes, Text Files and Binary Files, Basic File Operations, File Organizations and Indexing **Text 1: Ch6: 6.1 –6.2, Ch 7:7.2, Ch 8:8.1-8.3** **Text 2: Ch8: 8.1 – 8.7, Ch 9:9.1-9.3,9.7,9.9** **Reference 2: Ch 16: 16.1 - 16.7**	**10 Hours**

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Explain different types of data structures, operations and algorithms
- Apply searching and sorting operations on files
- Make use of stack, Queue, Lists, Trees and Graphs in problem solving.
- Develop all data structures in a high-level language for problem solving.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C - Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, 2^{nd} edition, Universities Press,2014
2. Data Structures - Seymour Lipschutz, Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1^{st} edition, McGraw Hill, 2014

Reference Books:

1. Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C –Gilberg & Forouzan, 2^{nd} edition, Cengage Learning,2014
2. Data Structures using C, , Reema Thareja, 3^{rd} edition Oxford press, 2012
3. An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications- Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, 2^{nd} Edition, McGraw Hill, 2013
4. Data Structures using C - A M Tenenbaum, PHI, 1989
5. Data Structures and Program Design in C - Robert Kruse, 2^{nd} edition, PHI, 1996

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER - III			
Subject Code	**17CS34**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**04**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**50**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
CREDITS – 04			

Module -1	**Teaching Hours**
Basic Structure of Computers: Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement. Machine Instructions and Programs: Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes, Assembly Language, Basic Input and Output Operations, Stacks and Queues, Subroutines, Additional Instructions, Encoding of Machine Instructions	**10Hours**
Module -2	
Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Controlling Device Requests, Exceptions, Direct Memory Access, Buses Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interfaces – PCI Bus, SCSI Bus, USB.	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Memory System: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read Only Memories, Speed, Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – Mapping Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations, Virtual Memories, Secondary Storage.	**10 Hours**
Module-4	
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers, Signed Operand Multiplication, Fast Multiplication, Integer Division, Floating-point Numbers and Operations.	**10 Hours**
Module-5	
Basic Processing Unit: Some Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Multiple Bus Organization, Hard-wired Control, Micro programmed Control. Pipelining, Embedded Systems and Large Computer Systems: Basic Concepts of pipelining, Examples of Embedded Systems, Processor chips for embedded applications, Simple Microcontroller, The structure of General-Purpose Multiprocessors.	**10 Hours**

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Explain the basic organization of a computer system.
- Demonstrate functioning of different sub systems, such as processor, Input/output, and memory.
- Illustrate hardwired control and micro programmed control. pipelining, embedded and other computing systems.
- Build simple arithmetic and logical units.

Question paper pattern: The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books: 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky: Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and12)
Reference Books: 1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson, 2015.

UNIX AND SHELL PROGRAMMING
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – III

Subject Code	**17CS35**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

CREDITS – 03

Module -1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction, Brief history. Unix Components/Architecture. Features of Unix. The UNIX Environment and UNIX Structure, Posix and Single Unix specification. The login prompt. General features of Unix commands/ command structure. Command arguments and options. Understanding of some basic commands such as echo, printf, ls, who, date, passwd, cal, Combining commands. Meaning of Internal and external commands. The type command: knowing the type of a command and locating it. The man command knowing more about Unix commands and using Unix online manual pages. The man with keyword option and whatis. The more command and using it with other commands. Knowing the user terminal, displaying its characteristics and setting characteristics. Managing the non-uniform behaviour of terminals and keyboards. The root login. Becoming the super user: su command. The /etc/passwd and /etc/shadow files. Commands to add, modify and delete users. **Topics from chapter 2 , 3 and 15 of text book 1,chapter 1 from text book 2**	**08 Hours**
Module -2	
Unix files. Naming files. Basic file types/categories. Organization of files. Hidden files. Standard directories. Parent child relationship. The home directory and the HOME variable. Reaching required files- the PATH variable, manipulating the PATH, Relative and absolute pathnames. Directory commands – pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir commands. The dot (.) and double dots (..) notations to represent present and parent directories and their usage in relative path names. File related commands – cat, mv, rm, cp, wc and od commands. File attributes and permissions and knowing them. The ls command with options. Changing file permissions: the relative and absolute permissions changing methods. Recursively changing file permissions. Directory permissions. **Topics from chapters 4, 5 and 6 of text book 1**	**08 Hours**
Module – 3	
The vi editor. Basics. The .exrc file. Different ways of invoking and quitting vi. Different modes of vi. Input mode commands. Command mode commands. The ex mode commands. Illustrative examples Navigation commands. Repeat command. Pattern searching. The search and replace command. The set, map and abbr commands. Simple examples using these commands. The shells interpretive cycle. Wild cards and file name generation. Removing the special meanings of wild cards. Three standard files and redirection. Connecting commands: Pipe. Splitting the output: tee. Command substitution. Basic and Extended regular expressions. The grep, egrep. Typical examples involving different regular expressions. **Topics from chapters 7, 8 and 13 of text book 1. Topics from chapter 2 and 9 ,10 of text book 2**	**08 Hours**

Module-4	
Shell programming. Ordinary and environment variables. The .profile. Read and readonly commands. Command line arguments. exit and exit status of a command. Logical operators for conditional execution. The test command and its shortcut. The if, while, for and case control statements. The set and shift commands and handling positional parameters. The here (<<) document and trap command. Simple shell program examples. File inodes and the inode structure. File links – hard and soft links. Filters. Head and tail commands. Cut and paste commands. The sort command and its usage with different options. The umask and default file permissions. Two special files /dev/null and /dev/tty. **Topics from chapter 11, 12, 14 of text book 1,chapter 17 from text book2**	**08 Hours**
Module-5	
Meaning of a process. Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals. The nice and nohup commands. Background processes. The bg and fg command. The kill command. The find command with illustrative example. Structure of a perl script. Running a perl script. Variables and operators. String handling functions. Default variables - $_ and $. – representing the current line and current line number. The range operator. Chop() and chomp() functions. Lists and arrays. The @- variable. The splice operator, push(), pop(), split() and join(). File handles and handling file – using open(), close() and die () functions.. Associative arrays – keys and value functions. Overview of decision making loop control structures – the foreach. Regular expressions – simple and multiple search patterns. The match and substitute operators. Defining and using subroutines. **Topics from chapter 9 and 19 of text book 1. Topics from chapter 11 of reference book 1**	**08 Hours**

Course outcomes:

After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Explain UNIX system and use different commands.
- Compile Shell scripts for certain functions on different subsystems.
- Demonstrate use of editors and Perl script writing

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Sumitabha Das., Unix Concepts and Applications., 4th Edition., Tata McGraw Hill
2. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg : UNIX and Shell Programming- Cengage Learning – India Edition. 2009.

Reference Books:

1. M.G. Venkatesh Murthy: UNIX & Shell Programming, Pearson Education.
2. Richard Blum , Christine Bresnahan : Linux Command Line and Shell Scripting Bible, 2nd Edition , Wiley,2014.

DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – III

Subject Code	**17CS36**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**04**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**50**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

CREDITS – 04

Module -1	**Teaching Hours**
Fundamentals of Logic: Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logic Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. Fundamentals of Logic contd.: The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions and the Proofs of Theorems,	**10Hours**
Module -2	
Properties of the Integers: Mathematical Induction, The Well Ordering Principle – Mathematical Induction, Recursive Definitions. Principles of Counting. **Fundamental Principles of Counting:** The Rules of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations – The Binomial Theorem, Combinations with Repetition,.	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Relations and Functions: Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. The Pigeon-hole Principle, Function Composition and Inverse Functions. Properties of Relations, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence Relations and Partitions.	**10 Hours**
Module-4	
The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion: The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Generalizations of the Principle, Derangements – Nothing is in its Right Place, Rook Polynomials. **Recurrence Relations:** First Order Linear Recurrence Relation, The Second Order Linear Homogeneous Recurrence Relation with Constant Coefficients,	**10 Hours**
Module-5	
Introduction to Graph Theory: Definitions and Examples, Sub graphs, Complements, and Graph Isomorphism, Vertex Degree, Euler Trails and Circuits , **Trees**: Definitions, Properties, and Examples, Routed Trees, Trees and Sorting, Weighted Trees and Prefix Codes	**10 Hours**

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Make use of propositional and predicate logic in knowledge representation and truth verification.
- Demonstrate the application of discrete structures in different fields of computer science.
- Solve problems using recurrence relations and generating functions.
- Apply different mathematical proofs, techniques in proving theorems.
- Compare graphs, trees and their applications.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Ralph P. Grimaldi: Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, , 5th Edition, Pearson Education. 2004. (Chapter 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, Appendix 3, Chapter 2, Chapter 4.1, 4.2, Chapter 5.1 to 5.6, Chapter 7.1 to 7.4, Chapter 16.1, 16.2, 16.3, 16.5 to 16.9, and Chapter 14.1, 14.2, 14.3).

Reference Books:

1. Basavaraj S Anami and Venakanna S Madalli: Discrete Mathematics – A Concept based approach, Universities Press, 2016
2. Kenneth H. Rosen: Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2007.
3. Jayant Ganguly: A Treatise on Discrete Mathematical Structures, Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
4. D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: Discrete Mathematical Structures: Theory and Applications, Thomson, 2004.
5. Thomas Koshy: Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Elsevier, 2005, Reprint 2008.

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LABORATORY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER - III

Laboratory Code	**17CSL37**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**01I + 02P**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

CREDITS – 02

Descriptions (if any)

Any simulation package like MultiSim / P-spice /Equivalent software may be used.
Faculty-in-charge should demonstrate and explain the required hardware components and their functional Block diagrams, timing diagrams etc. Students have to prepare a write-up on the same and include it in the Lab record and to be evaluated.

Laboratory Session-1: Write-upon analog components; functional block diagram, Pin diagram (if any), waveforms and description. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

Laboratory Session-2: Write-upon Logic design components, pin diagram (if any), Timing diagrams, etc. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

Note: These **TWO Laboratory sessions** are used to fill the gap between theory classes and practical sessions. Both sessions are to be evaluated for 40 marks as lab experiments.

Laboratory Experiments:

1. a) Design and construct a Schmitt trigger using Op-Amp for given UTP and LTP values and demonstrate its working.
   b) Design and implement a Schmitt trigger using Op-Amp using a simulation package for two sets of UTP and LTP values and demonstrate its working.
2. a) Design and construct a rectangular waveform generator (Op-Amp relaxation oscillator) for given frequency and demonstrate its working.
   b) Design and implement a rectangular waveform generator (Op-Amp relaxation oscillator) using a simulation package and demonstrate the change in frequency when all resistor values are doubled.
3. Design and implement an Astable multivibrator circuit using 555 timer for a given frequency and duty cycle.

NOTE: hardware and software results need to be compared

4. Design and implement Half adder, Full Adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor using basic gates.
5. a) Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using Entered Variable Map and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
   b) Design and develop the Verilog /VHDL code for an 8:1 multiplexer. Simulate and verify its working.

6. a) Design and implement code converter I)Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code using basic gates.

7. Design and verify the Truth Table of 3-bit Parity Generator and 4-bit Parity Checker using basic Logic Gates with an even parity bit.

8. a) Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table.
   b) Design and develop the Verilog / VHDL code for D Flip-Flop with positive-edge triggering. Simulate and verify it's working.

9. a) Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
   b) Design and develop the Verilog / VHDL code for mod-8 up counter. Simulate and verify it's working.

10. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC- 7447).

11. Generate a Ramp output waveform using DAC0800 (Inputs are given to DAC through IC74393 dual 4-bit binary counter).

Study experiment

12. To study 4-bitALU using IC-74181.

Course outcomes:

On the completion of this laboratory course, the students will be able to:

- Demonstrate various Electronic Devices like Cathode ray Oscilloscope, Signal generators, Digital Trainer Kit, Multimeters and components like Resistors, Capacitors, Op amp and Integrated Circuit.
- Design and demonstrate various combinational logic circuits.
- Design and demonstrate various types of counters and Registers using Flip-flops
- Make use of simulation package to design circuits.
- Infer the working and implementation of ALU.

Conduction of Practical Examination:

1. All laboratory experiments (1 to 11 nos) are to be included for practical examination.
2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
4. Marks distribution:
   a) For questions having part a only- Procedure + Conduction + Viva:**15 + 70 +15 =100 Marks**
   b) For questions having part a and b
      Part a- Procedure + Conduction + Viva:**09 + 42 +09= 60 Marks**
      Part b- Procedure + Conduction + Viva:**06 + 28 +06= 40 Marks**
5. **Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.**

DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER - III			
Laboratory Code	**17CSL38**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**01I + 02P**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
CREDITS - 02			

Descriptions (if any)

Implement all the experiments in C Language under Linux / Windows environment.

Laboratory Experiments:

1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following **Array** operations
   a. Creating an Array of **N** Integer Elements
   b. Display of Array Elements with Suitable Headings
   c. Inserting an Element (**ELEM**) at a given valid Position (**POS**)
   d. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position(**POS**)
   e. Exit.

   Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

2. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operationson **Strings**
   a. Read a main String (**STR),** a Pattern String (**PAT**) and a Replace String (**REP**)
   b. Perform Pattern Matching Operation: Find and Replace all occurrences of **PAT** in **STR** with **REP** if **PAT** exists in **STR.** Report suitable messages in case **PAT** does not exist in **STR**

   Support the program with functions for each of the above operations. Don't use Built-in functions.

3. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **STACK** of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size **MAX**)
   a. ***Push*** an Element on to Stack
   b. ***Pop*** an Element from Stack
   c. Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check ***Palindrome***
   d. Demonstrate ***Overflow*** and ***Underflow*** situations on Stack
   e. Display the status of Stack
   f. Exit

   Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

4. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: **+, -, *, /, %(Remainder), ^(Power)** and **alphanumeric** operands**.**

5. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications
   a. Evaluation of **Suffix expression** with single digit operands and operators: **+, -, *, /, %, ^**
   b. Solving **Tower of Hanoi** problem with **n** disks

6. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Circular QUEUE** of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size **MAX**)
    a. Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE
    b. Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE
    c. Demonstrate ***Overflow*** and ***Underflow*** situations on Circular QUEUE
    d. Display the status of Circular QUEUE
    e. Exit

   Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

7. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Singly Linked List (SLL)** of Student Data with the fields: ***USN, Name, Branch, Sem, PhNo***
    a. Create a **SLL** of **N** Students Data by using ***front insertion***.
    b. Display the status of **SLL** and count the number of nodes in it
    c. Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of **SLL**
    d. Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of **SLL(Demonstration of stack)**
    e. Exit

8. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Doubly Linked List (DLL)** of Employee Data with the fields: ***SSN, Name, Dept, Designation, Sal, PhNo***
    a. Create a **DLL** of **N** Employees Data by using ***end insertion***.
    b. Display the status of **DLL** and count the number of nodes in it
    c. Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of **DLL**
    d. Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of **DLL**
    e. Demonstrate how this **DLL** can be used as **Double Ended Queue**
    f. Exit

9. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operationson **Singly Circular Linked List (SCLL)** with header nodes
    a. Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial $\mathbf{P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z-4yz^5+3x^3yz+2xy^5z-2xyz^3}$
    b. Find the sum of two polynomials **POLY1(x,y,z)** and **POLY2(x,y,z)** and store the result in **POLYSUM(x,y,z)**

   Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

10. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Binary Search Tree (BST)** of Integers

    a. Create a BST of **N** Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2

    b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order

    c. Search the BST for a given element (**KEY**) and report the appropriate message

    e. Exit

11. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on **Graph(G)** of Cities
    a. Create a Graph of **N** cities using Adjacency Matrix.
    b. Print all the nodes **reachable** from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/**BFS** method

12. Given a File of **N** employee records with a set **K** of Keys(4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file **F**. Assume that file **F** is maintained in memory by a Hash Table(HT) of **m** memory locations with **L** as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in **K** and addresses in **L** are Integers. Design and develop a Program in C that uses Hash function **H: K** $\rightarrow$**L** as H(**K**)=**K** mod **m (remainder** method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key **K** to the address space **L.** Resolve the collision (if any) using **linear probing**.

Course outcomes:

On the completion of this laboratory course, the students will be able to:

- Analyze and Compare various linear and non-linear data structures
- Demonstrate the working nature of different types of data structures and their applications
- Develop, analyze and evaluate the searching and sorting algorithms
- Choose the appropriate data structure for solving real world problems

Conduction of Practical Examination:

1. All laboratory experiments (**TWELVE** nos) are to be included for practical examination.
2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script
4. Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva:**15 + 70 +15 (100)**
5. **Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.**

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-IV
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	17MAT41	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Module 1	**Teaching Hours**
Numerical Methods: Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations of first order and first degree, Taylor's series method, modified Euler's method. Runge - Kutta method of fourth order, Milne's and Adams-Bashforth predictor and corrector methods (No derivations of formulae-single step computation only).	**10 Hours**
Module 2	
Numerical Methods: Numerical solution of second order ordinary differential equations, Runge-Kutta method and Milne's method. (No derivations of formulae-single step computation only). **Special Functions:** Series solution of Bessel's differential equation leading to $J_n(x)$-Bessel's function of first kind. Basic properties and orthogonality. Series solution of Legendre's differential equation leading to $P_n(x)$-Legendre polynomials. Rodrigue's formula, problems	**10 Hours**
Module 3	
Complex Variables: Review of a function of a complex variable, limits, continuity, differentiability. Analytic functions-Cauchy-Riemann equations in cartesian and polar forms. Properties and construction of analytic functions. Complex line integrals-Cauchy's theorem and Cauchy's integral formula, Residue, poles, Cauchy's Residue theorem (without proof) and problems. **Transformations:** Conformal transformations-Discussion of transformations: $w = z^2$, $w = e^z$, $w = z + (1/z)$ $(z \neq 0)$, Bilinear transformations-problems.	**10 Hours**
Module 4	
Probability Distributions: Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability functions. Poisson distributions**,** geometric distribution, uniform distribution, exponential and normal distributions, Problems. **Joint probability distribution:** Joint Probability distribution for two variables, expectation, covariance, correlation coefficient.	**10 Hours**
Module 5	
Sampling Theory: Sampling, Sampling distributions, standard error, test of hypothesis for means and proportions, confidence limits for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit. **Stochastic process:** Stochastic process, probability vector, stochastic matrices, fixed points, regular stochastic matrices, Markov chains, higher transition probability.	**10 Hours**

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Solve first and second order ordinary differential equation arising in flow problems using single step and multistep numerical methods.
- Illustrate problems of potential theory, quantum mechanics and heat conduction by employing notions and properties of Bessel's functions and Legendre's polynomials.
- Explain the concepts of analytic functions, residues, poles of complex potentials and describe

conformal and Bilinear transformation arising in field theory and signal processing.

- Develop probability distribution of discrete, continuous random variables and joint probability distribution occurring in digital signal processing, information theory and design engineering.
- Demonstrate testing of hypothesis of sampling distributions and illustrate examples of Markov chains related to discrete parameter stochastic process.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. B.V.Ramana "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
2. B. S. Grewal," Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 42^{nd} edition, 2013.

Reference Books:

1. N P Bali and Manish Goyal, "A text book of Engineering mathematics" , Laxmi publications, latest edition.
2. Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics " - 9th edition, Wiley, 2013.
3. H. K Dass and Er. RajnishVerma, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand, 1^{st} ed, 2011.

OBJECT ORIENTED CONCEPTS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – IV			
Subject Code	17CS42	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction to Object Oriented Concepts: A Review of structures, Procedure–Oriented Programming system, Object Oriented Programming System, Comparison of Object Oriented Language with C, Console I/O, variables and reference variables, Function Prototyping, Function Overloading. **Class and Objects:** Introduction, member functions and data, objects and functions, objects and arrays, Namespaces, Nested classes, Constructors, Destructors. **Text book 1: Ch 1: 1.1 to 1.9 Ch 2: 2.1 to 2.6 Ch 4: 4.1 to 4.2**	**08 Hours**
Module 2	
Introduction to Java: Java's magic: the Byte code; Java Development Kit (JDK); the Java Buzzwords, Object-oriented programming; Simple Java programs. Data types, variables and arrays, Operators, Control Statements. **Text book 2: Ch:1 Ch: 2 Ch:3 Ch:4 Ch:5**	**08 Hours**
Module 3	
Classes, Inheritance, Exceptions, Packages and Interfaces: Classes: Classes fundamentals; Declaring objects; Constructors, this keyword, garbage collection. **Inheritance:** inheritance basics, using super, creating multi level hierarchy, method overriding. **Exception handling:** Exception handling in Java. Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces. **Text book 2: Ch:6 Ch: 8 Ch:9 Ch:10**	**08 Hours**
Module 4	
Multi Threaded Programming, Event Handling: Multi Threaded Programming: What are threads? How to make the classes threadable ; Extending threads; Implementing runnable; Synchronization; Changing state of the thread; Bounded buffer problems, read-write problem, producer consumer problems. **Event Handling:** Two event handling mechanisms; The delegation event model; Event classes; Sources of events; Event listener interfaces; Using the delegation event model; Adapter classes; Inner classes. **Text book 2: Ch 11: Ch: 22**	**08 Hours**
Module 5	
The Applet Class: Introduction, Two types of Applets; Applet basics; Applet Architecture; An Applet skeleton; Simple Applet display methods; Requesting repainting; Using the Status Window; The HTML APPLET tag; Passing parameters to Applets; getDocumentbase() and getCodebase(); ApletContext and showDocument(); The AudioClip Interface; The AppletStub Interface;Output to the Console. **Swings:** Swings: The origins of Swing; Two key Swing features; Components and Containers; The Swing Packages; A simple Swing Application; Create a Swing Applet; Jlabel and ImageIcon; JTextField;The Swing Buttons; JTabbedpane; JScrollPane; JList; JComboBox; JTable. **Text book 2: Ch 21: Ch: 29 Ch: 30**	**08 Hours**

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to
• Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA. • Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java. • Develop simple GUI int erfaces for a computer program to interact with users, and to **comprehend** the event-based GUI handling principles using Applets and swings.
Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books:
1. Sourav Sahay, Object Oriented Programming with C++ , 2^{nd} Ed, Oxford University Press,2006 (Chapters 1, 2, 4) 2. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9,10, 11, 21, 22, 29, 30)
Reference Book:
1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education,2008, ISBN:9788131720806 2. Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference C++, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003. 3. Stanley B.Lippmann, Josee Lajore, C++ Primer, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2005. 4. Rajkumar Buyya,S Thamarasi selvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited. 5. Richard A Johnson, Introduction to Java Programming and OOAD, CENGAGE Learning. 6. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
Note: Every institute shall organize a bridge organize on C++ either in the vacation or in the beginning of even semester.

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	17CS43	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Module 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction: What is an Algorithm? **(T2:1.1),** Algorithm Specification **(T2:1.2),** Analysis Framework **(T1:2.1), Performance Analysis**: Space complexity, Time complexity **(T2:1.3)**. **Asymptotic Notations:** Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (Θ), and Little-oh notation (o), Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and recursive Algorithms with Examples **(T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4). Important Problem Types:** Sorting, Searching, String processing, Graph Problems, Combinatorial Problems. **Fundamental Data Structures:** Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and Dictionaries. **(T1:1.3,1.4)**	**10 Hours**
Module 2	
Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Finding the maximum and minimum **(T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4)**, Merge sort, Quick sort **(T1:4.1, 4.2)**, Strassen's matrix multiplication **(T2:3.8)**, Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. **Decrease and Conquer Approach:** Topological Sort. **(T1:5.3)**	**10 Hours**
Module 3	
Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines **(T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees:** Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm **(T1:9.1, 9.2)**. **Single source shortest paths:** Dijkstra's Algorithm **(T1:9.3)**. **Optimal Tree problem:** Huffman Trees and Codes **(T1:9.4)**. **Transform and Conquer Approach:** Heaps and Heap Sort **(T1:6.4)**.	**10 Hours**
Module 4	
Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs **(T2:5.1, 5.2)**. **Transitive Closure:** Warshall's Algorithm, **All Pairs Shortest Paths:** Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem **((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4)**, Bellman-Ford Algorithm **(T2:5.4)**, Travelling Sales Person problem **(T2:5.9)**, Reliability design **(T2:5.8)**.	**10 Hours**
Module 5	
Backtracking: General method **(T2:7.1)**, N-Queens problem **(T1:12.1)**, Sum of subsets problem **(T1:12.1)**, Graph coloring **(T2:7.4)**, Hamiltonian cycles **(T2:7.5)**. **Branch and Bound:** Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem **(T1:12.2)**, **0/1 Knapsack problem (T2:8.2, T1:12.2):** LC Branch and Bound solution **(T2:8.2)**, FIFO Branch and Bound solution **(T2:8.2)**. **NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems:** Basic concepts, non-deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes **(T2:11.1)**.	**10 Hours**

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Describe computational solution to well known problems like searching, sorting etc.
- Estimate the computational complexity of different algorithms.

• Develop an algorithm using appropriate design strategies for problem solving.
Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books:
T1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin:, 2rd Edition, 2009. Pearson. T2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press
Reference Books:
1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI 2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms , S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – IV			
Subject Code	17CS44	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Module 1	Teaching Hours
The x86 microprocessor: Brief history of the x86 family, Inside the 8088/86, Introduction to assembly programming, Introduction to Program Segments, The Stack, Flag register, x86 Addressing Modes. **Assembly language programming:** Directives & a Sample Program, Assemble, Link & Run a program, More Sample programs, Control Transfer Instructions, Data Types and Data Definition, Full Segment Definition, Flowcharts and Pseudo code. **Text book 1: Ch 1: 1.1 to 1.7, Ch 2: 2.1 to 2.7**	**10 Hours**
Module 2	
x86: Instructions sets description**, Arithmetic and logic instructions and programs:** Unsigned Addition and Subtraction, Unsigned Multiplication and Division, Logic Instructions, BCD and ASCII conversion, Rotate Instructions. **INT 21H and INT 10H Programming :** Bios INT 10H Programming , DOS Interrupt 21H. 8088/86 Interrupts, x86 PC and Interrupt Assignment. **Text book 1: Ch 3: 3.1 to 3.5, Ch 4: 4.1 , 4.2 Chapter 14: 14.1 and 14.2**	**10 Hours**
Module 3	
Signed Numbers and Strings: Signed number Arithmetic Operations, String operations. **Memory and Memory interfacing: M**emory address decoding, data integrity in RAM and ROM, 16-bit memory interfacing. **8255 I/O programming:** I/O addresses MAP of x86 PC's, programming and interfacing the 8255. **Text book 1: Ch 6: 6.1, 6.2. Ch 10: 10.2, 10.4, 10.5. Ch 11: 11.1 to 11.4**	**10 Hours**
Module 4	
Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, **ARM Embedded Systems :**The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software, **ARM Processor Fundamentals :** Registers , Current Program Status Register , Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table , Core Extensions **Text book 2:Ch 1:1.1 to 1.4, Ch 2:2.1 to 2.5**	**10 Hours**
Module 5	
Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set : Data Processing Instructions , Branch Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions, Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants, Simple programming exercises. **Text book 2: Ch 3:3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2)**	**10 Hours**

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Differentiate between microprocessors and microcontrollers
- Develop assembly language code to solve problems
- Explain interfacing of various devices to x86 family and ARM processor
- Demonstrate interrupt routines for interfacing devices

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Danny Causey, The x86 PC Assembly Language Design and Interfacing, 5^{th} Edition, Pearson, 2013.
2. **ARM system developers guide**, Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, Elsevier,Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.

Reference Books:

1. Douglas V. Hall: Microprocessors and Interfacing, Revised 2^{nd} Edition, TMH, 2006.
2. K. Udaya Kumar & B.S. Umashankar : Advanced Microprocessors & IBM-PC Assembly Language Programming, TMH 2003.
3. Ayala : The 8086 Microprocessor: programming and interfacing - 1st edition, Cengage Learning
4. The Definitive Guide to the ARM Cortex-M3, by Joseph Yiu, 2nd Edition , Newnes, 2009
5. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 based microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1^{st} edition, 2005
6. ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Steve Furber, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015
7. Architecture, Programming and Interfacing of Low power Processors- ARM7, Cortex-M and MSP430, Lyla B Das Cengage Learning, 1^{st} Edition

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – IV			
Subject Code	17CS45	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			

Module 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction: Software Crisis, Need for Software Engineering. Professional Software Development, Software Engineering Ethics. Case Studies. **Software Processes**: Models: Waterfall Model **(Sec 2.1.1)**, Incremental Model **(Sec 2.1.2)** and Spiral Model **(Sec 2.1.3)**. Process activities. **Requirements Engineering**: Requirements Engineering Processes **(Chap 4)**. Requirements Elicitation and Analysis **(Sec 4.5).** Functional and non-functional requirements **(Sec 4.1)**. The software Requirements Document **(Sec 4.2)**. Requirements Specification **(Sec 4.3)**. Requirements validation **(Sec 4.6)**. Requirements Management **(Sec 4.7)**.	**12 Hours**
Module 2	
System Models: Context models **(Sec 5.1)**. Interaction models **(Sec 5.2)**. Structural models **(Sec 5.3)**. Behavioral models **(Sec 5.4)**. Model-driven engineering **(Sec 5.5)**. **Design and Implementation**: Introduction to RUP **(Sec 2.4)**, Design Principles **(Chap 17)**. Object-oriented design using the UML **(Sec 7.1)**. Design patterns **(Sec 7.2)**. Implementation issues **(Sec 7.3)**. Open source development **(Sec 7.4)**.	**11 Hours**
Module 3	
Software Testing: Development testing **(Sec 8.1)**, Test-driven development **(Sec 8.2)**, Release testing **(Sec 8.3)**, User testing **(Sec 8.4)**. Test Automation **(Page no 42, 70,212, 231,444,695)**. **Software Evolution**: Evolution processes **(Sec 9.1)**. Program evolution dynamics **(Sec 9.2)**. Software maintenance **(Sec 9.3)**. Legacy system management **(Sec 9.4)**.	**9 Hours**
Module 4	
Project Planning: Software pricing **(Sec 23.1)**. Plan-driven development **(Sec 23.2)**. Project scheduling **(Sec 23.3)**: Estimation techniques **(Sec 23.5)**. **Quality management**: Software quality **(Sec 24.1)**. Reviews and inspections **(Sec 24.3)**. Software measurement and metrics **(Sec 24.4)**. Software standards **(Sec 24.2)**	**10 Hours**
Module 5	
Agile Software Development: Coping with Change **(Sec 2.3)**, The Agile Manifesto: Values and Principles. Agile methods: SCRUM (Ref "**The SCRUM Primer, Ver 2.0**") and Extreme Programming **(Sec 3.3)**. Plan-driven and agile development **(Sec 3.2)**. Agile project management **(Sec 3.4),** Scaling agile methods **(Sec 3.5)**:	**8 Hours**

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Design a software system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints.
- Assess professional and ethical responsibility
- Function on multi-disciplinary teams
- Make use of techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering

practice • Comprehend software systems or parts of software systems.
Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books:
1. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1,2,3,4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 23, and 24) 2. The SCRUM Primer, Ver 2.0, http://www.goodagile.com/scrumprimer/scrumprimer20.pdf
Reference Books:
1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill. 2. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India
Web Reference for eBooks on Agile:
1. http://agilemanifesto.org/ 2. http://www.jamesshore.com/Agile-Book/

DATA COMMUNICATION
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	17CS46	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Contents	**Teaching Hours**
Module 1	
Introduction: Data Communications, Networks, Network Types, Internet History, Standards and Administration, **Networks Models**: Protocol Layering, TCP/IP Protocol suite, The OSI model, **Introduction to Physical Layer-1:** Data and Signals**,** Digital Signals, Transmission Impairment, Data Rate limits, Performance, **Digital Transmission**: Digital to digital conversion (Only Line coding: Polar, Bipolar and Manchester coding).	**10 Hours**
Module 2	
Physical Layer-2: Analog to digital conversion (only PCM), Transmission Modes, **Analog Transmission**: Digital to analog conversion, **Bandwidth Utilization**: Multiplexing and Spread Spectrum, **Switching**: Introduction, Circuit Switched Networks and Packet switching.	**10 Hours**
Module 3	
Error Detection and Correction: Introduction, Block coding, Cyclic codes, Checksum, Forward error correction**, Data link control**: DLC services, Data link layer protocols, HDLC, and Point to Point protocol (Framing, Transition phases only).	**10 Hours**
Module 4	
Media Access control: Random Access, Controlled Access and Channelization, **Wired LANs Ethernet**: Ethernet Protocol, Standard Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet and 10 Gigabit Ethernet, **Wireless LANs:** Introduction, IEEE 802.11 Project and Bluetooth.	**10 Hours**
Module 5	
Other wireless Networks: WIMAX, Cellular Telephony, Satellite networks, **Network layer Protocols** : Internet Protocol, ICMPv4,Mobile IP, **Next generation IP**: IPv6 addressing, The IPv6 Protocol, The ICMPv6 Protocol and Transition from IPv4 to IPv6.	**10 Hours**

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Illustrate basic computer network technology.
- Identify the different types of network topologies and protocols.
- List and explain the layers of the OSI model and TCP/IP model.
- Comprehend the different types of network devices and their functions within a network
- Demonstrate subnetting and routing mechanisms.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Book:

Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking 5E, 5^{th} Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013. (Chapters 1.1 to 1.5, 2.1 to 2.3, 3.1, 3.3 to 3.6, 4.1 to 4.3, 5.1, 6.1, 6.2, 8.1 to 8.3, 10.1 to 10.5, 11.1 to 11.4, 12.1 to 12.3, 13.1 to 13.5, 15.1 to 15.3, 16.1 to 16.3, 19.1 to 19.3, 22.1 to 22.4)

Reference Books:

1. Alberto Leon-Garcia and Indra Widjaja: Communication Networks - Fundamental Concepts and Key architectures, 2nd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.
2. William Stallings: Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
3. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie: Computer Networks – A Systems Approach, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2007.
4. Nader F. Mir: Computer and Communication Networks, Pearson Education, 2007

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM LABORATORY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	17CSL47	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01 I + 02 P	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 02

Description

Design, develop, and implement the specified algorithms for the following problems using Java language under LINUX /Windows environment.Netbeans/Eclipse IDE tool can be used for development and demonstration.

Experiments

1	A	Create a Java class called ***Student***with the following details as variables within it. (i) USN (ii) Name (iii) Branch (iv) Phone Write a Java program to create *nStudent* objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, and Phoneof these objects with suitable headings.
	B	Write a Java program to implement the Stack using arrays. Write Push(), Pop(), and Display() methods to demonstrate its working.
2	A	Design a superclass called ***Staff*** with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely ***Teaching*** (domain, publications), ***Technical*** (skills), and ***Contract*** (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 *staff* objects of all three categories.
	B	Write a Java class called ***Customer*** to store their name and date_of_birth. The date_of_birth format should be dd/mm/yyyy. Write methods to read customer data as <name, dd/mm/yyyy> and display as <name, dd, mm, yyyy> using StringTokenizer class considering the delimiter character as “/”.
3	A	Write a Java program to read two integers *a* and*b*. Compute *a*/*b* and print, when *b* is not zero. Raise an exception when *b* is equal to zero.
	B	Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number andprints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
4	Sort a given set of ***n*** integer elements using **Quick Sort** method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of *n*> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus ***n***on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.	
5	Sort a given set of ***n*** integer elements using **Merge Sort** method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of *n*> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus ***n***on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-	

	and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.
6	Implement in Java, the **0/1 Knapsack** problem using (a) Dynamic Programming method (b) Greedy method.
7	From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using **Dijkstra's algorithm**. Write the program in Java.
8	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Kruskal'salgorithm.** Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.
9	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Prim's algorithm**.
10	Write Java programs to (a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using **Floyd's algorithm**. (b) Implement **Travelling Sales Person problem** using Dynamic programming.
11	Design and implement in Java to find a **subset** of a given set **S** = {Sl, S2,.....,Sn} of ***n*** positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer ***d***. For example, if S ={1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and ***d***= 9, there are two solutions {1,2,6}and {1,8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.
12	Design and implement in Java to find all **Hamiltonian Cycles** in a connected undirected Graph G of *n* vertices using backtracking principle.

Course Outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Design algorithms using appropriate design techniques (brute-force, greedy, dynamic programming, etc.)
- Develop variety of algorithms such as sorting, graph related, combinatorial, etc., in a high level language.
- Analyze and compare the performance of algorithms using language features.
- Apply and implement learned algorithm design techniques and data structuresto solve real-world problems.

Conduction of Practical Examination:

All laboratory experiments (Twelve problems) are to be included for practical examination. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
To generate the data set use random number generator function.
Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks

Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 15 + 70 + 15 (100). Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure

MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER LABORATORY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code	17CSL48	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01 I + 02 P	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 02

Description

Demonstration and Explanation hardware components and Faculty in-charge should explain 8086 architecture, pin diagram in one slot. The second slot, the Faculty in-charge should explain instruction set types/category etc. Students have to prepare a write-up on the same and include it in the Lab record and to be evaluated.
Laboratory Session-1: Write-up on Microprocessors, 8086 Functional block diagram, Pin diagram and description. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.
Laboratory Session-2: Write-up on Instruction group, Timing diagrams, etc. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

Note: These TWO Laboratory sessions are used to fill the gap between theory classes and practical sessions. Both sessions are evaluated as lab experiments for 20 marks.

Experiments

- Develop and execute the following programs using 8086 Assembly Language. Any suitable assembler like MASM/TASM/8086 kit or any equivalent software may be used.
- Program should have suitable comments.
- The board layout and the circuit diagram of the interface are to be provided to the student during the examination.
- Software Required: Open source ARM Development platform, KEIL IDE and Proteus for simulation

SOFTWARE PROGRAMS: PART A

1. Design and develop an assembly language program to search a key element “X” in a list of ‘n’ 16-bit numbers. Adopt Binary search algorithm in your program for searching.
2. Design and develop an assembly program to sort a given set of ‘n’ 16-bit numbers in ascending order. Adopt Bubble Sort algorithm to sort given elements.
3. Develop an assembly language program to reverse a given string and verify whether it is a palindrome or not. Display the appropriate message.
4. Develop an assembly language program to compute nCr using recursive procedure. Assume that ‘n’ and ‘r’ are non-negative integers.
5. Design and develop an assembly language program to read the current time and Date from the system and display it in the standard format on the screen.
6. To write and simulate ARM assembly language programs for data transfer, arithmetic and logical operations (Demonstrate with the help of a suitable program).
7. To write and simulate C Programs for ARM microprocessor using KEIL (Demonstrate with the help of a suitable program)

   Note : To use KEIL one may refer the book: Insider’s Guide to the ARM7 based microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005

HARDWARE PROGRAMS: PART B

8. a. Design and develop an assembly program to demonstrate BCD Up-Down Counter (00-99) on the Logic Controller Interface.

   b. Design and develop an assembly program to read the status of two 8-bit inputs (X & Y) from the Logic Controller Interface and display X*Y.
9. Design and develop an assembly program to display messages “FIRE” and “HELP” alternately with flickering effects on a 7-segment display interface for a suitable period of time. Ensure a flashing rate that makes it easy to read both the messages (Examiner does not specify these delay values nor is it necessary for the student to compute these values).
10. Design and develop an assembly program to drive a Stepper Motor interface and rotate the motor in specified direction (clockwise or counter-clockwise) by N steps (Direction and N are specified by the examiner). Introduce suitable delay between successive steps. (Any arbitrary value for the delay may be assumed by the student).
11. Design and develop an assembly language program to
    a. Generate the Sine Wave using DAC interface (The output of the DAC is to be displayed on the CRO).
    b. Generate a Half Rectified Sine waveform using the DAC interface. (The output of the DAC is to be displayed on the CRO).
12. To interface LCD with ARM processor-- ARM7TDMI/LPC2148. Write and execute programs in C language for displaying text messages and numbers on LCD
13. To interface Stepper motor with ARM processor-- ARM7TDMI/LPC2148. Write a program to rotate stepper motor

Study Experiments:

1. Interfacing of temperature sensor with ARM freedom board (or any other ARM microprocessor board) and display temperature on LCD
2. To design ARM cortex based automatic number plate recognition system
3. To design ARM based power saving system

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Summarize 80x86 instruction sets and comprehend the knowledge of how assembly language works.
- Design and develop assembly programs using 80x86 assembly language instructions
- Infer functioning of hardware devices and interfacing them to x86 family
- Choose processors for various kinds of applications.

Conduction of Practical Examination:

- All laboratory experiments (all 7 + 6 nos) are to be included for practical examination.
- Students are allowed to pick one experiment from each of the lot.
- Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks
- PART –A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: **08 + 35 +07 (50)**
- PART –B: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: **08 + 35 +07 (50)**
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">MANAGEMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP FOR IT INDUSTRY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017-2018)
SEMESTER – V</td></tr>
<tr><td>Subject Code</td><td>17CS51</td><td>IA Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Lecture Hours/Week</td><td>4</td><td>Exam Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Lecture Hours</td><td>50</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS – 04</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module – 1</td><td>Teaching Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Introduction - Meaning, nature and characteristics of management, scope and Functional areas of management, goals of management, levels of management, brief overview of evolution of management theories,. Planning- Nature, importance, types of plans, steps in planning, Organizing- nature and purpose, types of Organization, Staffing- meaning, process of recruitment and selection</td><td>10 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Directing and controlling- meaning and nature of directing, leadership styles, motivation Theories, Communication- Meaning and importance, Coordination- meaning and importance, Controlling- meaning, steps in controlling, methods of establishing control.</td><td>10 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Entrepreneur – meaning of entrepreneur, characteristics of entrepreneurs, classification and types of entrepreneurs, various stages in entrepreneurial process, role of entrepreneurs in economic development, entrepreneurship in India and barriers to entrepreneurship. Identification of business opportunities, market feasibility study, technical feasibility study, financial feasibility study and social feasibility study.</td><td>10 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Preparation of project and ERP - meaning of project, project identification, project selection, project report, need and significance of project report, contents, formulation, guidelines by planning commission for project report, Enterprise Resource Planning: Meaning and Importance- ERP and Functional areas of Management – Marketing / Sales- Supply Chain Management – Finance and Accounting – Human Resources – Types of reports and methods of report generation</td><td>10 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Micro and Small Enterprises: Definition of micro and small enterprises, characteristics and advantages of micro and small enterprises, steps in establishing micro and small enterprises, Government of India indusial policy 2007 on micro and small enterprises, case study (Microsoft), Case study(Captain G R Gopinath),case study (N R Narayana Murthy & Infosys), Institutional support: MSME-DI, NSIC, SIDBI, KIADB, KSSIDC, TECSOK, KSFC, DIC and District level single window agency, Introduction to IPR.</td><td>10 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course outcomes: The students should be able to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Define management, organization, entrepreneur, planning, staffing, ERP and outline their importance in entrepreneurship
Utilize the resources available effectively through ERP
Make use of IPRs and institutional support in entrepreneurship</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Question paper pattern:</td></tr>
</table>

The question paper will have TEN questions. There will be TWO questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.
Text Books:
1. Principles of Management -P. C. Tripathi, P. N. Reddy; Tata McGraw Hill, 4th / 6^{th} Edition, 2010. 2. Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development & Management -Vasant Desai Himalaya Publishing House. 3. Entrepreneurship Development -Small Business Enterprises -Poornima M Charantimath Pearson Education – 2006. 4. Management and Entrepreneurship - Kanishka Bedi- Oxford University Press-2017
Reference Books:
1. Management Fundamentals -Concepts, Application, Skill Development Robert Lusier – Thomson. 2. Entrepreneurship Development -S S Khanka -S Chand & Co. 3. Management -Stephen Robbins -Pearson Education /PHI -17th Edition, 2003

COMPUTER NETWORKS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017-2018) SEMESTER – V			
Subject Code	17CS52	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Application Layer: Principles of Network Applications: Network Application Architectures, Processes Communicating, Transport Services Available to Applications, Transport Services Provided by the Internet, Application-Layer Protocols. The Web and HTTP: Overview of HTTP, Non-persistent and Persistent Connections, HTTP Message Format, User-Server Interaction: Cookies, Web Caching, The Conditional GET, File Transfer: FTP Commands & Replies, Electronic Mail in the Internet: SMTP, Comparison with HTTP, Mail Message Format, Mail Access Protocols, DNS; The Internet's Directory Service: Services Provided by DNS, Overview of How DNS Works, DNS Records and Messages, Peer-to-Peer Applications: P2P File Distribution, Distributed Hash Tables. **T1: Chap 2**	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Transport Layer : Introduction and Transport-Layer Services: Relationship Between Transport and Network Layers, Overview of the Transport Layer in the Internet, Multiplexing and Demultiplexing: Connectionless Transport: UDP,UDP Segment Structure, UDP Checksum, Principles of Reliable Data Transfer: Building a Reliable Data Transfer Protocol, Pipelined Reliable Data Transfer Protocols, Go-Back-N, Selective repeat, Connection-Oriented Transport TCP: The TCP Connection, TCP Segment Structure, Round-Trip Time Estimation and Timeout, Reliable Data Transfer, Flow Control, TCP Connection Management, Principles of Congestion Control: The Causes and the Costs of Congestion, Approaches to Congestion Control. **T1: Chap 3**	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
The Network layer: What's Inside a Router?: Input Processing, Switching, Output Processing, Where Does Queuing Occur? Routing control plane, IPv6,A Brief foray into IP Security, Routing Algorithms: The Link-State (LS) Routing Algorithm, The Distance-Vector (DV) Routing Algorithm, Hierarchical Routing, Routing in the Internet, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: RIP, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: OSPF, Inter/AS Routing: BGP, Broadcast Routing Algorithms and Multicast. **T1: Chap 4: 4.3-4.7**	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
Wireless and Mobile Networks: Cellular Internet Access: An Overview of Cellular Network Architecture, 3G Cellular Data Networks: Extending the Internet to Cellular subscribers, On to 4G:LTE,Mobility management: Principles,	**10 Hours**

Addressing, Routing to a mobile node, Mobile IP, Managing mobility in cellular Networks, Routing calls to a Mobile user, Handoffs in GSM, Wireless and Mobility: Impact on Higher-layer protocols. **T1: Chap: 6 : 6.4-6.8**	
Module – 5	
Multimedia Networking: Properties of video, properties of Audio, Types of multimedia Network Applications, Streaming stored video: UDP Streaming, HTTP Streaming, Adaptive streaming and DASH, content distribution Networks, case study: You Tube. **Network Support for Multimedia:** Quality-of-Service (QoS) Guarantees: Resource Reservation and Call Admission **T1: Chap: 7**	**10 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Explain principles of application layer protocols • Outline transport layer services and infer UDP and TCP protocols • Classify routers, IP and Routing Algorithms in network layer • Explain the Wireless and Mobile Networks covering IEEE 802.11 Standard • Define Multimedia Networking and Network Management	
Question paper pattern: The question paper will have TEN questions. There will be TWO questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. James F Kurose and Keith W Ross, Computer Networking, A Top-Down Approach, Sixth edition, Pearson,2017 .	
Reference Books:	
1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill, Indian Edition 2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER 3. Andrew S Tanenbaum, Computer Networks, fifth edition, Pearson 4. Mayank Dave, Computer Networks, Second edition, Cengage Learning	

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM **[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]** **(Effective from the academic year 2017-2018)** **SEMESTER – V**			
Subject Code	17CS53	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications. **Overview of Database Languages and Architectures:** Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment. **Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships:** Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, examples, Specialization and Generalization. **Textbook 1:Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.10**	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations. **Relational Algebra:** Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra. **Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design:** Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping. **SQL:** SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL. **Textbook 1: Ch4.1 to 4.5, 5.1 to 5.3, 6.1 to 6.5, 8.1; Textbook 2: 3.5**	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
SQL : Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. **Database Application Development:** Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop. **Internet Applications:** The three-Tier application architecture, The presentation layer, The Middle Tier **Textbook 1: Ch7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6, 7.5 to 7.7.**	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. **Normalization Algorithms:** Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms	**10 Hours**

Textbook 1: Ch14.1 to 14.7, 15.1 to 15.6	
Module – 5	
Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL. **Concurrency Control in Databases:** Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking. **Introduction to Database Recovery Protocols:** Recovery Concepts, NO-UNDO/REDO recovery based on Deferred update, Recovery techniques based on immediate update, Shadow paging, Database backup and recovery from catastrophic failures **Textbook 1: 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7, 22.1 to 22.4, 22.7.**	**10 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Summarize the concepts of database objects; enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS. • Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation. • Design simple database systems • Design code for some application to interact with databases.	
Question paper pattern: The question paper will have TEN questions. There will be TWO questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson. 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill	
Reference Books:	
1. Silberschatz Korth and Sudharshan, Database System Concepts, 6th Edition, Mc-GrawHill, 2013. 2. Coronel, Morris, and Rob, Database Principles Fundamentals of Design, Implementation and Management, Cengage Learning 2012.	

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPUTABILITY [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017-2018) SEMESTER – V			
Subject Code	17CS54	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			

Module	Teaching Hours
Module – 1	
Why study the Theory of Computation, Languages and Strings: Strings, Languages. A Language Hierarchy, Computation, **Finite State Machines (FSM)**: Deterministic FSM, Regular languages, Designing FSM, Nondeterministic FSMs, From FSMs to Operational Systems, Simulators for FSMs, Minimizing FSMs, Canonical form of Regular languages, Finite State Transducers, Bidirectional Transducers. **Textbook 1: Ch 1,2, 3,4, 5.1 to 5.10**	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Regular Expressions (RE): what is a RE?, Kleene's theorem, Applications of REs, Manipulating and Simplifying REs. Regular Grammars: Definition, Regular Grammars and Regular languages. Regular Languages (RL) and Non-regular Languages: How many RLs, To show that a language is regular, Closure properties of RLs, to show some languages are not RLs. **Textbook 1: Ch 6, 7, 8: 6.1 to 6.4, 7.1, 7.2, 8.1 to 8.4**	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Context-Free Grammars(CFG): Introduction to Rewrite Systems and Grammars, CFGs and languages, designing CFGs, simplifying CFGs, proving that a Grammar is correct, Derivation and Parse trees, Ambiguity, Normal Forms. Pushdown Automata (PDA): Definition of non-deterministic PDA, Deterministic and Non-deterministic PDAs, Non-determinism and Halting, alternative equivalent definitions of a PDA, alternatives that are not equivalent to PDA. **Textbook 1: Ch 11, 12: 11.1 to 11.8, 12.1, 12.2, 12,4, 12.5, 12.6**	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
Context-Free and Non-Context-Free Languages: Where do the Context-Free Languages(CFL) fit, Showing a language is context-free, Pumping theorem for CFL, Important closure properties of CFLs, Deterministic CFLs. Algorithms and Decision Procedures for CFLs: Decidable questions, Un-decidable questions. Turing Machine: Turing machine model, Representation, Language acceptability by TM, design of TM, Techniques for TM construction. **Textbook 1: Ch 13: 13.1 to 13.5, Ch 14: 14.1, 14.2, Textbook 2: Ch 9.1 to 9.6**	**10 Hours**
Module – 5	
Variants of Turing Machines (TM), The model of Linear Bounded automata: Decidability: Definition of an algorithm, decidability, decidable languages, Undecidable languages, halting problem of TM, Post correspondence problem. Complexity: Growth rate of functions, the classes of P and NP, Quantum Computation: quantum computers, Church-Turing thesis. **Textbook 2: Ch 9.7 to 9.8, 10.1 to 10.7, 12.1, 12.2, 12.8, 12.8.1, 12.8.2**	**10 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Tell the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of Computation	

- Explain how to translate between different models of Computation (e.g., Deterministic and Non-deterministic and Software models).
- Interpret Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative powers.
- Develop skills in formal reasoning and reduction of a problem to a formal model, with an emphasis on semantic precision and conciseness.
- Classify a problem with respect to different models of Computation.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Elaine Rich, Automata, Computability and Complexity, 1st Edition, Pearson Education,2012/2013
2. K L P Mishra, N Chandrasekaran , 3rd Edition, Theory of Computer Science, PhI, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffery D Ullman, Introduction to AutomataTheory, Languages, and Computation, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2013
2. Michael Sipser : Introduction to the Theory of Computation, 3rd edition, Cengage learning,2013
3. John C Martin, Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw –Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2013
4. Peter Linz, “An Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata”, 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers, 1998
5. Basavaraj S. Anami, Karibasappa K G, Formal Languages and Automata theory, Wiley India, 2012
6. C K Nagpal, Formal Languages and Automata Theory, Oxford University press, 2012.

<table>
<tr><td colspan="5">OBJECT ORIENTED MODELING AND DESIGN
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017-2018)
SEMESTER – V</td></tr>
<tr><td>Subject Code</td><td>17CS551</td><td>IA Marks</td><td colspan="2">40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Lecture Hours/Week</td><td>3</td><td>Exam Marks</td><td colspan="2">60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Lecture Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td colspan="2">03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">CREDITS – 03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 1</td><td>Teaching Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling: What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling; abstraction; The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class Concept; Link and associations concepts; Generalization and Inheritance; A sample class model; Navigation of class models; Advanced Class Modelling, Advanced object and class concepts; Association ends; N-ary associations; Aggregation; Abstract classes; Multiple inheritance; Metadata; Reification; Constraints; Derived Data; Packages.
Text Book-1: Ch 1, 2, 3 and 4</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">UseCase Modelling and Detailed Requirements: Overview; Detailed object-oriented Requirements definitions; System Processes-A use case/Scenario view; Identifying Input and outputs-The System sequence diagram; Identifying Object Behaviour-The state chart Diagram; Integrated Object-oriented Models.
Text Book-2:Chapter- 6:Page 210 to 250</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Process Overview, System Conception and Domain Analysis: Process Overview: Development stages; Development life Cycle; System Conception: Devising a system concept; elaborating a concept; preparing a problem statement. Domain Analysis: Overview of analysis; Domain Class model: Domain state model; Domain interaction model; Iterating the analysis.
Text Book-1:Chapter- 10,11,and 12</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Use case Realization :The Design Discipline within up iterations: Object Oriented Design-The Bridge between Requirements and Implementation; Design Classes and Design within Class Diagrams; Interaction Diagrams-Realizing Use Case and defining methods; Designing with Communication Diagrams; Updating the Design Class Diagram; Package Diagrams-Structuring the Major Components; Implementation Issues for Three-Layer Design.
Text Book-2: Chapter 8: page 292 to 346</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Design Patterns: Introduction; what is a design pattern?, Describing design patterns, the catalogue of design patterns, Organizing the catalogue, How design patterns solve design problems, how to select a design patterns, how to use a design pattern; Creational patterns: prototype and singleton (only); structural patterns adaptor and proxy (only).
Text Book-3: Ch-1: 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8,Ch-3,Ch-4.</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Course outcomes: The students should be able to:</td></tr>
</table>

- Describe the concepts of object-oriented and basic class modelling.
- Draw class diagrams, sequence diagrams and interaction diagrams to solve problems.
- Choose and apply a befitting design pattern for the given problem.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2^{nd} Edition, Pearson Education,2005
2. Satzinger, Jackson and Burd: Object-Oriented Analysis & Design with the Unified Process, Cengage Learning, 2005.
3. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson and john Vlissides: Design Patterns – Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software,
   Pearson Education,2007.

Reference Books:

1. Grady Booch et. al.: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3^{rd} Edition,Pearson Education,2007.
2. 2.Frank Buschmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert, Peter Sommerlad, Michel Stal: Pattern –Oriented Software Architecture. A system of patterns , Volume 1, John Wiley and Sons.2007.
3. 3. Booch, Jacobson, Rambaugh : Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3^{rd} edition, pearson, Reprint 2013

INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE TESTING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017-2018) SEMESTER – V			
Subject Code	17CS552	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Basics of Software Testing: Basic definitions, Software Quality , Requirements, Behaviour and Correctness, Correctness versus Reliability, Testing and Debugging, Test cases, Insights from a Venn diagram, Identifying test cases, Test-generation Strategies, Test Metrics, Error and fault taxonomies , Levels of testing, Testing and Verification, Static Testing. **Textbook 3: Ch 1:1.2 - 1.5, 3; Textbook 1: Ch 1**	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Problem Statements: Generalized pseudo code, the triangle problem, the NextDate function, the commission problem, the SATM (Simple Automatic Teller Machine) problem, the currency converter, Saturn windshield wiper **Functional Testing:** Boundary value analysis, Robustness testing, Worst-case testing, Robust Worst testing for triangle problem, NextDate problem and commission problem, Equivalence classes, Equivalence test cases for the triangle problem, NextDate function, and the commission problem, Guidelines and observations, Decision tables, Test cases for the triangle problem, NextDate function, and the commission problem, Guidelines and observations. **Textbook 1: Ch 2, 5, 6 & 7, Textbook 2: Ch 3**	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Fault Based Testing: Overview, Assumptions in fault based testing, Mutation analysis, Fault-based adequacy criteria, Variations on mutation analysis. **Structural Testing:** Overview, Statement testing, Branch testing, Condition testing, Path testing: DD paths, Test coverage metrics, Basis path testing, guidelines and observations, Data –Flow testing: Definition-Use testing, Slice-based testing, Guidelines and observations**.** **T2:Chapter 16, 12 T1:Chapter 9 & 10**	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Test Execution: Overview of test execution, from test case specification to test cases, Scaffolding, Generic versus specific scaffolding, Test oracles, Self-checks as oracles, Capture and replay **Process Framework :**Basic principles: Sensitivity, redundancy, restriction, partition, visibility, Feedback, the quality process, Planning and monitoring, Quality goals, Dependability properties ,Analysis Testing, Improving the process, Organizational factors. **Planning and Monitoring the Process:** Quality and process, Test and analysis strategies and plans, Risk planning, monitoring the process, Improving the process, the quality team. **T2: Chapter 17, 20.**	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Integration and Component-Based Software Testing: Overview, Integration testing strategies, Testing components and assemblies. System, Acceptance and	**8 Hours**

Regression Testing: Overview, System testing, Acceptance testing, Usability, Regression testing, Regression test selection techniques, Test case prioritization and selective execution. **Levels of Testing, Integration Testing:** Traditional view of testing levels, Alternative life-cycle models, The SATM system, Separating integration and system testing, A closer look at the SATM system, Decomposition-based, call graph-based, Path-based integrations**.** **T2: Chapter 21 & 22, T1 : Chapter 12 & 13**	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Identify test cases for any given problem.
- Compare the different testing techniques.
- Classify the problems according to a suitable testing model.
- Apply the appropriate technique for the design of flow graph.
- Create appropriate document for the software artefact.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Paul C. Jorgensen: Software Testing, A Craftsman's Approach, 3rd Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2008.
2. Mauro Pezze, Michal Young: Software Testing and Analysis – Process, Principles and Techniques, Wiley India, 2009.
3. Aditya P Mathur: Foundations of Software Testing, Pearson Education, 2008.

Reference Books:

1. Software testing Principles and Practices – Gopalaswamy Ramesh, Srinivasan Desikan, 2 nd Edition, Pearson, 2007.
2. Software Testing – Ron Patton, 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
3. The Craft of Software Testing – Brian Marrick, Pearson Education, 1995.
4. Anirban Basu, Software Quality Assurance, Testing and Metrics, PHI, 2015
5. Naresh Chauhan, Software Testing, Oxford University press.

ADVANCED JAVA AND J2EE

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

(Effective from the academic year 2017-2018)

SEMESTER – V

Subject Code	17CS553	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations(metadata): Enumerations, Enumeration fundamentals, the values() and valueOf() Methods, java enumerations are class types, enumerations Inherits Enum, example, type wrappers, Autoboxing, Autoboxing and Methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Boolean and character values, Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors, A word of Warning. Annotations, Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, Obtaining Annotations at run time by use of reflection, Annotated element Interface, Using Default values, Marker Annotations, Single Member annotations, Built-In annotations.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
The collections and Framework: Collections Overview, Recent Changes to Collections, The Collection Interfaces, The Collection Classes, Accessing a collection Via an Iterator, Storing User Defined Classes in Collections, The Random Access Interface, Working With Maps, Comparators, The Collection Algorithms, Why Generic Collections?, The legacy Classes and Interfaces, Parting Thoughts on Collections.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
String Handling **:**The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, String Literals, String Concatenation, String Concatenation with Other Data Types, String Conversion and toString( ) Character Extraction, charAt( ), getChars( ), getBytes( ) toCharArray(), String Comparison, equals( ) and equalsIgnoreCase( ), regionMatches( ) startsWith( ) and endsWith( ), equals( ) Versus == , compareTo( ) Searching Strings, Modifying a String, substring( ), concat( ), replace( ), trim( ), Data Conversion Using valueOf( ), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer , StringBuffer Constructors, length( ) and capacity( ), ensureCapacity( ), setLength( ), charAt( ) and setCharAt( ), getChars( ),append( ), insert( ), reverse( ), delete( ) and deleteCharAt( ), replace( ), substring( ), Additional StringBuffer Methods, StringBuilder **Text Book 1: Ch 15**	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Background; The Life Cycle of a Servlet; Using Tomcat for Servlet Development; A simple Servlet; The Servlet API; The Javax.servlet Package; Reading Servlet Parameter; The Javax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; Using Cookies; Session Tracking. Java Server Pages (JSP): JSP, JSP Tags, Tomcat, Request String, User Sessions, Cookies, Session Objects	**8 Hours**

Text Book 1: Ch 31 Text Book 2: Ch 11

Module – 5

The Concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC Packages; A Brief Overview of the JDBC process; Database Connection; Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Transaction Processing; Metadata, Data types; Exceptions. **Text Book 2: Ch 06**	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Interpret the need for advanced Java concepts like enumerations and collections in developing modular and efficient programs
- Build client-server applications and TCP/IP socket programs
- Illustrate database access and details for managing information using the JDBC API
- Describe how servlets fit into Java-based web application architecture
- Develop reusable software components using Java Beans

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference, 7th/9th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
2. Jim Keogh: J2EE-TheCompleteReference, McGraw Hill, 2007.

Reference Books:

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7thEdition, Pearson Education, 2007.
2. Stephanie Bodoff et al: The J2EE Tutorial, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2004.
3. Uttam K Roy, Advanced JAVA programming, Oxford University press, 2015.

ADVANCED ALGORITHMS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017-2018)
SEMESTER – V

Subject Code	17CS554	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Analysis Techniques: Growth functions, Recurrences and solution of recurrence equations; Amortized analysis: Aggregate, Accounting, and Potential methods, String Matching Algorithms: Naive Algorithm; Robin-Karp Algorithm, String matching with Finite Automata, Knuth-Morris-Pratt and Boyer-Moore Algorithms	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Number Theoretic Algorithms: Elementary notions, GCD, Modular arithmetic, Solving modular linear equations, The Chinese remainder theorem, Powers of an element RSA Cryptosystem, Primality testing, Integer factorization, - Huffman Codes, Polynomials. FFT-Huffman codes: Concepts, construction, Proof correctness of Huffman's algorithm; Representation of polynomials	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
DFT and FFT efficient implementation of FFT, Graph Algorithms, Bellman-Ford Algorithm Shortest paths in a DAG, Johnson's Algorithm for sparse graphs, Flow networks and the Ford-Fulkerson Algorithm, Maximum bipartite matching.	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Computational Geometry-I: Geometric data structures using, C, Vectors, Points, Polygons, Edges Geometric objects in space; Finding the intersection of a line and a triangle, Finding star-shaped polygons using incremental insertion.	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Computational Geometry-II: Clipping: Cyrus-Beck and Sutherland-Hodman Algorithms; Triangulating, monotonic polygons; Convex hulls, Gift wrapping and Graham Scan; Removing hidden surfaces	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the principles of algorithms analysis approaches
- Apply different theoretic based strategies to solve problems
- Illustrate the complex signals and data flow in networks with usage of tools
- Describe the computational geometry criteria.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Thomas H. Cormen et al: Introduction to Algorithms, Prentice Hall India, 1990
2. Michael J. Laszlo: Computational Geometry and Computer Graphics in C' Prentice Hall India, 1996

Reference Books:

1. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and S. Rajasekaran, Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, University Press, Second edition, 2007
2. Kenneth A Berman & Jerome L Paul, Algorithms, Cengage Learning, First Indian reprint, 2008

PROGRAMMING IN JAVA [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – V			
Subject Code	17CS561	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries, Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings **Text book 1: Ch 2, Ch 3**	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses, Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements. **Text book 1: Ch 4, Ch 5**	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize( ) Method, A Stack Class, A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited, Inheritance: Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, The Object Class. **Text book 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8.**	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces, Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions. **Text book 1: Ch 9, Ch 10**	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Enumerations, Type Wrappers, I/O, Applets, and Other Topics: I/O Basics, Reading Console Input, Writing Console Output, The PrintWriter Class, Reading and Writing Files, Applet Fundamentals, The transient and volatile Modifiers, Using instanceof, strictfp, Native Methods, Using assert, Static Import, Invoking Overloaded Constructors Through this( ), String Handling: The String	**8 Hours**

Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf( ), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String , Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder. **Text book 1: Ch 12.1,12.2, Ch 13, Ch 15**	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA.
- Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java.
- Develop simple GUI interfaces for a computer program to interact with users

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,13,15)

Reference Books:

1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education,2008, ISBN:9788131720806.
2. Rajkumar Buyya,S Thamarasi selvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
3. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
4. Anita Seth and B L Juneja, JAVA One step Ahead, Oxford University Press, 2017.

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE **[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]** **(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)** **SEMESTER – V**			
Subject Code	17CS562	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
What is artificial intelligence?, Problems, Problem Spaces and search, Heuristic search technique **TextBook1: Ch 1, 2 and 3**	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Knowledge Representation Issues, Using Predicate Logic, Representing knowledge using Rules, **TextBoook1: Ch 4, 5 and 6.**	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Symbolic Reasoning under Uncertainty, Statistical reasoning, Weak Slot and Filter Structures. **TextBoook1: Ch 7, 8 and 9.**	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Strong slot-and-filler structures, Game Playing. **TextBoook1: Ch 10 and 12**	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Natural Language Processing, Learning, Expert Systems. **TextBook1: Ch 15,17 and 20**	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Identify the AI based problems
- Apply techniques to solve the AI problems
- Define learning and explain various learning techniques
- Discuss expert systems

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. E. Rich , K. Knight & S. B. Nair - Artificial Intelligence, 3/e, McGraw Hill.

Reference Books:

1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Stuart Rusell, Peter Norving, Pearson Education 2nd Edition.
1. Dan W. Patterson, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems – Prentice Hal of India.
2. G. Luger, “Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for complex problem

Solving", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
3. Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems Development by D W Rolston-Mc Graw hill.
4. N.P. Padhy "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems" , Oxford University Press-2015

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">EMBEDDED SYSTEMS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – V</td></tr>
<tr><td>Subject Code</td><td>17CS563</td><td>IA Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Lecture Hours/Week</td><td>3</td><td>Exam Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Lecture Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4" align="center">CREDITS – 03</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td>Module – 1</td><td>Teaching Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td>Introduction to embedded systems: Embedded systems, Processor embedded into a system, Embedded hardware units and device in a system, Embedded software in a system, Examples of embedded systems, Design process in embedded system, Formalization of system design, Design process and design examples, Classification of embedded systems, skills required for an embedded system designer.</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td>Devices and communication buses for devices network: IO types and example, Serial communication devices, Parallel device ports, Sophisticated interfacing features in device ports, Wireless devices, Timer and counting devices, Watchdog timer, Real time clock, Networked embedded systems, Serial bus communication protocols, Parallel bus device protocols-parallel communication internet using ISA, PCI, PCI-X and advanced buses, Internet enabled systems-network protocols, Wireless and mobile system protocols.</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Device drivers and interrupts and service mechanism: Programming-I/O busy-wait approach without interrupt service mechanism, ISR concept, Interrupt sources, Interrupt servicing (Handling) Mechanism, Multiple interrupts, Context and the periods for context switching, interrupt latency and deadline, Classification of processors interrupt service mechanism from Context-saving angle, Direct memory access, Device driver programming.</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Inter process communication and synchronization of processes, Threads and tasks: Multiple process in an application, Multiple threads in an application, Tasks, Task states, Task and Data, Clear-cut distinction between functions. ISRS and tasks by their characteristics, concept and semaphores, Shared data, Inter-process communication, Signal function, Semaphore functions, Message Queue functions, Mailbox functions, Pipe functions, Socket functions, RPC functions.</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Real-time operating systems: OS Services, Process management, Timer functions, Event functions, Memory management, Device, file and IO subsystems management, Interrupt routines in RTOS environment and handling of interrupt source calls, Real-time operating systems, Basic design using an RTOS, RTOS task scheduling models, interrupt latency and response of the tasks as performance metrics, OS security issues. Introduction to embedded software development process and tools, Host and target machines, Linking and location software.</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Course outcomes: The students should be able to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Distinguish the characteristics of embedded computer systems.</td></tr>
</table>

- Identify the various vulnerabilities of embedded computer systems.
- Design and develop modules using RTOS.
- Explain RPC, threads and tasks

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming, and Design" 2nd / 3rd edition , Tata McGraw hill-2013.

Reference Books:

1. Marilyn Wolf, "Computer as Components, Principles of Embedded Computing System Design" 3rd edition, Elsevier-2014.

<table>
<tr><td colspan="4">DOT NET FRAMEWORK FOR APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – V</td></tr>
<tr><td>Subject Code</td><td>17CS564</td><td>IA Marks</td><td>40</td></tr>
<tr><td>Number of Lecture Hours/Week</td><td>3</td><td>Exam Marks</td><td>60</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Number of Lecture Hours</td><td>40</td><td>Exam Hours</td><td>03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CREDITS – 03</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Module – 1</td><td>Teaching Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Introducing Microsoft Visual C# and Microsoft Visual Studio 2015: Welcome to C#, Working with variables, operators and expressions, Writing methods and applying scope, Using decision statements, Using compound assignment and iteration statements, Managing errors and exceptions
T1: Chapter 1 – Chapter 6</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 2</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Understanding the C# object model: Creating and Managing classes and objects, Understanding values and references, Creating value types with enumerations and structures, Using arrays
Textbook 1: Ch 7 to 10</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 3</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Understanding parameter arrays, Working with inheritance, Creating interfaces and defining abstract classes, Using garbage collection and resource management
Textbook 1: Ch 11 to 14</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 4</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Defining Extensible Types with C#: Implementing properties to access fields, Using indexers, Introducing generics, Using collections
Textbook 1: Ch 15 to 18</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Module – 5</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Enumerating Collections, Decoupling application logic and handling events, Querying in-memory data by using query expressions, Operator overloading
Textbook 1: Ch 19 to 22</td><td>8 Hours</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Course outcomes: The students should be able to:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">• Build applications on Visual Studio .NET platform by understanding the syntax and semantics of C#
• Demonstrate Object Oriented Programming concepts in C# programming language
• Design custom interfaces for applications and leverage the available built-in interfaces in building complex applications.
• Illustrate the use of generics and collections in C#
• Compose queries to query in-memory data and define own operator behaviour</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Text Books:</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">1. John Sharp, Microsoft Visual C# Step by Step, 8th Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2016</td></tr>
</table>

Reference Books:
1. Christian Nagel, “C# 6 and .NET Core 1.0”, 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. Andrew Stellman and Jennifer Greene, “Head First C#”, 3rd Edition, O’Reilly Publications, 2013. 2. Mark Michaelis, “Essential C# 6.0”, 5th Edition, Pearson Education India, 2016. 3. Andrew Troelsen, “Prof C# 5.0 and the .NET 4.5 Framework”, 6th Edition, Apress and Dreamtech Press, 2012.

CLOUD COMPUTING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – V			
Subject Code	17CS565	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, The Vision of Cloud Computing, Defining a Cloud, A Closer Look, Cloud Computing Reference Model, Characteristics and Benefits, Challenges Ahead, Historical Developments, Distributed Systems, Virtualization, Web 2.0, Service-Oriented Computing, Utility-Oriented Computing, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Application Development, Infrastructure and System Development, Computing Platforms and Technologies, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka Virtualization, Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization, Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Cloud Computing Architecture, Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Architecture, Infrastructure / Hardware as a Service, Platform as a Service, Software as a Service, Types of Clouds, Public Clouds, Private Clouds, Hybrid Clouds, Community Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges, Cloud Definition, Cloud Interoperability and Standards Scalability and Fault Tolerance Security, Trust, and Privacy Organizational Aspects Aneka: Cloud Application Platform, Framework Overview, Anatomy of the Aneka Container, From the Ground Up: Platform Abstraction Layer, Fabric Services, foundation Services, Application Services, Building Aneka Clouds, Infrastructure Organization, Logical Organization, Private Cloud Deployment Mode, Public Cloud Deployment Mode, Hybrid Cloud Deployment Mode, Cloud Programming and Management, Aneka SDK, Management Tools	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Concurrent Computing: Thread Programming, Introducing Parallelism for Single Machine Computation, Programming Applications with Threads, What is a Thread?, Thread APIs, Techniques for Parallel Computation with Threads, Multithreading with Aneka, Introducing the Thread Programming Model, Aneka Thread vs. Common Threads, Programming Applications with Aneka Threads, Aneka Threads Application Model, Domain Decomposition: Matrix Multiplication, Functional Decomposition: Sine, Cosine, and Tangent. High-Throughput Computing: Task Programming, Task Computing, Characterizing a Task, Computing Categories, Frameworks for Task Computing, Task-based Application Models, Embarrassingly Parallel Applications, Parameter Sweep Applications, MPI Applications, Workflow Applications with Task Dependencies, Aneka Task-Based Programming, Task Programming	**8 Hours**

Model, Developing Applications with the Task Model, Developing Parameter Sweep Application, Managing Workflows.	
Module – 4	
Data Intensive Computing: Map-Reduce Programming, What is Data-Intensive Computing?, Characterizing Data-Intensive Computations, Challenges Ahead, Historical Perspective, Technologies for Data-Intensive Computing, Storage Systems, Programming Platforms, Aneka MapReduce Programming, Introducing the MapReduce Programming Model, Example Application	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Cloud Platforms in Industry, Amazon Web Services, Compute Services, Storage Services, Communication Services, Additional Services, Google AppEngine, Architecture and Core Concepts, Application Life-Cycle, Cost Model, Observations, Microsoft Azure, Azure Core Concepts, SQL Azure, Windows Azure Platform Appliance. Cloud Applications Scientific Applications, Healthcare: ECG Analysis in the Cloud, , Social Networking, Media Applications, Multiplayer Online Gaming.	**8 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Explain the concepts and terminologies of cloud computing • Demonstrate cloud frameworks and technologies • Define data intensive computing • Demonstrate cloud applications	
Question paper pattern: The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books: 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamarai Selvi Mastering Cloud. Computing McGraw Hill Education	
Reference Books:	
NIL	

COMPUTER NETWORK LABORATORY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017-2018)
SEMESTER – V

Subject Code	17CSL57	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 02

Description (If any):

For the experiments below modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude. Use NS2/NS3.

Lab Experiments:

PART A

1. Implement three nodes point – to – point network with duplex links between them. Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth and find the number of packets dropped.
2. Implement transmission of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 nodes and find the number of packets dropped due to congestion.
3. Implement an Ethernet LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion window for different source / destination.
4. Implement simple ESS and with transmitting nodes in wire-less LAN by simulation and determine the performance with respect to transmission of packets.
5. Implement and study the performance of GSM on NS2/NS3 (Using MAC layer) or equivalent environment.
6. Implement and study the performance of CDMA on NS2/NS3 (Using stack called Call net) or equivalent environment.

PART B

Implement the following in Java:

7. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).
8. Write a program to find the shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.
9. Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client – server program to make the client send the file name and to make the server send back the contents of the requested file if present.
10. Write a program on datagram socket for client/server to display the messages on client side, typed at the server side.
11. Write a program for simple RSA algorithm to encrypt and decrypt the data.
12. Write a program for congestion control using leaky bucket algorithm.

Study Experiment / Project:

NIL

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Analyze and Compare various networking protocols.
- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of networking.
- Implement and analyze networking protocols in NS2 / NS3

Conduction of Practical Examination:

1. All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from part A and part B with lot.
3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script

4. Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 100

Part A: 8+35+7 =50

Part B: 8+35+7 =50

5. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

DBMS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017-2018)
SEMESTER – V

Subject Code	17CSL58	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 02

Description (If any):

PART-A: SQL Programming (Max. Exam Mks. 50)

- Design, develop, and implement the specified queries for the following problems using Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Server, or any other DBMS under LINUX/Windows environment.
- Create Schema and insert at least 5 records for each table. Add appropriate database constraints.

PART-B: Mini Project (Max. Exam Mks. 30)

- Use Java, C#, PHP, Python, or any other similar front-end tool. All applications must be demonstrated on desktop/laptop as a stand-alone or web based application (Mobile apps on Android/IOS are not permitted.)

Lab Experiments:

Part A: SQL Programming

1 Consider the following schema for a Library Database:

BOOK(<u>Book_id</u>, Title, Publisher_Name, Pub_Year)
BOOK_AUTHORS(<u>Book_id</u>, Author_Name)
PUBLISHER(<u>Name</u>, Address, Phone)
BOOK_COPIES(<u>Book_id</u>, <u>Branch_id</u>, No-of_Copies)
BOOK_LENDING(<u>Book_id</u>, <u>Branch_id</u>, <u>Card_No</u>, Date_Out, Due_Date)
LIBRARY_BRANCH(<u>Branch_id</u>, Branch_Name, Address)

Write SQL queries to

1. Retrieve details of all books in the library – id, title, name of publisher, authors, number of copies in each branch, etc.
2. Get the particulars of borrowers who have borrowed more than 3 books, but from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017.
3. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this data manipulation operation.
4. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working with a simple query.
5. Create a view of all books and its number of copies that are currently available in the Library.

2 Consider the following schema for Order Database:

SALESMAN(<u>Salesman_id</u>, Name, City, Commission)
CUSTOMER(<u>Customer_id</u>, Cust_Name, City, Grade, Salesman_id)
ORDERS(<u>Ord_No</u>, Purchase_Amt, Ord_Date, Customer_id, Salesman_id)

Write SQL queries to

1. Count the customers with grades above Bangalore’s average.
2. Find the name and numbers of all salesman who had more than one customer.
3. List all the salesman and indicate those who have and don’t have customers in their cities (Use UNION operation.)
4. Create a view that finds the salesman who has the customer with the highest order of a day.

	5. Demonstrate the DELETE operation by removing salesman with id 1000. All his orders must also be deleted.
3	Consider the schema for Movie Database: ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender) DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone) MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id) MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role) RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars) Write SQL queries to 1. List the titles of all movies directed by ‘Hitchcock’. 2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies. 3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015 (use JOIN operation). 4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title. 5. Update rating of all movies directed by ‘Steven Spielberg’ to 5.
4	Consider the schema for College Database: STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender) SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec) CLASS(USN, SSID) SUBJECT(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits) IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA) Write SQL queries to 1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester ‘C’ section. 2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each section. 3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN ‘1BI17CS101’ in all subjects. 4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table for all students. 5. Categorize students based on the following criterion: If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = ‘Outstanding’ If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = ‘Average’ If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = ‘Weak’ Give these details only for 8^{th} semester A, B, and C section students.
5	Consider the schema for Company Database: EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo) DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate) DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc) PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo) WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours) Write SQL queries to 1. Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is ‘Scott’, either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project. 2. Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the ‘IoT’ project is given a 10 percent raise. 3. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the ‘Accounts’ department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department

4. Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlledby department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).
5. For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs. 6,00,000.

Part B: Mini project

- For any problem selected, write the ER Diagram, apply ER-mapping rules, normalize the relations, and follow the application development process.
- Make sure that the application should have five or more tables, at least one trigger and one stored procedure, using suitable frontend tool.
- Indicative areas include; health care, education, industry, transport, supply chain, etc.

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database Creation and manipulation.
- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS
- Implement and test the project developed for an application.

Conduction of Practical Examination:

1. All laboratory experiments from part A are to be included for practical examination.
2. Mini project has to be evaluated for 40 Marks.
3. Report should be prepared in a standard format prescribed for project work.
4. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
5. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
6. Marks distribution:
   a) Part A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: **09 + 42 +09 =60 Marks**
7. Part B: Demonstration + Report + Viva voce = **20+14+06 = 40** Marks
8. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

CRYPTOGRAPHY, NETWORK SECURITY AND CYBER LAW
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	17CS61	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Introduction - Cyber Attacks, Defence Strategies and Techniques, Guiding Principles, Mathematical Background for Cryptography - Modulo Arithmetic's, The Greatest Comma Divisor, Useful Algebraic Structures, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Basics of Cryptography - Preliminaries, Elementary Substitution Ciphers, Elementary Transport Ciphers, Other Cipher Properties, Secret Key Cryptography – Product Ciphers, DES Construction.	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Public Key Cryptography and RSA – RSA Operations, Why Does RSA Work?, Performance, Applications, Practical Issues, Public Key Cryptography Standard (PKCS), Cryptographic Hash - Introduction, Properties, Construction, Applications and Performance, The Birthday Attack, Discrete Logarithm and its Applications - Introduction, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Other Applications.	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Key Management - Introduction, Digital Certificates, Public Key Infrastructure, Identity–based Encryption, Authentication–I - One way Authentication, Mutual Authentication, Dictionary Attacks, Authentication – II – Centalised Authentication, The Needham-Schroeder Protocol, Kerberos, Biometrics, IPSec-Security at the Network Layer – Security at Different layers: Pros and Cons, IPSec in Action, Internet Key Exchange (IKE) Protocol, Security Policy and IPSEC, Virtual Private Networks, Security at the Transport Layer - Introduction, SSL Handshake Protocol, SSL Record Layer Protocol, OpenSSL.	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN Security - Background, Authentication, Confidentiality and Integrity, Viruses, Worms, and Other Malware, Firewalls – Basics, Practical Issues, Intrusion Prevention and Detection - Introduction, Prevention Versus Detection, Types of Instruction Detection Systems, DDoS Attacks Prevention/Detection, Web Service Security – Motivation, Technologies for Web Services, WS- Security, SAML, Other Standards.	**10 Hours**
Module – 5	
IT act aim and objectives, Scope of the act, Major Concepts, Important provisions, Attribution, acknowledgement, and dispatch of electronic records, Secure electronic records and secure digital signatures, Regulation of certifying authorities: Appointment of Controller and Other officers, Digital Signature certificates, Duties of Subscribers, Penalties and adjudication, The cyber regulations appellate tribunal, Offences, Network service providers not to be liable in certain cases, Miscellaneous Provisions.	**10 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Discuss the cryptography and its need to various applications
- Design and Develop simple cryptography algorithms

- Understand the cyber security and need cyber Law

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Cryptography, Network Security and Cyber Laws – Bernard Menezes, Cengage Learning, 2010 edition (Chapters-1,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,19(19.1-19.5),21(21.1-21.2),22(22.1-22.4),25

Reference Books:

1. Cryptography and Network Security- Behrouz A Forouzan, DebdeepMukhopadhyay, Mc-GrawHill, 3rd Edition, 2015
2. Cryptography and Network Security- William Stallings, Pearson Education, 7th Edition
3. Cyber Law simplified- VivekSood, Mc-GrawHill, 11th reprint , 2013
4. Cyber security and Cyber Laws, Alfred Basta, Nadine Basta, Mary brown, ravindrakumar, Cengage learning

COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND VISUALIZATION [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	17CS62	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Overview: Computer Graphics and OpenGL: Computer Graphics:Basics of computer graphics, Application of Computer Graphics, Video Display Devices: Random Scan and Raster Scan displays, color CRT monitors, Flat panel displays. Raster-scan systems: video controller, raster scan Display processor, graphics workstations and viewing systems, Input devices, graphics networks, graphics on the internet, graphics software. OpenGL: Introduction to OpenGL ,coordinate reference frames, specifying two-dimensional world coordinate reference frames in OpenGL, OpenGL point functions, OpenGL line functions, point attributes, line attributes, curve attributes, OpenGL point attribute functions, OpenGL line attribute functions, Line drawing algorithms(DDA, Bresenham’s), circle generation algorithms(Bresenham’s). **Text-1:Chapter -1: 1-1 to 1-9,2-1 to 2-9 (Excluding 2-5),3-1 to 3-5,3-9,3-20**	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Fill area Primitives, 2D Geometric Transformations and 2D viewing: Fill area Primitives: Polygon fill-areas, OpenGL polygon fill area functions, fill area attributes, general scan line polygon fill algorithm, OpenGL fill-area attribute functions. 2DGeometric Transformations: Basic 2D Geometric Transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates. Inverse transformations, 2DComposite transformations, other 2D transformations, raster methods for geometric transformations, OpenGL raster transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations function, 2D viewing: 2D viewing pipeline, OpenGL 2D viewing functions. **Text-1:Chapter 3-14 to 3-16,4-9,4-10,4-14,5-1 to 5-7,5-17,6-1,6-4**	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Clipping,3D Geometric Transformations, Color and Illumination Models: Clipping: clipping window, normalization and viewport transformations, clipping algorithms,2D point clipping, 2D line clipping algorithms: cohen-sutherland line clipping only -polygon fill area clipping: Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm only.3DGeometric Transformations: 3D translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, affine transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions. Color Models: Properties of light, color models, RGB and CMY color models. Illumination Models: Light sources, basic illumination models-Ambient light, diffuse reflection, specular and phong model, Corresponding openGL functions. **Text-1:Chapter :6-2 to 6-08 (Excluding 6-4),5-9 to 5-17(Excluding 5-15),12-1,12-2,12-4,12-6,10-1,10-3**	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
3D Viewing and Visible Surface Detection: 3DViewing:3D viewing concepts, 3D viewing pipeline, 3D viewing coordinate parameters , Transformation from	**10 Hours**

world to viewing coordinates, Projection transformation, orthogonal projections, perspective projections, The viewport transformation and 3D screen coordinates. OpenGL 3D viewing functions. Visible Surface Detection Methods: Classification of visible surface Detection algorithms, back face detection, depth buffer method and OpenGL visibility detection functions. **Text-1:Chapter: 7-1 to 7-10(Excluding 7-7), 9-1 to 9-3, 9-14**	
Module – 5	
Input& interaction, Curves and Computer Animation: Input and Interaction: Input devices, clients and servers, Display Lists, Display Lists and Modelling, Programming Event Driven Input, Menus Picking, Building Interactive Models, Animating Interactive programs, Design of Interactive programs, Logic operations .Curved surfaces, quadric surfaces, OpenGL Quadric-Surface and Cubic-Surface Functions, Bezier Spline Curves, Bezier surfaces, OpenGL curve functions. Corresponding openGL functions. **Text-1:Chapter :8-3 to 8-6 (Excluding 8-5),8-9,8-10,8-11,3-8,8-18,13-11,3-2,13-3,13-4,13-10** **Text-2:Chapter 3: 3-1 to 3.11: Input& interaction**	**10 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Design and implement algorithms for 2D graphics primitives and attributes. • Illustrate Geometric transformations on both 2D and 3D objects. • Understand the concepts of clipping and visible surface detection in 2D and 3D viewing, and Illumination Models. • Discussabout suitable hardware and software for developing graphics packages using OpenGL.	
Question paper pattern: The question paper will have TEN questions. There will be TWO questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Donald Hearn & Pauline Baker: Computer Graphics with OpenGL Version,3^{rd}/ 4^{th}Edition, Pearson Education,2011 2. Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5^{th} edition. Pearson Education, 2008	
Reference Books:	
1. James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: pearson education 2. Xiang, Plastock : Computer Graphics , sham's outline series, 2^{nd} edition, TMG. 3. Kelvin Sung, Peter Shirley, steven Baer : Interactive Computer Graphics, concepts and applications, Cengage Learning 4. M MRaiker, Computer Graphics using OpenGL, Filip learning/Elsevier	

SYSTEM SOFTWARE AND COMPILER DESIGN [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	17CS63	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction to System Software, Machine Architecture of SIC and SIC/XE. **Assemblers:** Basic assembler functions, machine dependent assembler features, machine independent assembler features, assembler design options. **Macroprocessors:** Basicmacro processor functions, **Text book 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2,1.3.1,1.3.2, Chapter2 : 2.1-2.4,Chapter4: 4.1.1,4.1.2**	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Loaders and Linkers: Basic Loader Functions**,** Machine Dependent Loader Features, Machine Independent Loader Features, Loader Design Options, Implementation Examples. **Text book 1 : Chapter 3 ,3.1 -3.5**	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Introduction: Language Processors, The structure of a compiler, The evaluation of programming languages, The science of building compiler, Applications of compiler technology, Programming language basics **Lexical Analysis:** The role of lexical analyzer, Input buffering, Specifications of token, recognition of tokens, lexical analyzer generator, Finite automate. **Text book 2:Chapter 1 1.1-1.6 Chapter 3 3.1 – 3.6**	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
Syntax Analysis: Introduction, Role Of Parsers, Context Free Grammars, Writing a grammar, Top Down Parsers, Bottom-Up Parsers, Operator-Precedence Parsing **Text book 2: Chapter 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 Text book 1 : 5.1.3**	**10 Hours**
Module – 5	
Syntax Directed Translation, Intermediate code generation, Code generation **Text book 2: Chapter 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 6.1, 6.2, 8.1, 8.2**	**10 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Illustrate system software such as assemblers, loaders, linkers and macroprocessors
- Design and develop lexical analyzers, parsers and code generators
- Discuss about lex and yacc tools for implementing different concepts of system software

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. System Software by Leland. L. Beck, D Manjula, 3rd edition, 2012

2. Compilers-Principles, Techniques and Tools by Alfred V Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman. Pearson, 2nd edition, 2007
Reference Books:
1. Systems programming – Srimanta Pal , Oxford university press, 2016 2. System programming and Compiler Design, K C Louden, Cengage Learning 3. System software and operating system by D. M. Dhamdhere TMG 4. Compiler Design, K Muneeswaran, Oxford University Press 2013.

OPERATING SYSTEMS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	17CS64	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments. Operating System Services; User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot. **Process Management** Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor scheduling; Thread scheduling. **Process Synchronization:** Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors.	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Deadlocks : Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock. **Memory Management:** Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing. **File System, Implementation of File System:** File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.	**10 Hours**
Module – 5	
Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems. **Case Study: The Linux Operating System:** Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output;	**10 Hours**

Inter-process communication.

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Demonstrate need for OS and different types of OS
- Discuss suitable techniques for management of different resources
- Illustrate processor, memory, storage and file system commands
- Explain the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006.

Reference Books

1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

DATA MINING AND DATA WAREHOUSING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	17CS651	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Data Warehousing&modeling: Basic Concepts: Data Warehousing: A multitier Architecture, Data warehouse models: Enterprise warehouse,Data mart and virtual warehouse, Extraction, Transformation and loading, Data Cube: A multidimensional data model, Stars, Snowflakes and Fact constellations: Schemas for multidimensional Data models, Dimensions: The role of concept Hierarchies, Measures: Their Categorization and computation, Typical OLAP Operations.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Data warehouse implementation& Data mining: Efficient Data Cube computation: An overview, Indexing OLAP Data: Bitmap index and join index, Efficient processing of OLAP Queries, OLAP server Architecture ROLAP versus MOLAP Versus HOLAP.**:** Introduction: What is data mining, Challenges, Data Mining Tasks, Data: Types of Data, Data Quality, Data Preprocessing, Measures of Similarity and Dissimilarity,	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Association Analysis: Association Analysis: Problem Definition, Frequent Item set Generation, Rule generation. Alternative Methods for Generating Frequent Item sets, FP-Growth Algorithm, Evaluation of Association Patterns.	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Classification : Decision Trees Induction,Method for Comparing Classifiers, Rule Based Classifiers, Nearest Neighbor Classifiers,Bayesian Classifiers.	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Clustering Analysis: Overview, K-Means, Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering, DBSCAN, Cluster Evaluation, Density-Based Clustering, Graph-Based Clustering, Scalable Clustering Algorithms.	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Understands data mining problems and implement the data warehouse
- Demonstrate the association rules for a given data pattern.
- Discuss between classification and clustering solution.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar: Introduction to Data Mining,

Pearson, First impression,2014. 2. Jiawei Han, MichelineKamber, Jian Pei: Data Mining -Concepts and Techniques, 3rd Edition,Morgan Kaufmann Publisher, 2012.
Reference Books:
1. Sam Anahory, Dennis Murray: Data Warehousing in the Real World, Pearson,Tenth Impression,2012. 2. Michael.J.Berry,Gordon.S.Linoff: Mastering Data Mining , Wiley Edition, second edtion,2012.

SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN PATTERNS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	17CS652	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction: what is a design pattern? describing design patterns, the catalog of design pattern, organizing the catalog, how design patterns solve design problems, how to select a design pattern, how to use a design pattern. What is object-oriented development? , key concepts of object oriented design other related concepts, benefits and drawbacks of the paradigm	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Analysis a System: overview of the analysis phase, stage 1: gathering the requirements functional requirements specification, defining conceptual classes and relationships, using the knowledge of the domain. Design and Implementation, discussions and further reading.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Design Pattern Catalog: Structural patterns, Adapter, bridge, composite, decorator, facade, flyweight, proxy.	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Interactive systems and the MVC architecture:Introduction , The MVC architectural pattern, analyzing a simple drawing program , designing the system, designing of the subsystems, getting into implementation , implementing undo operation , drawing incomplete items, adding a new feature , pattern based solutions.	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Designing with Distributed Objects: Client server system, java remote method invocation, implementing an object oriented system on the web (discussions and further reading) a note on input and output, selection statements, loops arrays.	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Design and implement codes with higher performance and lower complexity
- Demonstrate code qualities needed to keep code flexible
- Illustrate design principles and be able to assess the quality of a design with respect to these principles.
- Explain principles in the design of object oriented systems.
- Understand a range of design patterns.
- Discuss suitable patterns in specific contexts

Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Object-oriented analysis, design and implementation, brahma dathan, sarnathrammath, universities press,2013 2. Design patterns, erich gamma, Richard helan, Ralph johman , john vlissides ,PEARSON Publication,2013.
Reference Books:
1. Frank Bachmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert “Pattern Oriented Software Architecture” –Volume 1, 1996. 2. William J Brown et al., "Anti-Patterns: Refactoring Software, Architectures and Projects in Crisis", John Wiley, 1998.

OPERATIONS RESEARCH
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	17CS653	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Introduction, Linear Programming: Introduction: The origin, natureand impact of OR; Defining the problem and gathering data; Formulating amathematical model; Deriving solutions from the model; Testing the model;Preparing to apply the model; Implementation . **Introduction to Linear Programming Problem (LPP):** Prototype example, Assumptions of LPP, Formulation of LPP and Graphical method various examples.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Simplex Method – 1: The essence of the simplex method; Setting up the simplex method; Types of variables, Algebraof the simplex method; the simplex method in tabular form; Tie breaking inthe simplex method, Big M method, Two phase method.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Simplex Method – 2: Duality Theory - The essence of duality theory, Primaldual relationship, conversion of primal to dual problem and vice versa. The dual simplex method.	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Transportation and Assignment Problems: The transportation problem, Initial Basic Feasible Solution (IBFS) by North West Corner Rule method, Matrix Minima Method, Vogel’s Approximation Method. Optimal solution by Modified Distribution Method (MODI). The Assignment problem; A Hungarian algorithm for the assignment problem. Minimization and Maximization varieties in transportation and assignment problems.	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Game Theory: Game Theory: The formulation of twopersons, zero sum games; saddle point, maximin and minimax principle, Solving simple games- a prototype example;Games with mixed strategies; Graphical solution procedure. **Metaheuristics:** The nature of Metaheuristics, Tabu Search, SimulatedAnnealing, Genetic Algorithms.	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain optimization techniques for various problems.
- Understand the given problem as transportation and assignment problem and solve.
- Illustrate game theory for decision support system.

Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:
1. D.S. Hira and P.K. Gupta, Operations Research, (Revised Edition), Published by S. Chand & Company Ltd, 2014
Reference Books:
1. S Kalavathy, Operation Research, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Limited, 01-Aug-2002 2. S D Sharma, Operation Research, KedarNath Ram Nath Publishers.

DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING SYSTEM
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	17CS654	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Characterization of Distributed Systems: Introduction, Examples of DS, Resource sharing and the Web, Challenges **System Models:** Architectural Models, Fundamental Models	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Inter Process Communication: Introduction, API for Internet Protocols, External Data Representation and Marshalling, Client – Server Communication, Group Communication **Distributed Objects and RMI:** Introduction, Communication between Distributed Objects, RPC, Events and Notifications	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Operating System Support: Introduction, The OS layer, Protection, Processes and Threads, Communication and Invocation , Operating system architecture **Distributed File Systems:** Introduction, File Service architecture, Sun Network File System	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Time and Global States: Introduction, Clocks, events and process status, Synchronizing physical clocks, Logical time and logical clocks, Global states **Coordination and Agreement:** Introduction, Distributed mutual exclusion, Elections	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Distributed Transactions: Introduction, Flat and nested distributed transactions, Atomic commit protocols, Concurrency control in distributed transactions, distributed deadlocks	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the characteristics of a distributed system along with its and design challenges
- Illustrate the mechanism of IPC between distributed objects
- Describe the distributed file service architecture and the important characteristics of SUN NFS.
- Discuss concurrency control algorithms applied in distributed transactions

Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore and Tim Kindberg: Distributed Systems – Concepts and Design, 5th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2009

Reference Books:
1. Andrew S Tanenbaum: Distributed Operating Systems, 3rd edition, Pearson publication, 2007 2. Ajay D. Kshemkalyani and MukeshSinghal, Distributed Computing: Principles, Algorithms and Systems, Cambridge University Press, 2008 3. SunitaMahajan, Seema Shan, “ Distributed Computing”, Oxford University Press,2015

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	17CS661	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Get started, Build your first app, Activities, Testing, debugging and using support libraries	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
User Interaction, Delightful user experience, Testing your UI	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Background Tasks, Triggering, scheduling and optimizing background tasks	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
All about data, Preferences and Settings, Storing data using SQLite, Sharing data with content providers, Loading data using Loaders	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Permissions, Performance and Security, Firebase and AdMob, Publish	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Design and Develop Android application by setting up Android development environment
- Implement adaptive, responsive user interfaces that work across a wide range of devices.
- Explainlong running tasks and background work in Android applications
- Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications
- Discuss the performance of android applications and understand the role of permissions and security
- Describe the steps involved in publishing Android application to share with the world

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Google Developer Training, "Android Developer Fundamentals Course – Concept Reference", Google Developer Training Team, 2017. https://www.gitbook.com/book/google-developer-training/android-developer-fundamentals-course-concepts/details (Download pdf file from the above link)

Reference Books:

1. Erik Hellman, "Android Programming – Pushing the Limits", 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2014.
2. Dawn Griffiths and David Griffiths, "Head First Android Development", 1st Edition, O'Reilly SPD Publishers, 2015.
3. J F DiMarzio, "Beginning Android Programming with Android Studio", 4th Edition,

Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-8126565580
4. AnubhavPradhan, Anil V Deshpande, “ Composing Mobile Apps” using Android, Wiley 2014, ISBN: 978-81-265-4660-2

BIG DATA ANALYTICS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	17CS662	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction to Data Analytics and Decision Making: Introduction, Overview of the Book, The Methods, The Software, Modeling and Models, Graphical Models, Algebraic Models, Spreadsheet Models, Seven-Step ModelingProcess.**Describing the Distribution of a Single Variable**:Introduction,Basic Concepts, Populations and Samples, Data Sets,Variables,and Observations, Types of Data, Descriptive Measures for Categorical Variables, Descriptive Measures for Numerical Variables, Numerical Summary Measures, Numerical Summary Measures with StatTools,Charts for Numerical Variables, Time Series Data, Outliers and Missing Values,Outliers,Missing Values, Excel Tables for Filtering,Sorting,and Summarizing. **Finding Relationships among Variables**: Introduction, Relationships among Categorical Variables, Relationships among Categorical Variables and a Numerical Variable, Stacked and Unstacked Formats, Relationships among Numerical Variables, Scatterplots, Correlation and Covariance, Pivot Tables.	**08 Hours**
Module – 2	
Probability and Probability Distributions:Introduction,Probability Essentials, Rule of Complements, Addition Rule, Conditional Probability and the Multiplication Rule, Probabilistic Independence, Equally Likely Events, Subjective Versus Objective Probabilities, Probability Distribution of a Single Random Variable, Summary Measures of a Probability Distribution, Conditional Mean and Variance, Introduction to Simulation. **Normal,Binormal,Poisson,and Exponential Distributions**:Introduction,The Normal Distribution, Continuous Distributions and Density Functions, The Normal Density,Standardizing:Z-Values,Normal Tables and Z-Values, Normal Calculations in Excel, Empirical Rules Revisited, Weighted Sums of Normal Random Variables, Applications of the Normal Random Distribution, The Binomial Distribution, Mean and Standard Deviation of the Binomial Distribution, The Binomial Distribution in the Context of Sampling, The Normal Approximation to the Binomial, Applications of the Binomial Distribution, The Poisson and Exponential Distributions, The Poisson Distribution, The Exponential Distribution.	**08 Hours**
Module – 3	
Decision Making under Uncertainty:Introduction,Elements of Decision Analysis, Payoff Tables, Possible Decision Criteria, Expected Monetary Value(EMY),Sensitivity Analysis, Decision Trees, Risk Profiles, The Precision Tree Add-In,Bayes' Rule, Multistage Decision Problems and the Value of Information, The Value of Information, Risk Aversion and Expected Utility, Utility Functions, Exponential Utility, Certainty Equivalents, Is Expected Utility	**08 Hours**

Maximization Used? **Sampling and Sampling Distributions**: Introduction, Sampling Terminology, Methods for Selecting Random Samples, Simple Random Sampling, Systematic Sampling, Stratified Sampling, Cluster Sampling, Multistage Sampling Schemes, Introduction to Estimation, Sources of Estimation Error, Key Terms in Sampling, Sampling Distribution of the Sample Mean, The Central Limit Theorem, Sample Size Selection, Summary of Key Ideas for Simple Random Sampling.	
Module – 4	
Confidence Interval Estimation: Introduction, Sampling Distributions, The t Distribution, Other Sampling Distributions, Confidence Interval for a Mean, Confidence Interval for a Total, Confidence Interval for a Proportion, Confidence Interval for a Standard Deviation, Confidence Interval for the Difference between Means, Independent Samples, Paired Samples, Confidence Interval for the Difference between Proportions, Sample Size Selection, Sample Size Selection for Estimation of the Mean, Sample Size Selection for Estimation of Other Parameters. **Hypothesis Testing**:Introduction,Concepts in Hypothesis Testing, Null and Alternative Hypothesis, One-Tailed Versus Two-Tailed Tests, Types of Errors, Significance Level and Rejection Region, Significance from p-values, Type II Errors and Power, Hypothesis Tests and Confidence Intervals, Practical versus Statistical Significance, Hypothesis Tests for a Population Mean, Hypothesis Tests for Other Parameters, Hypothesis Tests for a Population Proportion, Hypothesis Tests for Differences between Population Means, Hypothesis Test for Equal Population Variances, Hypothesis Tests for Difference between Population Proportions, Tests for Normality, Chi-Square Test for Independence.	**08 Hours**
Module – 5	
Regression Analysis: Estimating Relationships: Introduction, Scatterplots : Graphing Relationships, Linear versus Nonlinear Relationships,Outliers,Unequal Variance, No Relationship,Correlations:Indications of Linear Relationships, Simple Linear Regression, Least Squares Estimation, Standard Error of Estimate, The Percentage of Variation Explained:R-Square,Multiple Regression, Interpretation of Regression Coefficients, Interpretation of Standard Error of Estimate and R-Square, Modeling Possibilities, Dummy Variables, Interaction Variables, Nonlinear Transformations, Validation of the Fit. **Regression Analysis**: Statistical Inference:Introduction,The Statistical Model, Inferences About the Regression Coefficients, Sampling Distribution of the Regression Coefficients, Hypothesis Tests for the Regression Coefficients and p-Values, A Test for the Overall Fit: The ANOVA Table,Multicollinearity,Include/Exclude Decisions, Stepwise Regression,Outliers,Violations of Regression Assumptions,Nonconstant Error Variance,Nonnormality of Residuals,Autocorrelated Residuals ,Prediction.	**08 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Explain the importance of data and data analysis • Interpret the probabilistic models for data • Illustrate hypothesis, uncertainty principle • Demonstrate the regression analysis	
Question paper pattern: The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module.	

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books:
1. S C Albright and W L Winston, Business analytics: data analysis and decision making, 5/e Cenage Learning
Reference Books:

WIRELESS NETWORKS AND MOBILE COMPUTING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	17CS663	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Mobile Communication, Mobile Computing, Mobile Computing Architecture, Mobile Devices Mobile System Networks, Data Dissemination, Mobility Management, Security Cellular Networks and Frequency Reuse, Mobile Smartphone, Smart Mobiles, and Systems Handheld Pocket Computers, Handheld Devices, Smart Systems, Limitations of Mobile Devices Automotive Systems	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
GSM-Services and System Architecture, Radio Interfaces of GSM, Protocols of GSM Localization, Call Handling Handover, Security, New Data Services, General Packet Radio Service High-speed Circuit Switched Data, DECT, Modulation, Multiplexing, Controlling the Medium Access Spread Spectrum, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS),Coding Methods, Code Division Multiple Access, IMT-2000 3G Wireless Communication Standards, WCDMA 3G Communications Standards ,CDMMA2000 3G Communication Standards, I-mode, OFDM, High Speed Packet Access (HSPA) 3G Network Long-term Evolution, WiMaxRel 1.0 IEEE 802.16e, Broadband Wireless Access,4G Networks, Mobile Satellite Communication Networks	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management Location Management, Registration, Tunnelling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol, VoIP, IPsec Conventional TCP/IP Transport Layer Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP Mobile TCP, Other Methods of Mobile TCP-layer Transmission ,TCP over 2.5G/3G Mobile Networks	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Data Organization, Database Transactional Models – ACID Rules, Query Processing Data Recovery Process, Database Hoarding Techniques , Data Caching, Client-Server Computing for Mobile Computing and Adaptation Adaptation Software for Mobile Computing, Power-Aware Mobile Computing, Context-aware Mobile Computing	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Communication Asymmetry, Classification of Data-delivery Mechanisms, Data Dissemination Broadcast Models, Selective Tuning and Indexing techniques, Digital Audio Broadcasting (DAB), Digital Video Broadcasting Synchronization, Synchronization Software for Mobile Devices, Synchronization Software for Mobile Devices SyncML-Synchronization Language for Mobile Computing,Sync4J (Funambol), Synchronized Multimedia Markup Language (SMIL)	**8 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	

- Understand the various mobile communication systems.
- Describe various multiplexing systems used in mobile computing.
- Explain the use and importance of data synchronization in mobile computing

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Raj kamal: Mobile Computing, 2ND EDITION, Oxford University Press, 2007/2012
2. MartynMallik: Mobile and Wireless Design Essentials, Wiley India, 2003

Reference Books:

1. Ashok Talukder, RoopaYavagal, Hasan Ahmed: Mobile Computing, Technology, Applications and Service Creation, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
2. ItiSahaMisra: Wireless Communications and Networks, 3G and Beyond, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.

PYTHON APPLICATION PROGRAMMING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	17CS664	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Why should you learn to write programs, Variables, expressions and statements, Conditional execution, Functions	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Iteration, Strings, Files	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Lists, Dictionaries, Tuples, Regular Expressions	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Classes and objects, Classes and functions, Classes and methods	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Networked programs, Using Web Services, Using databases and SQL	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Understand Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions.
- Demonstrate proficiency in handling Strings and File Systems.
- Implement Python Programs using core data structures like Lists, Dictionaries and use Regular Expressions.
- Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.
- Implement exemplary applications related to Network Programming, Web Services and Databases in Python.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.
There will be TWO questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Charles R. Severance, "Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3", 1st Edition, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. (http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN_us/pythonlearn.pdf) (Chapters 1 – 13, 15)
2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf) (Chapters 15, 16, 17)(Download pdf files from the above links)

Reference Books:

1. Charles Dierbach, "Introduction to Computer Science Using Python", 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd. ISBN-13: 978-8126556014
2. Mark Lutz, "Programming Python", 4th Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2011.ISBN-13: 978-9350232873

3. Wesley J Chun, "Core Python Applications Programming", 3rd Edition,Pearson Education India, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-9332555365
4. Roberto Tamassia, Michael H Goldwasser, Michael T Goodrich, "Data Structures and Algorithms in Python",1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-8126562176
5. ReemaThareja, "Python Programming using problem solving approach", Oxford university press, 2017

SERVICE ORIENTED ARCHITECTURE [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	17CS665	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
SOA BASICS:Software Architecture;Need for Software Architecture, Objectives of Software Architecture, Types of IT Architecture, Architecture Patterns and Styles, **Service oriented Architecture;**Service Orientation in Daily Life, Evolution of SOA, Drives for SOA, Dimension of SOA, Key components, perspective of SOA, **Enterprise-wide SOA;** Considerations for Enterprise-Wide SOA, Strawman Architecture For Enterprise-Wide-SOA-Enterprise, SOA-Layers, Application Development Process, SOA Methodology For Enterprise **Text 1: Ch2: 2.1 – 2.4; Ch3:3.1-3.7; Ch4: 4.1 – 4.5**	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Enterprise Applications;Architecture Considerations, Solution Architecture for enterprise application, **Software platforms for enterprise Applications;**Package Application Platforms, Enterprise Application Platforms, **Service-oriented-Enterprise Applications;** Considerations for Service-Oriented Enterprise Applications, Patterns for SOA, Pattern-Based Architecture for Service-Oriented Enterprise Application(java reference model only).Composite Applications, SOA programming models. **Text 1: Ch5:5.1, 5.2, 6.1, 6.2**(PageNo 74-81)**, 7.1 – 7.5**	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
SOA ANALYSIS AND DESIGN;Need For Models, Principles of Service Design, Design of Activity Services, Design of Datasevices, Design of Client services and Design of business process services, **Technologies of SOA;**Technologies For Service Enablement, Technologies For Service Integration, Technologies for Service orchestration. **Text 1: Ch 8: 8.1 – 8.6, 9.1 – 9.3**	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Business case for SOA; Stakeholder OBJECTIVES, Benefits of SOA, Cost Savings, Return on Investment, SOA Governance, **Security and implementation;** SOA Governance, SOA Security, approach for enterprise wide SOA implementation,**Trends in SOA;** Technologies in Relation to SOA, Advances in SOA. **Text 1: Ch 10: 10.1 -10.4, Ch 11: 11.1 to 11.3, Ch12:12.2, 12.3**	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
SOA Technologies-PoC;Loan Management System(LMS), PoC-Requirements Architectures of LMS **SOA based integration;**integrating existing application, **SOA best practices,** Basic SOA using REST. Role of WSDL,SOAP and JAVA/XML Mapping in SOA. **Text 1:Page No 245-248; ReferenceBook:Chapter3; Text 1:Page No 307-310** **Text 2: Ch 3, Ch4**	**8 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	

- Understand the different IT architectures
- Explain SOA based applications
- Illustrate web service and realization of SOA
- DiscussRESTful services

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Shankar Kambhampaly, “Service–Oriented Architecture for Enterprise Applications”,Wiley Second Edition, 2014.
2. Mark D. Hansen, “SOA using Java Web Services”, Practice Hall, 2007.

Reference Books:

1. WaseemRoshen, “SOA-Based Enterprise Integration”, Tata McGraw-HILL, 2009.

MULTI-CORE ARCHITECTURE AND PROGRAMMING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	17CS666	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction to Multi-core Architecture Motivation for Concurrency in software, Parallel Computing Platforms, Parallel Computing in Microprocessors, Differentiating Multi-core Architectures from Hyper- Threading Technology, Multi-threading on Single-Core versus Multi-Core Platforms Understanding Performance, Amdahl's Law, Growing Returns: Gustafson's Law. **System Overview of Threading** : Defining Threads, System View of Threads, Threading above the Operating System, Threads inside the OS, Threads inside the Hardware, What Happens When a Thread Is Created, Application Programming Models and Threading, Virtual Environment: VMs and Platforms, Runtime Virtualization, System Virtualization.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Fundamental Concepts of Parallel Programming : Designing for Threads, Task Decomposition, Data Decomposition, Data Flow Decomposition, Implications of Different Decompositions, Challenges You'll Face, Parallel Programming Patterns, A Motivating Problem: Error Diffusion, Analysis of the Error Diffusion Algorithm, An Alternate Approach: Parallel Error Diffusion, Other Alternatives. **Threading and Parallel Programming Constructs:** Synchronization, Critical Sections, Deadlock, Synchronization Primitives, Semaphores, Locks, Condition Variables, Messages, Flow Control- based Concepts, Fence, Barrier, Implementation-dependent Threading Features	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Threading APIs : ThreadingAPls for Microsoft Windows, Win32/MFC Thread APls, Threading APls for Microsoft. NET Framework, Creating Threads, Managing Threads, Thread Pools, Thread Synchronization, POSIX Threads, Creating Threads, Managing Threads, Thread Synchronization, Signaling, Compilation and Linking.	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
OpenMP: A Portable Solution for Threading : Challenges in Threading a Loop, Loop-carried Dependence, Data-race Conditions, Managing Shared and Private Data, Loop Scheduling and Portioning, Effective Use of Reductions, Minimizing Threading Overhead, Work-sharing Sections, Performance-oriented Programming, Using Barrier and No wait, Interleaving Single-thread and Multi-thread Execution, Data Copy-in and Copy-out, Protecting Updates of Shared Variables, Intel Task queuing Extension to OpenMP, OpenMP Library Functions, OpenMP Environment Variables, Compilation, Debugging, performance	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Solutions to Common Parallel Programming Problems : Too Many Threads, Data Races, Deadlocks, and Live Locks, Deadlock, Heavily Contended Locks,	**8 Hours**

Priority Inversion, Solutions for Heavily Contended Locks, Non-blocking Algorithms, ABA Problem, Cache Line Ping-ponging, Memory Reclamation Problem, Recommendations, Thread-safe Functions and Libraries, Memory Issues, Bandwidth, Working in the Cache, Memory Contention, Cache-related Issues, False Sharing, Memory Consistency, Current IA-32 Architecture, Itanium Architecture, High-level Languages, Avoiding Pipeline Stalls on IA-32,Data Organization for High Performance.	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Identify the issues involved in multicore architectures
- Explain fundamental concepts of parallel programming and its design issues
- Solve the issues related to multiprocessing and suggest solutions
- Discuss salient features of different multicore architectures and how they exploit parallelism
- Illustrate OpenMP and programming concept

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Multicore Programming , Increased Performance through Software Multi-threading by ShameemAkhter and Jason Roberts , Intel Press , 2006

Reference Books:

NIL

SYSTEM SOFTWARE AND OPERATING SYSTEM LABORATORY **[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]** **(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)** **SEMESTER – VI**			
Subject Code	17CSL67	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 02			

Description (If any):

Exercises to be prepared with minimum three files (Where ever necessary):

i. Header file.
ii. Implementation file.
iii. Application file where main function will be present.

The idea behind using three files is to differentiate between the developer and user sides. In the developer side, all the three files could be made visible. For the user side only header file and application files could be made visible, which means that the object code of the implementation file could be given to the user along with the interface given in the header file, hiding the source file, if required. Avoid I/O operations (printf/scanf) and use ***data input file*** where ever it is possible

Lab Experiments:

1.
   a) Write a LEX program to recognize valid ***arithmetic expression.*** Identifiers in the expression could be only integers and operators could be + and *. Count the identifiers & operators present and print them separately.

   b) Write YACC program to evaluate ***arithmetic expression*** involving operators: +, -, *, and /

2. Develop, Implement and Execute a program using YACC tool to recognize all strings ending with ***b*** preceded by ***na's*** using the grammar a^n ***b*** (note: input ***n*** value)

3. Design, develop and implement YACC/C program to construct ***Predictive / LL(1) Parsing Table*** for the grammar rules: ***A →aBa , B →bB | ε.*** Use this table to parse the sentence: ***abba$***

4. Design, develop and implement YACC/C program to demonstrate ***Shift Reduce Parsing*** techniquefor the grammar rules: ***E →E+T | T, T →T*F | F, F →(E) | id*** and parse the sentence: ***id + id * id***.

5. Design, develop and implement a C/Java program to generate the machine code using ***Triples*** for the statement ***A = -B * (C +D)*** whose intermediate code in three-address form:

   T1 = -B
   T2 = C + D
   T3 = T1 + T2
   A = T3

6. a) Write a LEX program to eliminate ***comment lines*** in a ***C*** program and copy the

resulting program into a separate file.

b) Write YACC program to recognize valid ***identifier, operators and keywords*** in the given text (*C program*) file.

7. Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to simulate the working of Shortest remaining time and Round Robin (RR) scheduling algorithms. Experiment with different quantum sizes for RR algorithm.
8. Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to implement Banker's algorithm. Assume suitable input required to demonstrate the results.
9. Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to implement page replacement algorithms LRU and FIFO. Assume suitable input required to demonstrate the results.

Study Experiment / Project:

NIL

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Implement and demonstrate Lexer's and Parser's
- Implement different algorithms required for management, scheduling, allocation and communication used in operating system.

Conduction of Practical Examination:

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script
- Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva:**15 + 70 +15 (100)**
- **Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero**

COMPUTER GRAPHICS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	17CSL68	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 02

Description (If any):

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Lab Experiments:

PART A

Design, develop, and implement the following programs using OpenGL API

1. Implement Brenham's line drawing algorithm for all types of slope.
   Refer:Text-1: Chapter 3.5
   Refer:Text-2: Chapter 8
2. Create and rotate a triangle about the origin and a fixed point.
   Refer:Text-1: Chapter 5-4
3. Draw a colour cube and spin it using OpenGL transformation matrices.
   Refer:Text-2: Modelling a Coloured Cube
4. Draw a color cube and allow the user to move the camera suitably to experiment with perspective viewing.
   Refer:Text-2: Topic: Positioning of Camera
5. Clip a lines using Cohen-Sutherland algorithm
   Refer:Text-1: Chapter 6.7
   Refer:Text-2: Chapter 8
6. To draw a simple shaded scene consisting of a tea pot on a table. Define suitably the position and properties of the light source along with the properties of the surfaces of the solid object used in the scene.
   Refer:Text-2: Topic: Lighting and Shading
7. Design, develop and implement recursively subdivide a tetrahedron to form 3D sierpinski gasket. The number of recursive steps is to be specified by the user.
   Refer: Text-2: Topic:sierpinski gasket.
8. Develop a menu driven program to animate a flag using Bezier Curve algorithm
   Refer: Text-1: Chapter 8-10
9. Develop a menu driven program to fill the polygon using scan line algorithm

Project:

PART –B (MINI-PROJECT) :

Student should develop mini project on the topics mentioned below or similar applications using Open GL API. Consider all types of attributes like color, thickness, styles, font, background, speed etc., while doing mini project.

(**During the practical exam: the students should demonstrate and answer Viva-Voce**)

Sample Topics:

Simulation of concepts of OS, Data structures, algorithms etc.

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Apply the concepts of computer graphics
- Implement computer graphics applications using OpenGL
- Implement real world problems using OpenGL

Conduction of Practical Examination:

1. All laboratory experiments from part A are to be included for practical examination.
2. Mini project has to be evaluated for 40 Marks.
3. Report should be prepared in a standard format prescribed for project work.
4. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
5. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
6. Marks distribution:
    a) Part A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: **09 + 42 +09 =60 Marks**
    b) Part B: Demonstration + Report + Viva voce = **20+14+06 = 40 Marks**
7. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

Reference books:

1. Donald Hearn & Pauline Baker: Computer Graphics-OpenGL Version,3rd Edition, Pearson Education,2011
2. Edward Angel: Interactive computer graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5th edition. Pearson Education, 2011
3. M MRaikar, Computer Graphics using OpenGL, Fillip Learning / Elsevier, Bangalore / New Delhi (2013)

WEB TECHNOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATIONS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	**17CS71**	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction to HTML, What is HTML and Where did it come from?, HTML Syntax, Semantic Markup, Structure of HTML Documents, Quick Tour of HTML Elements, HTML5 Semantic Structure Elements, Introduction to CSS, What is CSS, CSS Syntax, Location of Styles, Selectors, The Cascade: How Styles Interact, The Box Model, CSS Text Styling.	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
HTML Tables and Forms, Introducing Tables, Styling Tables, Introducing Forms, Form Control Elements, Table and Form Accessibility, Microformats, Advanced CSS: Layout, Normal Flow, Positioning Elements, Floating Elements, Constructing Multicolumn Layouts, Approaches to CSS Layout, Responsive Design, CSS Frameworks.	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
JavaScript: Client-Side Scripting, What is JavaScript and What can it do?, JavaScript Design Principles, Where does JavaScript Go?, Syntax, JavaScript Objects, The Document Object Model (DOM), JavaScript Events, Forms, Introduction to Server-Side Development with PHP, What is Server-Side Development, A Web Server’s Responsibilities, Quick Tour of PHP, Program Control, Functions	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
PHP Arrays and Superglobals, Arrays, $_GET and $_POST Superglobal Arrays, $_SERVER Array, $_Files Array, Reading/Writing Files, PHP Classes and Objects, Object-Oriented Overview, Classes and Objects in PHP, Object Oriented Design, Error Handling and Validation, What are Errors and Exceptions?, PHP Error Reporting, PHP Error and Exception Handling	**10 Hours**
Module – 5	
Managing State, The Problem of State in Web Applications, Passing Information via Query Strings, Passing Information via the URL Path, Cookies, Serialization, Session State, HTML5 Web Storage, Caching, Advanced JavaScript and jQuery, JavaScript Pseudo-Classes, jQuery Foundations, AJAX, Asynchronous File Transmission, Animation, Backbone MVC Frameworks, XML Processing and Web Services, XML Processing, JSON, Overview of Web Services.	**10 Hours**

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Define HTML and CSS syntax and semantics to build web pages.
- Understand the concepts of Construct , visually format tables and forms using HTML using CSS
- Develop Client-Side Scripts using JavaScript and Server-Side Scripts using PHP to generate and display the contents dynamically.
- List the principles of object oriented development using PHP
- Illustrate JavaScript frameworks like jQuery and Backbone which facilitates

developer to focus on core features.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Randy Connolly, Ricardo Hoar, **"Fundamentals of Web Development",** 1^{st}Edition, Pearson Education India. (**ISBN:**978-9332575271)

Reference Books:

1) Robin Nixon, **"Learning PHP, MySQL &JavaScript with jQuery, CSS and HTML5",** 4^{th}Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2015. (**ISBN:**978-9352130153)
2) Luke Welling, Laura Thomson, **"PHP and MySQL Web Development",** 5^{th} Edition, Pearson Education, 2016. (**ISBN:**978-9332582736)
3) Nicholas C Zakas, **"Professional JavaScript for Web Developers",** 3^{rd} Edition, Wrox/Wiley India, 2012. (**ISBN:**978-8126535088)
4) David Sawyer Mcfarland, **"JavaScript & jQuery: The Missing Manual",** 1^{st} Edition, O'Reilly/Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2014 (**ISBN:**978-9351108078)
5) Zak Ruvalcaba Anne Boehm, **"Murach's HTML5 and CSS3"**, 3^{rd}Edition, Murachs/Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2016. (**ISBN:**978-9352133246)

ADVANCED COMPUTER ARCHITECTURES
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	17CS72	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Theory of Parallelism: Parallel Computer Models, The State of Computing, Multiprocessors and Multicomputer ,Multivector and SIMD Computers ,PRAM and VLSI Models, Program and Network Properties ,Conditions of Parallelism, Program Partitioning and Scheduling, Program Flow Mechanisms, System Interconnect Architectures, Principles of Scalable Performance, Performance Metrics and Measures, Parallel Processing Applications, Speedup Performance Laws, Scalability Analysis and Approaches.	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Hardware Technologies: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor Technology, Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy Technology, Virtual Memory Technology.	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Bus, Cache, and Shared Memory ,Bus Systems ,Cache Memory Organizations ,Shared Memory Organizations ,Sequential and Weak Consistency Models ,Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques ,Linear Pipeline Processors ,Nonlinear Pipeline Processors ,Instruction Pipeline Design ,Arithmetic Pipeline Design (Upto 6.4).	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers ,Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanisms, Three Generations of Multicomputers ,Message-Passing Mechanisms ,Multivector and SIMD Computers ,Vector Processing Principles ,Multivector Multiprocessors ,Compound Vector Processing ,SIMD Computer Organizations (Upto 8.4),Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Latency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multicomputers, Scalable and Multithreaded Architectures, Dataflow and Hybrid Architectures.	**10 Hours**
Module – 5	
Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers ,Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers ,Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays ,Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism ,Computer Architecture ,Contents, Basic Design Issues ,Problem Definition ,Model of a Typical Processor ,Compiler-detected Instruction Level Parallelism ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm ,Branch Prediction, Limitations in Exploiting Instruction Level Parallelism ,Thread Level Parallelism.	**10 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	

- Understand the concepts of parallel computing and hardware technologies
- Illustrate and contrast the parallel architectures
- Recall parallel programming concepts

Question paper pattern

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Kai Hwang and Naresh Jotwani, Advanced Computer Architecture (SIE): Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability, McGraw Hill Education 3/e. 2015

Reference Books:

1. John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A quantitative approach, 5th edition, Morgan Kaufmann Elseveir, 2013

MACHINE LEARNING
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	17CS73	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Introduction: Well posed learning problems, Designing a Learning system, Perspective and Issues in Machine Learning. **Concept Learning:** Concept learning task, Concept learning as search, Find-S algorithm, Version space, Candidate Elimination algorithm, Inductive Bias. **Text Book1, Sections: 1.1 – 1.3, 2.1-2.5, 2.7**	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Decision Tree Learning: Decision tree representation, Appropriate problems for decision tree learning, Basic decision tree learning algorithm, hypothesis space search in decision tree learning, Inductive bias in decision tree learning, Issues in decision tree learning. **Text Book1, Sections: 3.1-3.7**	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Artificial Neural Networks: Introduction, Neural Network representation, Appropriate problems, Perceptrons, Backpropagation algorithm. **Text book 1, Sections: 4.1 – 4.6**	**08 Hours**
Module – 4	
Bayesian Learning: Introduction, Bayes theorem, Bayes theorem and concept learning, ML and LS error hypothesis, ML for predicting probabilities, MDL principle, Naive Bayes classifier, Bayesian belief networks, EM algorithm **Text book 1, Sections: 6.1 – 6.6, 6.9, 6.11, 6.12**	**10 Hours**
Module – 5	
Evaluating Hypothesis: Motivation, Estimating hypothesis accuracy, Basics of sampling theorem, General approach for deriving confidence intervals, Difference in error of two hypothesis, Comparing learning algorithms. **Instance Based Learning:** Introduction, k-nearest neighbor learning, locally weighted regression, radial basis function, cased-based reasoning, **Reinforcement Learning:** Introduction, Learning Task, Q Learning **Text book 1, Sections: 5.1-5.6, 8.1-8.5, 13.1-13.3**	**12 Hours**

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Recall the problems for machine learning. And select the either supervised, unsupersvised or reinforcement learning.
- Understand theory of probability and statistics related to machine learning
- Illustrate concept learning, ANN, Bayes classifier, k nearest neighbor, Q,

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books:
1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, India Edition 2013, McGraw Hill Education.
Reference Books:
1. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, h The Elements of Statistical Learning, 2nd edition, springer series in statistics. 2. Ethem Alpaydın, Introduction to machine learning, second edition, MIT press.

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	17CS741	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Overview and language modeling: Overview: Origins and challenges of NLP-Language and Grammar-Processing Indian Languages- NLP Applications-Information Retrieval. Language Modeling: Various Grammar- based Language Models-Statistical Language Model.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Word level and syntactic analysis: Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions-Finite-State Automata-Morphological Parsing-Spelling Error Detection and correction-Words and Word classes-Part-of Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-free Grammar-Constituency- Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Extracting Relations from Text: From Word Sequences to Dependency Paths: Introduction, Subsequence Kernels for Relation Extraction, A Dependency-Path Kernel for Relation Extraction and Experimental Evaluation. **Mining Diagnostic Text Reports by Learning to Annotate Knowledge Roles:** Introduction, Domain Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, Frame Semantics and Semantic Role Labeling, Learning to Annotate Cases with Knowledge Roles and Evaluations. **A Case Study in Natural Language Based Web Search:** InFact System Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org Experience.	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Evaluating Self-Explanations in iSTART: Word Matching, Latent Semantic Analysis, and Topic Models: Introduction, iSTART: Feedback Systems, iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Systems, **Textual Signatures: Identifying Text-Types Using Latent Semantic Analysis to Measure the Cohesion of Text Structures:** Introduction, Cohesion, Coh-Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Texts, Latent Semantic Analysis, Predictions, Results of Experiments. **Automatic Document Separation: A Combination of Probabilistic Classification and Finite-State Sequence Modeling:** Introduction, Related Work, Data Preparation, Document Separation as a Sequence Mapping Problem, Results. **Evolving Explanatory Novel Patterns for Semantically-Based Text Mining:** Related Work, A Semantically Guided Model for Effective Text Mining.	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES: Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora.	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Analyze the natural language text.
- Define the importance of natural language.
- Understand the concepts Text mining.
- Illustrate information retrieval techniques.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.
2. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural LanguageProcessing and Text Mining", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007.

Reference Books:

1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
2. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", 2nd edition, Benjamin/Cummingspublishing company, 1995.
3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer academic Publishers, 2000.

CLOUD COMPUTING AND ITS APPLICATIONS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	17CS742	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, The Vision of Cloud Computing, Defining a Cloud, A Closer Look, Cloud Computing Reference Model, Characteristics and Benefits, Challenges Ahead, Historical Developments, Distributed Systems, Virtualization, Web 2.0, Service-Oriented Computing, Utility-Oriented Computing, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Application Development, Infrastructure and System Development, Computing Platforms and Technologies, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka Virtualization, Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization, Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology Examples Xen: Paravirtualization, VMware: Full Virtualization, Microsoft Hyper-V	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Cloud Computing Architecture, Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Architecture, Infrastructure / Hardware as a Service, Platform as a Service, Software as a Service, Types of Clouds, Public Clouds, Private Clouds, Hybrid Clouds, Community Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges, Cloud Definition, Cloud Interoperability and Standards Scalability and Fault Tolerance Security, Trust, and Privacy Organizational Aspects Aneka: Cloud Application Platform, Framework Overview, Anatomy of the Aneka Container, From the Ground Up: Platform Abstraction Layer, Fabric Services, foundation Services, Application Services, Building Aneka Clouds, Infrastructure Organization, Logical Organization, Private Cloud Deployment Mode, Public Cloud Deployment Mode, Hybrid Cloud Deployment Mode, Cloud Programming and Management, Aneka SDK, Management Tools	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Concurrent Computing: Thread Programming, Introducing Parallelism for Single Machine Computation, Programming Applications with Threads, What is a Thread?, Thread APIs, Techniques for Parallel Computation with Threads, Multithreading with Aneka, Introducing the Thread Programming Model, Aneka Thread vs. Common Threads, Programming Applications with Aneka Threads, Aneka Threads Application Model, Domain Decomposition: Matrix Multiplication, Functional Decomposition: Sine, Cosine, and Tangent. High-Throughput Computing: Task Programming, Task Computing, Characterizing a Task, Computing Categories, Frameworks for Task Computing, Task-based Application Models, Embarrassingly Parallel Applications,	**8 Hours**

Parameter Sweep Applications, MPI Applications, Workflow Applications with Task Dependencies, Aneka Task-Based Programming, Task Programming Model, Developing Applications with the Task Model, Developing Parameter Sweep Application, Managing Workflows.	
Module – 4	
Data Intensive Computing: Map-Reduce Programming, What is Data-Intensive Computing?, Characterizing Data-Intensive Computations, Challenges Ahead, Historical Perspective, Technologies for Data-Intensive Computing, Storage Systems, Programming Platforms, Aneka MapReduce Programming, Introducing the MapReduce Programming Model, Example Application	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Cloud Platforms in Industry, Amazon Web Services, Compute Services, Storage Services, Communication Services, Additional Services, Google AppEngine, Architecture and Core Concepts, Application Life-Cycle, Cost Model, Observations, Microsoft Azure, Azure Core Concepts, SQL Azure, Windows Azure Platform Appliance. Cloud Applications Scientific Applications, Healthcare: ECG Analysis in the Cloud, Biology: Protein Structure Prediction, Biology: Gene Expression Data Analysis for Cancer Diagnosis, Geoscience: Satellite Image Processing, Business and Consumer Applications, CRM and ERP, Productivity, Social Networking, Media Applications, Multiplayer Online Gaming.	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Understand the concepts of cloud computing, virtualization and classify services of cloud computing
- Illustrate architecture and programming in cloud
- Define the platforms for development of cloud applications and List the application of cloud.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamarai Selvi Mastering Cloud. Computing McGraw Hill Education

Reference Books:

1. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Computing Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013.

INFORMATION AND NETWORK SECURITY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	17CS743	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction. How to Speak Crypto. Classic Crypto. Simple Substitution Cipher. Cryptanalysis of a Simple Substitution. Definition of Secure. Double Transposition Cipher. One-time Pad. Project VENONA. Codebook Cipher. Ciphers of the Election of 1876. Modern Crypto History. Taxonomy of Cryptography. Taxonomy of Cryptanalysis.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2.	
What is a Hash Function? The Birthday Problem.Non-cryptographic Hashes. Tiger Hash. HMAC. Uses of Hash Functions. Online Bids. Spam Reduction. Other Crypto-Related Topics. Secret Sharing. Key Escrow. Random Numbers. Texas Hold 'em Poker. Generating Random Bits. Information Hiding.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Random number generation Providing freshness Fundamentals of entity authentication Passwords Dynamic password schemes Zero-knowledge mechanisms Further reading Cryptographic Protocols Protocol basics From objectives to a protocol Analysing a simple protocol Authentication and key establishment protocols	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Key management fundamentals Key lengths and lifetimes Key generation Key establishment Key storage Key usage Governing key management Public-Key Management Certification of public keys The certificate lifecycle Public-key management models Alternative approaches	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Cryptographic Applications Cryptography on the Internet Cryptography for wireless local area networks Cryptography for mobile telecommunications Cryptography for secure payment card transactions Cryptography for video broadcasting Cryptography for identity cards Cryptography for home users	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Analyze the Digitals security lapses
- Illustrate the need of key management

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Information Security: Principles and Practice, 2nd Edition by Mark Stamp Wiley
2. Everyday Cryptography: Fundamental Principles and Applications Keith M. Martin Oxford Scholarship Online: December 2013

Reference Books:
1. Applied Cryptography Protocols, Algorithms, and Source Code in C by Bruce Schneier

UNIX SYSTEM PROGRAMMING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	17CS744	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction: UNIX and ANSI Standards: The ANSI C Standard, The ANSI/ISO C++ Standards, Difference between ANSI C and C++, The POSIX Standards, The POSIX.1 FIPS Standard, The X/Open Standards. UNIX and POSIX APIs: The POSIX APIs, The UNIX and POSIX Development Environment, API Common Characteristics.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
UNIX Files and APIs: File Types, The UNIX and POSIX File System, The UNIX and POSIX File Attributes, Inodes in UNIX System V, Application Program Interface to Files, UNIX Kernel Support for Files, Relationship of C Stream Pointers and File Descriptors, Directory Files, Hard and Symbolic Links. UNIX File APIs: General File APIs, File and Record Locking, Directory File APIs, Device File APIs, FIFO File APIs, Symbolic Link File APIs.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
UNIX Processes and Process Control: The Environment of a UNIX Process: Introduction, main function, Process Termination, Command-Line Arguments, Environment List, Memory Layout of a C Program, Shared Libraries, Memory Allocation, Environment Variables, setjmp and longjmp Functions, getrlimit, setrlimit Functions, UNIX Kernel Support for Processes. Process Control: Introduction, Process Identifiers, fork, vfork, exit, wait, waitpid, wait3, wait4 Functions, Race Conditions, exec Functions, Changing User IDs and Group IDs, Interpreter Files, system Function, Process Accounting, User Identification, Process Times, I/O Redirection. Process Relationships: Introduction, Terminal Logins, Network Logins, Process Groups, Sessions, Controlling Terminal, tcgetpgrp and tcsetpgrp Functions, Job Control, Shell Execution of Programs, Orphaned Process Groups.	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Signals and Daemon Processes: Signals: The UNIX Kernel Support for Signals, signal, Signal Mask, sigaction, The SIGCHLD Signal and the waitpid Function, The sigsetjmp and siglongjmp Functions, Kill, Alarm, Interval Timers, POSIX.lb Timers. Daemon Processes: Introduction, Daemon Characteristics, Coding Rules, Error Logging, Client-Server Model.	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Interprocess Communication : Overview of IPC Methods, Pipes, popen, pclose Functions, Coprocesses, FIFOs, System V IPC, Message Queues, Semaphores. Shared Memory, Client-Server Properties, Stream Pipes, Passing File Descriptors, An Open Server-Version 1, Client-Server Connection Functions.	**8 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Understand the working of Unix Systems • Illustrate the application/service over a UNIX system.	

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Unix System Programming Using C++ - Terrence Chan, PHI, 1999.
2. Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment - W.Richard Stevens, Stephen A. Rago, 3nd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2005.

Reference Books:

1. Advanced Unix Programming- Marc J. Rochkind, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
2. The Design of the UNIX Operating System - Maurice.J.Bach, Pearson Education / PHI, 1987.
3. Unix Internals - Uresh Vahalia, Pearson Education, 2001.

SOFT AND EVOLUTIONARY COMPUTING
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	17CS751	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module	Teaching Hours
Module – 1	
Introduction to soft computing: ANN, FS,GA, SI, ES, Comparing among intelligent systems ANN: introduction, biological inspiration, BNN&ANN, classification, first Generation NN, perceptron, illustrative problems **Text Book 1: Chapter1: 1.1-1.8, Chapter2: 2.1-2.6**	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Adaline, Medaline, ANN: (2^{nd} generation), introduction, BPN, KNN,HNN, BAM, RBF,SVM and illustrative problems **Text Book 1: Chapter2: 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.6,3.7,3.10,3.11**	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Fuzzy logic: introduction, human learning ability, undecidability, probability theory, classical set and fuzzy set, fuzzy set operations, fuzzy relations, fuzzy compositions, natural language and fuzzy interpretations, structure of fuzzy inference system, illustrative problems **Text Book 1: Chapter 5**	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Introduction to GA, GA, procedures, working of GA, GA applications, applicability, evolutionary programming, working of EP, GA based Machine learning classifier system, illustrative problems **Text Book 1: Chapter 7**	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Swarm Intelligent system: Introduction, Background of SI, Ant colony system Working of ACO, Particle swarm Intelligence(PSO). **Text Book 1: 8.1-8.4, 8.7**	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Understand soft computing techniques
- Apply the learned techniques to solve realistic problems
- Differentiate soft computing with hard computing techniques

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Soft computing : N. P Padhy and S P Simon , Oxford University Press 2015

Reference Books:

1. Principles of Soft Computing, Shivanandam, Deepa S. N Wiley India, 2011.

COMPUTER VISION AND ROBOTICS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	17CS752	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
CAMERAS: Pinhole Cameras**, Radiometry – Measuring Light:** Light in Space, Light Surfaces, Important Special Cases, **Sources, Shadows, And Shading:** Qualitative Radiometry, Sources and Their Effects, Local Shading Models, Application: Photometric Stereo, Interreflections: Global Shading Models, **Color:** The Physics of Color, Human Color Perception, Representing Color, A Model for Image Color, Surface Color from Image Color.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Linear Filters: Linear Filters and Convolution, Shift Invariant Linear Systems, Spatial Frequency and Fourier Transforms, Sampling and Aliasing, Filters as Templates, **Edge Detection:** Noise, Estimating Derivatives, Detecting Edges, **Texture:** Representing Texture, Analysis (and Synthesis) Using Oriented Pyramids, Application: Synthesis by Sampling Local Models, Shape from Texture.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
The Geometry of Multiple Views: Two Views, **Stereopsis:** Reconstruction, Human Stereposis, Binocular Fusion, Using More Cameras, **Segmentation by Clustering:** What Is Segmentation?, Human Vision: Grouping and Getstalt, Applications: Shot Boundary Detection and Background Subtraction, Image Segmentation by Clustering Pixels, Segmentation by Graph-Theoretic Clustering,	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Segmentation by Fitting a Model: The Hough Transform, Fitting Lines, Fitting Curves, Fitting as a Probabilistic Inference Problem, Robustness, **Segmentation and Fitting Using Probabilistic Methods:** Missing Data Problems, Fitting, and Segmentation, The EM Algorithm in Practice, **Tracking With Linear Dynamic Models:** Tracking as an Abstract Inference Problem, Linear Dynamic Models, Kalman Filtering, Data Association, Applications and Examples**.**	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Geometric Camera Models: Elements of Analytical Euclidean Geometry, Camera Parameters and the Perspective Projection, Affine Cameras and Affine Projection Equations, **Geometric Camera Calibration:** Least-Squares Parameter Estimation, A Linear Approach to Camera Calibration, Taking Radial Distortion into Account, Analytical Photogrammetry, An Application: Mobile Robot Localization, **Model- Based Vision:** Initial Assumptions, Obtaining Hypotheses by Pose Consistency, Obtaining Hypotheses by pose Clustering, Obtaining Hypotheses Using Invariants, Verification, Application: Registration In Medical Imaging Systems, Curved Surfaces and Alignment.	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Implement fundamental image processing techniques required for computer vision
- Perform shape analysis

- Implement boundary tracking techniques
- Apply chain codes and other region descriptors
- Apply Hough Transform for line, circle, and ellipse detections.
- Apply 3D vision techniques.
- Implement motion related techniques.
- Develop applications using computer vision techniques.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. David A. Forsyth and Jean Ponce: Computer Vision – A Modern Approach, PHI Learning (Indian Edition), 2009.

Reference Books:

2. E. R. Davies: Computer and Machine Vision – Theory, Algorithms and Practicalities, Elsevier (Academic Press), 4^{th} edition, 2013.

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	17CS753	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image Processing System, Sampling and Quantization, Representing Digital Images (Data structure), Some Basic Relationships Between Pixels- Neighbors and Connectivity of pixels in image, Applications of Image Processing: Medical imaging, Robot vision, Character recognition, Remote Sensing.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Image Enhancement In The Spatial Domain: Some Basic Gray Level Transformations, Histogram Processing, Enhancement Using Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Basics of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters, Combining Spatial Enhancement Methods.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Image Enhancement In Frequency Domain: Introduction, Fourier Transform, Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), properties of DFT , Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT), Image filtering in frequency domain.	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Image Segmentation: Introduction, Detection of isolated points, line detection, Edge detection, Edge linking, Region based segmentation- Region growing, split and merge technique, local processing, regional processing, Hough transform, Segmentation using Threshold.	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Image Compression: Introduction, coding Redundancy , Inter-pixel redundancy, image compression model, Lossy and Lossless compression, Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, LZW coding, Transform Coding, Sub-image size selection, blocking, DCT implementation using FFT, Run length coding.	**8 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain fundamentals of image processing
- Compare transformation algorithms
- Contrast enhancement, segmentation and compression techniques

Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Rafael C G., Woods R E. and Eddins S L, Digital Image Processing, Prentice Hall, 3rd edition, 2008.

Reference Books:

1. Milan Sonka,"Image Processing, analysis and Machine Vision", Thomson Press India

Ltd, Fourth Edition.

2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing- Anil K. Jain, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
3. S. Sridhar , Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2nd Ed, 2016.

STORAGE AREA NETWORKS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	17CS754	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Storage System Introduction to evolution of storage architecture, key data center elements, virtualization, and cloud computing. Key data center elements – Host (or compute), connectivity, storage, and application in both classic and virtual environments. RAID implementations, techniques, and levels along with the impact of RAID on application performance.Components of intelligent storage systems and virtual storage provisioning and intelligent storage system implementations.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Storage Networking Technologies and Virtualization Fibre Channel SAN components, connectivity options, and topologies including access protection mechanism ‘zoning”, FC protocol stack, addressing and operations, SAN-based virtualization and VSAN technology, iSCSI and FCIP protocols for storage access over IP network, Converged protocol FCoE and its components, Network Attached Storage (NAS) - components, protocol and operations, File level storage virtualization, Object based storage and unified storage platform.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
Backup, Archive, and Replication This unit focuses on information availability and business continuity solutions in both virtualized and non-virtualized environments. Business continuity terminologies, planning and solutions, Clustering and multipathing architecture to avoid single points of failure, Backup and recovery - methods, targets and topologies, Data deduplication and backup in virtualized environment, Fixed content and data archive, Local replication in classic and virtual environments, Remote replication in classic and virtual environments, Three-site remote replication and continuous data protection	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Cloud Computing Characteristics and benefits This unit focuses on the business drivers, definition, essential characteristics, and phases of journey to the Cloud. ,Business drivers for Cloud computing, Definition of Cloud computing, Characteristics of Cloud computing, Steps involved in transitioning from Classic data center to Cloud computing environment Services and deployment models, Cloud infrastructure components, Cloud migration considerations	**8 Hours**
Module – 5	
Securing and Managing Storage Infrastructure This chapter focuses on framework and domains of storage security along with covering security. implementation at storage networking. Security threats, and countermeasures in various domains Security solutions for FC-SAN, IP-SAN and NAS environments, Security in virtualized and cloud environments, Monitoring and managing various information infrastructure components in classic and virtual environments, Information lifecycle management (ILM) and storage tiering,	**8 Hours**

Cloud service management activities	

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Identify key challenges in managing information and analyze different storage networking technologies and virtualization
- Explain components and the implementation of NAS
- Describe CAS architecture and types of archives and forms of virtualization
- Illustrate the storage infrastructure and management activities

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Information Storage and Management,Author :EMC Education Services, Publisher: Wiley ISBN: 9781118094839
2. Storage Virtualization, Author: Clark Tom, Publisher: Addison Wesley Publishing Company ISBN : 9780321262516

Reference Books:

NIL

MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	17CSL76	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 02

Description (If any):

1. The programs can be implemented in either JAVA or Python.
2. For Problems 1 to 6 and 10, programs are to be developed without using the built-in classes or APIs of Java/Python.
3. Data sets can be taken from standard repositories (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html) or constructed by the students.

Lab Experiments:

1. Implement and demonstratethe **FIND-Salgorithm** for finding the most specific hypothesis based on a given set of training data samples. Read the training data from a .CSV file.
2. For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the **Candidate-Elimination algorithm**to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.
3. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based **ID3 algorithm**. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge toclassify a new sample.
4. Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the **Backpropagation algorithm** and test the same using appropriate data sets.
5. Write a program to implement the **naïve Bayesian classifier** for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
6. Assuming a set of documents that need to be classified, use the **naïve Bayesian Classifier** model to perform this task. Built-in Java classes/API can be used to write the program. Calculate the accuracy, precision, and recall for your data set.
7. Write a program to construct a**Bayesian network** considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Java/Python ML library classes/API.
8. Apply **EM algorithm** to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using ***k*-Means algorithm**. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Java/Python ML library classes/API in the program.
9. Write a program to implement ***k*-Nearest Neighbour algorithm** to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.
10. Implement the non-parametric **Locally Weighted Regressionalgorithm** in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.

Study Experiment / Project:

NIL

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

1. Understand the implementation procedures for the machine learning algorithms.

2. Design Java/Python programs for various Learning algorithms.
3. Apply appropriate data sets to the Machine Learning algorithms.
4. Identify and apply Machine Learning algorithms to solve real world problems.

Conduction of Practical Examination:

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script
- Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva:**15 + 70 +15 (100)**

Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

WEB TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VII			
Subject Code	17CSL77	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 02			
Description (If any):			
NIL			
Lab Experiments:			
PART A			

1. Write a JavaScript to design a simple calculator to perform the following operations: sum, product, difference and quotient.
2. Write a JavaScript that calculates the squares and cubes of the numbers from 0 to 10 and outputs HTML text that displays the resulting values in an HTML table format.
3. Write a JavaScript code that displays text "TEXT-GROWING" with increasing font size in the interval of 100ms in RED COLOR, when the font size reaches 50pt it displays "TEXT-SHRINKING" in BLUE color. Then the font size decreases to 5pt.
4. Develop and demonstrate a HTML5 file that includes JavaScript script that uses functions for the following problems:
   a. Parameter: A string
   b. Output: The position in the string of the left-most vowel
   c. Parameter: A number
   d. Output: The number with its digits in the reverse order
5. Design an XML document to store information about a student in an engineering college affiliated to VTU. The information must include USN, Name, and Name of the College, Branch, Year of Joining, and email id. Make up sample data for 3 students. Create a CSS style sheet and use it to display the document.
6. Write a PHP program to keep track of the number of visitors visiting the web page and to display this count of visitors, with proper headings.
7. Write a PHP program to display a digital clock which displays the current time of the server.
8. Write the PHP programs to do the following:
   a. Implement simple calculator operations.
   b. Find the transpose of a matrix.
   c. Multiplication of two matrices.
   d. Addition of two matrices.

9. Write a PHP program named states.py that declares a variable states with value "Mississippi Alabama Texas Massachusetts Kansas". write a PHP program that does the following:
   a. Search for a word in variable states that ends in xas. Store this word in element 0 of a list named statesList.

b. Search for a word in states that begins with k and ends in s. Perform a case-insensitive comparison. [Note: Passing re.Ias a second parameter to method compile performs a case-insensitive comparison.] Store this word in element1 of statesList.
c. Search for a word in states that begins with M and ends in s. Store this word in element 2 of the list.
d. Search for a word in states that ends in a. Store this word in element 3 of the list.

10. Write a PHP program to sort the student records which are stored in the database using selection sort.

Study Experiment / Project:

Develop a web application project using the languages and concepts learnt in the theory and exercises listed in part A with a good look and feel effects. You can use any web technologies and frameworks and databases.

Note:

1. In the examination each student picks one question from part A.
2. A team of two or three students must develop the mini project. However during the examination, each student must demonstrate the project individually.
3. The team must submit a brief project report (15-20 pages) that must include the following
   a. Introduction
   b. Requirement Analysis
   c. Software Requirement Specification
   d. Analysis and Design
   e. Implementation
   f. Testing

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Design and develop dynamic web pages with good aesthetic sense of designing and latest technical know-how's.
- Understand the concepts of Web Application Terminologies, Internet Tools other web services.
- Recall how to link and publish web sites

Conduction of Practical Examination:

1. All laboratory experiments from part A are to be included for practical examination.
2. Mini project has to be evaluated for 40 Marks.
3. Report should be prepared in a standard format prescribed for project work.
4. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
5. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
6. Marks distribution:
   a) Part A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: **09 + 42 +09 =60 Marks**
   b) Part B: Demonstration + Report + Viva voce **20+14+06 = 40** Marks

Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

INTERNET OF THINGS TECHNOLOGY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VIII

Subject Code	**17CS81**	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
What is IoT, Genesis of IoT, IoT and Digitization, IoT Impact, Convergence of IT and IoT, IoT Challenges, IoT Network Architecture and Design, Drivers Behind New Network Architectures, Comparing IoT Architectures, A Simplified IoT Architecture, The Core IoT Functional Stack, IoT Data Management and Compute Stack.	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Smart Objects: The "Things" in IoT, Sensors, Actuators, and Smart Objects, Sensor Networks, Connecting Smart Objects, Communications Criteria, IoT Access Technologies.	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
IP as the IoT Network Layer, The Business Case for IP, The need for Optimization, Optimizing IP for IoT, Profiles and Compliances, Application Protocols for IoT, The Transport Layer, IoT Application Transport Methods.	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
Data and Analytics for IoT, An Introduction to Data Analytics for IoT, Machine Learning, Big Data Analytics Tools and Technology, Edge Streaming Analytics, Network Analytics, Securing IoT, A Brief History of OT Security, Common Challenges in OT Security, How IT and OT Security Practices and Systems Vary, Formal Risk Analysis Structures: OCTAVE and FAIR, The Phased Application of Security in an Operational Environment	**10 Hours**
Module – 5	
IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - Arduino UNO: Introduction to Arduino, Arduino UNO, Installing the Software, Fundamentals of Arduino Programming. IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - RaspberryPi: Introduction to RaspberryPi, About the RaspberryPi Board: Hardware Layout, Operating Systems on RaspberryPi, Configuring RaspberryPi, Programming RaspberryPi with Python, Wireless Temperature Monitoring System Using Pi, DS18B20 Temperature Sensor, Connecting Raspberry Pi via SSH, Accessing Temperature from DS18B20 sensors, Remote access to RaspberryPi, Smart and Connected Cities, An IoT Strategy for Smarter Cities, Smart City IoT Architecture, Smart City Security Architecture, Smart City Use-Case Examples.	**10 Hours**

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Interpret the impact and challenges posed by IoT networks leading to new architectural models.
- Compare and contrast the deployment of smart objects and the technologies to connect them to network.

- Appraise the role of IoT protocols for efficient network communication.
- Elaborate the need for Data Analytics and Security in IoT.
- Illustrate different sensor technologies for sensing real world entities and identify the applications of IoT in Industry.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry,**"IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things",** 1stEdition, Pearson Education (Cisco Press Indian Reprint). (**ISBN:** 978-9386873743)
2. Srinivasa K G, **"Internet of Things",**CENGAGE Leaning India, 2017

Reference Books:

1. Vijay Madisetti and ArshdeepBahga, **"Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",** 1stEdition, VPT, 2014. (**ISBN:** 978-8173719547)
2. Raj Kamal, **"Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles",** 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017. (**ISBN:** 978-9352605224)

BIG DATA ANALYTICS **[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]** **(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)** **SEMESTER – VIII**			
Subject Code	17CS82	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Hadoop Distributed File System Basics, Running Example Programs and Benchmarks, Hadoop MapReduce Framework, MapReduce Programming	**10 Hours**
Module – 2	
Essential Hadoop Tools, Hadoop YARN Applications, Managing Hadoop with Apache Ambari, Basic Hadoop Administration Procedures	**10 Hours**
Module – 3	
Business Intelligence Concepts and Application, Data Warehousing, Data Mining, Data Visualization	**10 Hours**
Module – 4	
Decision Trees, Regression, Artificial Neural Networks, Cluster Analysis, Association Rule Mining	**10 Hours**
Module – 5	
Text Mining, Naïve-Bayes Analysis, Support Vector Machines, Web Mining, Social Network Analysis	**10 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the concepts of HDFS and MapReduce framework
- Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic Hadoop Administration
- Recognize the role of Business Intelligence, Data warehousing and Visualization in decision making
- Infer the importance of core data mining techniques for data analytics
- Compare and contrast different Text Mining Techniques

Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Douglas Eadline,**"Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big Data Computing in the Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem",** 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-9332570351
2. Anil Maheshwari, **"Data Analytics",** 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-9352604180

Reference Books:

1) Tom White, **"Hadoop: The Definitive Guide",** 4th Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2015.ISBN-13: 978-9352130672
2) Boris Lublinsky, Kevin T.Smith, Alexey Yakubovich,**"Professional Hadoop**

Solutions", 1st Edition, Wrox Press, 2014ISBN-13: 978-8126551071

3) Eric Sammer,**"Hadoop Operations: A Guide for Developers and Administrators",**1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2012.ISBN-13: 978-9350239261

HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)
SEMESTER – VIII

Subject Code	17CS831	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction: Computational Science and Engineering: Computational Science and Engineering Applications; characteristics and requirements, Review of Computational Complexity, Performance: metrics and measurements, Granularity and Partitioning, Locality: temporal/spatial/stream/kernel, Basic methods for parallel programming, Real-world case studies (drawn from multi-scale, multi-discipline applications)	**08 Hours**
Module – 2	
High-End Computer Systems : Memory Hierarchies, Multi-core Processors: Homogeneous and Heterogeneous, Shared-memory Symmetric Multiprocessors, Vector Computers, Distributed Memory Computers, Supercomputers and Petascale Systems, Application Accelerators / Reconfigurable Computing, Novel computers: Stream, multithreaded, and purpose-built	**08 Hours**
Module – 3	
Parallel Algorithms: Parallel models: ideal and real frameworks, Basic Techniques: Balanced Trees, Pointer Jumping, Divide and Conquer, Partitioning, Regular Algorithms: Matrix operations and Linear Algebra, Irregular Algorithms: Lists, Trees, Graphs, Randomization: Parallel Pseudo-Random Number Generators, Sorting, Monte Carlo techniques	**08 Hours**
Module – 4	
Parallel Programming: Revealing concurrency in applications, Task and Functional Parallelism, Task Scheduling, Synchronization Methods, Parallel Primitives (collective operations), SPMD Programming (threads, OpenMP, MPI), I/O and File Systems, Parallel Matlabs (Parallel Matlab, Star-P, Matlab MPI), Partitioning Global Address Space (PGAS) languages (UPC, Titanium, Global Arrays)	**08 Hours**
Module – 5	
Achieving Performance: Measuring performance, Identifying performance bottlenecks, Restructuring applications for deep memory hierarchies, Partitioning applications for heterogeneous resources, using existing libraries, tools, and frameworks	**08 Hours**

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Illustrate the key factors affecting performance of CSE applications
- Illusrate mapping of applications to high-performance computing systems
- Apply hardware/software co-design for achieving performance on real-world applications

Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books:
1. Introduction to Parallel Computing, AnanthGrama, Anshul Gupta, George Karypis, and Vipin Kumar, 2nd edition, Addison-Welsey, 2003. 2. Petascale Computing: Algorithms and Applications, David A. Bader (Ed.), Chapman & Hall/CRC Computational Science Series, 2007
Reference Books:
1. Grama, A. Gupta, G. Karypis, V. Kumar, An Introduction to Parallel Computing, Design and Analysis of Algorithms: 2/e, Addison-Wesley, 2003. 2. G.E. Karniadakis, R.M. Kirby II, Parallel Scientific Computing in C++ and MPI: A Seamless Approach to Parallel Algorithms and their Implementation, Cambridge University Press,2003. 3. Wilkinson and M. Allen, Parallel Programming: Techniques and Applications Using Networked Workstations and Parallel Computers, 2/E, Prentice Hall, 2005. 4. M.J. Quinn, Parallel Programming in C with MPI and OpenMP, McGraw-Hill, 2004. 5. G.S. Almasi and A. Gottlieb, Highly Parallel Computing, 2/E, Addison-Wesley, 1994. 6. David Culler Jaswinder Pal Singh,"Parallel Computer Architecture: A hardware/Software Approach", Morgan Kaufmann, 1999. 7. Kai Hwang, "Scalable Parallel Computing", McGraw Hill 1998.

USER INTERFACE DESIGN
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017-18)
SEMESTER – VIII

Subject Code	17CS832	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 03

Course Objectives: This course will enable students

- To study the concept of menus, windows, interfaces.
- To study about business functions.
- To study the characteristics and components of windows and the various controls for the windows.
- To study about various problems in window design with text, graphics.
- To study the testing methods.

Module –1	Teaching Hours
The User Interface-Introduction, Overview, The importance of user interface – Defining the user interface, The importance of Good design, Characteristics of graphical and web user interfaces, Principles of user interface design.	**08 Hours**
Module –2	
The User Interface Design process- Obstacles, Usability, Human characteristics in Design, Human Interaction speeds, Business functions-Business definition and requirement analysis, Basic business functions, Design standards.	**08 Hours**
Module –3	
System menus and navigation schemes- Structures of menus, Functions of menus, Contents of menus, Formatting of menus, Phrasing the menu, Selecting menu choices, Navigating menus, Kinds of graphical menus.	**08 Hours**
Module–4	
Windows - Characteristics, Components of window, Window presentation styles, Types of window, Window management, Organizing window functions, Window operations, Web systems, Characteristics of device based controls.	**08 Hours**
Module–5	
Screen based controls- Operable control, Text control, Selection control, Custom control, Presentation control, Windows Tests-prototypes, kinds of tests.	**08 Hours**

Course outcomes: The Students should be able to:

- Design the User Interface, design, menu creation ,windows creation and connection between menus and windows.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Book:

1. Wilbert O. Galitz, “The Essential Guide to User Interface Design”, John Wiley & Sons, Second Edition 2002.

Reference Books:

1. Ben Sheiderman, “Design the User Interface”, Pearson Education, 1998.
2. Alan Cooper, ”The Essential of User Interface Design”, Wiley- Dream Tech Ltd.,2002

NETWORK MANAGEMENT **[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]** **(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)** **SEMESTER – VIII**			
Subject Code	17CS833	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction: Analogy of Telephone Network Management, Data and Telecommunication Network Distributed computing Environments, TCP/IP-Based Networks: The Internet and Intranets, Communications Protocols and Standards- Communication Architectures, Protocol Layers and Services; Case Histories of Networking and Management – The Importance of topology , Filtering Does Not Reduce Load on Node, Some Common Network Problems; Challenges of Information Technology Managers, Network Management: Goals, Organization, and Functions- Goal of Network Management, Network Provisioning, Network Operations and the NOC, Network Installation and Maintenance; Network and System Management, Network Management System platform, Current Status and Future of Network Management.	**8 Hours**
Module – 2	
Basic Foundations: Standards, Models, and Language: Network Management Standards, Network Management Model, Organization Model, Information Model – Management Information Trees, Managed Object Perspectives, Communication Model; ASN.1- Terminology, Symbols, and Conventions, Objects and Data Types, Object Names, An Example of ASN.1 from ISO 8824; Encoding Structure; Macros, Functional Model.	**8 Hours**
Module – 3	
SNMPv1 Network Management: Managed Network: The History of SNMP Management, Internet Organizations and standards, Internet Documents, The SNMP Model, The Organization Model, System Overview. The Information Model – Introduction, The Structure of Management Information, Managed Objects, Management Information Base. The SNMP Communication Model – The SNMP Architecture, Administrative Model, SNMP Specifications, SNMP Operations, SNMP MIB Group, Functional Model SNMP Management – RMON: Remote Monitoring, RMON SMI and MIB, RMONI1- RMON1 Textual Conventions, RMON1 Groups and Functions, Relationship Between Control and Data Tables, RMON1 Common and Ethernet Groups, RMON Token Ring Extension Groups, RMON2 – The RMON2 Management Information Base, RMON2 Conformance Specifications.	**8 Hours**
Module – 4	
Broadband Access Networks, Broadband Access Technology; HFCT Technology: The Broadband LAN, The Cable Modem, The Cable Modem Termination System, The HFC Plant, The RF Spectrum for Cable Modem; Data Over Cable, Reference Architecture; HFC Management – Cable Modem and CMTS Management, HFC Link Management, RF Spectrum Management, DSL Technology; Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line Technology – Role of the	**8 Hours**

ADSL Access Network in an Overall Network, ADSL Architecture, ADSL Channeling Schemes, ADSL Encoding Schemes; ADSL Management – ADSL Network Management Elements, ADSL Configuration Management, ADSL Fault Management, ADSL Performance Management, SNMP-Based ADSL Line MIB, MIB Integration with Interfaces Groups in MIB-2, ADSL Configuration Profiles	
Module – 5	
Network Management Applications: Configuration Management- Network Provisioning, Inventory Management, Network Topology, Fault Management- Fault Detection, Fault Location and Isolation 24 Techniques, Performance Management – Performance Metrics, Data Monitoring, Problem Isolation, Performance Statistics; Event Correlation Techniques – Rule-Based Reasoning, Model-Based Reasoning, CaseBased Reasoning, Codebook correlation Model, State Transition Graph Model, Finite State Machine Model, Security Management – Policies and Procedures, Security Breaches and the Resources Needed to Prevent Them, Firewalls, Cryptography, Authentication and Authorization, Client/Server Authentication Systems, Messages Transfer Security, Protection of Networks from Virus Attacks, Accounting Management, Report Management, Policy- Based Management, Service Level Management.	**8 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	
• Analyze the issues and challenges pertaining to management of emerging network technologies such as wired/wireless networks and high-speed internets. • Apply network management standards to manage practical networks • Formulate possible approaches for managing OSI network model. • Infer SNMP for managing the network • Infer RMON for monitoring the behavior of the network • Identify the various components of network and formulate the scheme for the managing them	
Question paper pattern: The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Mani Subramanian: Network Management- Principles and Practice, 2nd Pearson Education, 2010.	
Reference Books:	
1. J. Richard Burke: Network management Concepts and Practices: a Hands-On Approach, PHI, 2008.	

SYSTEM MODELLING AND SIMULATION [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER – VIII			
Subject Code	17CS834	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			

Module – 1	**Teaching Hours**
Introduction: When simulation is the appropriate tool and when it is not appropriate, Advantages and disadvantages of Simulation; Areas of application, Systems and system environment; Components of a system; Discrete and continuous systems, Model of a system; Types of Models, Discrete-Event System Simulation Simulation examples: Simulation of queuing systems. **General Principles, Simulation Software:**Concepts in Discrete-Event Simulation. The Event-Scheduling / Time-Advance Algorithm, Manual simulation Using Event Scheduling	**08 Hours**
Module – 2	
Statistical Models in Simulation :Review of terminology and concepts, Useful statistical models,Discrete distributions. Continuous distributions,Poisson process, Empirical distributions. **Queuing Models:**Characteristics of queuing systems,Queuing notation,Long-run measures of performance of queuing systems,Long-run measures of performance of queuing systems cont…,Steady-state behavior of M/G/1 queue, Networks of queues,	**08 Hours**
Module – 3	
Random-NumberGeneration: Properties of random numbers; Generation of pseudo-random numbers, Techniques for generating random numbers,Tests for Random Numbers, **Random-Variate Generation:** ,Inverse transform technique Acceptance-Rejection technique.	**08 Hours**
Module – 4	
Input Modeling: Data Collection; Identifying the distribution with data, Parameter estimation, Goodness of Fit Tests, Fitting a non-stationary Poisson process, Selecting input models without data, Multivariate and Time-Series input models. **Estimation of Absolute Performance:** Types of simulations with respect to output analysis ,Stochastic nature of output data, Measures of performance and their estimation, **Contd..**	**08 Hours**
Module – 5	
Measures of performance and their estimation,Output analysis for terminating simulations Continued..,Output analysis for steady-state simulations. **Verification, Calibration And Validation:** Optimization: Model building, verification and validation, Verification of simulation models, Verification of simulation models,Calibration and validation of models, Optimization via Simulation.	**08 Hours**
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	

- Explain the system concept and apply functional modeling method to model the activities of a static system
- Describe the behavior of a dynamic system and create an analogous model for a dynamic system;
- Illustrate the operation of a dynamic system and make improvement according to the simulation results.

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. Jerry Banks, John S. Carson II, Barry L. Nelson, David M. Nicol: Discrete-Event System Simulation, 5 th Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. Lawrence M. Leemis, Stephen K. Park: Discrete – Event Simulation: A First Course, Pearson Education, 2006.
2. Averill M. Law: Simulation Modeling and Analysis, 4 th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007

INTERNSHIP / PROFESSIONAL PRACTISE
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – VIII

Subject Code	17CS84	IA Marks	50
Duration	4 weeks	Exam Marks	50
		Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 02

Description (If any):

With reference to the above subject, this is to inform that the following are the guidelines to be followed for the Internship Programme and the earlier circular as cited in ref (i) is hereby withdrawn:

1) As per the 15OB.9 the Internship Programme duration is of Eight weeks. However it has been reduced to Four weeks and it should be carried out between (VI and VII Semester) Vacation and/or (VII and VIII Semester) Vacation.

2) The internship can be carried out in any Industry/R and D Organization/Research Institute/ Educational institute of repute.

3) The Institutions may also suggest the students to enrol for the Internshala platform for free internships as there is a MoU with the AICTE for the beneficial of the affiliated Institutions (https://internshala.com/)

4) The Examination of Internship will be carried out in line with the University Project Viva-voce examination.

5) (a) The Department/college shall nominate staff member/s to facilitate, guide and supervise students under internship. (b) The Internal Guide has to visit place of internship at least once during the student's internship.

6) The students shall report the progress of the internship to the guide in regular intervals and seek his/her advice.

7) After the completion of Internship, students shall submit a report with completion and attendance certificates to the Head of the Department with the approval of both internal and external guides.

8) The Examination of Internship will be carried out in line with the University Project Viva-voce examination.

9) There will be 50 marks for CIE (Seminar: 25, Internship report: 25) and 50 marks for Viva – Voce conducted during SEE. The minimum requirement of CIE marks shall be 50% of the maximum marks.

10) The internal guide shall award the marks for seminar and internship report after evaluation. He/she will also be the internal examiner for Viva – Voce conducted during SEE.

11) The external guide from the industry shall be an examiner for the viva voce on Internship. Viva-Voce on internship shall be conducted at the college and the date of Viva-Voce shall be fixed in consultation with the external Guide. The Examiners shall jointly award the Viva - Voce marks.

12) In case the external Guide expresses his inability to conduct viva voce, the Chief Superintendent of the institution shall appoint a senior faculty of the Department to conduct viva-voce along with the internal guide. The same shall be informed in writing to the concerned Chairperson, Board of Examiners (BOE).

13) The students are permitted to carry out the internship anywhere in India or abroad. The University will not provide any kind of financial assistance to any student for carrying out the Internship.

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

1. Adapt easily to the industry environment
2. Take part in team work
3. Make use of modern tools
4. Decide upon project planning and financing.
5. Adapt ethical values.
6. Motivate for lifelong learning

PROJECT WORK PHASE II
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – VIII

Subject Code	17CSP85	IA Marks	100
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	06	Exam Marks	100
Total Number of Lecture Hours	--	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 06

Description (If any):

- Project: Carried out at the Institution or at an Industry.
- Project work shall preferably be batch wise, the strength of each batch shall not exceed maximum of four students
- Viva-voce examination in project work shall be conducted batch-wise.
- For Project Phase –I and Project seminar and Project Phase –II, the CIE shall be 100 respectively.
- The CIE marks in the case of projects in the final year shall be based on the evaluation at the end of VIII semester by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the project guide.
- Minimum requirement of CIE marks for Project work shall be 50% of the maximum marks.
- Students failing to secure a minimum of 50% of the CIE marks in Project work shall not be eligible for the Project examination conducted by the University and they shall be considered as failed in that/those Course/s. However, they can appear for University examinations conducted in other Courses of the same semester and backlog Courses if any. Students after satisfying the prescribed minimum CIE marks in the Course/s when offered during subsequent semester shall appear for SEE.
- Improvement of CIE marks shall not be allowed in Project where the student has already secured the minimum required marks
- For a pass in a Project/Viva-voce examination, a student shall secure a minimum of 40% of the maximum marks prescribed for the University Examination. The Minimum Passing Grade in a Course is ‘E’.
- The student who desires to reject the results of a semester shall reject performance in all the Courses of the semester, irrespective of whether the student has passed or failed in any Course. However, the rejection of performance of VIII semester project shall not be permitted

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

1. Identify a issue and derive problem related to society, environment, economics, energy and technology
2. Formulate and Analyze the problem and determine the scope of the solution chosen
3. Determine , dissect, and estimate the parameters, required in the solution.
4. Evaluate the solution by considering the standard data / Objective function and by using appropriate performance metrics.
5. Compile the report and take part in present / publishing the finding in a reputed conference / publications
6. Attempt to obtain ownership of the solution / product developed.

SEMINAR
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)
SEMESTER – VIII

Subject Code	17CSS86	IA Marks	100
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	--
Total Number of Lecture Hours	--	Exam Hours	--

CREDITS – 01

Description:

- Seminar: Deliverable at the Institution under the supervision of a Faculty.
- Seminar is one of the head of passing. i) Each candidate shall deliver seminar as per the Scheme of Teaching and Examination on the topics chosen from the relevant fields for about 30 minutes. ii) The Head of the Department shall make arrangements for conducting seminars through concerned faculty members of the Department. The committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department shall award the CIE marks for the seminar. The committee shall consist of three faculty from the Department and the senior most acting as the Chairman/Chairperson. [To be read along with 17 OB 8.6]
- For Technical seminar, the CIE marks shall be 100.
- The CIE marks in the case of projects and seminars in the final year shall be based on the evaluation at the end of VIII semester by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the project / seminar guide.
- For seminar, the minimum requirement of CIE marks shall be 40% of the maximum marks.
- If any student fails to secure a minimum of 40% of the maximum CIE marks in seminar/ fails to deliver the seminar, he/she shall be considered as failed in that Course and shall not be eligible for the award of degree. However, the student shall become eligible for the award of degree after satisfying the requirements prescribed for seminar during the subsequent semester/s.
- Improvement of CIE marks shall not be allowed in Seminar where the student has already secured the minimum required marks.
- Seminar topics must be from recent advancements in the domain.
- Each candidate must submit three copies of the report to the department. One for the candidate, one for the guide and one for the department.

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Survey the changes in the technologies relevant to the topic selected
- Discuss the technology and interpret the impact on the society, environment and domain.
- Compile report of the study and present to the audience, following the ethics.

SRI VENKATESHWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
BENGALURU

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Course Objectives
3rd Sem

18CS32 - Data Structures and Applications	
CO1	Design & implement operations of linear data structures like create, insert, delete, search & sort. K3
CO2	Identify & implement suitable linear data structure for the given problem.K3
CO3	Design & implement different types of linked list with its operations & their applications. K
CO4	Design & implement various trees with their operations and its application. K3
CO5	Design & implement graph and their traversal methods. K3
18CS33 - Analog and Digital Electronics	
CO1	Explain the use of photoelectronics devices, 555 timers IC, Regulator ICs and uA741 op amp IC.
CO2	Make use of simplifying techniques in the design of combinational circuits
CO3	Illustrate combinational and sequential digital circuits
CO4	Demonstrate the use of flip flops and apply for registers
CO5	Design and test counters, Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog conversion

	techniques.

18CS34 - Computer Organization	
CO1	Understanding the basic structure of a computer
CO2	Demonstrate the way of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces
CO3	Describe different memory in computer system
CO4	Understanding the how arithmetic operations are performed
CO5	Illustrate organization of single and multiple bus organization and pipeline

18CS35 - Software Engineering	
CO1	Explain software system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints.[K2]
CO2	**E**xplain basic concepts of Object Oriented Concepts.[K2]
CO3	Explain system models, use UML diagrams and apply design patterns.[K2]
CO4	Apply various levels of software testing methods and the importance of software maintenance. [K3]
CO5	Describe estimation techniques, schedule project activities and compute pricing.[K2]

18CS36 - Discrete Mathematical Structures	
CO1	Understanding the fundamentals of Logic.
CO2	Understanding the properties of integers & Fundamental Principles of Counting
CO3	Demonstrate the use of Relations and Functions:
CO4	Illustrate The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion & Recurrence Relations:

CO5	Identify the applicability of Trees and Graph Theory.

4th Sem

18CS41 - Complex Analysis, Probability and Statistical Methods	
CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

CO4	
CO5	

18CS42 - Design and Analysis of Algorithms	
CO1	Explain the various computational problem-solving techniques [KL2]
CO2	Solve the various divide and conquer strategy based problems to find their time complexities. (KL3)
CO3	Apply greedy method to solve different problems (KL3)
CO4	Implement dynamic programming techniques to solve problems using the solutions of similar sub-problems. (KL3)
CO5	Employ backtracking techniques for problem solving. (KL3)

18CS43 - Operating Systems	
CO1	Introduce the concepts and terminology used in OS, different types of OS and process management.
CO2	Explain threading and multithreaded systems, process synchronization.
CO3	Illustrate the concept of deadlock and memory management.
CO4	Illustrate the techniques for management of disk and file system.
CO5	Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies.

18CS44 - Microcontrollers and Embedded Systems	
CO1	Understand the fundamentals of ARM based systems
CO2	Program ARM controller using the various instructions
CO3	Identify the applicability of the embedded system

CO4	Selection method and Attributes of an Embedded System
CO5	Comprehend the real time operating system used for the embedded system

18CS45 - Object Oriented Concepts	
CO1	Explain the object-oriented concepts & C++ Programming OO Concepts
CO2	Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA
CO3	Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java
CO4	Develop simple GUI interfaces for a computer program to interact with users
CO5	To understand the event-based GUI handling principles using Applets and swings

18CS46 - Data Communication	
CO1	List and Explain the layers and their functions in Network Models
CO2	Apply the data conversions and multiplexing techniques
CO3	Analyze the different error and flow control techniques at data link layers
CO4	Demonstrate the skills of media access control and wired Ethernet LAN’s
CO5	Expose wireless and wired LANs.

5th Sem

18CS51- Management, Entrepreneurship for IT Industry	
CO1	Explain the structure, characteristics of management and the planning process for decision making.
CO2	Define the various roles of staff along with controlling and directing of the staff.
CO3	Describe roles and responsibilities of various entrepreneurs and implement systematic approaches in project preparation with financial support.

CO4	Discuss on planning, staffing, ERP and their importance
CO5	Analyze the characteristics, establishment and working of SSI along with case studies.

18CS52 - Computer Networks and Security	
CO1	Analyze the different protocols of application layer along with their services
CO2	Understand the TCP architecture and able to write the FSM for different protocols.
CO3	Identify and building the skills of subnetting and routing mechanisms
CO4	Disseminate the security issues and related algorithms.
CO5	Illustrate concepts of Multimedia Networking, Security and Network Management

18CS53 - Database Management Systems	
CO1	Understand the basic concepts of DBMS and able to construct ER-Model
CO2	Understand and apply the relational model constraints and Queries in Relational Algebra & SQL
CO3	Develop Database Programming Skills using SQL & JDBC
CO4	Apply the concepts of Normalizations and design database which possesses no anomalies
CO5	Discuss the issues related to Transaction Management

18CS54 - Automata Theory and Compatibility	
CO1	Introduce core concepts in Automata and Theory of Computation
CO2	Identify different Formal language Classes and their Relationships
CO3	Design Grammars and Recognizers for different formal languages
CO4	Prove or disprove theorems in automata theory using their properties
CO5	Determine the decidability and intractability of Computational problems

18CS55 - Application Development using Python	
CO1	Demonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions.
CO2	Identify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries.
CO3	Discover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system
CO4	Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.
CO5	Determine the need for scraping websites and working with CSV, JSON and other file formats.

18CS56 - Unix Programming	
CO1	Explain the UNIX architecture, and basic commands in UNIX
CO2	Illustrate Shell programming and to write Shell scripts
CO3	Categorize , compare and make the use UNIX system calls
CO4	Understanding the concept of IPC methods , shared memory
CO5	Build an application/service over a UNIX system

6th Sem

18CS61 - System Softwares and Compilers	
CO1	Illustrate system software such as assemblers, loaders, linkers
CO2	Understanding the role of lexical analyzer
CO3	Knowing the role of syntax analyzer

CO4	Understanding Lex and Yaac tools
CO5	Understanding SDD, code generator

18CS62 - Computer Graphics and Visualization	
CO1	Design and implement algorithms for 2D graphics primitives and attributes.
CO2	Illustrate Geometric transformations on 2D objects and 2D viewing
CO3	Illustrate Geometric transformations on 3D objects and Illumination Models
CO4	Apply concepts of visible surface detection in 3D viewing
CO5	Explain curve-generating concepts, interactive computer graphic using the OpenGL

18CS63 - Web Technology and its Applications	
CO1	Understand and Adapt HTML and CSS syntax and semantics to build web pages
CO2	Design and visually format tables and forms using HTML and CSS
CO3	Build Client-Side Scripts using JavaScript and Server-Side Scripts using PHP to generate and display the contents dynamically
CO4	Illustrate the principles of object oriented development using PHP
CO5	Deploy JavaScript frameworks like jQuery and Backbone which facilitates developer to focus on core features.

18CS641 - Data Mining and Data Warehousing	
CO1	Understand Data Warehouse fundamentals, Define multi-dimensional data models.
CO2	Design data warehouse with dimensional modeling and apply OLAP operations.
CO3	To analyze data, choose relevant models and algorithms for respective applications.

CO4	Explain rules related to classification,Compare and contrast between different Classification algorithms
CO5	Compare and contrast between different Clustering algorithms

18CS643 - Cloud Computing and its Applications	
CO1	Explain the technology and principles involved in building a cloud environment.
CO2	Contrast various programming models used in cloud computing Cloud Computing Architecture.
CO3	Illustrate concurrent computing appropriate to cloud model for a given application
CO4	Outline Data Intensive Computing related to map reduce concepts
CO5	Explain the Cloud Platforms in Industry, Choose appropriate cloud model for a given application.

18CS644 - Advanced Java and J2EE	
CO1	Develop Java Programs using concepts like Enumerations and Annotations.
CO2	Develop Java Programs using Collections.
CO3	Differentiate String and String Buffer Class and their methods.
CO4	Develop Java EE programs using concepts of Servlets and Server Pages.
CO5	Use JDBC concepts to create connection between Front End and Back End.

18CS651 - Mobile Application Development	
CO1	Design and Develop Android application by setting up Android development environment.
CO2	Implement adaptive, responsive user interfaces that work across a wide range of devices.

CO3	To Study long running tasks and background work in Android applications
CO4	Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications
CO5	Discuss the performance of android applications and understand the role of permissions and security and describe the steps involved in publishing Applications

18CSMP68 - Mobile Application Development	
CO1	Learn and acquire the knowledge of android programming .
CO2	Learn installing android studio to run the applications.
CO3	Implement android's user interface functions.
CO4	Create , modify and query on SQlite database
CO5	Inspect different methods of sharing data using services.

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